Lync™ Server 2010

Mediant™ E-SBC Series

SIP Protocol

Configuration Note

Microsoft[®] Lync and Rogers[™] Business Solutions SIP Trunk using AudioCodes Mediant[™] E-SBC Series











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		Table of Contents	
1	Intro	duction	9
2	Com	ponents Information	11
	2.1	AudioCodes Gateway Version	11
	2.2	Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking Version	
	2.3	Microsoft Lync Version	11
	2.4	Topology	12
3	Conf	iguring Lync Server 2010	15
	3.1	Configuring the E-SBC device as a 'IP/PSTN Gateway'	16
	3.2	Associating the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server	
	3.3	Configuring the 'Route' on the Lync Server 2010	26
4	Conf	iguring E-SBC Device	35
	4.1	Step 1: Configuring IP Addresses	
		4.1.1 Configuring LAN IP Addresses	
		4.1.1.1 Configuring VoIP IP Settings	37
		4.1.1.2 Configuring LAN Data-Routing IP Settings	
	4.2	Step 2: Configuring Port Forwarding	
	4.3	Step 3: Enabling Application Mode	
	4.4	Step 4: Configuring Secure Real-Time Transport Protocol (SRTP)	
	4.5	Step 5: Configuring IP Media	44
	4.6	Step 6: Configuring SIP General Parameters	
	4.7	Step 7: Configuring DTMF and Dialing	
	4.8	Step 8: Configuring Coders	
	4.9	Step 9: Configuring Proxy and Registration	
		Step 10: Configuring Proxy Sets Tables	
		Step 11: Configuring Coder Group	
		Step 12: Configuring IP Profile	
		Step 13: Configuring IP Group TablesStep 14: Configuring Routing	
		Step 15: Configuring Manipulation	
		Step 16: Configuring SIP TLS Connection	
	7.10	4.16.1 Step 16-1: Configuring NTP Server	
		4.16.2 Step 16-2: Configuring a Certificate	
	4.17	Step 17: Resetting the Gateway	70
Α	Audi	oCodes INI File	71



List of Figures

Figure 2-1: Topology	13
Figure 3-1: Opening the Lync Server Topology Builder	
Figure 3-2: Topology Builder Options	
Figure 3-3: Save Topology	
Figure 3-4: Downloaded Topology	
Figure 3-5: New IP/PSTN Gateway	
Figure 3-6: Define New IP/PSTN Gateway	
Figure 3-7: IP/PSTN Gateway	
Figure 3-8: Associating Mediation Server with IP/PSTN Gateway	
Figure 3-9: Before Associating IP/PSTN Gateway to Mediation Server	
Figure 3-10: After Associating IP/PSTN Gateway to Mediation Server	
Figure 3-11: Media Server PSTN Gateway Association Properties	
Figure 3-12: Publishing Topology	23
Figure 3-13: Publish Topology Confirmation	24
Figure 3-14: Publish Topology Progress screen	25
Figure 3-15: Publish Topology Successfully Completed	
Figure 3-16: Opening the Lync Server Control Panel	
Figure 3-17: Lync Server Credentials	
Figure 3-18: CSCP Home page	
Figure 3-19: Voice Routing Option	
Figure 3-20: Route Option	
Figure 3-21: Adding New Voice Route	
Figure 3-22: Adding New E-SBC Gateway	
Figure 3-23: List of Deployed Gateways	30
Figure 3-24: Selected the E-SBC Gateway	
Figure 3-25: Associating PSTN Usage to E-SBC Gateway	31
Figure 3-26: Confirmation of New Voice Route	31
Figure 3-27: Committing Voice Routes	
Figure 3-28: Uncommitted Voice Configuration Settings	32
Figure 3-29: Voice Routing Configuration Confirmation	32
Figure 3-30: Voice Routing Screen Displaying Committed Routes	33
Figure 4-1: Web Interface Showing Basic/Full Navigation Tree Display	36
Figure 4-2: IP Settings	37
Figure 4-3: Connections Page	38
Figure 4-4: Defining LAN Data-Routing IP Address	38
Figure 4-5: WAN Settings	39
Figure 4-6: Applications Enabling	42
Figure 4-7: Media Security Page	43
Figure 4-8: IP Media Settings	44
Figure 4-9: General Parameters	45
Figure 4-10: DTMF & Dialing	47
Figure 4-11: Coders	48
Figure 4-12: Proxy & Registration	49
Figure 4-13: Proxy Sets Table 1	50

Figure 4-14: Proxy Sets Table 2	51
Figure 4-15: Coders Group Settings	52
Figure 4-16: Coders Group Settings	53
Figure 4-17: IP Profile Settings	54
Figure 4-18: IP Profile Settings	55
Figure 4-19: IP Group Table 1 (Lync Server 2010)	56
Figure 4-20: IP Group Table 2 (Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk)	57
Figure 4-21: IP to Trunk Group Routing Table	58
Figure 4-22: Tel to IP Routing Table	59
Figure 4-23: Manipulation Tables	60
Figure 4-24: NTP Settings	63
Figure 4-25: Certificates Page	64
Figure 4-26: Microsoft Certificate Services Web Page	65
Figure 4-27: Request a Certificate Page	65
Figure 4-28: Advanced Certificate Request Page	66
Figure 4-29: Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request Page	67
Figure 4-30: Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain, or CRL Page	68
Figure 4-31: Certificates Page	69
Figure 4-32: Reset the Gateway	70



Notice

This document describes how to connect the Microsoft Lync 2010 with Rogers Business Solutions' SIP Trunk using the AudioCodes Mediant E-SBC series, which includes the Mediant 800 MSBG, Mediant 800 Gateway and E-SBC, Mediant 1000 MSBG, Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC, and Mediant 3000 Gateway and E-SBC.

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Abbreviations and Terminology

Each abbreviation, unless widely used, is spelled out in full when first used.



Note: Throughout this manual, unless otherwise specified, the term *E-SBC device* refers to the Mediant 800 Gateway and E-SBC, Mediant 800 MSBG, Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC, Mediant 1000 MSBG and the Mediant 3000 Gateway and E-SBC.

Table 1-1: Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
Transferee	The party being transferred to the transfer target
Transferor	The party initiating the transfer
Transfer target	The new party being introduced into a call with the transferee
Blind or semi-attended transfer	The transferor having a session in hold state with the transferee and initiating the transfer by a consultation call to the target performs the transfer while the target is in ringing state
Attended transfer or transfer on conversation	The transferor waits to be in conversation state with the target before completing the transfer
CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CNIP	Calling Name Identification Presentation
CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction
CNIR	Calling Name Identification Restriction
COLP	Connected Line Identification Presentation
CONP	Connected Name Identification Presentation
COLR	Connected Line Identification Restriction
CONR	Connected Name Identification Restriction
CRC	Customer Relationship Centre
PG	SIP GW XXX Peripheral Gateway
ICM	SIP GW XXX Intelligent Call Manager
ССМ	SIP GW XXX Call Manager
CVP	Customer voice Portal
ВС	ALU Business Contact
СТІ	Computer Telephony Integration

1 Introduction

This document describes how to setup the device to work with the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking and Microsoft Lync Communication platform.

This configuration note is intended for Installation Engineers or AudioCodes and Rogers Business Solutions Partners who are installing and configuring the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking and Microsoft Lync Communication platform to place VoIP calls using the AudioCodes E-SBC.

The Mediant 800 MSBG is a networking device that combines multiple service functions such as a media gateway, Session Border Controller (SBC), Data Router and Firewall, LAN switch, WAN access, Stand Alone Survivability (SAS) and an integrated general-purpose server.

The Mediant 800 Gateway and E-SBC, enables connectivity and security between small and medium businesses (SMB) and service providers' VoIP networks. The Mediant 800 SBC functionality provides perimeter defense for protecting the enterprise from malicious VoIP attacks; mediation for allowing the connection of any PBX and/or IP-PBX to any service provider; and service assurance for service quality and manageability.

The Mediant 1000 MSBG is all-in-one multi-service access solution products for Service Providers (SME's) offering managed services and distributed Enterprises seeking integrated services. This multi-service business gateway is designed to provide converged Voice & Data services for business customers at wire speed, while maintaining SLA parameters for superior voice quality.

The Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC enables connectivity and security between small and medium businesses (SMB) and service providers' VoIP networks. The Mediant 1000B SBC functionality provides perimeter defense for protecting the enterprise from malicious VoIP attacks; mediation for allowing the connection of any PBX and/or IP-PBX to any service provider; and service assurance for service quality and manageability. The Mediant 1000B media gateway functionality is based on field-proven VoIP services.

The Mediant 3000 E-SBC Mediant Gateway is a High Availability VoIP Gateway and Enterprise Class SBC for medium and large enterprises.



Note: The scope of this document does not cover security aspects for connecting the SIP Trunk to the Microsoft Lync environment. Security measures should be implemented in accordance with your organization's security policies. For basic security guidelines, see the 'AudioCodes Security Guidelines'.



Reader's Notes

2 Components Information

2.1 AudioCodes Gateway Version

Table 2-1: AudioCodes Gateway Version

Gateway Vendor	AudioCodes
Model	Mediant 800 Media Gateway and E-SBC, Mediant 800 MSBG, Mediant 1000 MSBG, Mediant 1000B Media Gateway and E-SBC, Mediant 3000 Media Gateway and E-SBC
Software Version	SIP_6.40A.027.004
Interface Type	SIP/IP
VoIP Protocol	SIP/UDP – to the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk SIP/TCP or TLS – to the Lync FE Server
Additional Notes	None

2.2 Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking Version

Table 2-2: Rogers Business Solutions Version

Service Vendor	Rogers Business Solutions
Models	Rogers Sip Core
Software Version	v2.5.2
VoIP Protocol	SIP
Additional Notes	None

2.3 Microsoft Lync Version

Table 2-3: Microsoft Lync Version

PBX Vendor	Microsoft
Models	Microsoft Lync
Software Version	RTM: Release 2010 4.0.7577.0
VoIP Protocol	SIP
Additional Notes	None



2.4 Topology

The procedures described in this document describe the following example scenario:

- An enterprise has a deployed Microsoft® Lync 2010 in its private network for enhanced communication within the company.
- The enterprise decides to offer its employees enterprise voice capabilities and to connect the company to the PSTN network using the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking service.
- AudioCodes Enterprise Session Border Controller (E-SBC) is used to manage the connection between the Enterprise LAN and the ITSP SIP trunk.

The "session" refers to the real-time voice session using IP SIP signaling protocol. The "border" refers to the IP to IP network border between the Microsoft Lync network in the Enterprise LAN and the Rogers Business Solutions SIP trunk in the public network. Figure 2-1 below illustrates a typical topology of using the E-SBC device to connect the Microsoft® Lync Server 2010 LAN to the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking site.

