

Configuration Note

Connecting Microsoft® Lync™ and Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk using AudioCodes Mediant 1000 MSBG



Version 6.2

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Notice

This document describes how to connect the Microsoft Lync server and Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking using the Mediant 1000 MSBG device.

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Abbreviations and Terminology

Each abbreviation, unless widely used, is spelled out in full when first used.

Table 1-1: Acronyms

Acronym	Meaning
Transferee	The party being transferred to the transfer target
Transferor	The party initiating the transfer
Transfer target	The new party being introduced into a call with the transferee
Blind or semi-attended transfer	The transferor having a session in hold state with the transferee and initiating the transfer by a consultation call to the target performs the transfer while the target is in ringing state
Attended transfer or transfer on conversation	The transferor waits to be in conversation state with the target before completing the transfer
CLIP	Calling Line Identification Presentation
CNIP	Calling Name Identification Presentation
CLIR	Calling Line Identification Restriction
CNIR	Calling Name Identification Restriction
COLP	Connected Line Identification Presentation
CONP	Connected Name Identification Presentation
COLR	Connected Line Identification Restriction
CONR	Connected Name Identification Restriction
CRC	Customer Relationship Centre
PG	SIP GW XXX Peripheral Gateway
ICM	SIP GW XXX Intelligent Call Manager
CCM	SIP GW XXX Call Manager
CVP	Customer voice Portal
BC	ALU Business Contact
CTI	Computer Telephony Integration

1 Introduction

This document describes how to setup the Mediant 1000 MSBG device to work with the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking and Microsoft Lync Communication platform.

This configuration note is intended for Installation Engineers or AudioCodes and Gamma Telecom Partners who are installing and configuring the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking and Microsoft Lync Communication platform to place VoIP calls using the AudioCodes gateway.

The AudioCodes Mediant 1000 MSBG device was used to implement this solution.

The Mediant 1000 MSBG is a networking device that combines multiple service functions, such as a Media Gateway, Session Border Controller (SBC), Data Router and Firewall, LAN switch, WAN access, Stand Alone Survivability (SAS) and an integrated general-purpose server. The Mediant 1000 MSBG device offers enhanced dialing plans and voice routing capabilities along with SIP-to-SIP mediation, allowing enterprises to implement SIP Trunking services (IP-to-IP call routing) and IP-based Unified Communications, as well as flexible PSTN and legacy PBX connectivity.



Note: The scope of this document does not cover security aspects for connecting the SIP Trunk to the Microsoft Lync environment. Security measures should be implemented in accordance with your organization's security policies. For basic security guidelines, see the 'AudioCodes Security Guidelines'.

Reader's Notes

2 Components Information

2.1 AudioCodes Gateway Version

Table 2-1: AudioCodes Gateway Version

Gateway Vendor	AudioCodes
Model	Mediant 1000 MSBG
Software Version	SIP_6.20A.017.006
Interface Type	SIP/IP
VoIP Protocol	SIP
Additional Notes	None

2.2 Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking Version

Table 2-2: Gamma Telecom Version

Gateway Vendor	Gamma Telecom
Models	Genband S3 Session Border Controller
Software Version	Genband iServer version-5.2.2.0
VoIP Protocol	SIP
Additional Notes	None

2.3 Microsoft Lync Version

Table 2-3: Microsoft Lync Version

Gateway Vendor	Microsoft
Models	Microsoft Lync
Software Version	RTM: Release 2010 4.0.7577.0
VoIP Protocol	SIP
Additional Notes	None

2.4 Topology

The procedures described in this document describe the following example scenario:

- An Enterprise has a deployed Microsoft® Lync server 2010 in its private network for enhanced communication within the company.
- The enterprise decides to offer its employees Enterprise voice and to connect the company to the PSTN network using the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking service.
- AudioCodes Session Border Controller (SBC) is used to manage the connection between the Enterprise LAN and the Gamma Telecom SIP trunk.

The "session" refers to the real-time voice session using IP SIP signaling protocol. The "border" refers to the IP to IP network border between the Microsoft Lync network in the Enterprise LAN and the Gamma Telecom SIP trunk in the public network.

Figure 2-1 below illustrates the interoperability topology between the Microsoft® Lync Server 2010 LAN and the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking site.

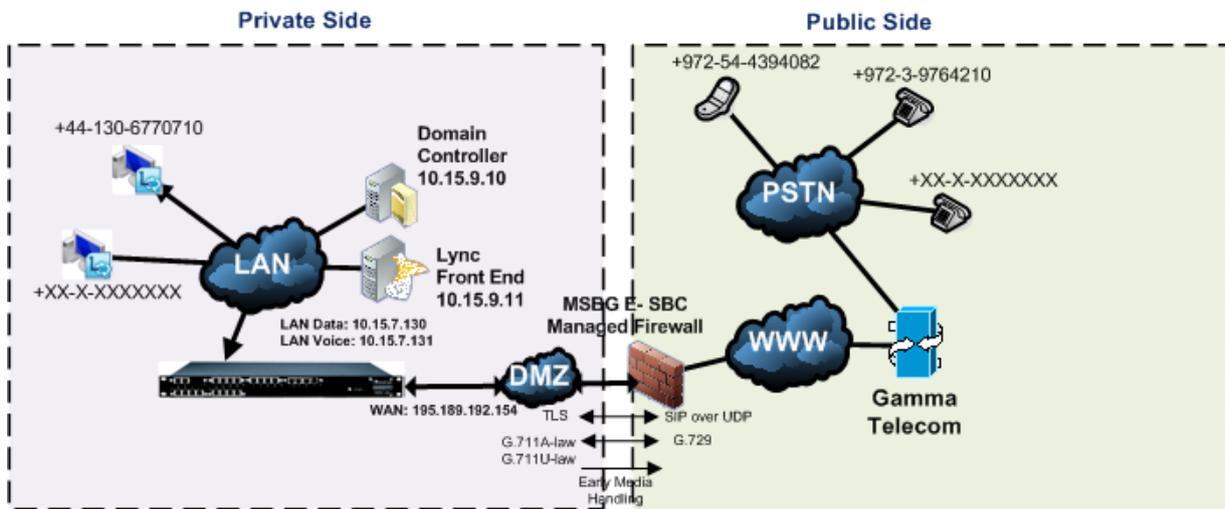
The setup requirements are characterized as follows:

- While the Microsoft® Lync Server 2010 environment is located on the Enterprise's Local Area Network (LAN), the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunks are located on the WAN.
- The internal data routing capabilities of the Mediant 1000 MSBG device are used. Consequently, a separate WAN interface is configured in the LAN.
- Microsoft® Lync Server 2010 works with the TLS transport type, while the Gamma Telecom SIP trunk works on the SIP over UDP transport type.
- Transcoding support: Microsoft® Lync Server 2010 supports G.711A-law and G.711U-law coders, while the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk also supports the G.729 coder type.

- Support for early media handling

Figure 2-1: Topology

Gamma Telecom
Customer Site



Reader's Notes

3 Configuring Lync Server 2010

This section describes how to configure the Lync Server 2010 to operate with the Mediant 1000 MSBG. This section describes the following procedures:

1. Configuring the Mediant 1000 MSBG as a 'IP/PSTN Gateway'. See Section 3.1 on page 15.
2. Associating the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server. See Section 3.2 on page 20.
3. Configuring a 'Route' to utilize the SIP trunk connected to the Mediant 1000 MSBG. See Section 3.3 on page 25.



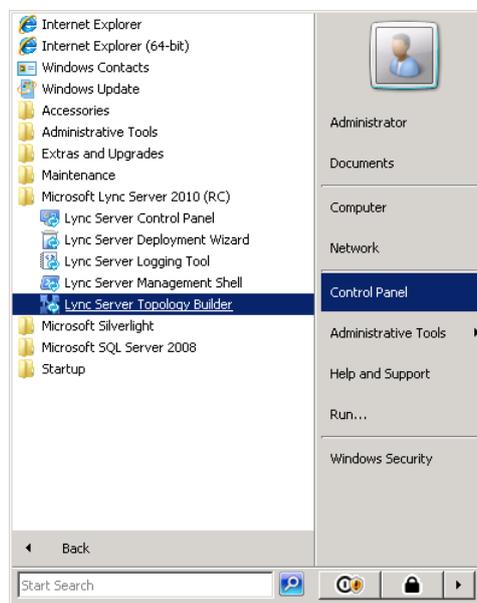
Note: Dial Plans, Voice Policies, and PSTN usages are also necessary for enterprise voice deployment; however, they are beyond the scope of this document.

3.1 Configuring Mediant 1000 MSBG as an 'IP/PSTN Gateway'

This section describes how to configure the Mediant 1000 MSBG as an IP/PSTN Gateway.

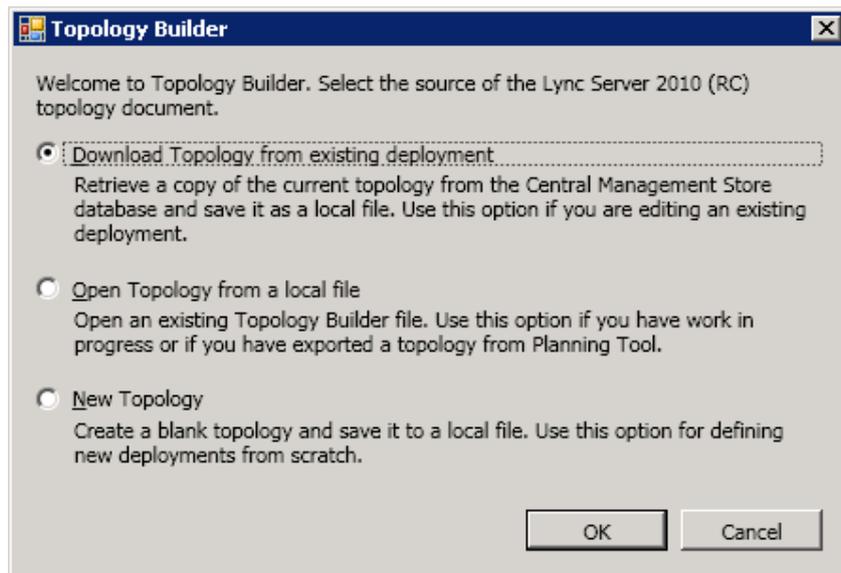
- **To configure the Mediant 1000 MSBG as a IP/PSTN Gateway and associating it with the Mediation Server:**
1. On the server where the Topology Builder is located, start the Lync Server 2010 **Topology Builder**: Click **Start**, select **All Programs**, then select **Lync Server Topology Builder**.

Figure 3-1: Starting the Lync Server Topology Builder



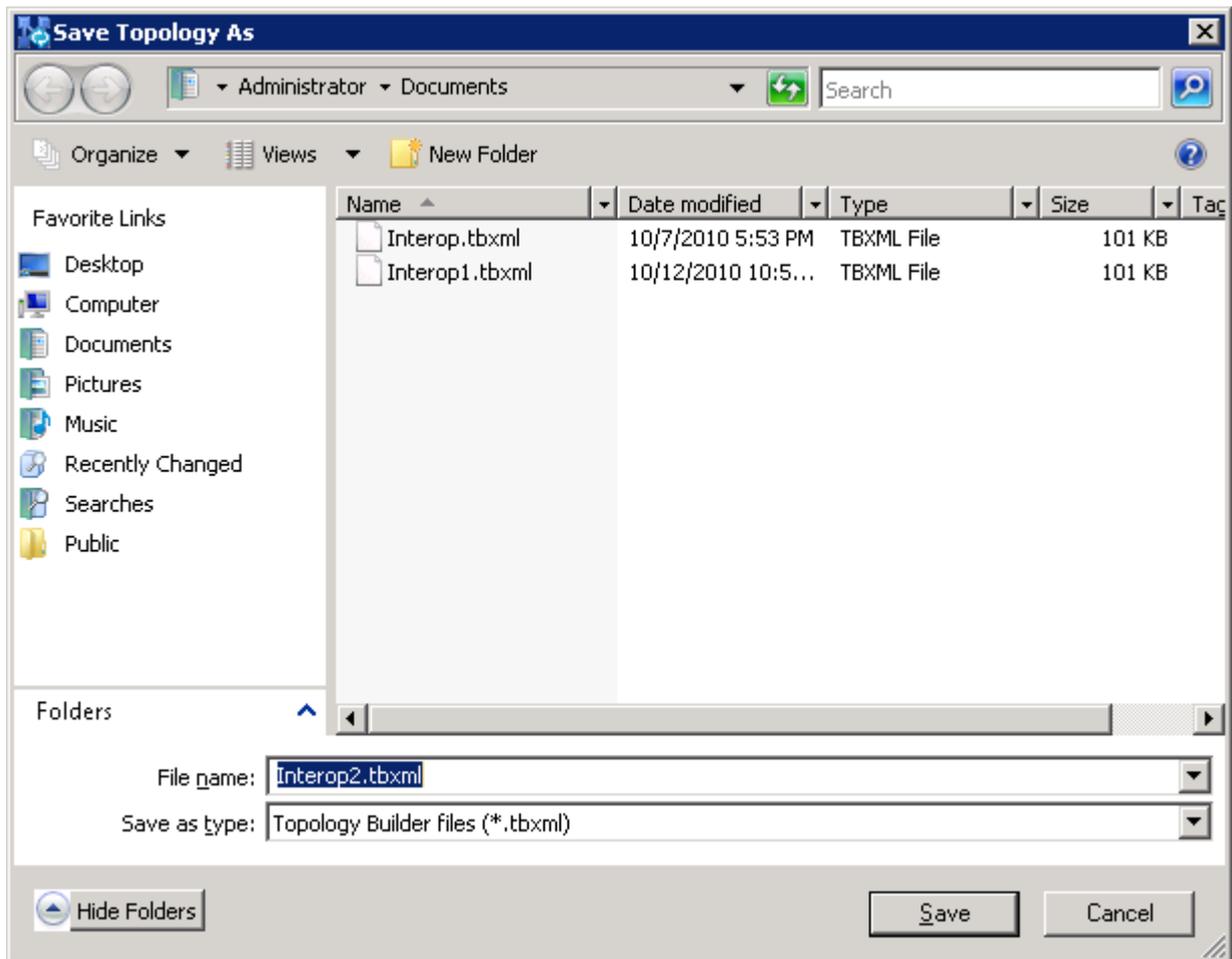
The following screen is displayed:

Figure 3-2: Topology Builder Options



2. Choose 'Download Topology from the existing deployment and click **OK**. You are prompted to save the Topology which you have downloaded.

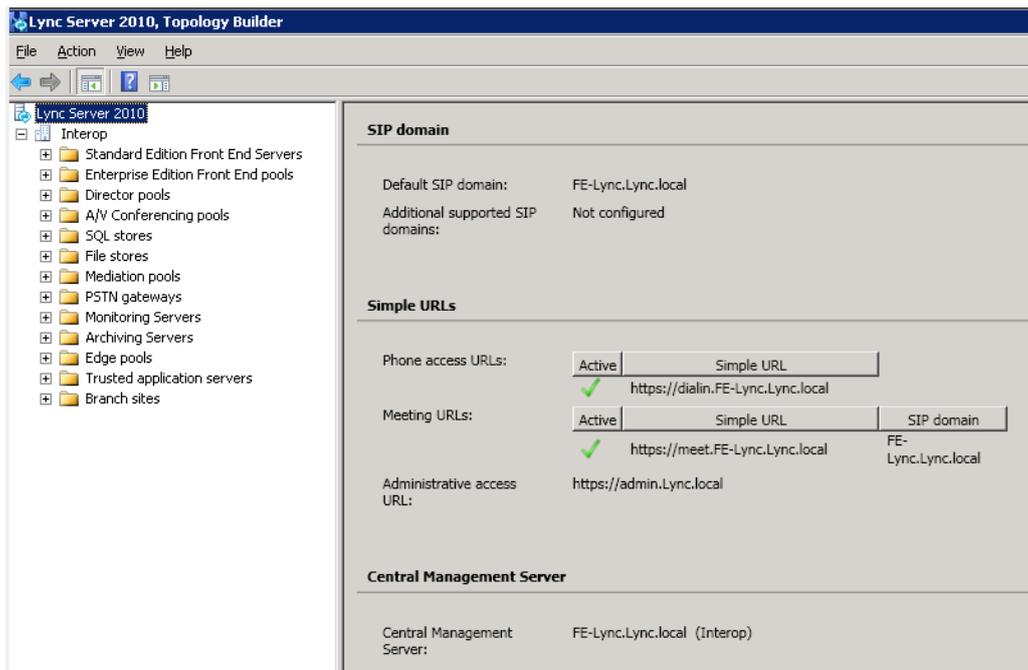
Figure 3-3: Save Topology



3. Enter new **File Name** and **Save** – this action enables you to rollback from any changes you make during the installation.

The Topology Builder screen with the topology downloaded is displayed.

Figure 3-4: Downloaded Topology



- Expand the Site; right-click on the IP/PSTN Gateway and choose 'New IP/PSTN Gateway'.