The setup requirements are characterized as follows:

- While the Microsoft® Lync Server 2010 environment is located on the Enterprise's Local Area Network (LAN), the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunks are located on the WAN.
- Since Mediant 1000 MSBG is used, the internal data routing capabilities of the device are used. Consequently, a separate WAN interface is configured in the LAN.
- Microsoft Lync Server 2010 works with the TLS transport type, while the Rogers Business Solutions SIP trunk works on the SIP over UDP transport type.
- Transcoding support: Microsoft Lync Server 2010 supports G.711A-law and G.711U-law coders, while the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk also supports G.729 coder type.
- Support for early media handling.

Figure 2-1: Topology

Customer Site Public Side Private Side +972-54-4394082 +972-3-9764210 +XX-X-XXXXXXX +XX-X-XXXXXXX PSTN Controller 10.15.9.10 Front Ent MSBG E-SBC +XX-X-XXXXXXX 10.15.9.11 Managed Fire LAN Data: 10.15.7.130 business solutions LAN Voice: 10.15.7.131 WAN: 195.189.192.154 SIP over UDF TLS 4 G.711A-law -— → G.729 G.711U-law Early Media Handling



Reader's Notes

3 Configuring Lync Server 2010

This section describes how to configure the Lync Server 2010 to operate with the E-SBC device. This section describes the following procedures:

- 1. Configuring the E-SBC device as a 'IP/PSTN Gateway'. See Section 3.1 on page 16.
- 2. Associating the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server. See Section 3.2 on page 20.
- 3. Configuring a 'Route' to utilize the SIP trunk connected to the E-SBC device. See Section 3.3 on page 26.



Note: Dial Plans, Voice Policies, and PSTN usages are also necessary for enterprise voice deployment; however, they are beyond the scope of this document.



3.1 Configuring the E-SBC device as a 'IP/PSTN Gateway'

This section describes how to configure the E-SBC device as an IP/PSTN Gateway.

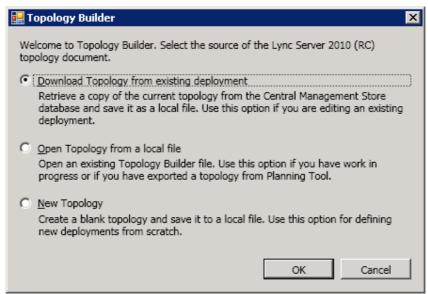
- To configure the E-SBC device as a IP/PSTN Gateway and associating it with the Mediation Server:
- On the server where the Topology Builder is located, start the Lync Server 2010 Topology Builder: Click Start, select All Programs, then select Lync Server Topology Builder.



Figure 3-1: Opening the Lync Server Topology Builder

The following screen is displayed:

Figure 3-2: Topology Builder Options



Choose 'Download Topology from the existing deployment' and click OK.You are prompted to save the Topology which you have downloaded.

▼ 🚱 Search → Administrator → Documents Organize 🔻 📗 Views 🔻 📑 New Folder | ▼ Tag ▼ Date modified ▼ Type ▼ Size Name 🐣 Favorite Links Interop.tbxml 10/7/2010 5:53 PM TBXML File 101 KB Desktop Interop1.tbxml 10/12/2010 10:5... TBXML File 101 KB Computer Documents Pictures Music Recently Changed Searches Public Folders File name: Interop2.tbxml Save as type: Topology Builder files (*.tbxml) • Alide Folders <u>S</u>ave Cancel

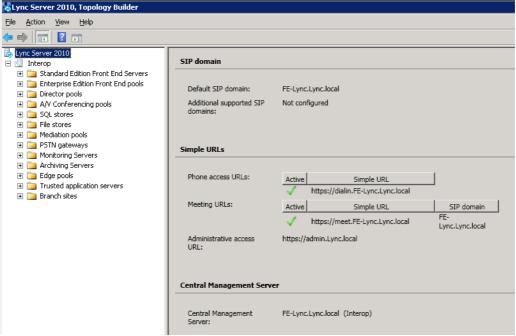
Figure 3-3: Save Topology

3. Enter new **File Name** and **Save** – this action enables you to rollback from any changes you make during the installation.



The Topology Builder screen with the topology downloaded is displayed.

Figure 3-4: Downloaded Topology



 Expand the Site; right-click on the IP/PSTN Gateway and choose 'New IP/PSTN Gateway'.

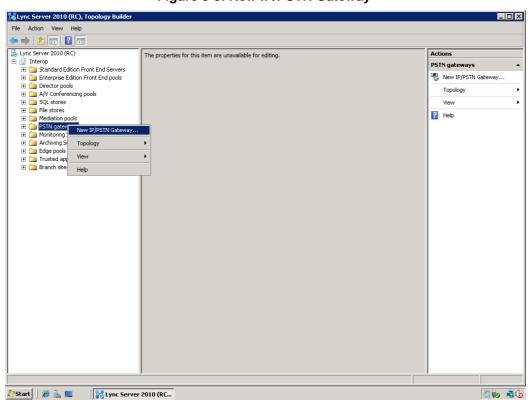


Figure 3-5: New IP/PSTN Gateway

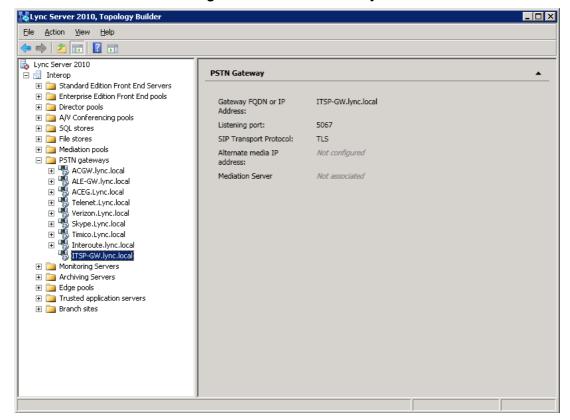
Enter the FQDN of the E-SBC (i.e. 'ITSP-GW.lync.local') and click OK.
 Note that the listening port for the Gateway is 5067 and the transport type is TLS.

Figure 3-6: Define New IP/PSTN Gateway



The E-SBC device is now added as a 'IP/PSTN Gateway'.

Figure 3-7: IP/PSTN Gateway





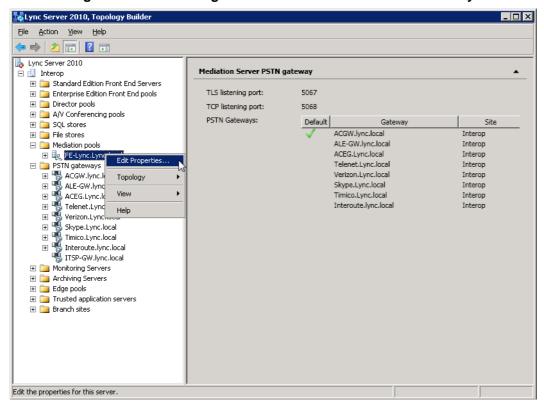
3.2 Associating the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server

This section describes how to associate the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server.

To associate the IP/PSTN Gateway with the Mediation Server:

 Right-click on the Mediation server that uses the E-SBC device (i.e. FE-Lync.Lync.local) and chooses Edit Properties.

Figure 3-8: Associating Mediation Server with IP/PSTN Gateway



The following screen is displayed:

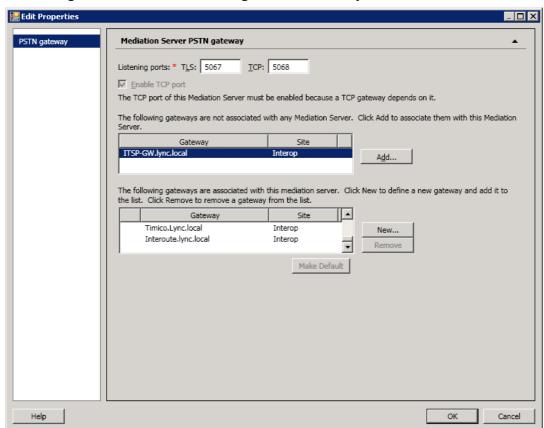


Figure 3-9: Before Associating IP/PSTN Gateway to Mediation Server

- In the top-left corner, choose PSTN gateway and in the Mediation Server PSTN gateway pane, mark the E-SBC gateway (i.e. 'ITSP-GW.lync.local') and click Add to associate it with this Mediation Server.
 - Note that there are two sub-panes, one including a list of gateways not associated with the Mediation server and one including a list of gateways associated with the Mediation server.



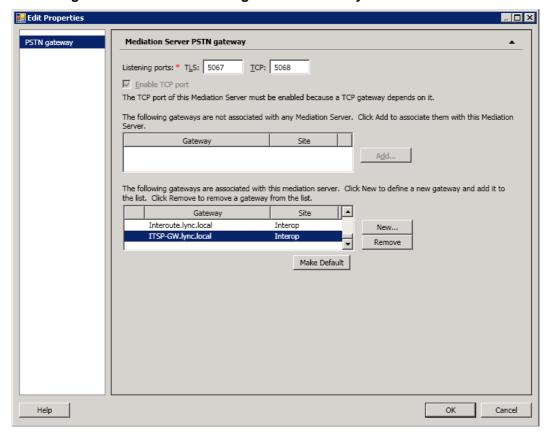
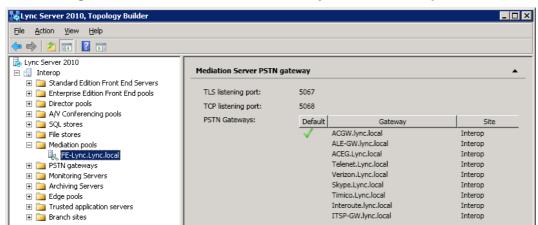


Figure 3-10: After Associating IP/PSTN Gateway to Mediation Server

3. Click OK.

Figure 3-11: Media Server PSTN Gateway Association Properties



4. In the Lync Server main menu, choose **Action > Publish Topology**.

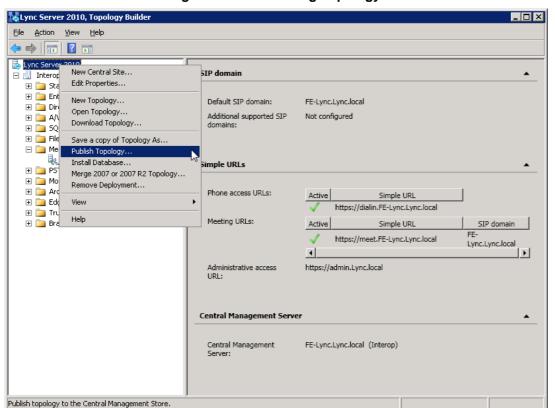
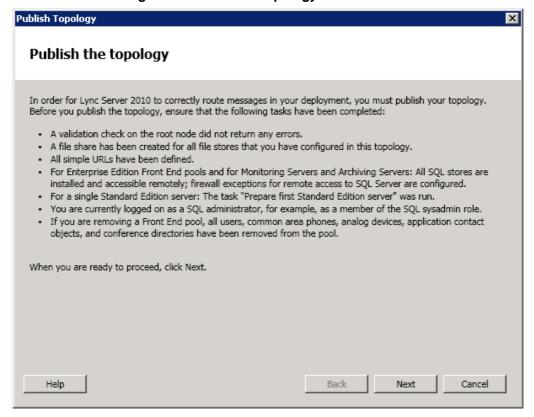


Figure 3-12: Publishing Topology



The Publish Topology screen is displayed.

Figure 3-13: Publish Topology Confirmation



5. Click Next.

The Topology Builder attempts to publish your topology.

Publishing in progress

Please wait while Topology Builder tries to publish your topology.

Publishing topology ...
Downloading topology ...
Succeeded
Downloading global simple URL settings.
Enabling topology...
Enabling topology...

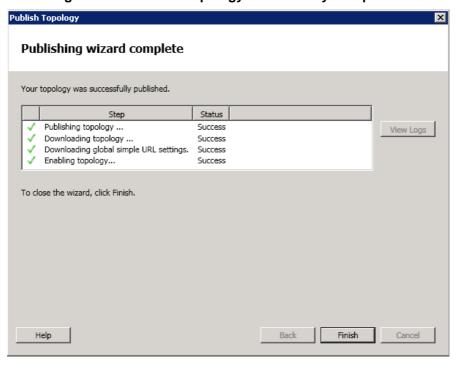
Enabling topology...

Back Next Cancel

Figure 3-14: Publish Topology Progress screen

Wait until the publish topology process has ended successfully.

Figure 3-15: Publish Topology Successfully Completed



6. Click Finish.



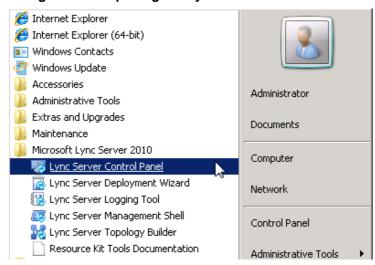
3.3 Configuring the 'Route' on the Lync Server 2010

This section describes how to configure a 'Route' on the Lync server and associate it with the E-SBC PSTN gateway.

To configure the 'route' on the Lync server:

 Open the Communication Server Control Panel (CSCP), click Start, select All Programs, and select Lync Server Control Panel.

Figure 3-16: Opening the Lync Server Control Panel



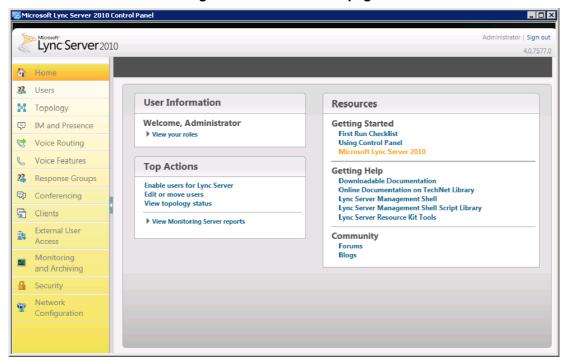
2. You are prompted for credentials; enter your domain username and password.



Figure 3-17: Lync Server Credentials

The CSCP Home page is displayed.

Figure 3-18: CSCP Home page



3. In the Navigation pane, select the 'Voice Routing' option.

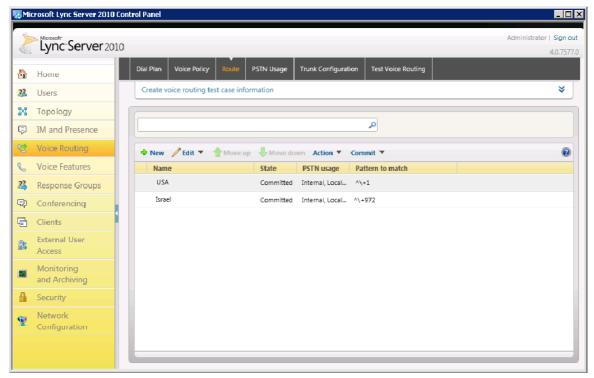
₹Microsoft Lync Server 2010 Control Panel _ 🗆 × rator | Sign out Lync Server 2010 Home × Create voice routing test case information 22 Users Topology Q Mand Presence Voice Routing 0 P New ▼ / Edit ▼ Action ▼ Commit ▼ Voice Features ▲ Scope State Normalization rules Description Global Global Committed 3 Response Groups Conferencing Clients External User k Access and Archiving Security • Configuration

Figure 3-19: Voice Routing Option



4. In the Voice Routing menu at the top of the page, select the **Route** option.

Figure 3-20: Route Option



- 5. In the content area toolbar, click
- **6.** In the New Voice Route, fill in a Name for this route (i.e. SIP Trunk Route).

New |

- 7. In the Build a Pattern to Match add the starting digits you wish this route to handle. In this example, the pattern to match is '*', which means "to match all numbers".
- 8. Click Add.

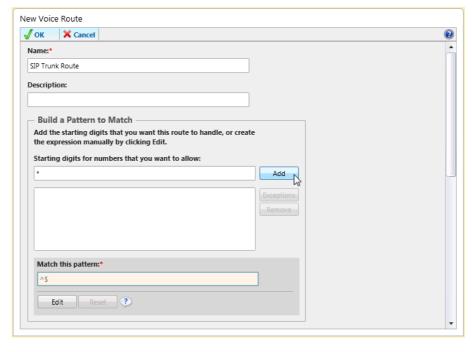


Figure 3-21: Adding New Voice Route

 Associate the route with the E-SBC IP/PSTN gateway you created above; scroll down to the Associated Gateways pane and click Add.

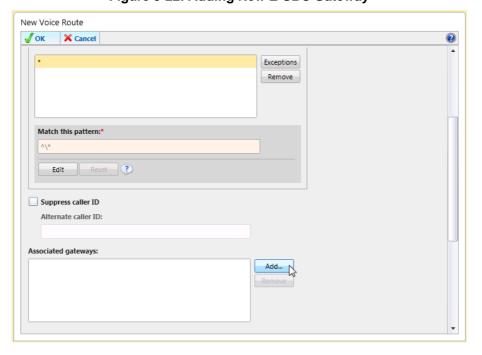
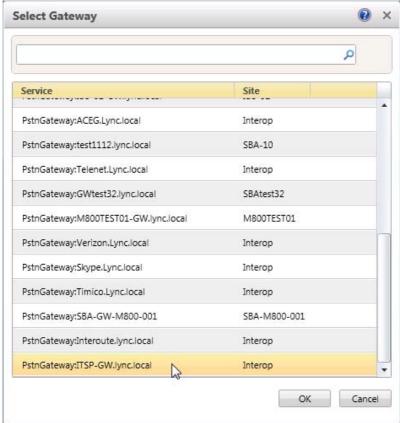


Figure 3-22: Adding New E-SBC Gateway



A list of all the deployed Gateways is displayed.

Figure 3-23: List of Deployed Gateways



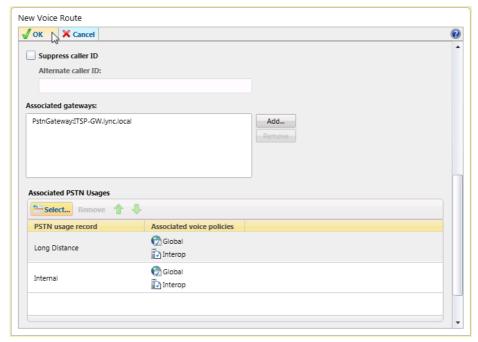
10. Select the E-SBC Gateway you created above and click **OK**.

New Voice Route √ ок X Cancel Exceptions Remove Match this pattern:* Alternate caller ID: Associated gateways: PstnGateway:ITSP-GW.lync.local Add...

Figure 3-24: Selected the E-SBC Gateway

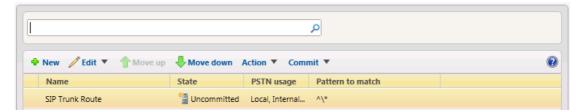
11. Associate a PSTN Usage to this route. In the Associated PSTN Usages toolbar, click **Select** and add the associated PSTN Usage.





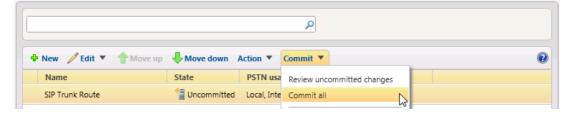
12. Click the **OK** button in the toolbar at the top of the New Voice Route pane. The New Voice Route (Uncommitted) is displayed.

Figure 3-26: Confirmation of New Voice Route



13. In the Content area Toolbar, click on the arrow adjacent to the **Commit** button; a drop-down menu is displayed; select the **Commit All** option.

Figure 3-27: Committing Voice Routes



14. In the Uncommitted Voice Configuration Settings window, click Commit.



Routes

Routes

Identity
 Action New value (pattern to match)

SIP Trunk Route

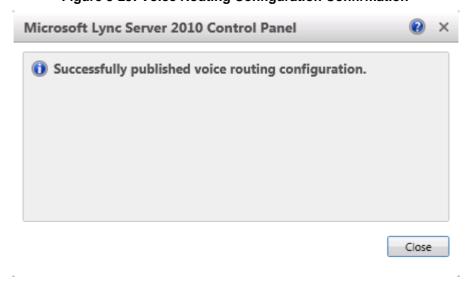
Added A\text{V}

Commit Cancel

Figure 3-28: Uncommitted Voice Configuration Settings

15. A message is displayed, confirming a successful voice routing configuration; in the **Microsoft Lync Server 2010 Control Panel** prompt, click **Close**.

Figure 3-29: Voice Routing Configuration Confirmation



The new committed Route is now displayed in the Voice Routing screen.

Administrator | Sign out Lync Server 2010 Trunk Configuration Home Create voice routing test case information ¥ Topology ۵ IM and Presence Voice Routing Property Pr Voice Features Slate PSTN usage Pattern to match Committed Internal, Local... ^\-1 23 Response Groups Israel Committed Internal, Local... ^\+972 Conferencing Committed Internal, Local... ^* SIP Trunk Roule Clients External User Monitoring and Archiving Security Configuration

Figure 3-30: Voice Routing Screen Displaying Committed Routes



Reader's Notes

4 Configuring E-SBC Device

This section describes the following steps for configuring the E-SBC device in the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunking environment. The following describes the steps required to configure the E-SBC device:

- **Step 1:** Configure IP Addresses. See Section 4.1 on page 37.
- Step 2: Configure Port Forwarding. See Section 4.2 on page 40.
- **Step 3:** Enable SIP IP2IP Application Mode. See Section 4.3 on page 42.
- Step 4: Configure Secure Real-Time Transport Protocol (SRTP). See Section 4.4 on page 43.
- **Step 5:** Configure IP Media. See Section 4.5 on page 44.
- Step 6: SIP General Parameters. See Section 4.6 on page 45.
- **Step 7:** DTMF & Dialing. See Section 4.7 on page 47.
- Step 8: Coders. See Section 4.8 on page 48.
- **Step 9:** Configure Proxy & Registration. See Section 4.9 on page 49.
- **Step 10:** Configure Proxy Sets table. See Section 4.10 on page 50.
- **Step 11:** Configure Coder Group. See Section 4.11 on page 52.
- Step 12: Configure IP Profile. See Section 4.12 on page 54.
- **Step 13:** Configure IP Group Tables. See Section 4.13 on page 56.
- **Step 14:** Routing. See Section. See Section 4.14 on page 58.
- **Step 15:** Manipulation. See Section 4.15 on page 60.
- **Step 16:** Define SIP TLS Connection. See Section 4.16 on page 63.
- **Step 17:** Resetting the Gateway. See Section 4.17 on page 70.