Figure 3-5: New IP/PSTN Gateway

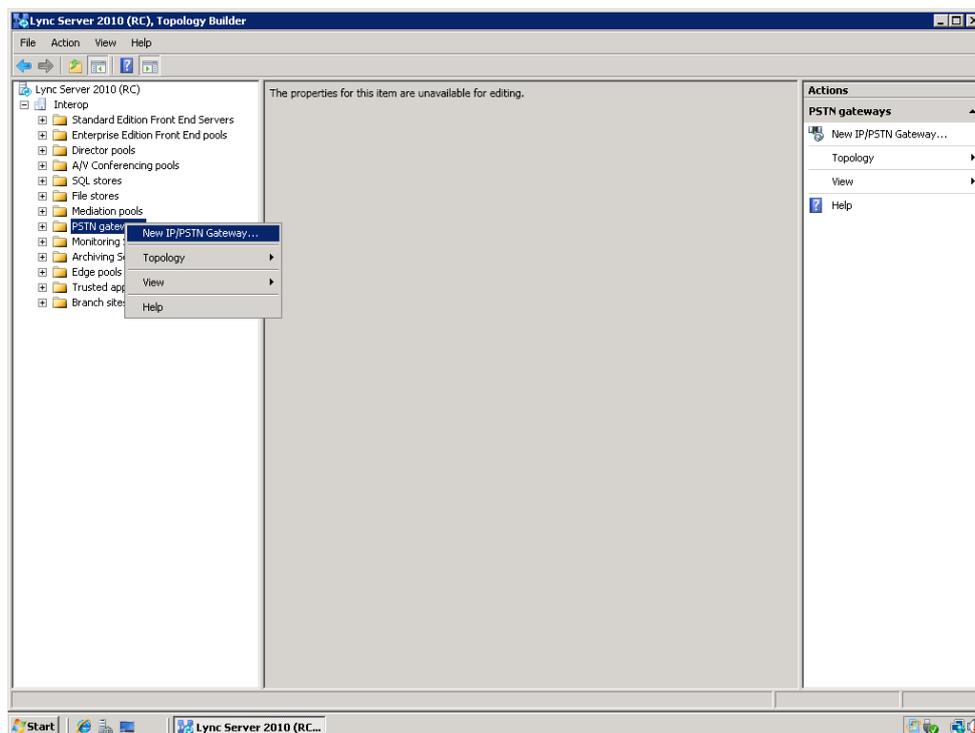


Figure 3-6: Define New IP/PSTN Gateway

Define New IP/PSTN Gateway

Gateway FQDN or IP Address *

Gamma.Lync.local

Listening port for IP/PSTN gateway: *

5067

Sip Transport Protocol:

TCP

TLS

Help OK Cancel

5. Enter the FQDN of the Mediant 1000 MSBG (i.e. 'Gamma.lync.local') and click **OK**.

Note that the listening port for the Gateway is '5067' and the transport type is 'TLS'.

The Mediant 1000 MSBG is now added as a 'IP/PSTN Gateway'.

Figure 3-7: IP/PSTN Gateway

Lync Server 2010, Topology Builder

File Action View Help

Lync Server 2010

- Interop
 - Standard Edition Front End Servers
 - Enterprise Edition Front End pools
 - Director pools
 - A/V Conferencing pools
 - SQL stores
 - File stores
 - Mediation pools
 - PSTN gateways
 - ACGW.lync.local
 - ALE-GW.lync.local
 - ALE-GW2.lync.local
 - ACEG.Lync.local
 - GW-131.Lync.local
 - GW-161.Lync.local
 - Gamma.Lync.local**
 - Monitoring Servers
 - Archiving Servers
 - Edge pools
 - Trusted application servers
 - Branch sites

PSTN Gateway

Gateway FQDN or IP Address:	Gamma.Lync.local
Listening port:	5067
SIP Transport Protocol:	TLS
Alternate media IP address:	<i>Not configured</i>
Mediation Server	<i>Not associated</i>

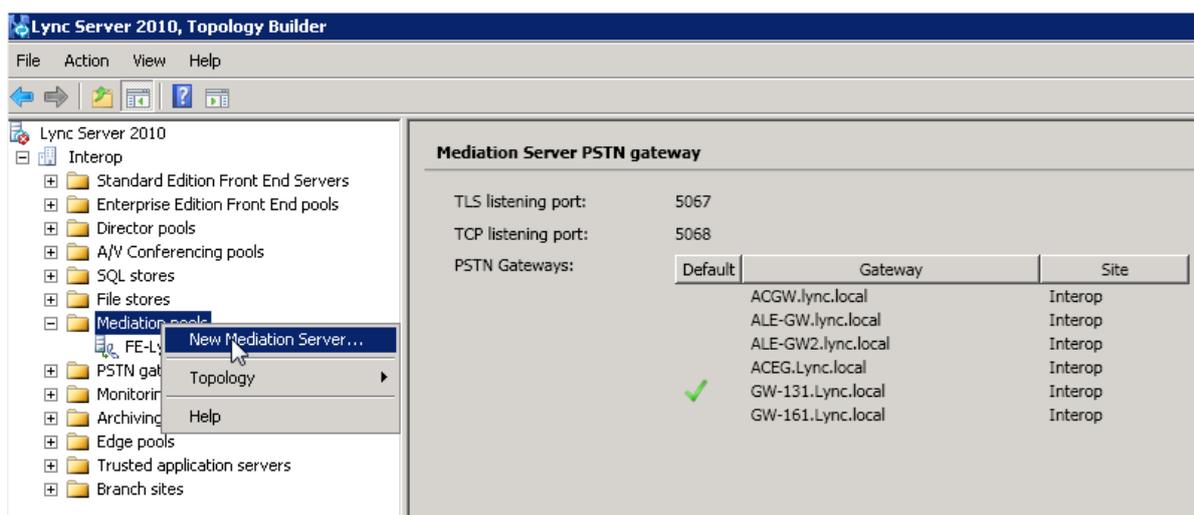
3.2 Associating the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server

This section describes how to associate the 'IP/PSTN Gateway' with the Mediation Server.

➤ **To associate the IP/PSTN Gateway with the Mediation Server:**

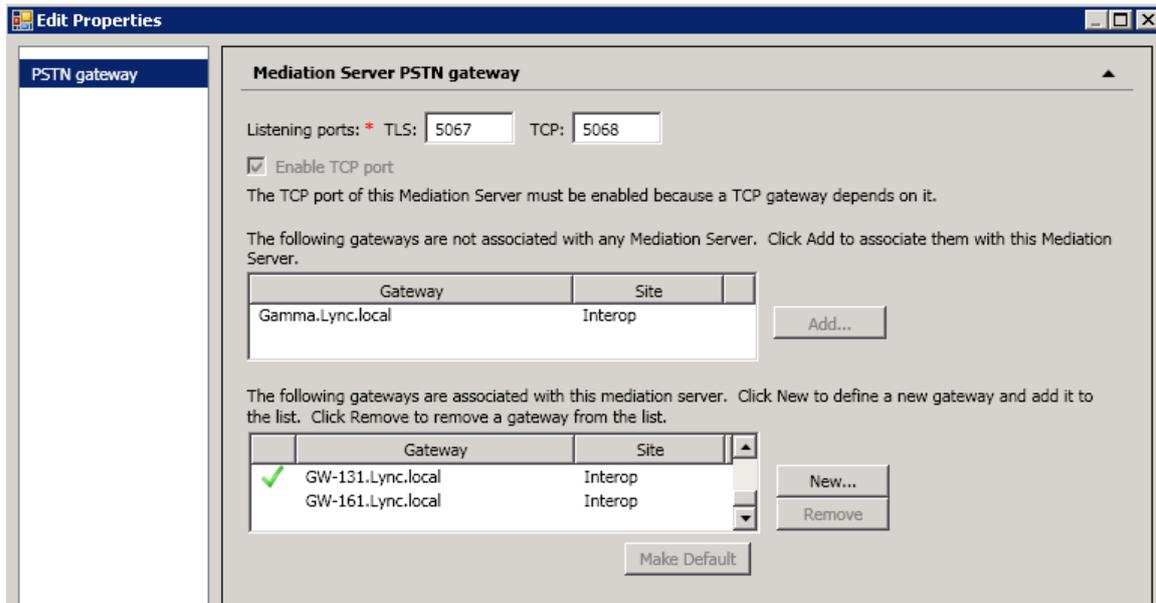
1. Right-click on the **Mediation server** to use with the Mediant 1000 MSBG (i.e. FE-Lync.Lync.local) and choose **Edit Properties**.

Figure 3-8: Associating Mediation Server with IP/PSTN Gateway



The following screen is displayed:

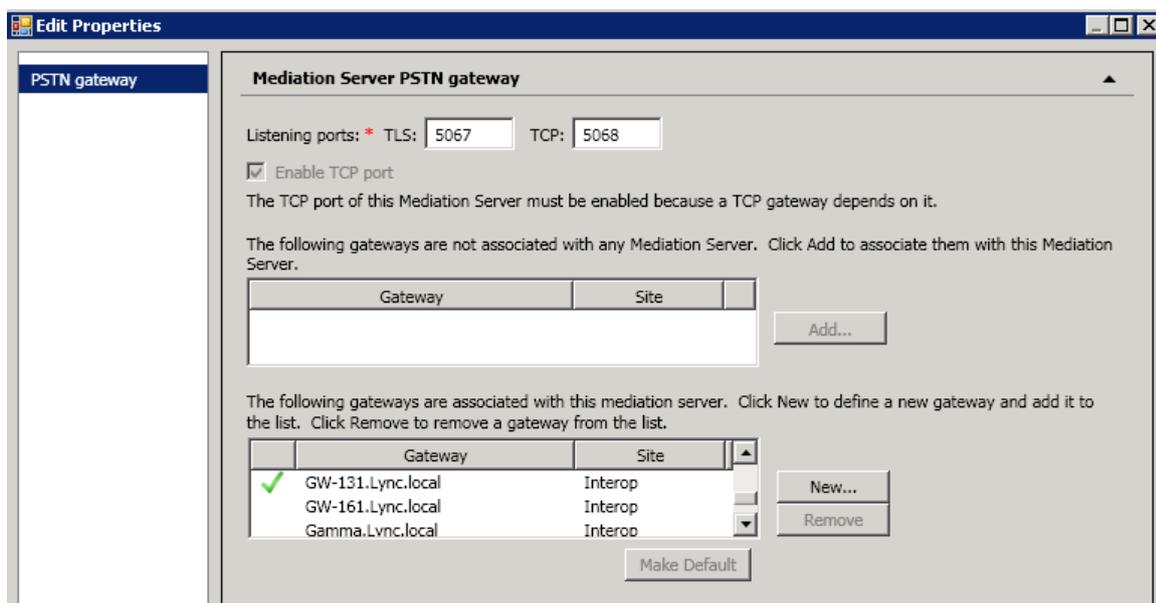
Figure 3-9: Before Associating IP/PSTN Gateway to a Mediation Server Associations



- In the top-left corner, choose **PSTN gateway** and in the Mediation Server PSTN gateway pane, mark the Mediant 1000 MSBG (i.e. 'Gamma.lync.local') and click **Add** to associate it with this Mediation Server.

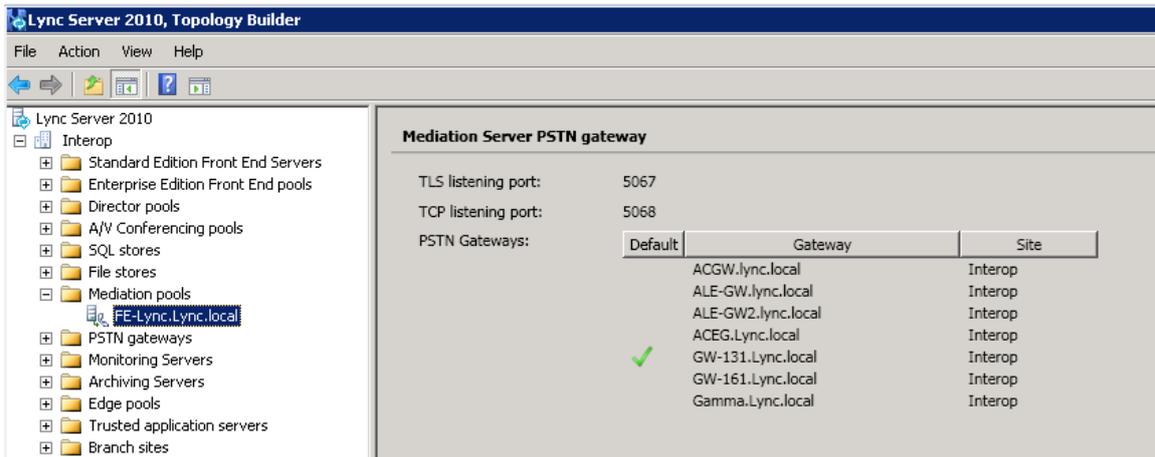
Note that there are two sub-panes, one including a list of gateways not associated with the Mediation server and one including a list of gateways associated with the Mediation server.

Figure 3-10: After Associating IP/PSTN Gateway to Mediation Server



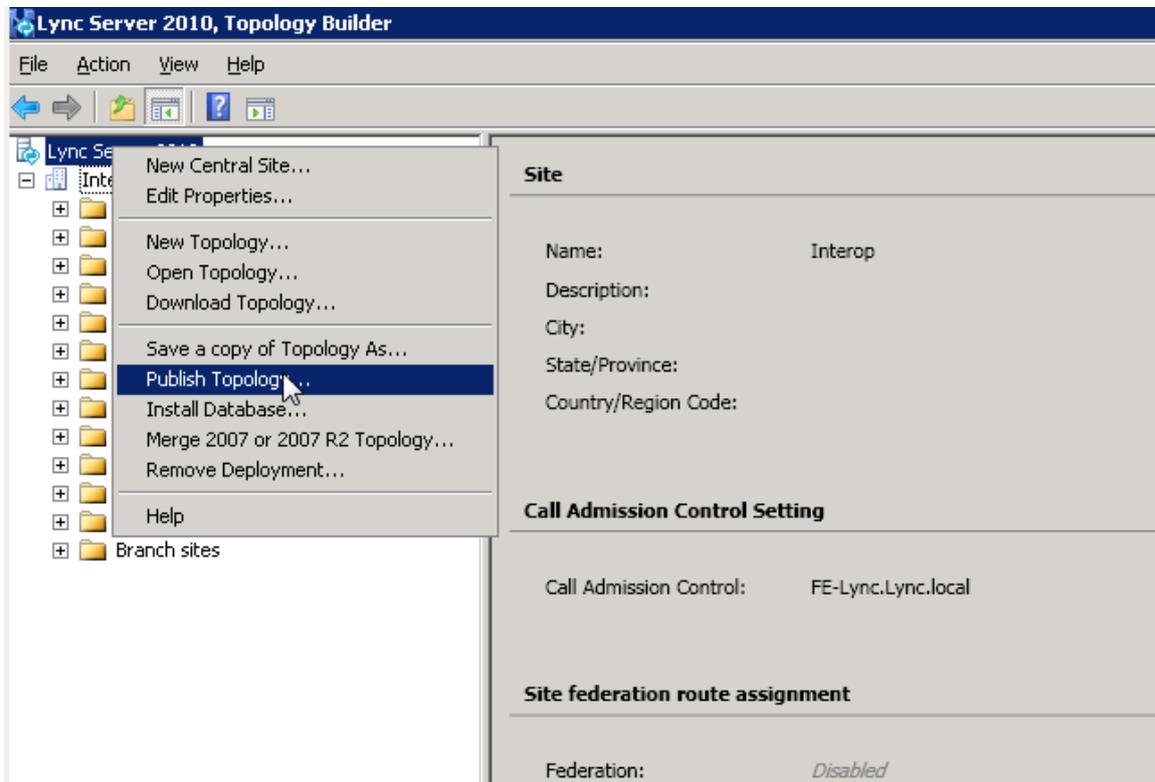
- Click **OK**.

Figure 3-11: Media Server PSTN Gateway Association Properties



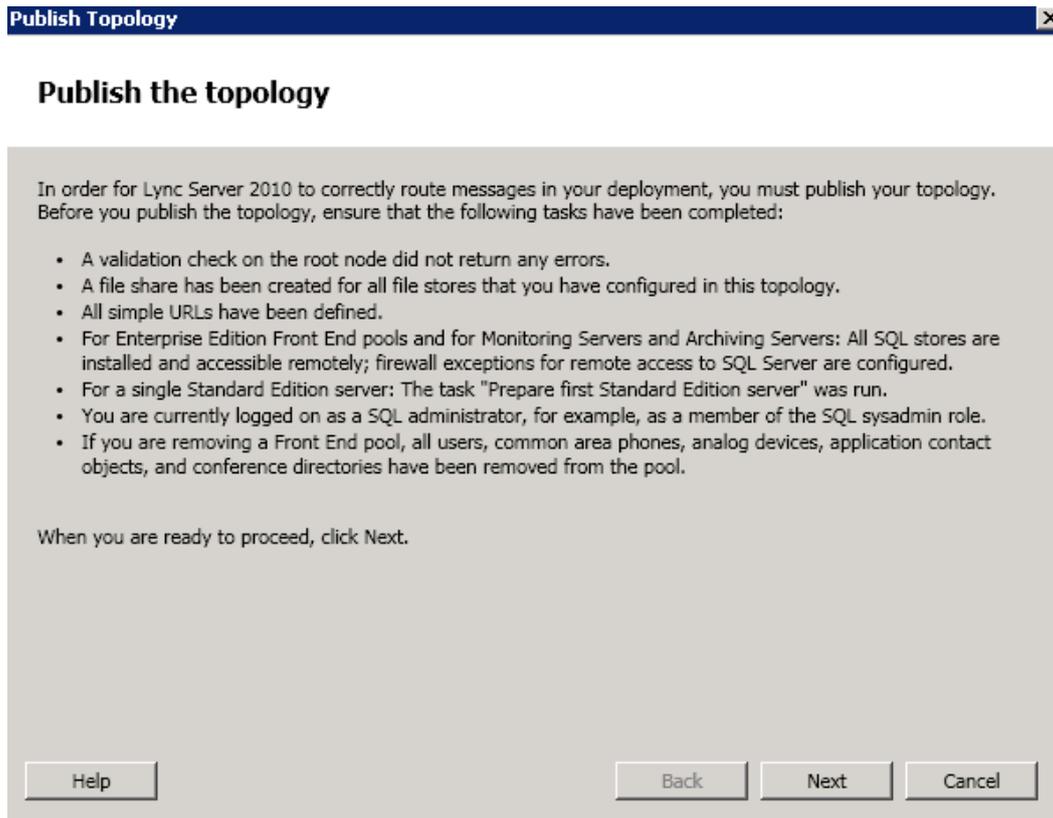
- In the Lync Server main menu, choose **Action > Publish Topology**.

Figure 3-12: Publishing Topology



The Publish Topology screen is displayed.