The procedures described in this section are performed using the E-SBC devices' Web-based management tool (i.e., embedded Web server). Before you begin configuring the E-SBC device, ensure that the Web interface's Navigation tree is in full menu display mode (i.e., the **Full** option on the Navigation bar is selected), as displayed below:

Configuration Management Status 8 Diagnostics Configuration Management Status & Diagnostics Scenarios Search Scenarios Search 0 O Basic O Full ● Basic ● Full Basic Full Navigation **■** Network Settings **⊞** Network Settings Navigation Tree **⊞** Media Settings Tree View **■** Media Settings Option View Option Protocol Configuration **⊞** Security Setting **⊕** Advance Applications **■** Protocol Configuration * Advance Applications Only "Basic" Menus All Menus

Figure 4-1: Web Interface Showing Basic/Full Navigation Tree Display

4.1 Step 1: Configuring IP Addresses

This step describes how to configure LAN IP addresses when the internal data-routing capabilities of the E-SBC device are used in order to connect to the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk. In this case, you must configure a separate WAN interface as described in this step.

Notes:



- The VoIP and Management interface must be in the same subnet as the data-routing interface as shown in the figure below.
- When operating with both VoIP and data-routing functionalities, it is recommended to define the Default Gateway IP address for the VoIP network interface in the same subnet and with the same VLAN ID as the IP address for the data-routing LAN interface as shown below.

4.1.1 Configuring LAN IP Addresses

This step describes how to configure the LAN addresses.

4.1.1.1 Configuring VoIP IP Settings

This section describes how to configure VoIP IP Settings.

> To configure the VoIP IP settings:

 Open the 'IP Settings' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > Network > IP Settings).

Multiple Interface Table

Add Index

Delete Apply

Index Application Type IP Address Prefix Length Gateway VLAN Interface Name Primary DNS Server IP Secondary DNS Server IP Address Interface Name Primary DNS Server IP Address Interface Name

O MAMP + Media + Control I 10.15.7.131 16 10.15.7.130 1 Voice 10.15.9.10

WAN Interface Name WAN Ethernet

Figure 4-2: IP Settings

- Select the 'Index' radio button corresponding to the Application Type "OAMP + Media + Control (i.e., VoIP and management interface), and then click Edit.
 - Set the following parameters:
 - IP-Address: <Gateway IP-Address> (e.g., 10.15.7.131).
 - Prefix Length: The Subnet Mask in bits (e.g., 16 for 255.255.0.0).
 - **Gateway:** <Gateway Default Gateway> (e.g., 10.15.7.130). in case of M800 or M1K this IP should be same as you setup in LAN data-routing IP address in case of M3K it should be the corporate router IP.
 - Primary DNS Server IP Address: <DNS IP-Address> (e.g., 10.15.9.10).
 VoIP LAN DNS server, is a necessary action when a FQDN is configured (as in this scenario configuration, see section 4.9).



3. Set the **WAN Interface Name:** 'WAN Ethernet'. This is the WAN interface on which your VoIP traffic interfaces with the public network.

4.1.1.2 Configuring LAN Data-Routing IP Settings

This section describes how to configure LAN data-routing IP settings.

Access the MSBG device's Web interface with the IP address that you assigned to the VoIP and Management interface.



Notes: This step is only relevant for the Mediant 800 MSBG and the Mediant 1000 MSBG devices.

To define the MSBG device's LAN data-routing IP address:

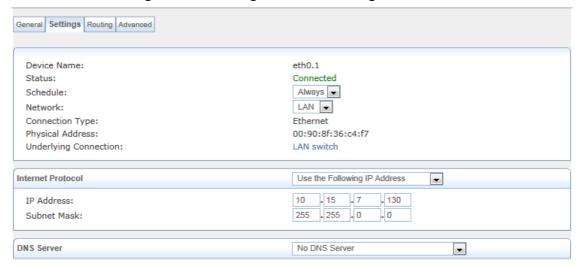
Open the 'Connections' page (Configuration tab > Data menu > Data System > Connections).

Figure 4-3: Connections Page



 Click the Edit \(\strict\) icon corresponding to the 'LAN Switch VLAN 1' connection, and then click the Settings tab.

Figure 4-4: Defining LAN Data-Routing IP Address



3. In the 'IP Address' and 'Subnet Mask' fields, enter the required IP address (e.g., 10.15.7.130) and subnet respectively, and then click **OK**.

4.1.2 Configuring WAN IP Addresses

This step describes how to configure the MSBG device IP address used to connect to the WAN.

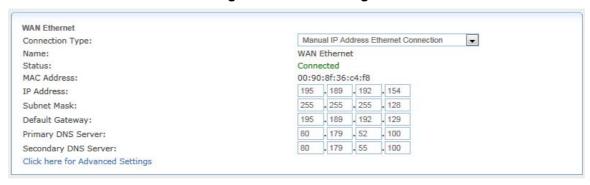


Notes: This step is only relevant for the Mediant 800 MSBG and the Mediant 1000 MSBG devices.

To configure the WAN IP address:

- Cable the MSBG device to the WAN network (i.e., ADSL or Cable modem), using the WAN port.
- Open the 'Settings' page (Configuration tab > Data menu > WAN Access > Settings).

Figure 4-5: WAN Settings



- 3. Set the following parameters:
 - IP Address: <WAN IP-Address> (e.g., 195.189.192.154).
 - Subnet Mask: <Subnet Mask> (e.g., 255.255.255.128).
 - Default Gateway: <WAN Default GW IP-Address> (e.g., 195.189.192.129).
 - Primary DNS Server: <First DATA DNS IP-Address> (e.g., 80.179.52.100).
 - **Secondary DNS Server:** <Second Data DNS IP-Address> (e.g., 80.179.55.100).



4.2 Step 2: Configuring Port Forwarding

This step describes how to configure the MSBG device Port Forwarding.

The Port Forwarding item enables you to define the applications that require special handling by the device. This allows you to select the application's protocol or ports (SIP and RTP) and the local IP address of the device (e.g., Gateway's IP: 10.15.7.131) that will be using the service.



Notes: This step is only relevant for the Mediant 800 MSBG and the Mediant 1000 MSBG devices.

To configure a port forwarding service:

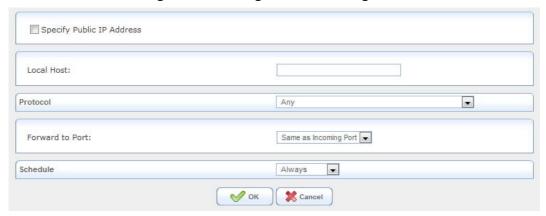
Open the 'Settings' page (Configuration tab > Data menu > Firewall and ACL >
Port Forwarding).

Figure 4-6: Configure Port Forwarding



Click the 'New Entry' link; the following page appears:

Figure 4-7: Adding Port Forwarding Rule



3. In the 'Local Host' field, enter the host name or IP address (e.g., 10.15.7.131).

4. From the 'Protocol' drop-down list, select or specify the type of protocol. Add a new one using the 'User Defined' option, and then add a new Service, representing the protocol.

Figure 4-8: Adding a Service Protocol



- 5. Write the new Service Name, (e.g., SIP, RTP)
- 6. Click the New Server Ports link.

Figure 4-9: Defining Service Server Ports



- 7. Set the Protocol type (e.g., UDP).
- 8. Set the Destination Port Range (e.g., 5060 for SIP and 6000-8000 for RTP).
- Click **OK** to save your changes.The main Port Forwarding page displays a summary of the rules that you added:

Figure 4-10: Display Port Forwarding Rules





4.3 Step 3: Enabling Application Mode

This step describes how to enable the IP2IP application mode.

To enable the application mode:

 Open the 'Applications Enabling' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > Applications Enabling > Applications Enabling).

Figure 4-6: Applications Enabling



Enable IP2IP Application.



Notes:

- To enable the IP2IP capabilities on the AudioCodes gateway, your gateway must be loaded with the feature key that includes the IP2IP feature.
- 2. The E-SBC device must be running SIP version 6.2 or later.
- 3. Reset with BURN to FLASH is required.

4.4 Step 4: Configuring Secure Real-Time Transport Protocol (SRTP)

If you configure TLS for the SIP transport link between the E-SBC and the Mediation Server, you must configure Secure RTP (SRTP) encryption with one of the following options:

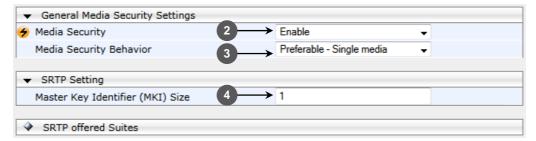
- Required: SRTP should be attempted; however do not use encryption if negotiation for SRTP is unsuccessful.
- Optional: Attempt to negotiate the use of SRTP to secure media packets. Use RTP if SRTP cannot be negotiated.
- Not used: Send media packets using RTP.

If you choose to configure the Mediation Server to use SRTP (Required or Optional), you need to configure the Media Gateway to operate in the same manner.

> To configure the media security:

 Open the 'Media Security' page (Configuration tab > Media menu > Media Security).

Figure 4-7: Media Security Page



- 2. Set the Media Security to Enable.
- 3. Set the Media Security Behavior:
 - 'Mandatory' if Mediation Server is configured to SRTP Required.
 - 'Preferable-Single media' if Mediation Server is configured to SRTP Optional.
- 4. Set the 'Master Key Identifier (MKI) Size' to 1.
- 5. Click Submit.
- 6. Save (burn) the configuration and reset the gateway.



Notes: In order to set the 'Media Security Behavior' to the IP Profile of the Mediation Server, see the IP Profile Settings (see Section 4.9 on page 49).



4.5 Step 5: Configuring IP Media

This step describes how to configure the number of media channels for the IP media. In order to perform the coder transcoding, you need to define DSP channels. The number of media channels represents the number of digital signaling processors (DSP) channels that the device allocates to IP-to-IP calls (the remaining DSP channels can be used for PSTN calls). Two IP media channels are used per IP-to-IP call.

- The maximum number of media channels available on the Mediant 800 E-SBC device is 30 (i.e., up to 15 IP-to-IP calls).
- The maximum number of media channels available on the Mediant 1000 E-SBC device is 120 (i.e., up to 60 IP-to-IP calls).
- The maximum number of media channels available on the Mediant 3000 E-SBC device is 2016 (i.e., up to 1008 IP-to-IP calls).
- In this configuration, 120 channels are configured.

To configure IP Media Settings:

Open the 'IP Media Settings' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > IP Media > IP Media Settings).

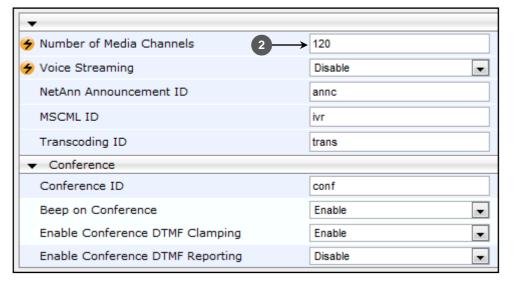


Figure 4-8: IP Media Settings

2. Set 'Number of Media Channels' to 120.

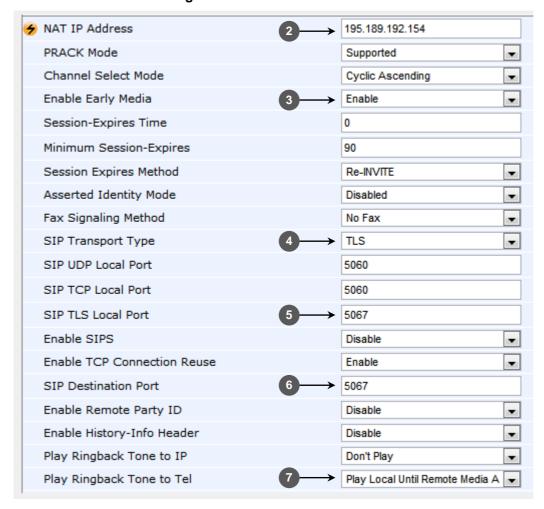
4.6 Step 6: Configuring SIP General Parameters

This step describes how to enable SIP General parameters.

To configure SIP General Parameters:

 Open the 'Applications Enabling' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > SIP Definitions > General Parameters).

Figure 4-9: General Parameters



- 2. Set 'NAT IP Address', with the Global (public) IP address of the E-SBC device.
- 3. Set 'Enable Early Media' to Enable.
- 4. Set 'SIP Transport Type' to **TLS**.
- 5. Set 'SIP TLS Local Port' to 5067 (Lync server port).
- **6.** Set 'SIP Destination Port' to **5067** (Lync server port).
- 7. Set 'Play Ringback Tone' to Tel to Play Local Until Remote Media Arrives.



Figure 4-11: General Parameters (Cont.)



- 8. Set 'Forking Handling Mode' to **Sequential handling**.
- 9. Click Submit.

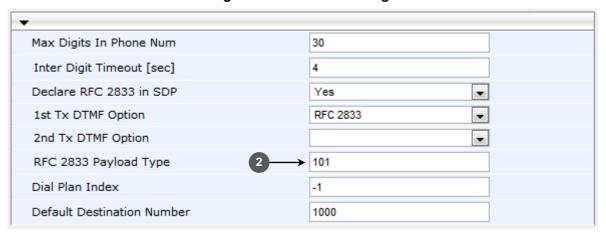
4.7 Step 7: Configuring DTMF and Dialing

This step describes how to configure the DTMF and Dialing settings.

To configure DTMF and Dialing:

Open the 'DTMF & Dialing' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > GW and IP to IP > DTMF and Supplementary > DTMF & Dialing).

Figure 4-10: DTMF & Dialing



2. Set RFC 2833 Payload Type to 101.



4.8 Step 8: Configuring Coders

This step describes how to configure the SIP coders table. In this case scenario, we are also using coder group tables, see Section 4.11 on page 52.

The screen below show an example for the general coders' table configuration:

To configure coders:

Open the 'Coders' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > Coders and Profiles > Coders).

Coders Table Coder Name Packetization Time Payload Type | Silence Suppression Rate G.711A-law • • • Disabled • . . • • • • • • • • • • . • . • • • • • . . . • • • . • • • • . • •

Figure 4-11: Coders

- 2. From the 'Coder Name' drop-down list, select the required coder.
- 3. Click Submit.

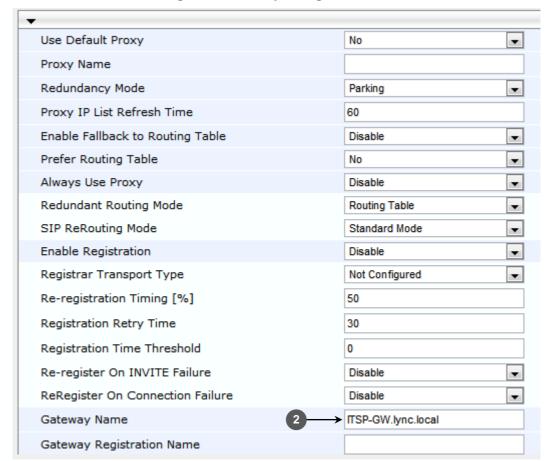
4.9 Step 9: Configuring Proxy and Registration

This step describes how to configure the SIP Proxy & Registration. This configuration includes setting a redundant route for the Microsoft Lync Proxy Set.

To configure Proxy & Registration:

 Open the 'Proxy & Registration' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > SIP Definitions > Proxy & Registration).

Figure 4-12: Proxy & Registration



2. Set 'Gateway Name' to **Gateway FQDN Name** (e.g., 'ITSP-GW.lync.local') (note that you configure this name in Section 4.16.2 on page 64).



4.10 Step 10: Configuring Proxy Sets Tables

This step describes how to configure the proxy set tables. You need to configure two proxy sets, one for the Rogers Business Solutions SIP trunk and the other for the Microsoft Lync server.

➤ To configure Proxy Sets Table 1 for Microsoft Lync:

 Open the 'Proxy Sets Table' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > Control Network> Proxy Sets Table).

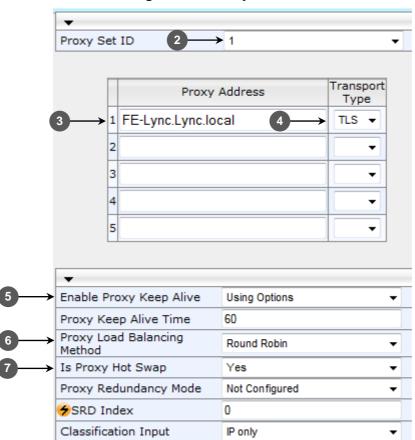


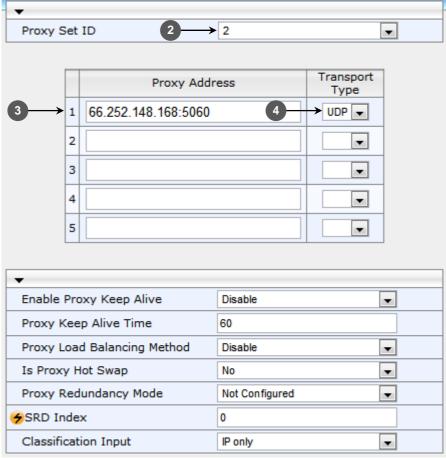
Figure 4-13: Proxy Sets Table 1

- 2. Set Proxy Set ID to 1.
- 3. Configure Microsoft Lync Server SIP Trunking IP-Address or FQDN and Destination Port (e.g., FE-Lync.Lync.local).
- 4. Set 'Transport Type' to **TLS**.
- 5. Set 'Enable Proxy Keep Alive' to Using Options.
- **6.** Set 'Proxy Load Balancing Method' to **Round Robin**.
- 7. Set 'Is Proxy Hot Swap' to Yes.

To configure Proxy Sets Table 2 for Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk:

1. Open the 'Proxy Sets Table' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > Control **Network> Proxy Sets Table**).

Figure 4-14: Proxy Sets Table 2



- 2. Set 'Proxy Set ID' to 2.
- Configure Rogers Business Solutions IP-Address or FQDN and Destination Port (e.g., 66.252.148.168:5060').
- 4. Set 'Transport Type' to UDP.



4.11 Step 11: Configuring Coder Group

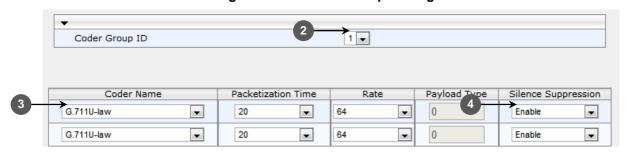
This step describes how to configure the Coder Groups. Microsoft Lync supports G.711 coders, while the network connection to Rogers Business Solutions may restrict you to work with lower bandwidth coders, such as G.729.

The 'Coder Group Settings' allows you to define up to four different Coder Groups. These Coder Groups are then assigned to IP Profiles, where each IP profile is based on the respective supported coder (see Section 4.12 on page 54).

To configure Coders Group for Microsoft Lync connection:

Open the 'Coders Group Settings' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > Coders And Profiles > Coders Group Settings).

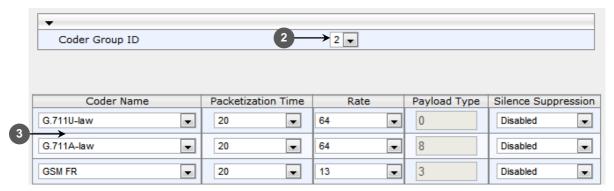
Figure 4-15: Coders Group Settings



- Select Coder Group ID 1.
- 3. Set 'Coder Name' G.711U-law and G.711A-law.
- 4. Set 'Silent Suppression' to Enable
- Click Submit.

- To configure Coders Group for Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk connection:
- Open the 'Coders Group Settings' page (Configuration tab > VolP menu > Coders And Profiles > Coders Group Settings).

Figure 4-16: Coders Group Settings



- 2. Select Coder Group ID 2.
- 3. Set 'Coder Name' to G.711U-law, G.711A-law, and GSM FR.
- 4. Click Submit.



4.12 Step 12: Configuring IP Profile

This step describes how to configure the IP Profile. In this configuration, the IP Profile is used to configure the SRTP/TLS mode and the Coder Group (see Section 4.11 on page 52).

You must configure Microsoft Lync to work in secure mode (SRTP/TLS); while, the Rogers Business Solutions SIP trunk is configured in non-secure mode RTP/UDP.

To configure IP Profile for Microsoft Lync:

 Open the 'IP Profile Settings' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > Coders And Profiles > IP Profile Settings).