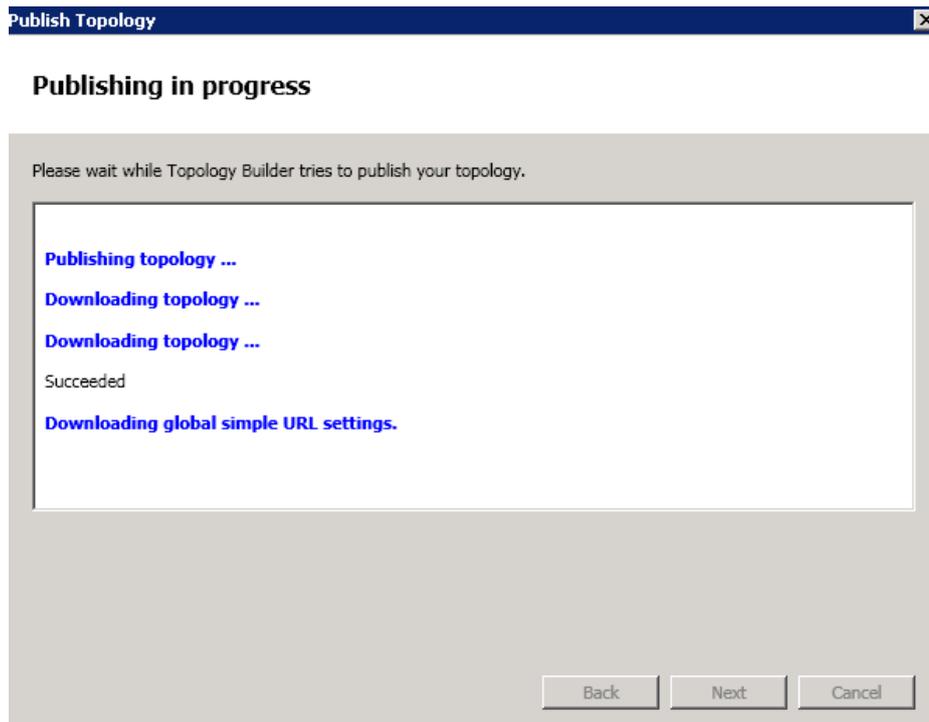
Figure 3-13: Publish Topology Confirmation



5. Click **Next.**

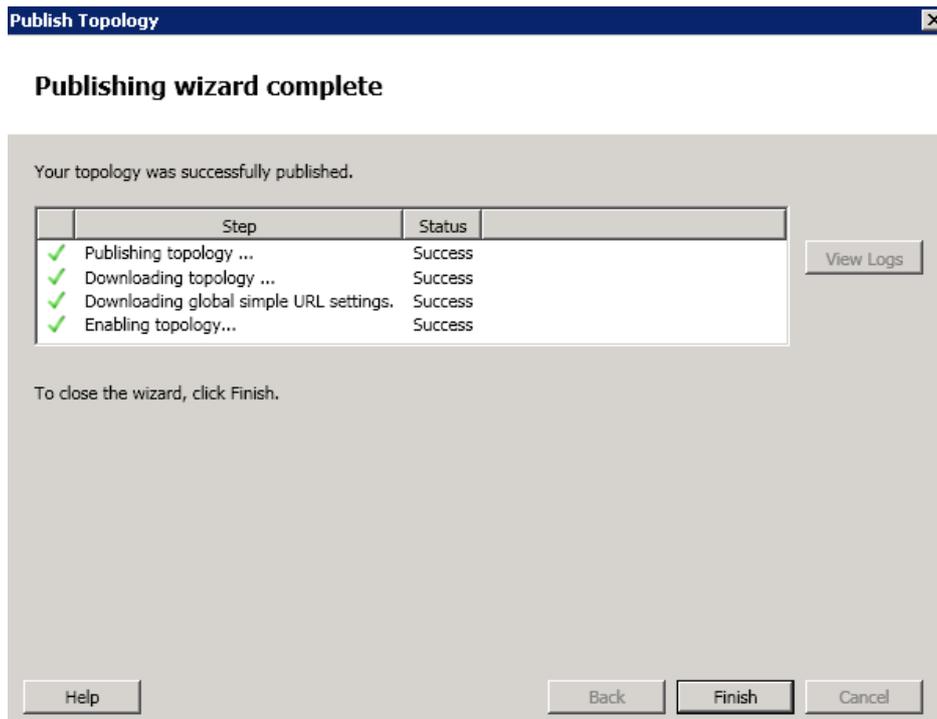
The Topology Builder attempts to publish your topology.

Figure 3-14: Publish Topology Confirmation screen



Wait until the publish topology process has ended successfully.

Figure 3-15: Publish Topology Successfully Completed



6. Click **Finish**.

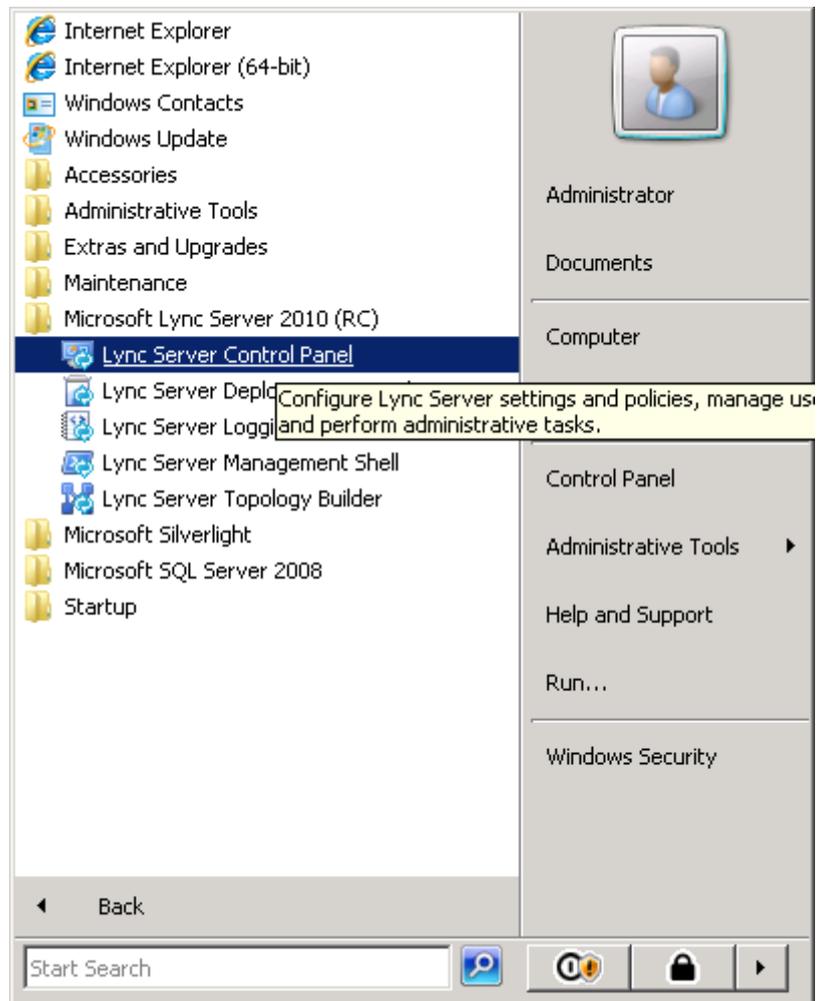
3.3 Configuring the 'Route' on the Lync Server 2010

This section describes how to configure a 'Route' on the Lync server and associate it with the Mediant 1000 MSBG PSTN gateway.

➤ To configure the 'route' on the Lync server:

1. Open the Communication Server Control Panel (CSCP), click **Start**, select **All Programs**, and select **Lync Server Control Panel**.

Figure 3-16: Lync Server Control Panel



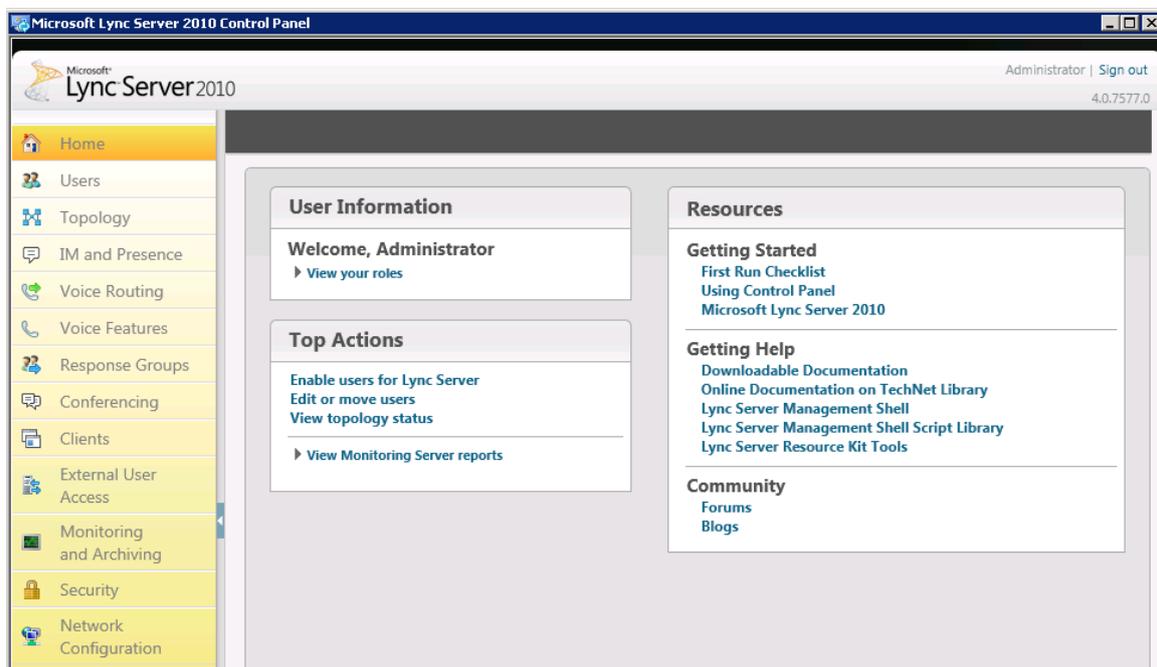
2. You are prompted for credentials; enter your domain username and password.

Figure 3-17: Lync Server Credentials



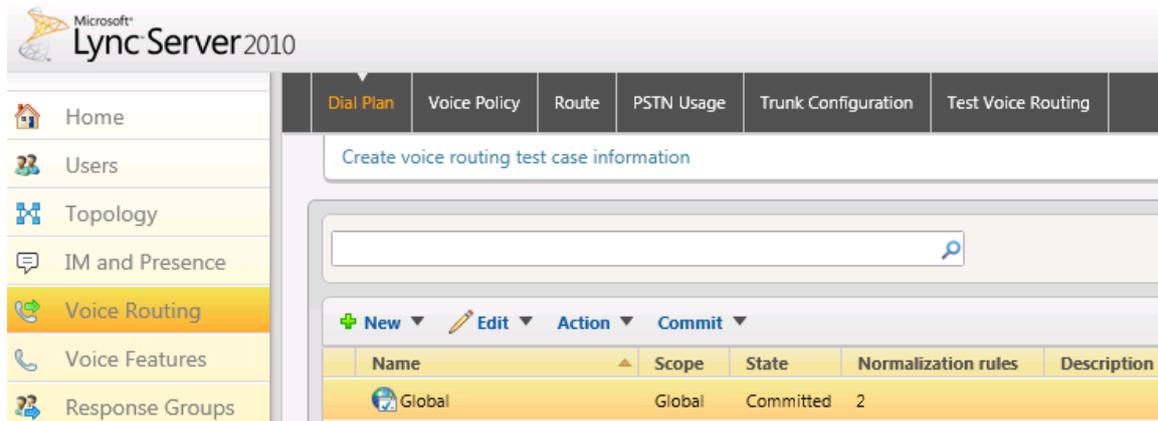
The CSCP Home page is displayed.

Figure 3-18: CSCP Home page



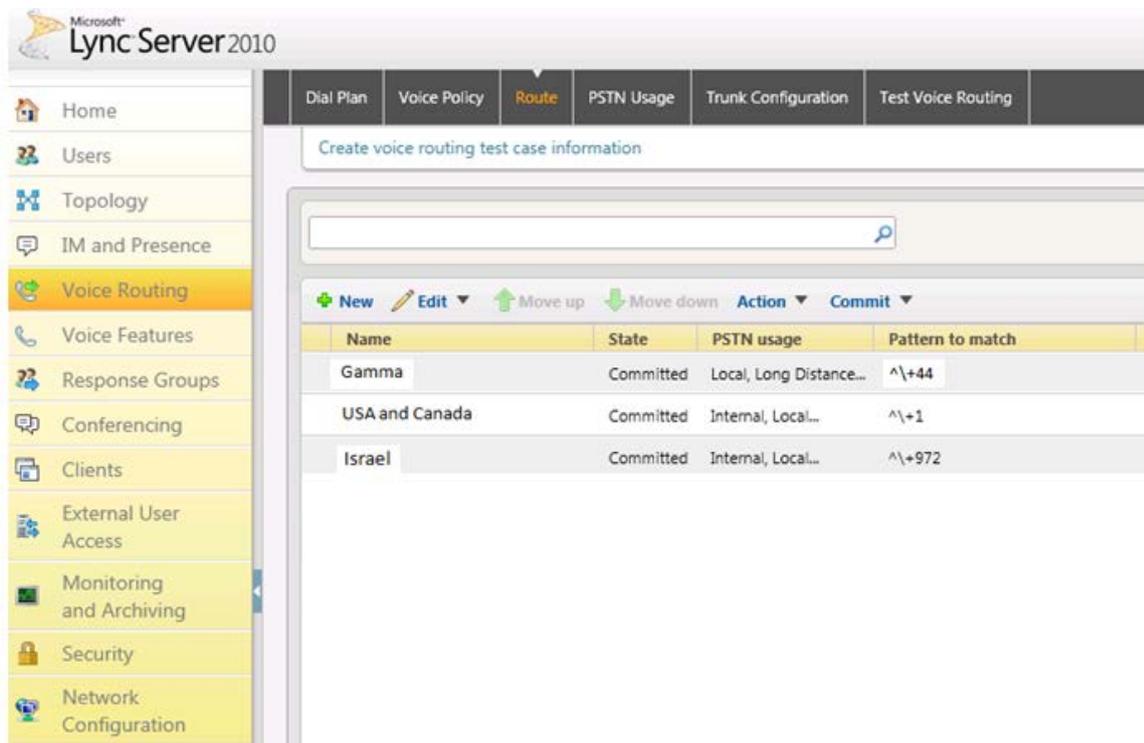
3. In the Navigation pane, select the 'Voice Routing' option.

Figure 3-19: Voice Routing Option

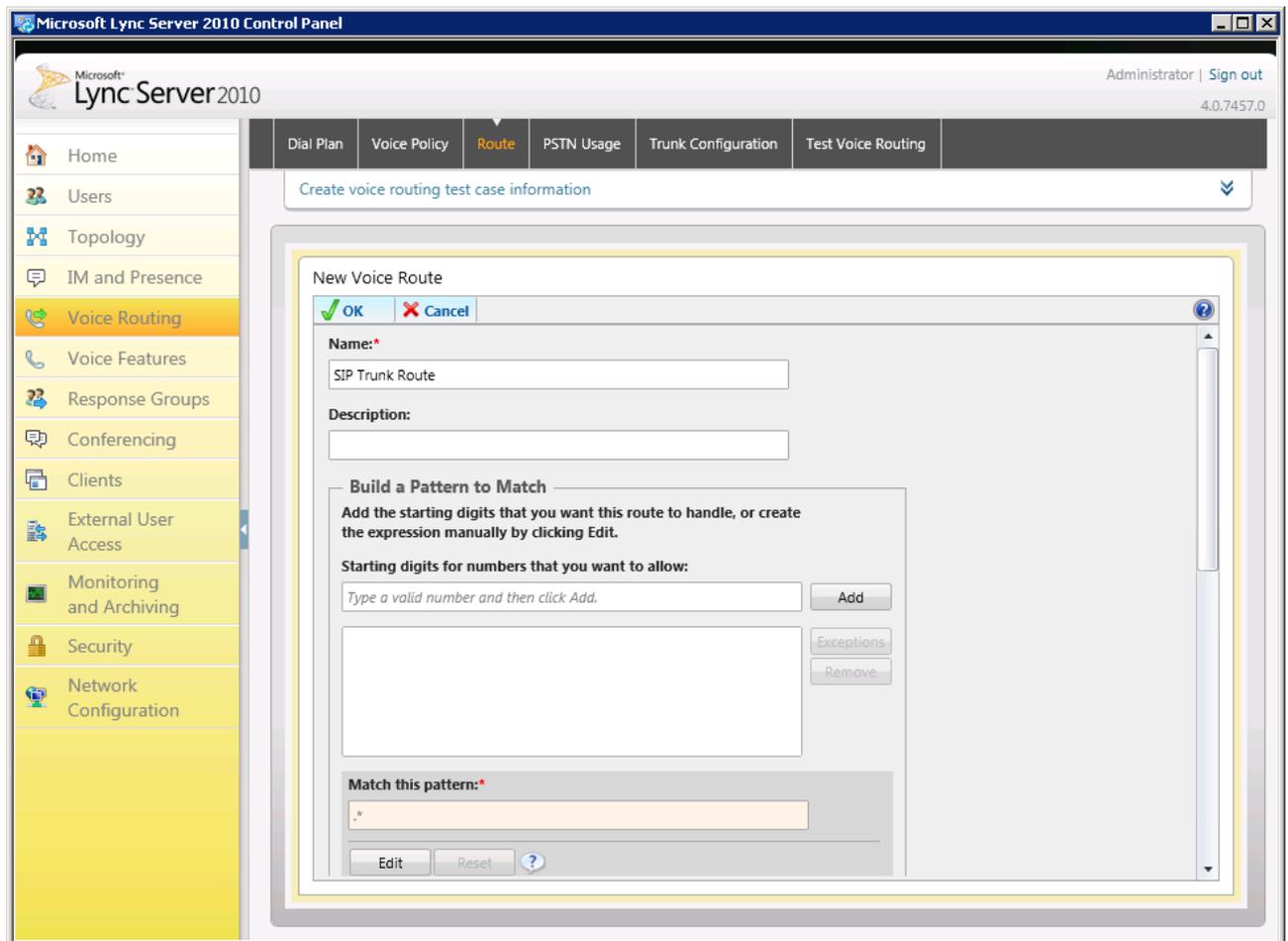


- In the Voice Routing menu at the top of the page, select the **Route** option.