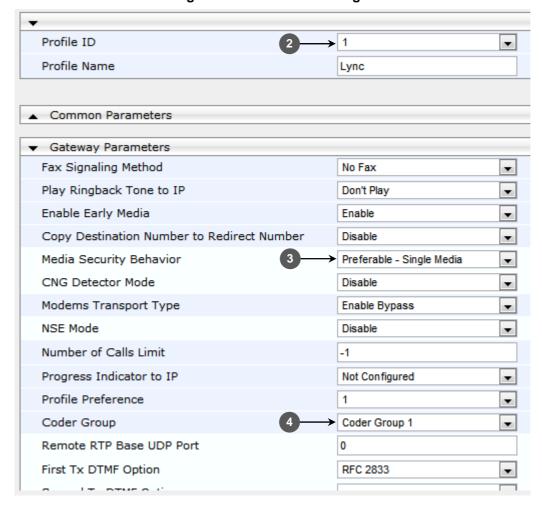


Figure 4-17: IP Profile Settings

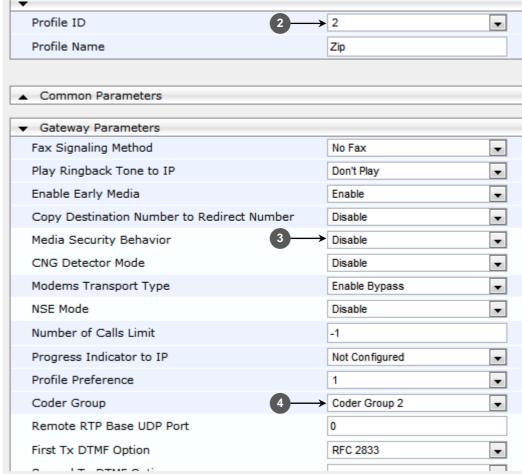
- Select Profile ID 1.
- 3. Set Media Security Behavior to **Preferable Single Media**.
- 4. Set Coder Group to Coder Group 1.
- 5. Click Submit.

To configure IP Profile for Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk:

Figure 4-18: IP Profile Settings

1. Open the 'IP Profile Settings' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > Coders And Profiles > IP Profile Settings).

Profile ID **→** 2



- 2. Select Profile ID 2.
- 3. Set Media Security Behavior to **Disable**.
- 4. Set Coder Group to Coder Group 2.
- 5. Click Submit.



4.13 Step 13: Configuring IP Group Tables

This step describes how to create IP groups. Each IP group represents a SIP entity in the gateway's network. You need to create IP groups for the following entities:

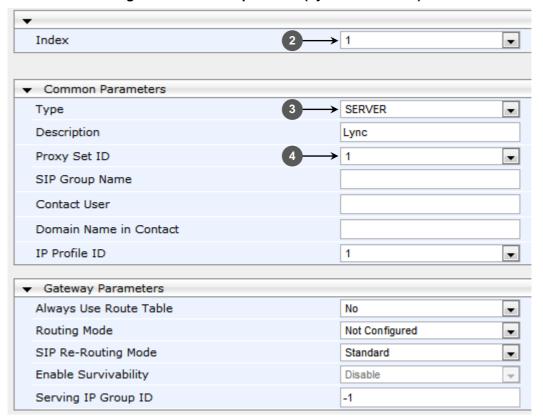
- Lync Server 2010 Mediation Server
- Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk

These IP groups are later used by the IP2IP application for routing calls.

To configure IP Group Table 1 (Lync Server 2010):

 Open the 'IP Group Table' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > Control Network> IP Group Table).

Figure 4-19: IP Group Table 1 (Lync Server 2010)

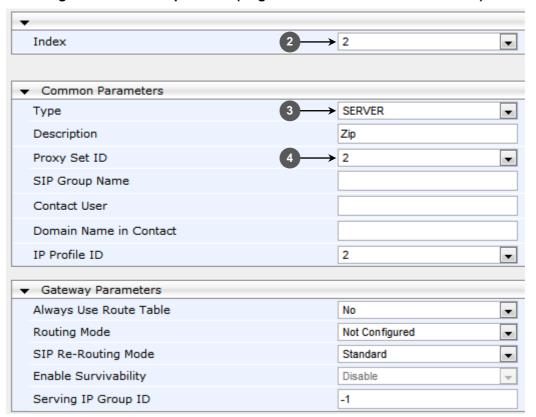


- 2. Set Index to 1.
- 3. Set 'Type' to **SERVER**.
- 4. Set Proxy Set ID to 1.

To configure IP Group Table 2 (Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk):

 Open the 'IP Group Table' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > Control Network> IP Group Table).

Figure 4-20: IP Group Table 2 (Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk)



- 2. Set Index to 2.
- 3. Set 'Type' to **SERVER**.
- 4. Set 'Proxy Set ID' to 2.



4.14 Step 14: Configuring Routing

This step describes how to configure the IP to IP routing table.

The device IP-to-IP routing rules are configured in the 'IP to Trunk Group Routing' and 'Tel to IP Routing' tables. Those tables provides enhanced IP-to-IP call routing capabilities for routing received SIP messages such as INVITE messages to a destination IP address. The routing rule must match one of the following input characteristics: Source IP Group, Source Phone Prefix, and/or Source Host Prefix.

It is crucial that you adhere to the following guidelines when configuring your IP-to-IP routing rules:

- Ensure that your routing rules are accurate and correctly defined.
- Ensure that your routing rules from **source IP Group** to **destination IP Group** are accurately defined to be eligible for the desired call routing outcome.
- Avoid (if possible) using the asterisk (*) symbol to indicate "any" for a specific parameter in your routing rules. This constitutes a weak routing rule. For strong routing rules, enter specific letter or numeric character values.

To configure IP to Trunk Group Routing Table:

Open the 'IP to Trunk Group Routing Table' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Routing > IP to Trunk Group Routing Table).

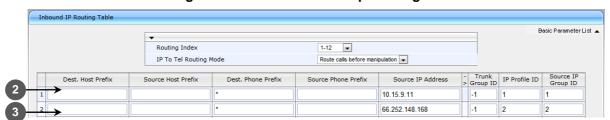


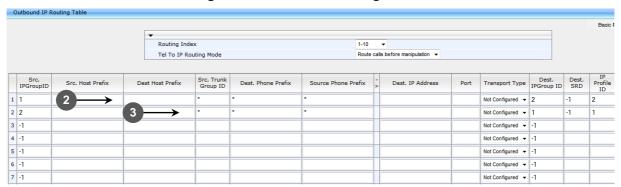
Figure 4-21: IP to Trunk Group Routing Table

- 2. Calls arriving from the Microsoft Lync server are sent to the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' (-1) with 'IP Profile ID' = 1 and marked as 'Source IPGroup ID' = 1.
- 3. Calls arriving from Rogers Business Solutions are sent to the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' (-1) with 'IP Profile ID' = 2 and marked as 'Source IPGroup ID'=2.

To configure Tel to IP Routing Table:

Open the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Routing > Tel to IP Routing Table).

Figure 4-22: Tel to IP Routing Table



- Calls from Source IPGroup ID 1 (e.g., from Microsoft Lync) are sent to 'Dest. IPGroup ID 2 (e.g., To Rogers Business Solutions).
- **3.** Calls from Source IPGroup ID **2** (e.g., from Rogers Business Solutions) are sent to 'Dest. IPGroup ID **1** (e.g., To Lync).



Note: The Routing configuration may change according to the local deployment topology.



4.15 Step 15: Configuring Manipulation

This step describes how to configure the manipulation tables.

The Manipulation Tables sub-menu allows you to configure number manipulation and mapping of NPI/TON to SIP messages.



Note: Adapt the manipulation table according to you environment dial plan.

To configure Manipulation Tables:

 Open the 'Manipulation Table' page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations).

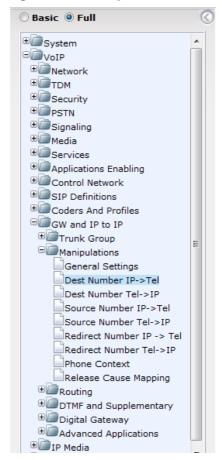
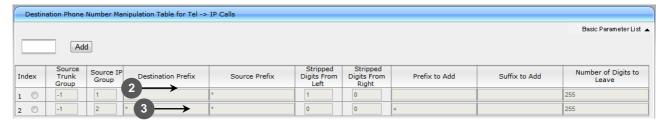


Figure 4-23: Manipulation Tables

The following includes examples for number manipulation on destination and source numbers in the Tel-to-IP tables:

- To configure Destination Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel -> IP Calls Table:
- Open the Destination Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel -> IP calls page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations sub-menu > Dest Number Tel > IP).

Figure 4-29: Destination Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel -> IP Calls

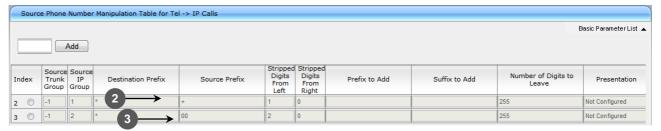


- 2. Index #1 defines the destination number manipulation of calls from Lync Server.
 - All calls received from Source IP Group 1 (i.e., from Lync Server) and the
 destination number prefix that begins with '+', remove the '+' from the
 number.
- 3. Index #2 defines the destination number manipulation of calls from Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk.
 - All calls received from Source IP Group 2 (i.e., from Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk) and the destination number prefix is '*' (i.e., any), add the '+' prefix to the number.



- To configure Source Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel -> IP Calls Table:
- Open the Source Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel -> IP calls page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations sub-menu > Source Number Tel > IP).

Figure 4-30: Source Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel -> IP Calls Page



- Index #2 defines source number manipulation of calls from the Lync Server.
 - For all calls received from Source IP Group 1 (i.e., from Lync Server) and the source number prefix begins with '+', remove the '+' from the number.
- Index #3 defines source number manipulation of calls from the Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk.
 - For all calls received from Source IP Group 2 (i.e., from Rogers Business Solutions SIP Trunk) and the source number prefix begins with 00, remove the '00' from the number.

4.16 Step 16: Configuring SIP TLS Connection

This step describes how to configure AudioCodes gateways for implementing a TLS connection with the Microsoft Lync Mediation server. The steps described in this section are essential elements for the configuration of a secure SIP TLS connection.

4.16.1 Step 16-1: Configuring NTP Server

This step describes how to configure the NTP Server IP address. It is recommended to implement an NTP server (third-party) so that the E-SBC device receives the accurate current date and time. This is necessary for validating parties' certificates.

> To configure NTP Settings:

 Open the 'Application Settings' page (Configuration tab > System menu > Application Settings).

Figure 4-24: NTP Settings



2. Set the NTP Server IP Address to <NTP Server IP-Address> (e.g., 10.15.9.10).



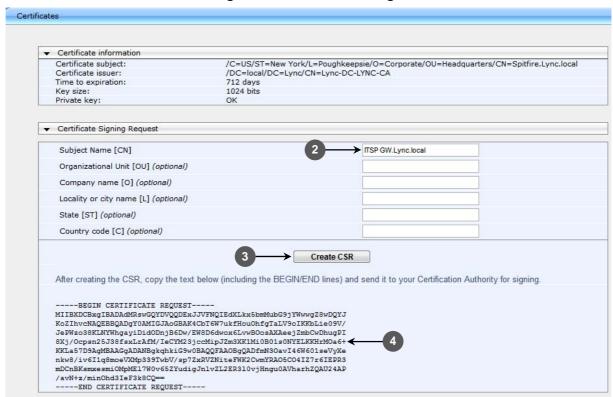
4.16.2 Step 16-2: Configuring a Certificate

This step describes how to exchange a certificate with the Microsoft Certificate Authority.