Figure 3-20: Route Option

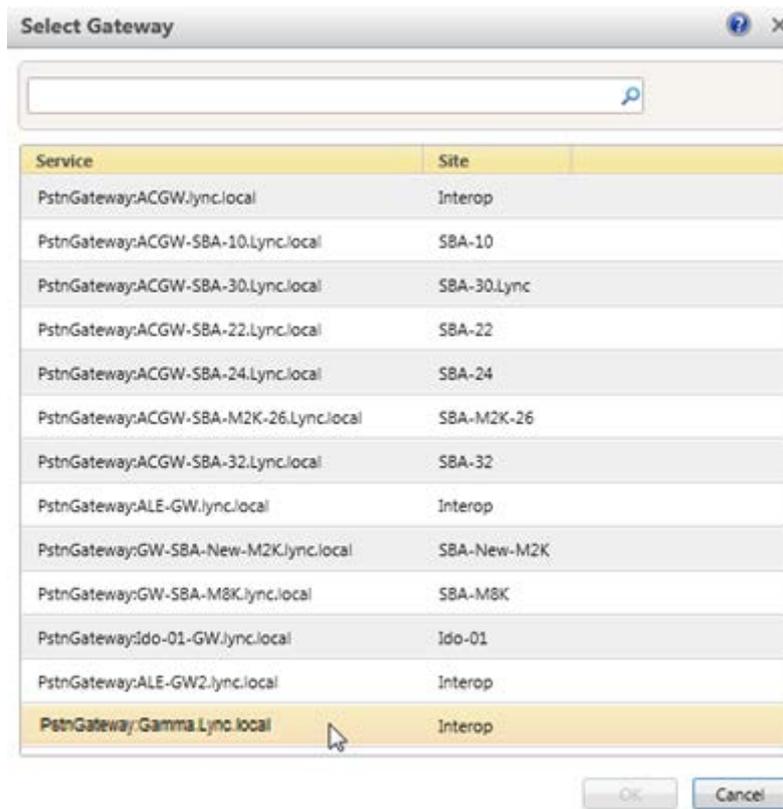


- In the content area toolbar, click .
- In the Build a Pattern to Match pane, fill in a Name for this route (i.e. SIP Trunk Route) and a Pattern to Match for the phone numbers you wish this route to handle. In this example, the pattern to match is "*", which means "to match all numbers".
- Click **Add**.

Figure 3-21: Adding New Voice Route


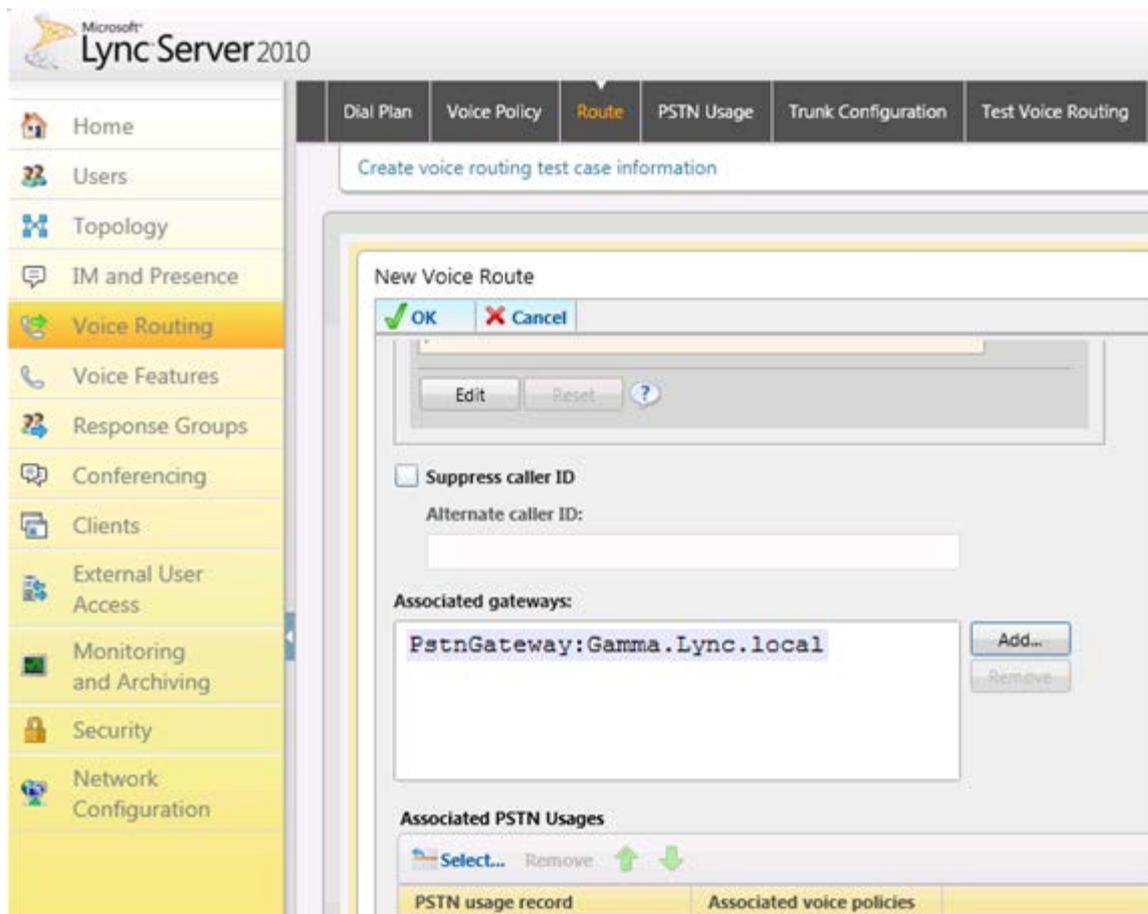
8. Associate the route with the Mediant 1000 MSBG IP/PSTN gateway you created above; scroll down to the Associated Gateways pane and click **Add**. A list of all the deployed Gateways is displayed.

Figure 3-22: List of Deployed Gateways



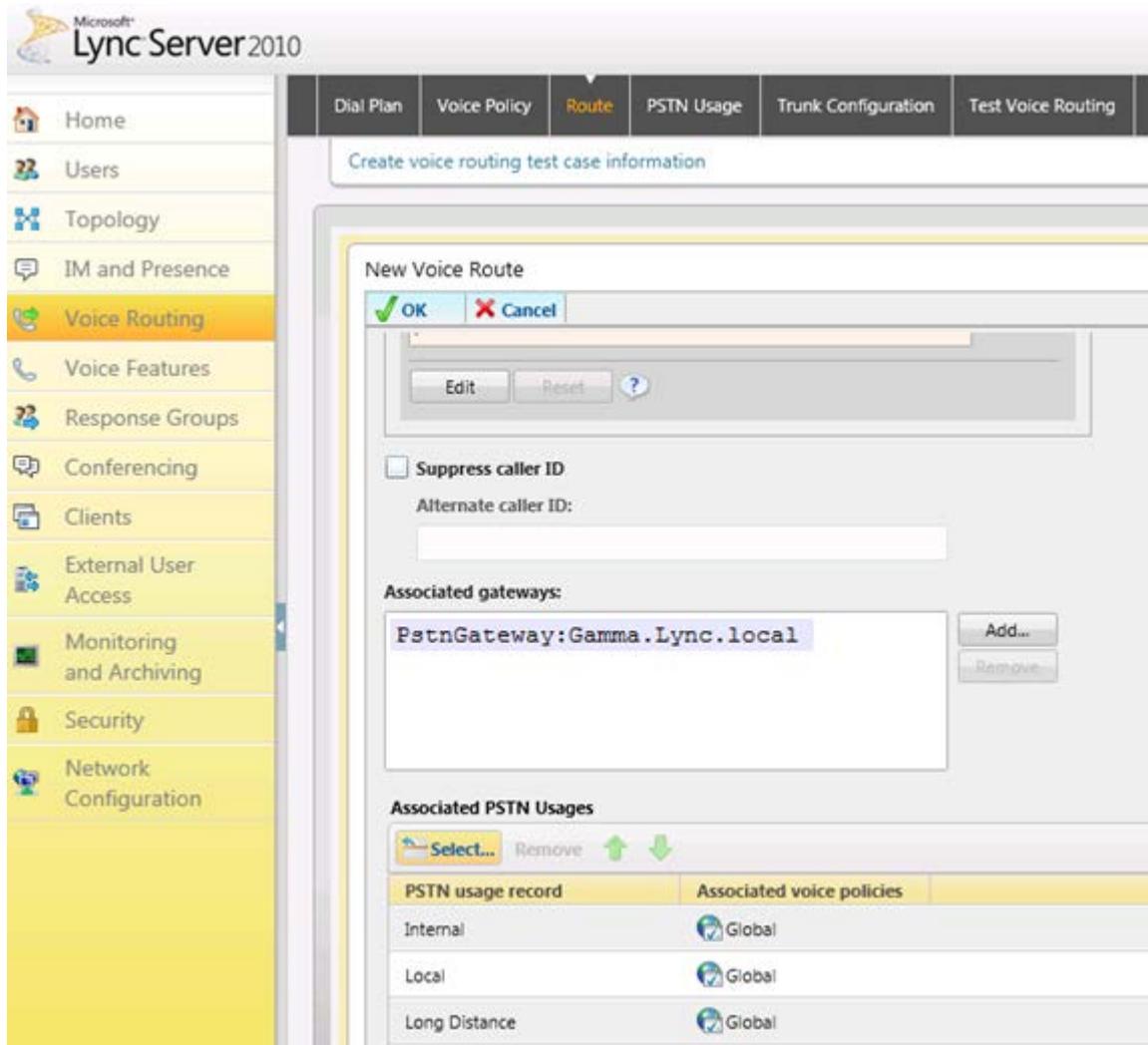
9. Select the Mediant 1000 MSBG Gateway you created above and click **OK**.

Figure 3-23: Selecting the Mediant 1000 MSBG Gateway



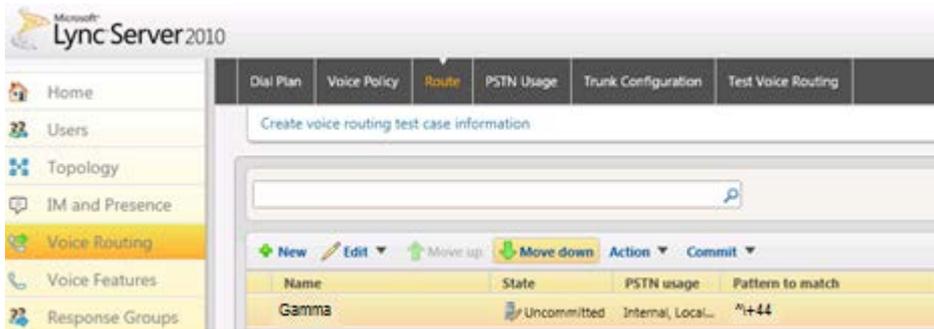
10. Associate a PSTN Usage to this route. In the **Associated PSTN Usages** toolbar, click **Select** and add the associated PSTN Usage.

Figure 3-24: Associating PSTN Usage to Mediant 1000 MSBG Gateway



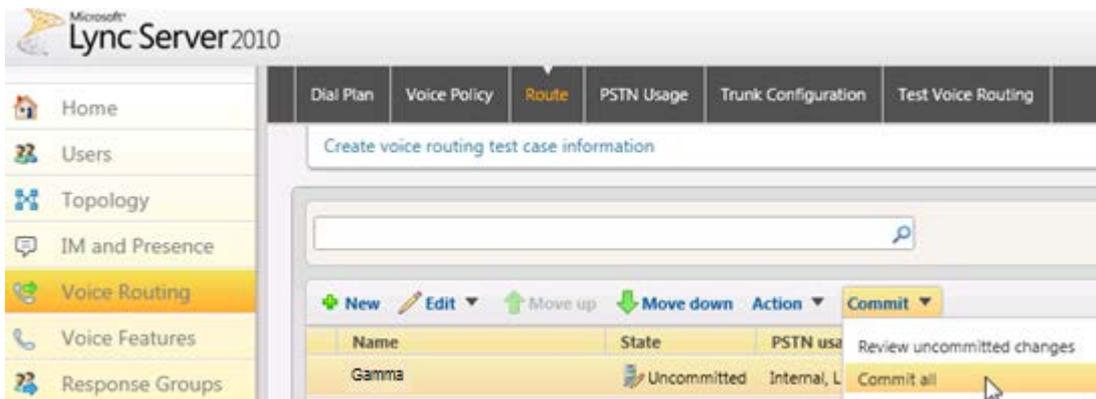
11. Click the **OK** button in the toolbar at the top of the New Voice Route pane.

Figure 3-25: Confirmation of New Voice Route

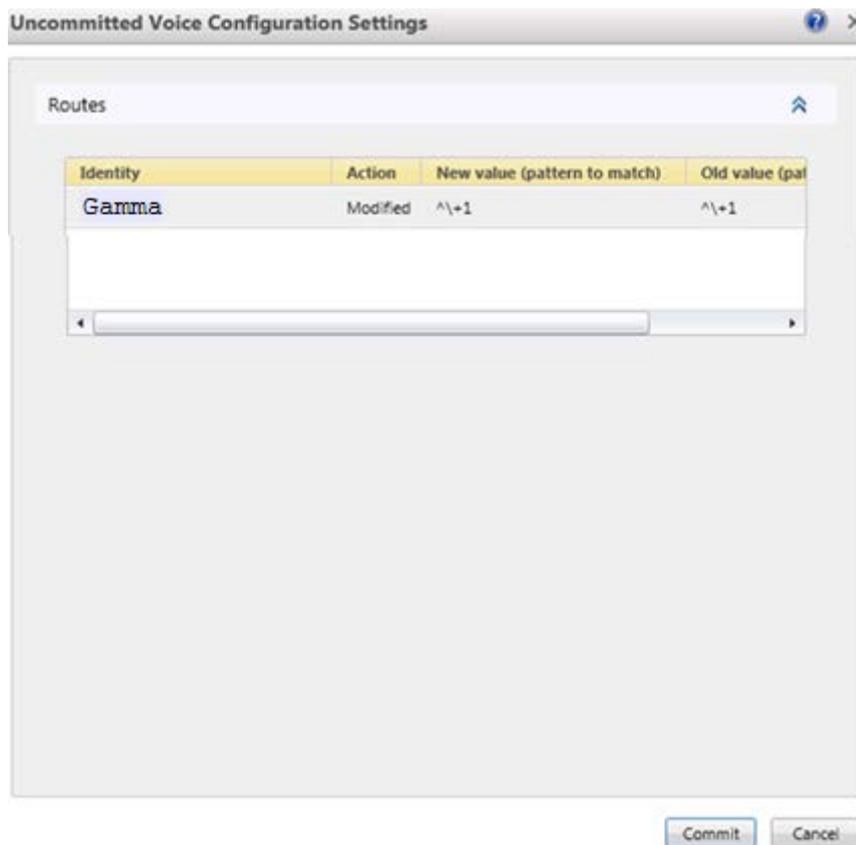


- In the Content area Toolbar, click on the arrow adjacent to the **Commit** button; a drop-down menu is displayed; select the 'Commit All' option.

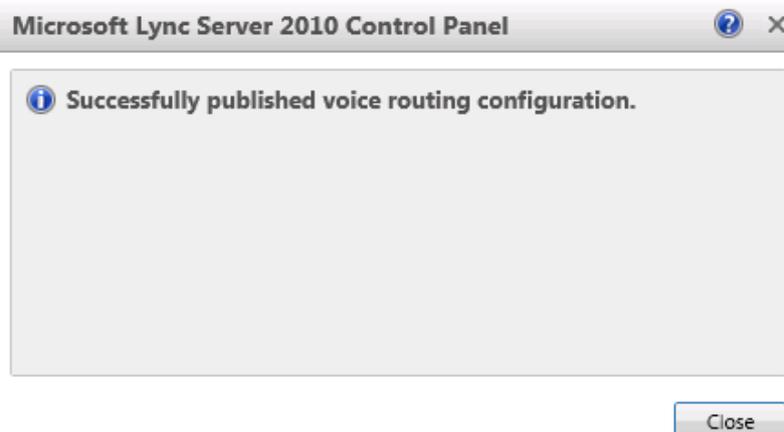
Figure 3-26: Committing Voice Routes



- In the Uncommitted Voice Configuration Settings window, click **Commit**.

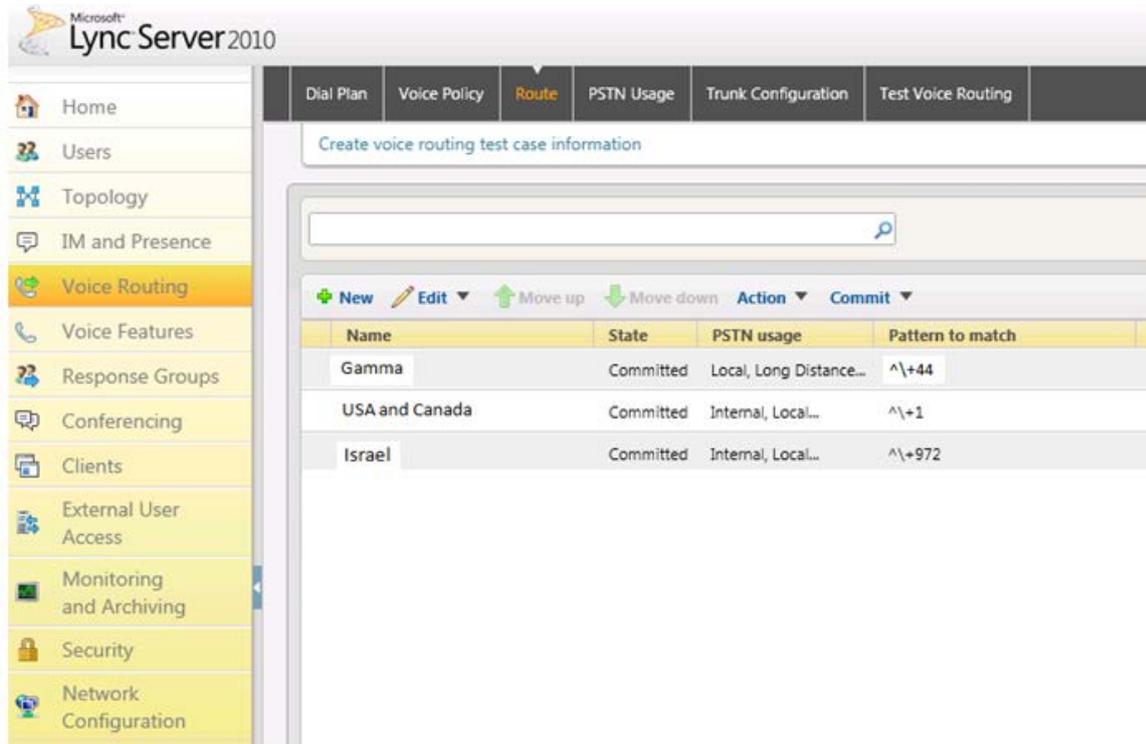
Figure 3-27: Uncommitted Voice Configuration Settings

14. A message is displayed, confirming a successful voice routing configuration; in the **Microsoft Lync Server 2010 Control Panel** prompt, click **Close**.

Figure 3-28: Voice Routing Configuration Confirmation

The new committed Route is now displayed in the Voice Routing screen.

Figure 3-29: Voice Routing Screen Displaying Committed Routes



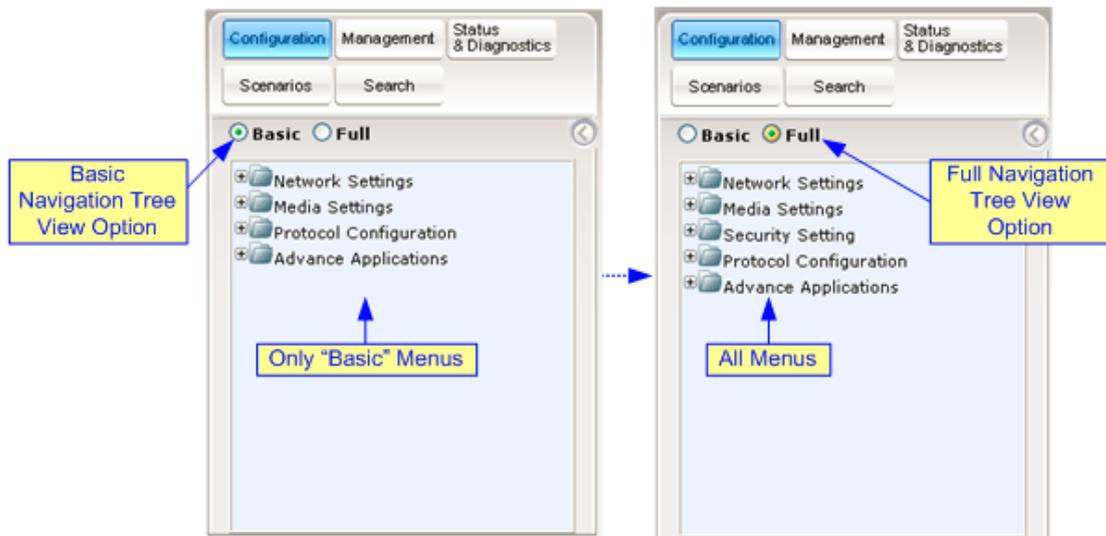
4 Configuring the Mediant 1000 MSBG Device

This section describes the following steps for configuring the Mediant 1000 MSBG device in the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunking environment:

- **Step 1:** Configure IP Addresses. See Section 4.1 on page 37.
- **Step 2:** Configure the TLS Connection. See Section 4.2 on page 40.
- **Step 2-1:** Configure VoIP DNS Settings. See Section 4.2.1 on page 40.
- **Step 2-2:** Configure NTP Server. See Section 4.2.2 on page 40.
- **Step 2-3:** Configure Certificates. See Section 4.2.3 on page 41.
- **Step 3:** Configure Data Firewall Settings. See Section 4.3 on page 47.
- **Step 4:** Configure Enable SIP SBC Applications. See Section 4.4 on page 48.
- **Step 5:** Configure SIP General Parameters. See Section 4.5 on page 49.
- **Step 6:** DTMF and Dialing. See Section 4.6 on page 51.
- **Step 7:** Configure Coders. See Section 4.7 on page 52.
- **Step 8:** Configure IP Group Tables. See Section 4.8 on page 53.
- **Step 9:** Configure Proxy Sets Tables. See Section 4.9 on page 55.
- **Step 10:** Configure Proxy and Registration. See Section 4.10 on page 57.
- **Step 11:** Configure IP Media. See Section 4.11 on page 58.
- **Step 12:** Configure Routing. See Section 4.12 on page 59.
- **Step 13:** Configure Manipulation. See Section 4.13 on page 61.
- **Step 14:** Configure Secure Calls. See Section 4.14 on page 63.
- **Step 15:** Configure Alternative Routing Reasons. See Section 4.15 on page 64.
- **Step 16:** Configure Coder Group. See Section 4.16 on page 65.
- **Step 17:** Configure IP Profile. See Section 4.17 on page 67.
- **Step 18:** Reset the Gateway. See Section on page 65.

The procedures described in this section are performed using the Mediant 1000 MSBG devices' Web-based management tool (i.e., embedded Web server). Before you begin configuring the Mediant 1000 MSBG device, ensure that the Web interface's Navigation tree is in full menu display mode (i.e., the **Full** option on the Navigation bar is selected), as displayed below:

Figure 4-1: Web Interface Showing Basic/Full Navigation Tree Display



4.1 Step 1: Configure IP Addresses

This step describes how to configure LAN IP addresses when the internal data-routing capabilities of the Mediant 1000 MSBG device are used in order to connect to the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk. In this case, you must configure a separate WAN interface as described in this section.



Notes:

- The VoIP and Management interface must be in the same subnet as the data-routing interface as shown in the figure below.
- When operating with both VoIP and data-routing functionalities, it is recommended to define the Default Gateway IP address for the VoIP network interface in the same subnet and with the same VLAN ID as the IP address for the data-routing LAN interface as shown below.

4.1.1 Configuring LAN IP Addresses

This step describes how to configure the LAN addresses.

➤ To configure the VoIP IP settings:

1. Open the 'IP Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Network** > **IP Settings**).

Figure 4-2: IP Settings

Index	Application Type	IP Address	Prefix Length	Gateway	VLAN ID	Interface Name
2	OAMP + Media + Control	10.15.7.131	16	10.15.7.130	1	Voice

3	WAN Interface Name	WAN Ethernet
---	--------------------	--------------

2. Set the following parameters:
 - **IP-Address:** <Gateway IP-Address> (e.g., 10.15.7.131).
 - **Prefix Length:** The Subnet Mask in bits (e.g., 16 for 255.255.0.0).
 - **Gateway:** <Gateway Default Gateway> (e.g., 10.15.7.130).
3. Set the **WAN Interface Name:** "WAN Ethernet". This is the WAN interface on which your VoIP traffic interfaces with the public network.

- To define the Mediant 1000 MSBG device's LAN data-routing IP address:
1. Access the Mediant 1000 MSBG device's Web interface with the IP address that you assigned to the VoIP and Management interface.
 2. Access the 'Connections' page (**Configuration** tab > **Data** menu > **Data System** > **Connections**).

Figure 4-3: Connections Page

Name	Status	Action
LAN switch	1 Ports Connected	
WAN Ethernet	Cable Disconnected	
LAN switch VLAN 1	Connected	

New Connection

3. Click the **Edit** icon corresponding to the "LAN Switch VLAN 1" connection, and then click the **Settings** tab.
4. In the 'IP Address' and 'Subnet Mask' fields, enter the required IP address (e.g., 10.15.7.130) and subnet respectively, and then click **OK**.

Figure 4-4: Defining LAN Data-Routing IP Address

Device Name:	eth0.1
Status:	Connected
Schedule:	Always
Network:	LAN
Connection Type:	Ethernet
Physical Address:	00:90:8f:22:2e:31
Underlying Connection:	LAN switch
Internet Protocol:	Use the Following IP Address
IP Address:	10 . 15 . 7 . 130
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 0 . 0
DNS Server:	Use the Following DNS Server Addresses
Primary DNS Server:	0 . 0 . 0 . 0
Secondary DNS Server:	0 . 0 . 0 . 0

4.1.2 Configure WAN IP Addresses

This step describes how to configure the Mediant 1000 MSBG device firewall IP address used to connect to the WAN.

➤ **To configure the WAN IP address:**

1. Cable the Mediant 1000 MSBG device to the WAN network (i.e., ADSL or Cable modem), using the WAN port.
2. Open the 'Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **Data** menu > **WAN Access** > **Settings**).

Figure 4-5: WAN Settings

WAN Ethernet	
Connection Type:	Manual IP Address Ethernet Connection
Name:	WAN Ethernet
Status:	Connected
MAC Address:	00:90:8f:36:c4:f8
IP Address:	195 . 189 . 192 . 154
Subnet Mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 128
Default Gateway:	195 . 189 . 192 . 129
Primary DNS Server:	80 . 179 . 52 . 100
Secondary DNS Server:	80 . 179 . 55 . 100
Click here for Advanced Settings	

3. Set the following parameters:
 - **IP Address:** <WAN IP-Address> (e.g., 195.189.192.154).
 - **Subnet Mask:** <Subnet Mask> (e.g., 255.255.255.128).
 - **Default Gateway:** <WAN Default GW IP-Address> (e.g., 195.189.192.129).
 - **Primary DNS Server:** <First DATA DNS IP-Address> (e.g., 80.179.52.100).
 - **Secondary DNS Server:** <Second Data DNS IP-Address> (e.g., 80.179.55.100).

4.2 Step 2: Configure SIP TLS Connection

This step describes how to configure AudioCodes gateways for implementing a TLS connection with the Microsoft Lync Mediation server. The procedures described in this section are essential elements in the configuration of a secure SIP TLS connection.

4.2.1 Step 2-1: Configure VoIP DNS Settings

This step describes how to define the VoIP LAN DNS server, which is a necessary action whenever an FQDN is configured (such is the case for the configuration in this scenario, see Section 4.10 on page 9).

➤ **To configure the VoIP DNS settings:**

1. Open the 'DNS Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **DNS** > **DNS Settings**).

Figure 4-6: VoIP DNS Settings



VoIP DNS Settings	
DNS Primary Server IP	10.15.9.10
DNS Secondary Server IP	

2. Set the following parameters:
 - **DNS Primary Server IP:** <Primary DNS IP-Address> (e.g., 10.15.9.10).
 - **DNS Secondary Server IP:** <Secondary DNS IP-Address>.

4.2.2 Step 2-2: Configure NTP Server

This step describes how to configure the NTP Server IP address. It is recommended to implement an NTP server (third-party) so that the Mediant 1000 MSBG device receives the accurate current date and time. This is necessary for validating remote parties' certificates.

➤ **To configure NTP Settings:**

1. Open the 'Application Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **System** menu > **Application Settings**).

Figure 4-7: NTP Settings



NTP Settings		
NTP Server IP Address	10.15.9.10	
NTP UTC Offset	Hours: 2	Minutes: 0
NTP Updated Interval	Hours: 24	Minutes: 0

2. Set the **NTP Server IP Address** to <NTP Server IP-Address> (e.g., 10.15.9.10).

4.2.3 Step 2-3: Configure a Certificate

This step describes how to exchange a certificate with the Microsoft Certificate Authority. The certificate is used by the Mediant 1000 MSBG device to authenticate the connection with the management PC (the PC used to manage the Mediant 1000 MSBG using the embedded Web server).

➤ **To configure a certificate:**

1. Open the 'Certificates' page (**Configuration** tab > **System** menu > **Certificates**).

Figure 4-8: Certificates Page

Certificate Signing Request

Subject Name ← 2

← 2

Copy the certificate signing request and send it to your Certification Authority for signing.

```

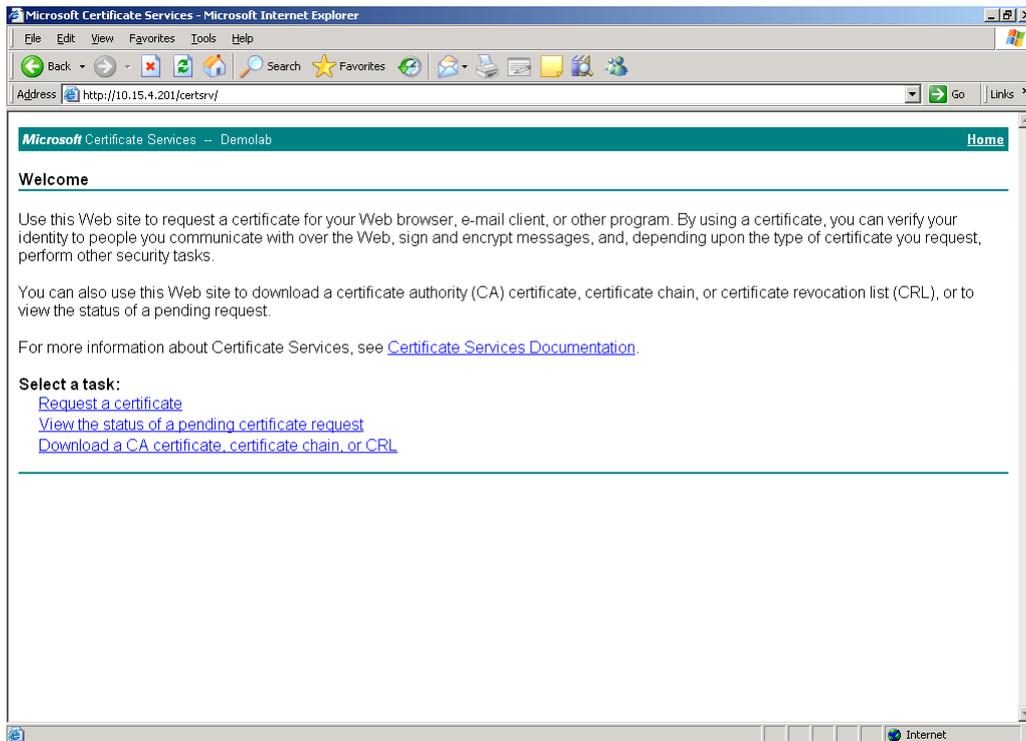
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBWjCBxAIBADAbMRkwFwYDVQQDExBHYW1tYS5MeW5jLmxvY2FsmIGfMA0GCSqG
SIb3DQEBAQUAA4GNADCBiQKBgQDI57Bh/Wp8Z0/wPswy8AYEcufi91V5Su4iXehe
1qYuMtDdHEPHNztWlqng2tBEy7gc/v3Q5er9KWIr7BBCFv+gp2SugQER2FTVpDZp
5iuP3G21Vi3J3gxd7octweBLb6Ug9XQ80zjL4uDNCHKfPRyuqMS51nLY2i2uylic
T7i9PwIDAQABoAAwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEEBQADgYEACFCfgpe/5PM1s3w6sz/die5d
AkhZoF7Z/tHejKi6nX69ZwXtI5SBko4OkV0wvvsq5rVMwHW/8+Rw+QqHJD8M+OF3/
8mdoAZWedLYAQuwam6WanePeIN/Q9pNzNDdH1a+0BVExds6SmTMzd+JqU9Fp54/s
AsP8gOwJlQgWJTgWdng=
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----

```

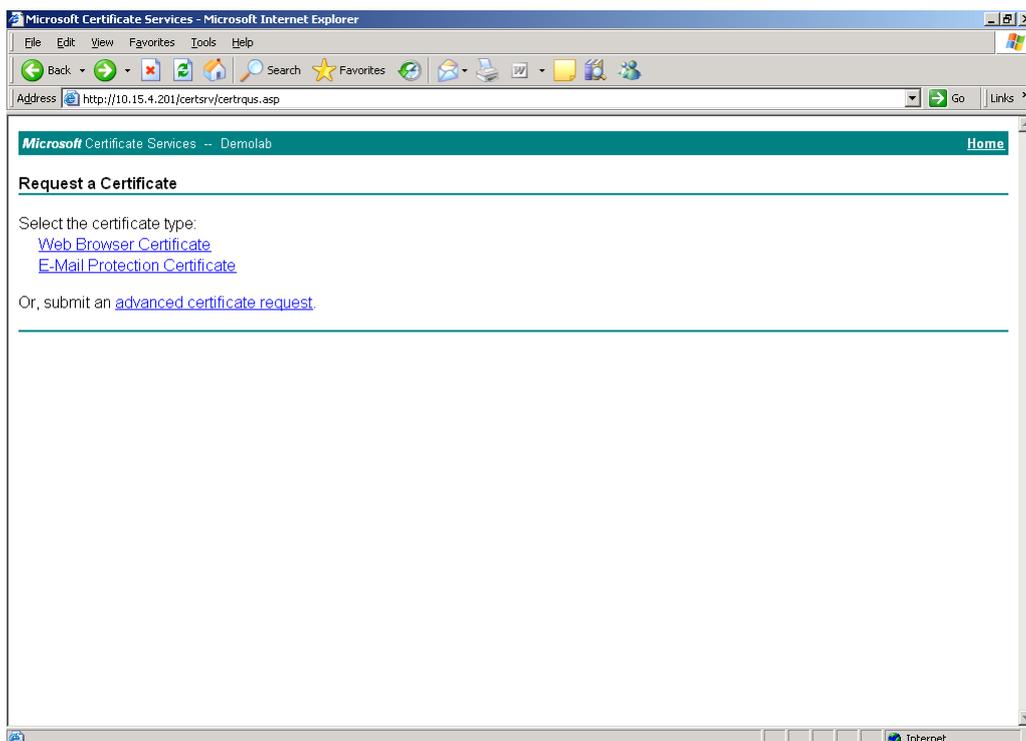
Press the button "Generate self-signed" to create a self-signed certificate using the subject name provided above.
Important: this is a lengthy operation, during this time the device will be out of service.
 After the operation is complete, save configuration and reset the device.

2. In the 'Subject Name' field, enter the Media Gateway name i.e **Gamma.Lync.local** and then click **Generate CSR**; a Certificate request is generated.
3. Copy the CSR (from the line "-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE" to "END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----") to a text file (such as Notepad), and then save it to a folder on your PC as *certreq.txt*.