To configure a certificate:

1. Open the 'Certificates' page (**Configuration** tab > **System** menu > **Certificates**).

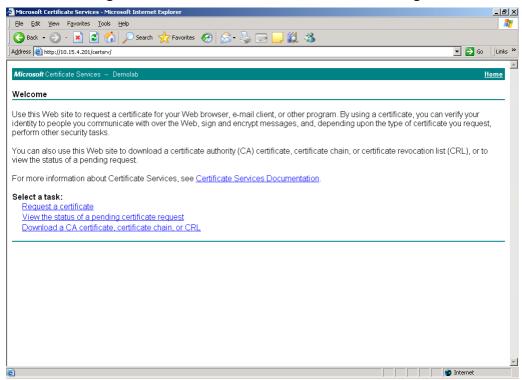
Figure 4-25: Certificates Page



- 2. In the 'Subject Name' field, enter the Media Gateway name (i.e., ITSP-GW.Lync.local)
- 3. Click on Create CSR; a Certificate request will be generated.
- Copy the CSR (from the line "----BEGIN CERTIFICATE" to "END CERTIFICATE
 REQUEST----") to a text file (such as Notepad), and then save it to a folder on
 your PC as certreq.txt.

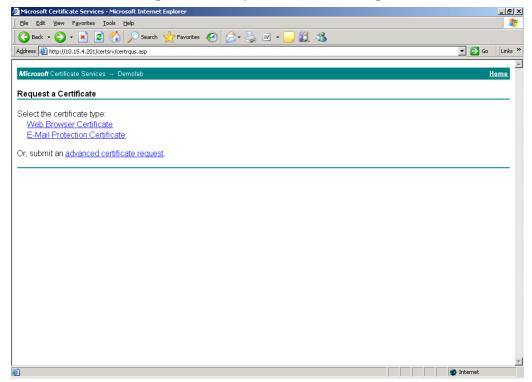
5. Navigate to the certificate 'Server http://<Certificate Server>/CertSrv'.

Figure 4-26: Microsoft Certificate Services Web Page



Click the link Request a Certificate.

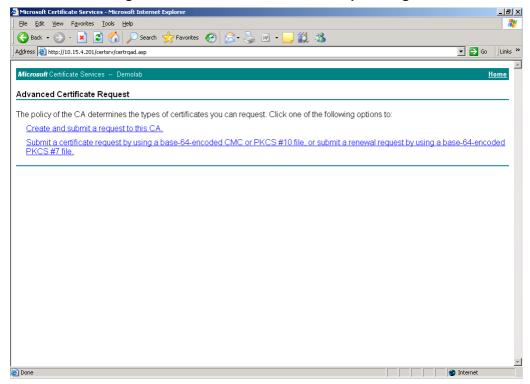
Figure 4-27: Request a Certificate Page





7. Click the link Advanced Certificate Request, and then click Next.

Figure 4-28: Advanced Certificate Request Page



8. Click the link Submit a Certificate request by using base64 encoded..., and then click Next.

Microsoft Active Directory Certificate Services - Windows Internet Explorer 🔾 🔾 🔻 🛭 http://10.15.4.201/certsrv/certrqxt.asp - 🗟 → X File Edit View Favorites Tools Help Microsoft Active Directory Certificate Services Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request To submit a saved request to the CA, paste a base-64-encoded CMC or PKCS #10 certificate request or PKCS #7 renewal request generated by an external source (such as a Web server) in the Saved Request box Saved Request: PKCS #10 or vnQwXOUUX6BsVBT71aC83HcA ----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST----Certificate Template: Additional Attributes: Submit > Internet | Protected Mode: Off ← ← 100%

Figure 4-29: Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request Page

- 9. Open the *certreq.txt* file that you created and saved (see Step 4), and then copy its contents to the 'Base64 Encoded Certificate Request' text box.
- 10. Select 'Web Server' from the Certificate Template drop-down box.
- 11. Click Submit.
- Choose the 'Base 64' encoding option, and then click the link Download CA certificate.
- **13.** Save the file as 'gateway.cer' in a folder on your PC.
- 14. Navigate to the certificate Server http://<Certificate Server>/CertSrv.
- 15. Click the link Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain or CRL.



Microsoft Certificate Services - Microsoft Internet Explorer _ B × <u>File Edit View Favorites Tools Help</u> G Back ▼ ⊝ ▼ 💌 💈 🏠 🔎 Search Tavorites 🚱 🛜 🦫 🔻 - 📙 👸 🔉 ▼ 🔁 Go Links » Address a http://10.15.4.201/certsrv/certcarc.asp Microsoft Certificate Services -- Demolab Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain, or CRL To trust certificates issued from this certification authority, install this CA certificate chain To download a CA certificate, certificate chain, or CRL, select the certificate and encoding method CA certificate: Current [Demolab] Encoding method: DER C Base 64 Download CA certificate Download CA certificate chain Download latest base CRL Done

Figure 4-30: Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain, or CRL Page

- **16.** Under the Encoding method group, perform the following:
- 17. Select the 'Base 64' encoding method option.
- 18. Click the link Download CA certificate.
- 19. Save the file as 'certroot.cer' in a folder on your PC.
- 20. Navigate back (in the E-SBC device) to the 'Certificates' page.

Certificates · Generate new private key and self-signed certificate Private Key Size 1024 Press the button "Generate self-signed" to create a self-signed certificate using the subject name provided above Important: this is a lengthy operation, during this time the device will be out of service. After the operation is complete, save configuration and reset the device Generate self-signed ▼ Upload certificate files from your computer Private key pass-phrase (optional) audo Send **Private Key** file from your computer to the device. The file must be in either PEM or PFX (PKCS#12) format. Choose File No file chosen Note: Replacing the private key is not recommended but if it's done, it should be over a physically-secure network link. Send **Device Certificate** file from your computer to the device. The file must be in textual PEM format. Choose File No file chosen Send File Send "Trusted Root Certificate Store" file from your computer to the device. The file must be in textual PEM format. Choose File No file chosen Send File

Figure 4-31: Certificates Page

- 21. In the 'Certificates' page, in the 'Device Certificate' field, click **Choose File** and select the '*Gateway.cer*' certificate file that you saved on your local disk (see Step 13), and then click **Send File** to upload the certificate.
- 22. In the 'Certificates' page, in the 'Trusted Root Certificate Store' field, click Choose File and select the 'Certroot.cer' certificate file that you saved on your local disk (see Step 19), and then click Send File to upload the certificate.
- 23. Save (burn) the Media Gateway configuration and reset the Media Gateway, using the Web interface's 'Maintenance Actions' page (On the Navigation bar, click the Maintenance tab, and then in the Navigation tree, choose Maintenance Actions).

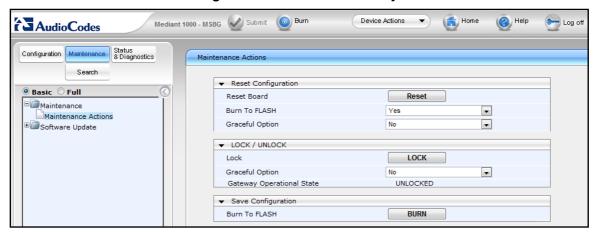


4.17 Step 17: Resetting the Gateway

After you have completed the gateway configuration as described in the steps above, burn the configuration to the gateway's flash memory and reset the gateway.

Click the **Reset** button to burn the configuration to flash and reset the gateway (ensure that the 'Burn to FLASH' field is set to **Yes**).

Figure 4-32: Reset the Gateway





Note: Reset with BURN to FLASH is required.