4. Navigate to the certificate 'Server http://<Certificate Server>/CertSrv'.

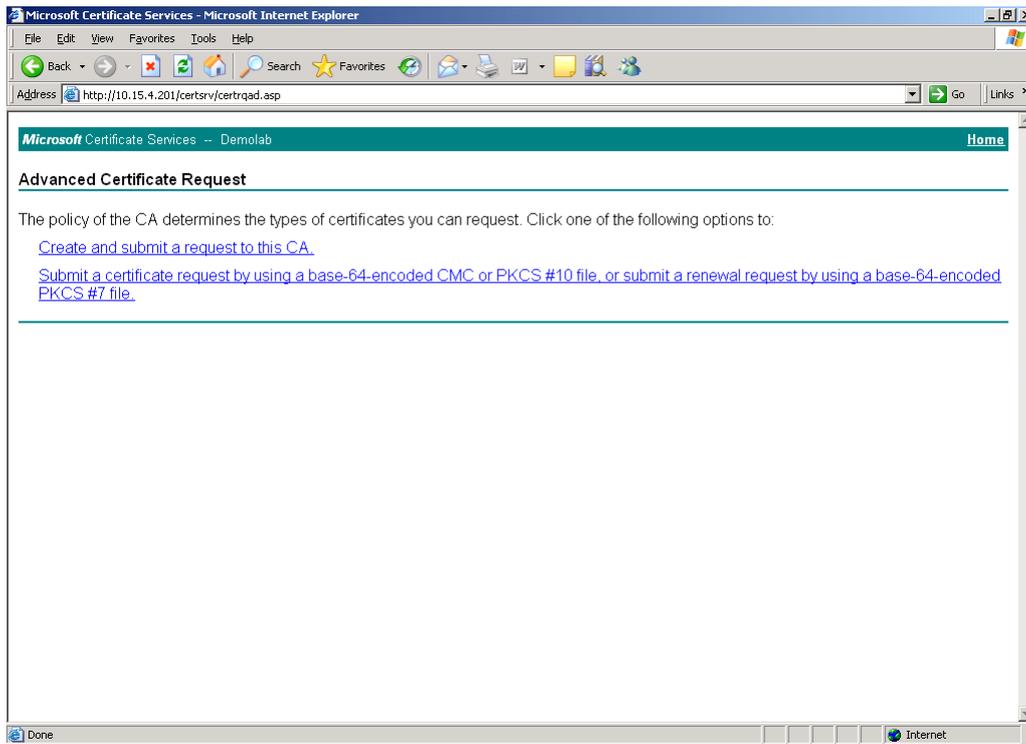
Figure 4-9: Microsoft Certificate Services Web Page


5. Click the link **Request a Certificate**.

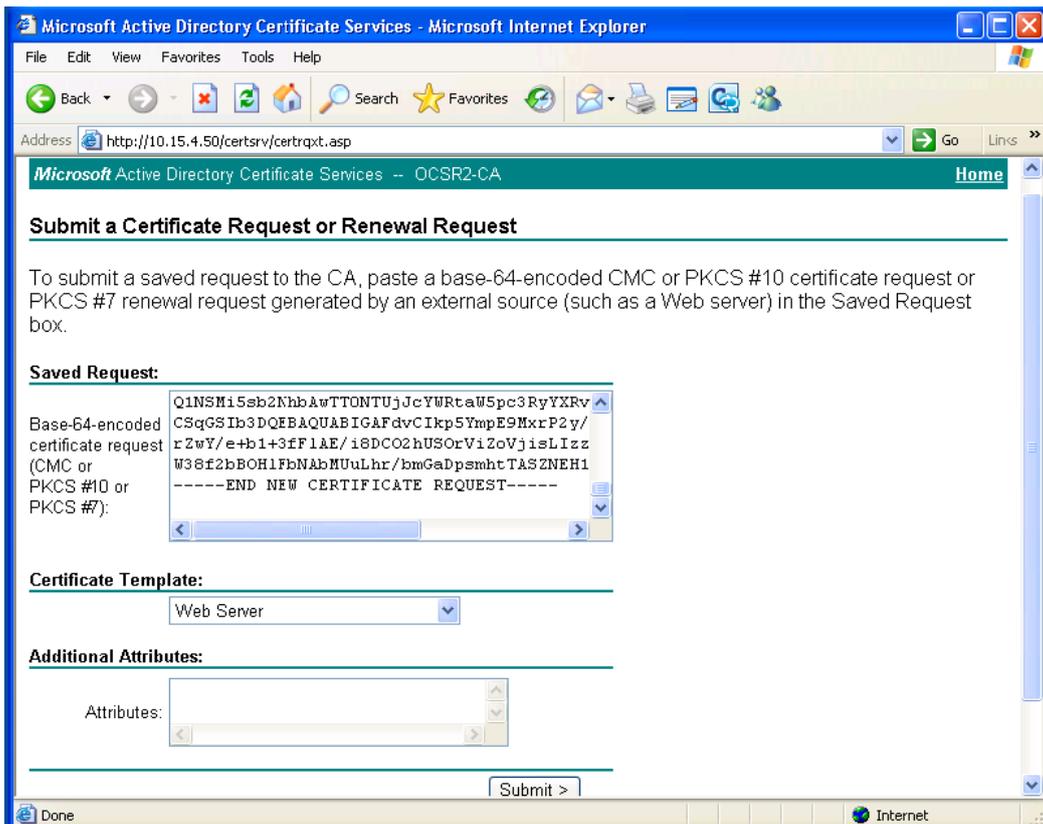
Figure 4-10: Request a Certificate Page


6. Click the link **Advanced Certificate Request**, and then click **Next**.

Figure 4-11: Advanced Certificate Request Page



7. Click the link **Submit a Certificate request by using base64 encoded....**, and then click **Next**.

Figure 4-12: Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request Page


The screenshot shows a web browser window titled "Microsoft Active Directory Certificate Services - Microsoft Internet Explorer". The address bar shows the URL "http://10.15.4.50/certsrv/certrqxt.asp". The page title is "Microsoft Active Directory Certificate Services -- OCSR2-CA".

The main heading is "Submit a Certificate Request or Renewal Request". Below this, there is a paragraph of text: "To submit a saved request to the CA, paste a base-64-encoded CMC or PKCS #10 certificate request or PKCS #7 renewal request generated by an external source (such as a Web server) in the Saved Request box."

The "Saved Request:" section contains a text area with the following content:

```

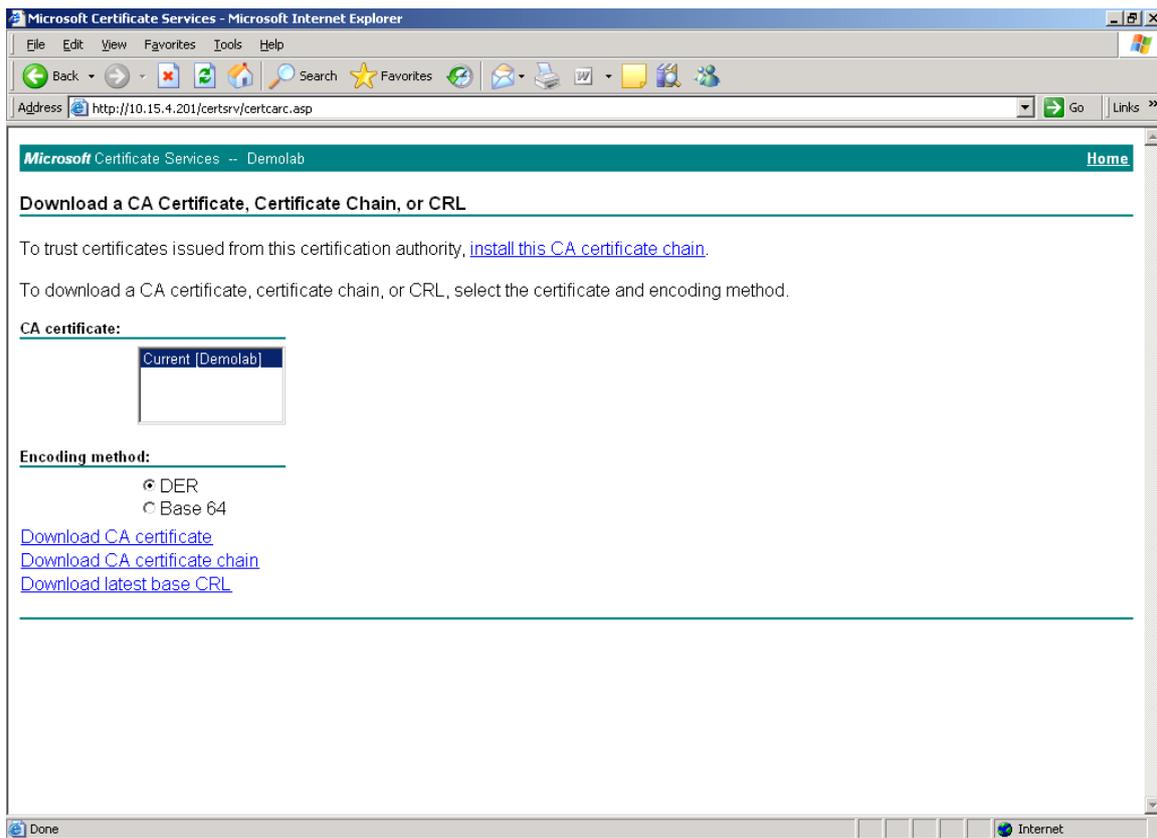
Q1NSM15sb2NhbAwTTONTUjJcYWRtaW5pc3RyYXRv
CSqGSIb3DQEBAQUABIGAFdvCIkp5YmpE9MxrP2y/
rZwY/e+h1+3fF1&E/i8DC02hUSOrViZoVjisLIzz
W38f2bBOH1fbNAbMUuLhr/bmGaDpsmhtTASZNEH1
-----END NEW CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
    
```

Below the text area, there is a "Certificate Template:" section with a drop-down menu set to "Web Server".

The "Additional Attributes:" section has a text area labeled "Attributes:" which is currently empty.

At the bottom of the form, there is a "Submit >" button.

8. Open the *certreq.txt* file that you created and saved (see Step 3), and then copy its contents to the 'Base64 Encoded Certificate Request' text box.
9. Select "Web Server" from the **Certificate Template** drop-down box.
10. Click **Submit**.
11. Choose the 'Base 64' encoding option, and then click the link **Download CA certificate**.
12. Save the file as '*gateway.cer*' in a folder on your PC.
13. Navigate to the certificate Server `http://<Certificate Server>/CertSrv`.
14. Click the link **Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain or CRL**.

Figure 4-13: Download a CA Certificate, Certificate Chain, or CRL Page

15. Under the Encoding method group, perform the following:
 - a. Select the 'Base 64' encoding method option.
 - b. Click the link Download CA certificate.
16. Save the file as '*certroot.cer*' in a folder on your PC.
17. Navigate back to the 'Certificates' page.
18. In the 'Certificates' page, in the 'Server Certificate' field, click **Browse** and select the '*Gateway.cer*' certificate file that you saved on your local disk (see Step 12), and then click **Send File** to upload the certificate.

19. In the 'Certificates' page, in the 'Trusted Root Certificate Store' field, click **Browse** and select the '*Certroot.cer*' certificate file that you saved on your local disk (see Step 16), and then click **Send File** to upload the certificate.

Figure 4-14: Certificates Page



20. Save (burn) the Media Gateway configuration and reset the Media Gateway, using the Web interface's 'Maintenance Actions' page (On the Navigation bar, click the **Management** tab, and then in the Navigation tree, select the **Management Configuration** menu, and then choose the **Maintenance Actions**).

4.3 Step 3: Configure Data Firewall Rules

This step describes how to configure the data firewall settings for the Mediant 1000 MSBG device's WAN interface. You must define firewall rules for the WAN interface to prevent unwanted access from the public network. The configuration shown below represents a typical WAN firewall implementation.

➤ **To configure data firewall settings:**

1. Open the 'General Security' page (**Configuration** tab > **Data** menu > **Firewall and ACL** > **General Security**).

Figure 4-15: General Security

Maximum Security
Inbound Policy: **Reject**.
Remote Administration settings will override the security inbound policy.
Outbound Policy: **Reject**.
Outbound access is allowed to the following services: DHCP, DNS, IMAP, SMTP, POP3, HTTPS, HTTP, FTP, Telnet.

Typical Security
Inbound Policy: **Reject**.
Remote Administration settings will override the security inbound policy.
Outbound Policy: **Accept**.

Minimum Security
Inbound Policy: **Accept**.
Outbound Policy: **Accept**.

Block IP Fragments

OK Apply Cancel

2. Select 'Typical Security'.

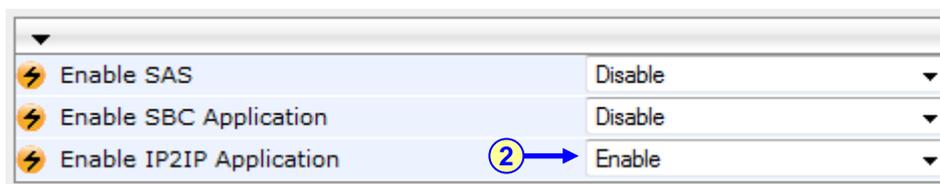
4.4 Step 4: Enable the SIP SBC Application

This step describes how to enable the SIP SBC application mode.

➤ **To enable the IP2IP application mode:**

1. Open the 'Applications Enabling' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Applications Enabling** > **Applications Enabling**).

Figure 4-16: Applications Enabling



2. Enable **IP2IP Application**.



Note:

1. To enable the SBC and IP2IP capabilities on the AudioCodes gateway, your gateway must be loaded with the feature key that includes the IP2IP feature.
2. The Mediant 1000 MSBG device must be running SIP version 6.2 or later.
3. Reset with BURN to FLASH is required.

4.5 Step 5: Configure SIP General Parameters

This step describes how to enable SIP General parameters.

➤ **To configure SIP General Parameters:**

1. Open the 'Applications Enabling' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **SIP Definitions** > **General Parameters**).

Figure 4-17: General Parameters

SIP General	
NAT IP Address	0.0.0.0
PRACK Mode	Supported
Channel Select Mode	Cyclic Ascending
Enable Early Media	2 → Enable
183 Message Behavior	Progress
Session-Expires Time	0
Minimum Session-Expires	90
Session Expires Method	Re-INVITE
Asserted Identity Mode	Adding PAsserted Identity
Fax Signaling Method	3 → G.711 Transport
Detect Fax on Answer Tone	Initiate T.38 on Preamble
SIP Transport Type	4 → TLS
SIP UDP Local Port	5060
SIP TCP Local Port	5060
SIP TLS Local Port	5061
Enable SIPs	Disable
Enable TCP Connection Reuse	Enable
TCP Timeout	0
SIP Destination Port	5060
Use user=phone in SIP URL	Yes
Use user=phone in From Header	No

2. Set **Enable Early Media** to 'Enable'.
3. Set **Fax Signaling Method** to 'G.711 Transport'.
4. Set **SIP Transport Type** to 'TLS'.

Figure 4-18: General Parameters (Cont.)

Play Ringback Tone to IP	Don't Play
Play Ringback Tone to Tel	5 → Play Local Until Remote Media A
Enable Reason Header	Enable

5. Set **Play Ringback Tone to Tel** to 'Play Local Until Remote Media Arriving'.

Figure 4-19: General Parameters (Cont.)

Source Number Preference	<input type="text"/>
Forking Handling Mode	6 → Sequential handling
Enable Comfort Tone	Disable
Add Trunk Group ID as Prefix to Source	No
Fake Retry After	1
Enable Reason Header	Enable

▼ Retransmission Parameters	
SIP T1 Retransmission Timer [msec]	100
SIP T2 Retransmission Timer [msec]	300
SIP Maximum RTX	5

6. Set **Forking Handling Mode** to 'Sequential handling'.
7. Open the 'Admin' page, by appending the case-sensitive suffix 'AdminPage' to the Media Gateway's IP address in your Web browser's URL field (e.g., http://10.15.7.131/AdminPage).
8. On the left pane, click *ini* Parameters.
In the 'Parameter Name' field, enter the following parameters
 - **IGNOREALERTAFTEREARLYMEDIA**; In the 'Enter Value' field, enter '1'.
 - **ENABLEEARLY183**; In the Enter Value field, enter '1'
 - **FAKERETRYAFTER**; In the Enter Value field, enter '60'
 - **PLAYHELDTONEFORIP2IP**; In the Enter Value field, enter '1'
9. Click **Apply New Value**.

Figure 4-20: INI file Output Window

Image Load to Device

ini Parameters

Back to Main

Parameter Name: PLAYHELDTONEFORIP2IP	Enter Value: 1	Apply New Value
---	-------------------	-----------------

Output Window

```

Parameter Name: IGNOREALERTAFTEREARLYMEDIA
Parameter Current Value: 1
Parameter Description:Interwork of Alert from ISDN to SIP

Parameter Name: ENABLEEARLY183
Parameter Current Value: 1
Parameter Description:Enable Early 183

Parameter Name: FAKERETRYAFTER
Parameter Current Value: 60

Parameter Name: PLAYHELDTONEFORIP2IP
Parameter Current Value: 1
Parameter Description:Enable play tone on other IP2IP leg instead of putting it on hold
                    
```

4.6 Step 6: Configure DTMF and Dialing

This step describes how to configure the DTMF and Dialing settings.

➤ **To configure DTMF and Dialing:**

1. Open the 'DTMF and Dialing' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **GW and IP to IP** > **DTMF and Supplementary** > **DTMF and Dialing**).

Figure 4-21: DTMF and Dialing

Max Digits In Phone Num	② →	30
Inter Digit Timeout [sec]		4
Declare RFC 2833 in SDP		Yes
1st Tx DTMF Option		RFC 2833
2nd Tx DTMF Option		
RFC 2833 Payload Type	③ →	96
Hook-Flash Option		Not Supported
Digit Mapping Rules		
Dial Plan Index		-1
Dial Tone Duration [sec]		16
Hotline Dial Tone Duration [sec]		16
Enable Special Digits		Disable

2. Set **Max Digits In Phone Num** to '30'.
3. Set **RFC 2833 Payload Type** to '96'.

4.7 Step 7: Configure Coders

This step describes how to configure the SIP coders. Since the Mediation Server support only G.711A-law and G.711U-law voice coders, while the ITSP SIP trunk additionally supports the G.729 coder, you need to configure the coders as shown in the screen below.

➤ **To configure Coders:**

1. Open the 'Coders' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Coders and Profiles** > **Coders**).

Figure 4-22: Coders

Coder Name	Packetization Time	Rate	Payload Type	Silence Suppression
G.711A-law	20	64	8	Disabled
G.711U-law	20	64	0	Disabled

2. Set the coders G.711A-law and G.711U-law.

4.8 Step 8: Configure IP Groups

This step describes how to create IP groups. Each IP group represents a SIP entity in the gateway's network. You need to create IP groups for the following entities:

1. Lync Server 2010 – Mediation Server
2. Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk

These IP groups are later used by the IP2IP application for routing calls.

➤ **To configure IP Group 1:**

1. Open the 'IP Group Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Control Network**> **IP Group Table**).

Figure 4-23: IP Group 1

Index	2 → 1
Common Parameters	
Type	3 → SERVER
Description	Lync
Proxy Set ID	4 → 1
SIP Group Name	
Contact User	
SRD	0
Media Realm	
IP Profile ID	0
Gateway Parameters	
Always Use Route Table	No
Routing Mode	Not Configured
SIP Re-Routing Mode	Standard
Enable Survivability	Disable
Serving IP Group ID	

2. Set **Index** to '1'.
3. Set **Type** to 'SERVER'.
4. Set **Proxy Set ID** to '1'.

➤ **To configure IP Group 2:**

1. Open the 'IP Group Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Control Network**> **IP Group Table**).

Figure 4-24: IP Group 2

Index	2
Common Parameters	
Type	SERVER
Description	Gamma
Proxy Set ID	2
SIP Group Name	
Contact User	
SRD	0
Media Realm	
IP Profile ID	0
Gateway Parameters	
Always Use Route Table	No
Routing Mode	Not Configured
SIP Re-Routing Mode	Standard
Enable Survivability	Disable
Serving IP Group ID	

2. Set **Index** to '2'.
3. Set **Type** to 'Server'.
4. Set **Proxy Set ID** to '2'.

4.9 Step 9: Configure Proxy Sets

This step describes how to configure the proxy set tables. In this configuration, you configure a proxy set for the Gamma Telecom SIP trunk and another for the Microsoft Lync server.

➤ To configure Proxy Set 1 for Lync Server:

1. Open the 'Proxy Sets Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Control Network**> **Proxy Sets Table**).

Figure 4-25: Proxy Set 1

	Proxy Address	Transport Type
1	FE-Lync.Lync.local	TLS
2		
3		
4		
5		

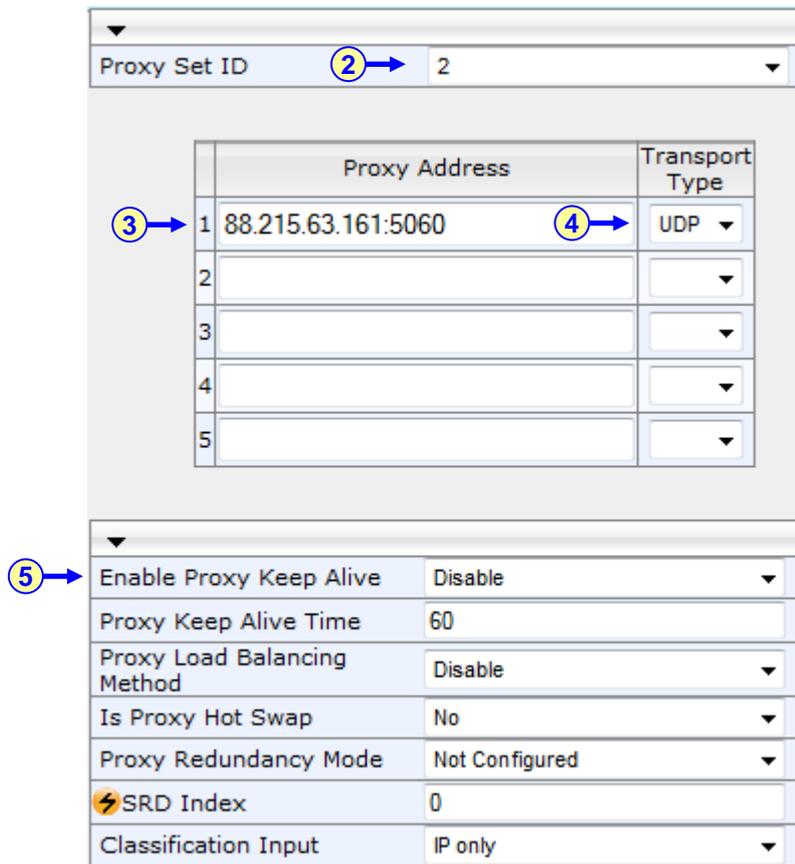
Enable Proxy Keep Alive	Using Options
Proxy Keep Alive Time	60
Proxy Load Balancing Method	Round Robin
Is Proxy Hot Swap	Yes
Proxy Redundancy Mode	Not Configured
SRD Index	0
Classification Input	IP only

2. Set **Proxy Set ID** to '1'.
3. Configure Microsoft Lync Server SIP Trunking IP-Address or FQDN and Destination Port (e.g., FE-Lync.Lync.local).
4. Set **Transport Type** to 'TLS'.
5. Set **Enable Proxy Keep Alive** to 'Using Options'.
6. Set **Proxy Load Balancing Method** to 'Round Robin'.
7. Set **Is Proxy Hot Swap** to 'Yes'.

➤ **To configure Proxy Set 2 for Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk:**

1. Open the 'Proxy Sets Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Control Network**> **Proxy Sets Table**).

Figure 4-26: Proxy Sets Table 2



Proxy Set ID: 2

	Proxy Address	Transport Type
1	88.215.63.161:5060	UDP
2		
3		
4		
5		

Enable Proxy Keep Alive	Disable
Proxy Keep Alive Time	60
Proxy Load Balancing Method	Disable
Is Proxy Hot Swap	No
Proxy Redundancy Mode	Not Configured
SRD Index	0
Classification Input	IP only

2. Set **Proxy Set ID** to '2'.
3. Configure Gamma Telecom IP-Address or FQDN and Destination Port (e.g., '88.215.63.161:5060').
4. Set **Transport Type** to 'UDP'.
5. Set **Enable Proxy Keep Alive** to 'Disable'.

4.10 Step 10: Configure Proxy and Registration

This step describes how to configure the SIP Proxy and Registration. This configuration includes setting a redundant route for the Microsoft Lync Proxy Set.

➤ **To configure proxy and registration:**

1. Open the 'Proxy and Registration' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **SIP Definitions** > **Proxy and Registration**).

Figure 4-27: Proxy and Registration

Use Default Proxy	2 → No
Proxy Name	
Redundancy Mode	3 → Homing
Proxy IP List Refresh Time	60
Enable Fallback to Routing Table	Disable
Prefer Routing Table	No
Always Use Proxy	Disable
Redundant Routing Mode	4 → Proxy
SIP ReRouting Mode	Standard Mode
Enable Registration	Disable
Registration Time	180
Re-registration Timing [%]	50
Registration Retry Time	30
Registration Time Threshold	0
Re-register On INVITE Failure	Disable
ReRegister On Connection Failure	Disable
Gateway Name	5 → Gamma.Lync.local
Gateway Registration Name	
DNS Query Type	A-Record
Proxv DNS Ouerv Tvpe	A-Record

2. Set **Use Default Proxy** to 'No'.
3. Set **Redundancy Mode** to 'Homing'.
4. Set **Redundant Routing Mode** to 'Proxy'.
This will allow entry back into the Proxy Set table for the next available route.
5. Set **Gateway Name** to Gateway FQDN Name (e.g., 'Gamma.Lync.local') (note that you configured this name in Section 4.2.3 on page 41).

4.11 Step 11: Configure IP Media

This step describes how to configure the number of media channels for the IP media. In this configuration, 120 channels are configured.

➤ **To configure IP Media Settings:**

1. Open the 'IP Media Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **IP Media** > **IP Media Settings**).

Figure 4-28: IP Media Settings

⚡ Number of Media Channels	2 → 120
⚡ Voice Streaming	Disable
NetAnn Announcement ID	annc
MSCML ID	ivr
Transcoding ID	trans
▼ Conference	
Conference ID	conf
Beep on Conference	Enable
Enable Conference DTMF Clamping	Enable
Enable Conference DTMF Reporting	Disable

2. Set **Number of Media Channels** to '120'.

4.12 Step 12: Configure Routing Rules

This step describes how to configure the IP to IP routing table.

The device IP-to-IP routing rules are configured in the 'IP to Trunk Group Routing' and 'Tel to IP Routing' tables. Those tables provides enhanced IP-to-IP call routing capabilities for routing received SIP messages such as INVITE messages to a destination IP address. The routing rule must match one of the following input characteristics: Source IP Group, Source Phone Prefix, and/or Source Host Prefix.

It is crucial that you adhere to the following guidelines when configuring your IP-to-IP routing rules:

- Ensure that your routing rules are accurate and correctly defined.
- Ensure that your routing rules from **source IP Group** to **destination IP Group** are accurately defined to be eligible for the desired call routing outcome.
- Avoid (if possible) using the asterisk (*) symbol to indicate "any" for a specific parameter in your routing rules. This constitutes a weak routing rule. For strong routing rules, enter specific letter or numeric character values.

➤ To configure inbound IP routing rules:

1. Open the 'IP to Trunk Group Routing Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **GW and IP to IP** > **Routing** > **IP to Trunk Group Routing Table**).

Figure 4-29: Inbound IP Routing Table

	Dest. Host Prefix	Source Host Prefix	Dest. Phone Prefix	Source Phone Prefix	Source IP Address	Trunk Group ID	IP Profile ID	Source IPGroup ID
1			*	10.15.9.11	10.15.9.11	-1	0	1
2			*	88.215.63.161	88.215.63.161	-1	2	-1
3								
4								
5								

2. Calls that arriving from the Microsoft Lync server will send to the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' (-1) and marks as 'Source IPGroup ID' = 1.
3. Calls the arriving from Gamma Telecom will send to the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' (-1) with 'IP Profile ID' = 2 and without a specific 'Source IPGroup ID'.

➤ **To configure outbound IP routing rules:**

1. Open the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **GW and IP to IP** > **Routing** > **Tel to IP Routing Table**).

Figure 4-30: Outbound IP Routing Table

Src. IPGroupID	Src. Host Prefix	Dest Host Prefix	Src. Trunk Group ID	Dest. Phone Prefix	Source Phone Prefix	Dest. IP Address	Port	Transport Type	Dest. IPGroup ID	Dest. SRD
1		2 →	*	*	*			Not Configured	2	-1
2		3 →	*	*	*			Not Configured	1	-1
3								Not Configured	-1	
4								Not Configured	-1	
5								Not Configured	-1	
6								Not Configured	-1	
7								Not Configured	-1	
8								Not Configured	-1	
9			*	*	*	88.215.63.161		Not Configured	-1	-1
10			*	*	*	10.15.9.11		Not Configured	-1	-1

2. Calls that coming from Source IPGroup ID' 1 (e.g., from Microsoft Lync) will sending to 'Dest. IPGroup ID' 2 (e.g., To Gamma Telecom).
3. All the other calls will send to 'Dest. IPGroup ID' 1 (e.g., To Microsoft Lync).



Note: The Routing configuration may change according to the local deployment topology.

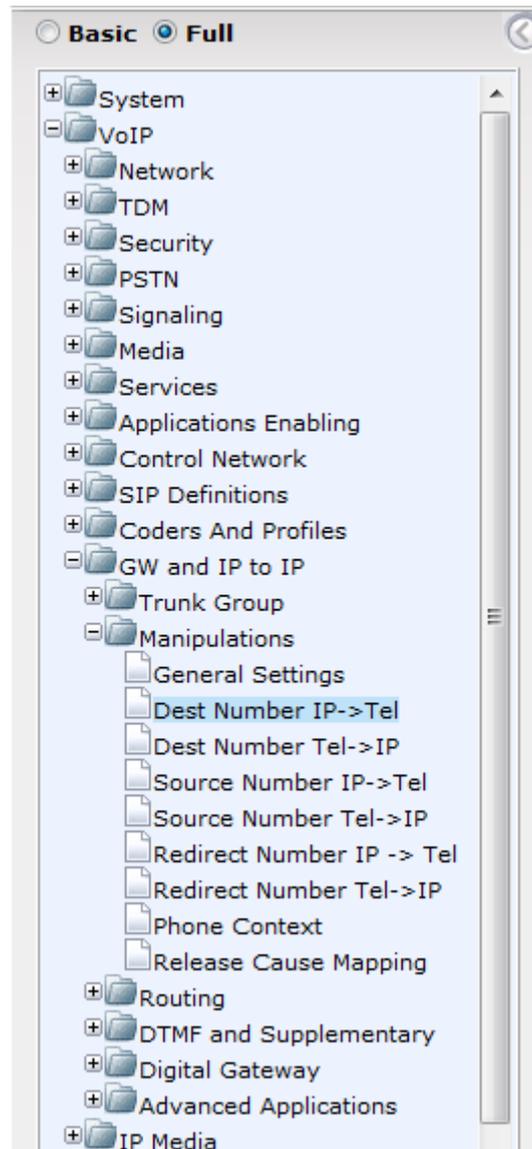
4.13 Step 13 Configure Manipulation Rules

This step describes how to configure the manipulation tables. You need to adapt the manipulation table according to you environment dial plan.

➤ **To configure manipulation rules:**

1. Open the 'Manipulation Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **GW and IP to IP** > **Manipulations**).

Figure 4-31: Manipulation Tables



2. The following includes examples for number manipulation on destination and source numbers in the Tel-to-IP tables:

➤ To configure destination phone number manipulation rules for Tel-to-IP calls:

1. Open the 'Destination Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel-to-IP calls page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations sub-menu > Dest Number Tel > IP).

Figure 4-32: Destination Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel-to-IP Calls Page

Index	Source Trunk Group	Source IP Group	Destination Prefix	Source Prefix	Stripped Digits From Left	Stripped Digits From Right	Prefix to Add	Suffix to Add	Number of Digits to Leave
1	-1	2	+	*	0	0			255
2	-1	2	1	*	0	0	+		255

- **Index #1** defines destination number manipulation of IP calls from the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk. All calls received from Source IP Group 2 (i.e., from Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk) and the destination number prefix begins with '+', do not perform any changes to the number.
- **Index #2** defines destination number manipulation of IP calls from the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk. All calls received from Source IP Group 2 (i.e., from Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk) and the destination number prefix begins with '1', add the '+' prefix to the number.

➤ To configure source phone number manipulation rules for Tel-to-IP calls:

1. Open the 'Source Phone Number Manipulation table for Tel-to-IP calls page (Configuration tab > VoIP menu > GW and IP to IP > Manipulations sub-menu > Source Number Tel > IP).

Figure 4-33: Source Phone Number Manipulation Table for Tel-to-IP Calls Page

Index	Source Trunk Group	Source IP Group	Destination Prefix	Source Prefix	Stripped Digits From Left	Stripped Digits From Right	Prefix to Add	Suffix to Add	Number of Digits to Leave	Presentation
1	-1	2	*	+	0	0			255	Not Configured
2	-1	2	*	1	0	0	+		255	Not Configured

- **Index #1** defines the source number manipulation of IP calls from the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk. All calls received from the Source IP Group 2 (i.e., from Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk) and the Source number prefix begins with '+', do not perform any changes to the number.
- **Index #2** defines the Source number manipulation of IP calls from the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk. All calls received from Source IP Group 2 (i.e., from the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk) and the Source number prefix begins with '1', add a '+' as a prefix to the number.

4.14 Step 14: Secure Calls

This step describes how to ensure that incoming calls to the LAN are sourced from valid IP addresses. This action prevents unwanted SIP calls, SIP messages, and/or VoIP spam. This feature is configured according to the device's policy on accepting or blocking SIP calls. You can configure the valid IP addresses by using one of the following methods:

- Using Proxies or Proxy Sets (see Section 4.9 on page 55).
- Using the Tel to IP routing table (see example below).

➤ To configure Secure Calls:

1. Open the 'Advanced Parameters' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **SIP Definitions** > **Advanced Parameters**).

Figure 4-34: Advanced Parameters

General	
IP Security	Secure All calls
Filter Calls to IP	Don't Filter
Enable Digit Delivery to Tel	Disable
Enable Digit Delivery to IP	Disable
PSTN Alert Timeout	180
QoS statistics in SIP Release Call	Disable

2. Set **IP Security** to 'Secure All calls'.

➤ To configure allowed IP in the Outbound IP Routing Table:

1. Open the 'Tel to IP Routing Table' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **GW and IP to IP** > **Routing** > **Tel to IP Routing Table**).

Figure 4-35: Tel to IP Routing Table

Src. IPGroupID	Src. Host Prefix	Dest Host Prefix	Src. Trunk Group ID	Dest. Phone Prefix	Source Phone Prefix	Dest. IP Address	Port	Transport Type	Dest. IPGroup ID	Dest. SRD
1			*	*	*			Not Configured	2	-1
2	-1		*	*	*			Not Configured	1	-1
3	-1							Not Configured	-1	
4	-1							Not Configured	-1	
5	-1							Not Configured	-1	
6	-1							Not Configured	-1	
7	-1							Not Configured	-1	
8	-1							Not Configured	-1	
9	-1		*	*	*	88.215.63.161		Not Configured	-1	-1
10	-1		*	*	*	10.15.9.11		Not Configured	-1	-1

2. Configure the allowed IP-Addresses (see example topology above).

4.15 Step 15: Configure Alternative Routing Reasons

This step describes how to format the Alternative Routing Reasons. A 503 SIP response from the Mediation Server to an INVITE must cause the Mediant 1000 MSBG device to perform a failover. In other words, if the Lync Mediation Server primary proxy server is not responding, an attempt is made to establish communication with the secondary proxy server. For this event to occur, you need to perform the following actions:

- Configure the Reasons for Alternative Routing for Tel-to-IP calls to '503 SIP response' (see below).
- Configure the Lync Mediation Proxy Set for redundancy purposes. See Section 4.10 on page 57.