A AudioCodes INI File

This step shows the E-SBC device INI file. This file reflects the configuration described in Section 4 on page 35.

```
,********
;** Ini File **
; * * * * * * * * * * * * *
;Board: Mediant 1000 - MSBG
;Serial Number: 3589366
;Slot Number: 1
;Software Version: 6.40A.027.004
;DSP Software Version: 624AE3 => 640.03
;Board IP Address: 10.15.7.131
;Board Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0
;Board Default Gateway: 10.15.7.130
;Ram size: 512M Flash size: 64M
; Num of DSP Cores: 13 Num DSP Channels: 51
; Profile: NONE
; Key features: ; Board Type: Mediant 1000 - MSBG ; PSTN Protocols: ISDN
IUA=4 CAS ; Coders: G723 G729 GSM-FR G727 ILBC ; E1Trunks=4 ; T1Trunks=4 ; IP
Media: Conf VXML VoicePromptAnnounc(H248.9) ; Channel Type: RTP PCI
DspCh=240 IPMediaDspCh=240 ;DSP Voice features: EC128mSec
AdditionTimeslotSummation FastSlowPlayback BargeIn PatternDetector
IpmDetector ;DATA features: Routing FireWall&VPN WAN Advanced-Routing
;Security: IPSEC MediaEncryption StrongEncryption EncryptControlProtocol
;Control Protocols: MSFT MGCP MEGACO SIP SASurvivability SBC=120 ;Default
features:; Coders: G711 G726;
;----- Mediant-1000 HW components -----
; Slot # : Module type : # of ports : # of DSPs
      1 : FALC56 : 2 : 2 : 2 : 4 :
     2 : FXS
                                 4:
      3 : Empty
      4 : Empty
      5 : Empty
     6 : Empty
[SYSTEM Params]
DNSPriServerIP = 10.15.9.10
SyslogServerIP = 10.15.45.200
EnableSyslog = 1
NTPServerIP = 10.15.9.10
NTPServerUTCOffset = 7200
TelnetServerEnable = 1
PM VEDSPUtil = '1,64,72,15'
[BSP Params]
PCMLawSelect = 3
WanInterfaceName = 'GigabitEthernet 0/0'
```



```
[Analog Params]
[ControlProtocols Params]
AdminStateLockControl = 0
[MGCP Params]
[MEGACO Params]
EP_Num_0 = 0
EP_Num_1 = 1
EP Num_2 = 1
EP_Num_3 = 0
EP Num 4 = 0
DIGITMAPPING = ''
[PSTN Params]
[SS7 Params]
[Voice Engine Params]
RFC2833TxPayloadType = 101
EnableDSPIPMDetectors = 1
ENABLEMEDIASECURITY = 1
SRTPTxPacketMKISize = 1
CallProgressTonesFilename = 'usa_tones_13.dat'
[WEB Params]
LogoWidth = '145'
HTTPSCipherString = 'RC4:EXP'
[SIP Params]
MEDIACHANNELS = 120
SIPDESTINATIONPORT = 5067
PLAYRBTONE2TEL = 3
GWDEBUGLEVEL = 5
ENABLEEARLYMEDIA = 1
SIPGATEWAYNAME = 'ITSP-GW.Lync.local'
STATICNATIP = 195.189.192.154
SIPTRANSPORTTYPE = 2
TLSLOCALSIPPORT = 5067
MEDIASECURITYBEHAVIOUR = 3
FORKINGHANDLINGMODE = 1
ENABLEIP2IPAPPLICATION = 1
[SCTP Params]
```

```
[VXML Params]
[IPsec Params]
[Audio Staging Params]
[SNMP Params]
   *** TABLE InterfaceTable ***
[ InterfaceTable ]
FORMAT InterfaceTable Index = InterfaceTable ApplicationTypes, InterfaceTable_InterfaceMode, InterfaceTable_IPAddress, InterfaceTable PrefixLength, InterfaceTable Gateway,
InterfaceTable VlanID, InterfaceTable InterfaceName,
InterfaceTable PrimaryDNSServerIPAddress,
InterfaceTable SecondaryDNSServerIPAddress,
InterfaceTable_UnderlyingInterface;
InterfaceTable 0 = 6, 10, 10.15.7.131, 16, 10.15.7.130, 1, Voice,
10.15.9.10, , ;
[ \InterfaceTable ]
  *** TABLE DspTemplates ***
; This table contains hidden elements and will not be exposed.
; This table exists on board and will be saved during restarts
;
   *** TABLE PREFIX ***
;
[ PREFIX ]
FORMAT PREFIX_Index = PREFIX_DestinationPrefix, PREFIX_DestAddress,
PREFIX SourcePrefix, PREFIX ProfileId, PREFIX MeteringCode,
PREFIX DestPort, PREFIX SrcIPGroupID, PREFIX DestHostPrefix,
PREFIX DestIPGroupID, PREFIX SrcHostPrefix, PREFIX TransportType,
PREFIX SrcTrunkGroupID, PREFIX DestSRD;
PREFIX 0 = *, , *, 2, 255, 0, 1, , 2, , -1, -1, -1;
PREFIX 1 = *, , *, 1, 255, 0, 2, , 1, , -1, -1;
[\PREFIX]
   *** TABLE NumberMapIp2Tel ***
[ NumberMapIp2Tel ]
```



```
FORMAT NumberMapIp2Tel Index = NumberMapIp2Tel DestinationPrefix,
NumberMapIp2Tel SourcePrefix, NumberMapIp2Tel SourceAddress,
NumberMapIp2Tel NumberType, NumberMapIp2Tel NumberPlan,
NumberMapIp2Tel_RemoveFromLeft, NumberMapIp2Tel_RemoveFromRight, NumberMapIp2Tel_LeaveFromRight, NumberMapIp2Tel_Prefix2Add, NumberMapIp2Tel_Suffix2Add, NumberMapIp2Tel_IsPresentationRestricted,
NumberMapIp2Tel SrcTrunkGroupID, NumberMapIp2Tel SrcIPGroupID;
NumberMapTel2Ip 1 = +, *, *, 255, 255, 1, 0, 255, , , 255, -1, 1;
NumberMapTel2Ip 2 = *, *, *, 255, 255, 0, 0, 255, +, , 255, -1, 2;
 [ \NumberMapIp2Tel ]
   *** TABLE NumberMapTel2Ip ***
;
[ NumberMapTel2Ip ]
FORMAT NumberMapTel2Ip Index = NumberMapTel2Ip DestinationPrefix, NumberMapTel2Ip SourcePrefix, NumberMapTel2Ip SourceAddress,
NumberMapTel2Ip NumberType, NumberMapTel2Ip NumberPlan,
NumberMapTel2Ip RemoveFromLeft, NumberMapTel2Ip RemoveFromRight,
NumberMapTel2Ip_LeaveFromRight, NumberMapTel2Ip_Prefix2Add,
NumberMapTel2Ip Suffix2Add, NumberMapTel2Ip IsPresentationRestricted,
NumberMapTel2Ip SrcTrunkGroupID, NumberMapTel2Ip SrcIPGroupID;
SourceNumberMapTel2Ip 2 = *, +, *, 255, 255, 1, 0, 255, , , 255, -1, 1;
SourceNumberMapTel2Ip 3 = *, 00, *, 255, 255, 2, 0, 255, , , 255, -1, 2;
[ \NumberMapTel2Ip ]
   *** TABLE PstnPrefix ***
;
;
;
[ PstnPrefix ]
FORMAT PstnPrefix Index = PstnPrefix DestPrefix, PstnPrefix TrunkGroupId,
PstnPrefix_SourcePrefix, PstnPrefix_SourceAddress, PstnPrefix_ProfileId, PstnPrefix SrcIPGroupID, PstnPrefix DestHostPrefix,
PstnPrefix SrcHostPrefix;
PstnPrefix 0 = *, -1, , 10.15.9.11, 1, 1, , , -1;
PstnPrefix 1 = *, -1, , 66.252.148.168, 2, 2, , , -1;
[ \PstnPrefix ]
;
   *** TABLE ProxyIp ***
;
;
[ ProxyIp ]
; ** NOTE: Changes were made to active configuration.
            The data below is different from current values.
FORMAT ProxyIp Index = ProxyIp IpAddress, ProxyIp TransportType,
ProxyIp ProxySetId;
ProxyIp 0 = FE-Lync.Lync.local, 2, 1;
ProxyIp 0 = 66.252.148.168:5060, 0, 2;
```

```
[ \ProxyIp ]
   *** TABLE TxDtmfOption ***
;
[ TxDtmfOption ]
FORMAT TxDtmfOption Index = TxDtmfOption Type;
TxDtmfOption 0 = 4;
[ \TxDtmfOption ]
   *** TABLE IpProfile ***
;
;
;
[ IpProfile ]
FORMAT IpProfile Index = IpProfile ProfileName, IpProfile IpPreference,
IpProfile_CodersGroupID, IpProfile_IsFaxUsed,
IpProfile JitterBufMinDelay, IpProfile JitterBufOptFactor,
IpProfile IPDiffServ, IpProfile SigIPDiffServ, IpProfile SCE,
IpProfile_RTPRedundancyDepth, IpProfile_RemoteBaseUDPPort, IpProfile CNGmode, IpProfile VxxTransportType, IpProfile NSEMode,
IpProfile IsDTMFUsed, IpProfile PlayRBTone2IP,
IpProfile_EnableEarlyMedia, IpProfile_ProgressIndicator2IP,
IpProfile EnableEchoCanceller, IpProfile CopyDest2RedirectNumber,
IpProfile MediaSecurityBehaviour, IpProfile CallLimit,
{\tt IpProfile\_DisconnectOnBrokenConnection,\ IpProfile\_FirstTxDtmfOption,}
IpProfile SecondTxDtmfOption, IpProfile RxDTMFOption, IpProfile EnableHold, IpProfile InputGain, IpProfile VoiceVolume,
IpProfile_AddIEInSetup, IpProfile_SBCExtensionCodersGroupID,
IpProfile MediaIPVersionPreference, IpProfile TranscodingMode,
IpProfile SBCAllowedCodersGroupID, IpProfile SBCAllowedCodersMode,
IpProfile_SBCMediaSecurityBehaviour, IpProfile_SBCRFC2833Behavior, IpProfile_SBCAlternativeDTMFMethod, IpProfile_SBCAssertIdentity,
IpProfile AMDSensitivityParameterSuit, IpProfile AMDSensitivityLevel,
IpProfile AMDMaxGreetingTime, IpProfile AMDMaxPostSilenceGreetingTime,
IpProfile_SBCDiversionMode, IpProfile_SBCHistoryInfoMode;
IpProfile 1 = Lync, 1, 1, 2, 10, 10, 46, 40, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1,
1, 1, 0, 3, -1, 1, 4, -1, 1, 1, 0, 0, , -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, 0, 0, -1, 0,
8, 300, 400, -1, -1;
IpProfile 2 = Rogers Business Solutions, 1, 2, 2, 10, 10, 46, 40, 0, 0,
0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, -1, 1, 0, 2, -1, 1, 4, -1, 1, 1, 0, 0, , -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1, 0, 8, 300, 400, -1, -1;
[ \IpProfile ]
   *** TABLE ProxySet ***
;
;
[ ProxySet ]
FORMAT ProxySet Index = ProxySet EnableProxyKeepAlive,
ProxySet ProxyKeepAliveTime, ProxySet ProxyLoadBalancingMethod,
ProxySet IsProxyHotSwap, ProxySet SRD, ProxySet ClassificationInput,
ProxySet_ProxyRedundancyMode;
ProxySet 0 = 0, 60, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1;
ProxySet 1 = 1, 60, 1, 1, 0, 0, -1;
```



```
ProxySet 2 = 0, 60, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1;
[ \ProxySet ]
   *** TABLE IPGroup ***
;
[ IPGroup ]
FORMAT IPGroup Index = IPGroup Type, IPGroup Description,
IPGroup ProxySetId, IPGroup SIPGroupName, IPGroup ContactUser, IPGroup EnableSurvivability, IPGroup ServingIPGroup,
IPGroup SipReRoutingMode, IPGroup AlwaysUseRouteTable,
IPGroup RoutingMode, IPGroup SRD, IPGroup MediaRealm,
IPGroup ClassifyByProxySet, IPGroup ProfileId, IPGroup MaxNumOfRegUsers, IPGroup_InboundManSet, IPGroup_OutboundManSet, IPGroup_ContactName;
IPGroup 1 = 0, Lync, 1, , , 0, -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, , 1, 0, -1, -1, -1, ;
IPGroup 2 = 0, Rogers Business Solutions, 2, , , 0, -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, , 1,
2, -1, -1, -1, ;
[ \IPGroup ]
   *** TABLE CodersGroup0 ***
;
[ CodersGroup0 ]
FORMAT CodersGroup0 Index = CodersGroup0 Name, CodersGroup0 pTime,
CodersGroup0_rate, CodersGroup0_PayloadType, CodersGroup0_Sce;
CodersGroup0 0 = g711Alaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
[ \CodersGroup0 ]
   *** TABLE CodersGroup1 ***
;
;
[ CodersGroup1 ]
FORMAT CodersGroup1 Index = CodersGroup1 Name, CodersGroup1 pTime,
CodersGroup1_rate, CodersGroup1_PayloadType, CodersGroup1_Sce;
CodersGroup1 0 = g711Ulaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup1 1 = q711Alaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
[ \CodersGroup1 ]
   *** TABLE CodersGroup2 ***
;
;
```

```
[ CodersGroup2 ]

FORMAT CodersGroup2 Index = CodersGroup2 Name, CodersGroup2 pTime,
CodersGroup2_rate, CodersGroup2_PayloadType, CodersGroup2_Sce;
CodersGroup2 0 = g711Ulaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup2 1 = g711Alaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup2 2 = gsmFullRate, 20, 0, -1, 0;
[ \CodersGroup2 ]
```



Reader's Notes



Configuration Note

www.audiocodes.com