➤ To configure Alternative Routing Reasons:

1. Open the 'Alternative Routing Reasons' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Routing** > **Alternative Routing Reasons**).

Figure 4-36: Alternative Routing Reasons Table

IP to Tel Reasons	
Reason 1	▼
Reason 2	▼
Reason 3	▼
Reason 4	▼
Reason 5	▼
Tel to IP Reasons	
Reason 1	503 ▼
Reason 2	▼
Reason 3	▼
Reason 4	▼
Reason 5	▼

2. Set **Tel to IP Reason 1** to '503'.
3. Click **Submit**.

4.16 Step 16: Configure Coder Group

This step describes how to configure the coder groups. Microsoft Lync supports only the G.711 coder, while the Gamma Telecom SIP trunk may restrict you to work with lower bandwidth coders, such as G.729. These Coder Groups are then assigned to IP Profiles, where each IP profile is based on the respective supported coder (see Section 4.17 on page 67).

➤ **To configure Coders Group for Microsoft Lync:**

1. Open the 'Coders Group Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Coders And Profiles**> **Coders Group Settings**).

Figure 4-37: Coders Group Settings-Microsoft Lync

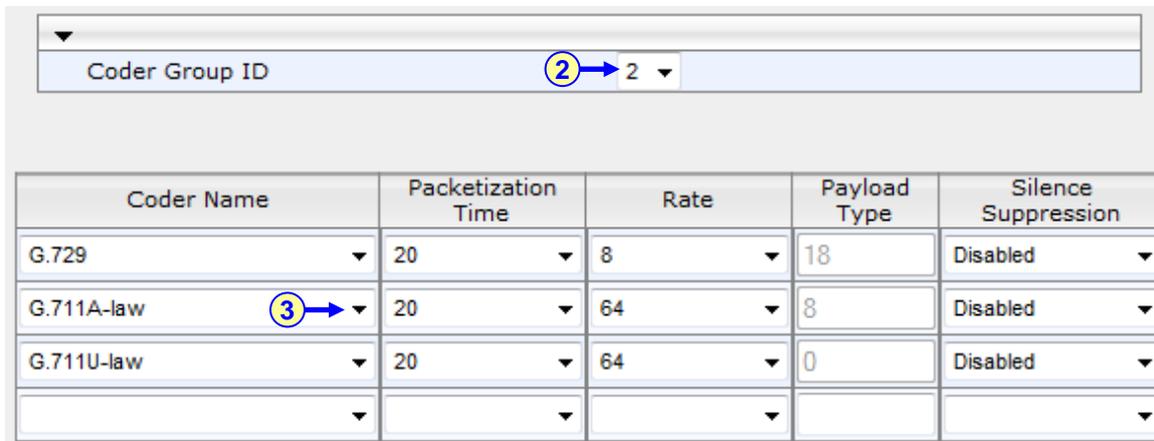
Coder Name	Packetization Time	Rate	Payload Type	Silence Suppression
G.711A-law	20	64	8	Disabled
G.711U-law	20	64	0	Disabled

2. Select **Coder Group ID** to 1.
3. Set **Coder Name** to G.711A-law and G.711U-law.
4. Click **Submit**.

➤ **To configure Coders Group for the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk:**

1. Open the 'Coders Group Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Coders And Profiles** > **Coders Group Settings**).

Figure 4-38: Coders Group Settings-Gamma Telecom



Coder Name	Packetization Time	Rate	Payload Type	Silence Suppression
G.729	20	8	18	Disabled
G.711A-law	20	64	8	Disabled
G.711U-law	20	64	0	Disabled

2. Select **Coder Group ID** to 2.
3. Set **Coder Name** to G.729, G.711A-law and G.711U-law.
4. Click **Submit**.

4.17 Step 17: Configure IP Profiles

This step describes how to configure the IP Profile. In this configuration, the IP Profile is used to configure the SRTP/TLS mode and the Coder Group (see Section 4.16 on page 65).

You must configure Microsoft Lync to work in secure mode (SRTP/TLS); while, the Gamma Telecom SIP trunk is configured in non-secure RTP/TLS mode.

➤ To configure IP Profile for Microsoft Lync:

1. Open the 'IP Profile Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Coders And Profiles** > **IP Profile Settings**).

Figure 4-39: IP Profile Settings

Profile ID	2 → 1
Profile Name	Lync
▲ Common Parameters	
▼ Gateway Parameters	
Fax Signaling Method	G.711 Transport
Play Ringback Tone to IP	Don't Play
Enable Early Media	Enable
Copy Destination Number to Redirect Number	Disable
Media Security Behavior	3 → Preferable - Single Media
CNG Detector Mode	Disable
Modems Transport Type	Enable Bypass
NSE Mode	Disable
Number of Calls Limit	-1
Progress Indicator to IP	Not Configured
Profile Preference	1
Coder Group	4 → Coder Group 1
Remote RTP Base UDP Port	0
First Tx DTMF Option	RFC 2833

2. Select **Profile ID 1**.
3. Set **Media Security Behavior** to 'Preferable – Single Media'.
4. Set **Coder Group** to 'Coder Group 1'.
5. Click **Submit**.

➤ **To configure IP Profile for the Gamma Telecom SIP Trunk:**

1. Open the 'IP Profile Settings' page (**Configuration** tab > **VoIP** menu > **Coders And Profiles** > **IP Profile Settings**).

Figure 4-40: IP Profile Settings

Profile ID	2
Profile Name	Gamma
▲ Common Parameters	
▼ Gateway Parameters	
Fax Signaling Method	G.711 Transport
Play Ringback Tone to IP	Don't Play
Enable Early Media	Enable
Copy Destination Number to Redirect Number	Disable
Media Security Behavior	Disable
CNG Detector Mode	Disable
Modems Transport Type	Enable Bypass
NSE Mode	Disable
Number of Calls Limit	-1
Progress Indicator to IP	Not Configured
Profile Preference	1
Coder Group	Coder Group 2
Remote RTP Base UDP Port	0
First Tx DTMF Option	RFC 2833

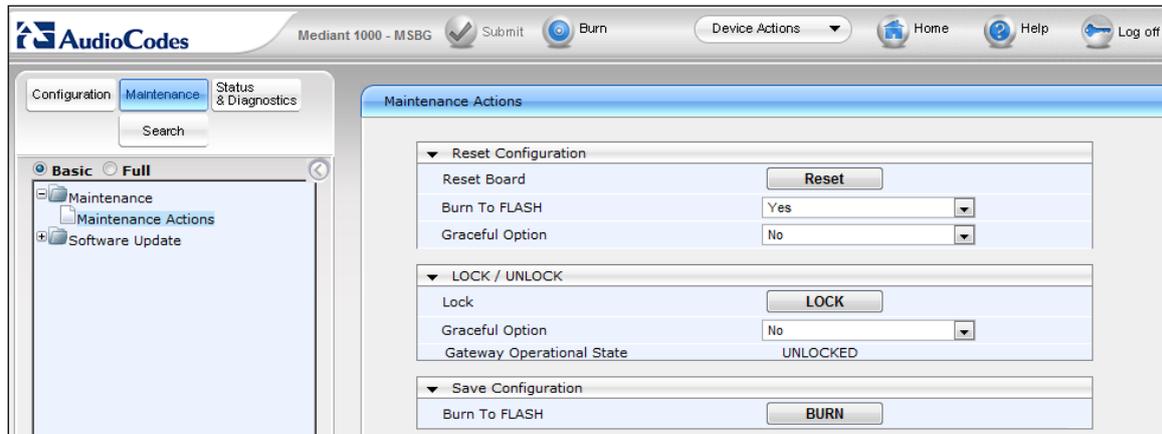
2. Select **Profile ID 2**.
3. Set **Media Security Behavior** to 'Disable'.
4. Set **Coder Group** to 'Coder Group 2'.
5. Click **Submit**.

4.18 Step 18: Reset the Gateway

After you have completed the gateway configuration as described in the steps above, burn the configuration to the gateway's flash memory and reset the gateway.

- Click the **Reset** button to burn the configuration to flash and reset the gateway (ensure that the 'Burn to FLASH' field is set to "Yes").

Figure 4-41: Reset the Gateway



The screenshot displays the AudioCodes web interface for a Mediant 1000 - MSBG device. The top navigation bar includes the AudioCodes logo, the device name, and buttons for 'Submit', 'Burn', 'Device Actions', 'Home', 'Help', and 'Log off'. The main content area is divided into three tabs: 'Configuration', 'Maintenance', and 'Status & Diagnostics'. The 'Maintenance' tab is active, and the 'Maintenance Actions' section is expanded. This section contains three sub-sections: 'Reset Configuration', 'LOCK / UNLOCK', and 'Save Configuration'. The 'Reset Configuration' section has a 'Reset' button, a 'Burn To FLASH' dropdown menu set to 'Yes', and a 'Graceful Option' dropdown menu set to 'No'. The 'LOCK / UNLOCK' section has a 'LOCK' button, a 'Graceful Option' dropdown menu set to 'No', and a 'Gateway Operational State' dropdown menu set to 'UNLOCKED'. The 'Save Configuration' section has a 'Burn To FLASH' button set to 'BURN'.



Note: Reset with BURN to FLASH is required.

Reader's Notes

5 Appendix A: AudioCodes INI File

This section shows the Mediant 1000 MSBG device INI file. This file reflects the configuration described in Section 4 on page 35.

```

;*****
;** Ini File **
;*****

;Board: Mediant 1000 - MSBG
;Serial Number: 2962808
;Slot Number: 1
;Software Version: 6.20A.021.005
;DSP Software Version: 620AE3 => 620.08
;Board IP Address: 10.15.7.131
;Board Subnet Mask: 255.255.0.0
;Board Default Gateway: 10.15.7.130
;Ram size: 256M   Flash size: 64M
;Num of DSP Cores: 8   Num DSP Channels: 32
;Profile: NONE
;Key features:;Board Type: Mediant 1000 - MSBG ;Channel Type: RTP
PCI DspCh=240 IPMediaDspCh=240 ;Security: IPSEC MediaEncryption
StrongEncryption EncryptControlProtocol ;PSTN Protocols: ISDN IUA=4
CAS ;E1Trunks=4 ;T1Trunks=4 ;DSP Voice features: EC128mSec
AdditionTimeslotSummation FastSlowPlayback BargeIn PatternDetector
IpmDetector ;Coders: G723 G729 GSM-FR G727 ;DATA features: Routing
FireWall&VPN ;IP Media: Conf VXML VoicePromptAnnounc(H248.9)
;Control Protocols: MGCP MEGACO SIP SASurvivability SBC=120 MSFT
;Default features:;Coders: G711 G726;

;----- Mediant-1000 HW components -----
;
; Slot # : Module type : # of ports : # of DSPs
;-----
;      1 : FALC56      :          1 :          2
;      2 : Empty
;      3 : Empty
;      4 : Empty
;      5 : Empty
;      6 : Empty
;-----

[SYSTEM Params]

DNSPriServerIP = 10.15.9.10
SyslogServerIP = 10.15.7.5
EnableSyslog = 1
NTPServerIP = 10.15.9.10
NTPServerUTCOffset = 7200
PM_VEDSPUtil = '1,43,48,15'

```

```
[BSP Params]

PCMLawSelect = 1
WanInterfaceName = 'GigabitEthernet 0/0'

[Analog Params]

[ControlProtocols Params]

AdminStateLockControl = 0

[MGCP Params]

[MEGACO Params]

EP_Num_0 = 0
EP_Num_1 = 1
EP_Num_2 = 1
EP_Num_3 = 0
EP_Num_4 = 0

[PSTN Params]

[SS7 Params]

[Voice Engine Params]

EnableAGC = 1
EnabledDSIPMDetectors = 1
ENABLEMEDIASEcurity = 1
SRTPTxPacketMKISize = 1

[WEB Params]

LogoWidth = '145'
HTTPSCipherString = 'RC4:EXP'

[SIP Params]

MEDIACHANNELS = 120
SIPDESTINATIONPORT = 5067
PLAYRBTONE2TEL = 3
SECURECALLSFROMIP = 2
GWDEBUGLEVEL = 5
ENABLEEARLYMEDIA = 1
SIPGATEWAYNAME = 'Gamma.Lync.local'
```

```
STATICNATIP = 195.189.192.154
PROXYREDUNDANCYMODE = 1
ISFAXUSED = 2
SIPTRANSPORTTYPE = 2
TLSLOCALSIPPORT = 5067
MEDIASEcurityBEHAVIOUR = 3
REDUNDANTROUTINGMODE = 2
FORKINGHANDLINGMODE = 1
ENABLEIP2IPAPPLICATION = 1
PLAYHELDTONEFORIP2IP = 1
ENABLEEARLY183 = 1
FAKERETRYAFTER = 60

[SCTP Params]

[VXML Params]

[IPsec Params]

[Audio Staging Params]

[SNMP Params]

;
; *** TABLE InterfaceTable ***
;
;

[ InterfaceTable ]
FORMAT InterfaceTable_Index = InterfaceTable_ApplicationTypes,
InterfaceTable_InterfaceMode, InterfaceTable_IPAddress,
InterfaceTable_PrefixLength, InterfaceTable_Gateway,
InterfaceTable_VlanID, InterfaceTable_InterfaceName;
InterfaceTable 0 = 6, 10, 10.15.7.131, 16, 10.15.7.130, 1, Voice;

[ \InterfaceTable ]

;
; *** TABLE DspTemplates ***
; This table contains hidden elements and will not be exposed.
; This table exists on board and will be saved during restarts
;

;
; *** TABLE PREFIX ***
;
```

```

;

[ PREFIX ]
FORMAT PREFIX_Index = PREFIX_DestinationPrefix, PREFIX_DestAddress,
PREFIX_SourcePrefix, PREFIX_ProfileId, PREFIX_MeteringCode,
PREFIX_DestPort, PREFIX_SrcIPGroupID, PREFIX_DestHostPrefix,
PREFIX_DestIPGroupID, PREFIX_SrcHostPrefix, PREFIX_TransportType,
PREFIX_SrcTrunkGroupID, PREFIX_DestSRD;
PREFIX 0 = *, , *, 2, 255, 0, 1, , 2, , -1, -1, -1;
PREFIX 1 = *, , *, 0, 255, 0, -1, , 1, , -1, -1, -1;
PREFIX 8 = *, 88.215.63.161, *, 0, 255, 0, -1, , -1, , -1, -1, -1;
PREFIX 9 = *, 10.15.9.11, *, 0, 255, 0, -1, , -1, , -1, -1, -1;

[ \PREFIX ]

;
; *** TABLE PstnPrefix ***
;
;

[ PstnPrefix ]
FORMAT PstnPrefix_Index = PstnPrefix_DestPrefix,
PstnPrefix_TrunkGroupId, PstnPrefix_SourcePrefix,
PstnPrefix_SourceAddress, PstnPrefix_ProfileId,
PstnPrefix_SrcIPGroupID, PstnPrefix_DestHostPrefix,
PstnPrefix_SrcHostPrefix;
PstnPrefix 0 = *, -1, , 10.15.9.11, 0, 1, , ;
PstnPrefix 1 = *, -1, , 88.215.63.161, 2, -1, , ;

[ \PstnPrefix ]

;
; *** TABLE AltRouteCauseTel2Ip ***
;
;

[ AltRouteCauseTel2Ip ]
FORMAT AltRouteCauseTel2Ip_Index =
AltRouteCauseTel2Ip_ReleaseCause;
AltRouteCauseTel2Ip 0 = 503;

[ \AltRouteCauseTel2Ip ]

;
; *** TABLE ProxyIp ***
;
;

[ ProxyIp ]
FORMAT ProxyIp_Index = ProxyIp_IpAddress, ProxyIp_TransportType,
ProxyIp_ProxySetId;
ProxyIp 0 = FE-Lync.Lync.local, 2, 1;
    
```

```

ProxyIp 1 = 88.215.63.161:5060, 0, 2;

[ \ProxyIp ]

;
; *** TABLE IpProfile ***
;
;

[ IpProfile ]
FORMAT IpProfile_Index = IpProfile_ProfileName,
IpProfile_IpPreference, IpProfile_CodersGroupID,
IpProfile_IsFaxUsed, IpProfile_JitterBufMinDelay,
IpProfile_JitterBufOptFactor, IpProfile_IPDiffServ,
IpProfile_SigIPDiffServ, IpProfile_SCE,
IpProfile_RTPRedundancyDepth, IpProfile_RemoteBaseUDPPort,
IpProfile_CNGmode, IpProfile_VxxTransportType, IpProfile_NSEMode,
IpProfile_IsDTMFUsed, IpProfile_PlayRBTone2IP,
IpProfile_EnableEarlyMedia, IpProfile_ProgressIndicator2IP,
IpProfile_EnableEchoCanceller, IpProfile_CopyDest2RedirectNumber,
IpProfile_MediaSecurityBehaviour, IpProfile_CallLimit,
IpProfile_DisconnectOnBrokenConnection,
IpProfile_FirstTxDtmfOption, IpProfile_SecondTxDtmfOption,
IpProfile_RxDTMFOption, IpProfile_EnableHold, IpProfile_InputGain,
IpProfile_VoiceVolume, IpProfile_AddIEInSetup,
IpProfile_SBCExtensionCodersGroupID,
IpProfile_MediaIPVersionPreference, IpProfile_TranscodingMode,
IpProfile_SBCAllowedCodersGroupID, IpProfile_SBCAllowedCodersMode,
IpProfile_SBCMediaSecurityBehaviour, IpProfile_SBCRFC2833Behavior,
IpProfile_SBCAlternativeDTMFMethod, IpProfile_SBCAssertIdentity,
IpProfile_AMDSensitivityParameterSuit,
IpProfile_AMDSensitivityLevel, IpProfile_AMDMaxGreetingTime,
IpProfile_AMDMaxPostSilenceGreetingTime,
IpProfile_SBCDiversionMode, IpProfile_SBCHistoryInfoMode;
IpProfile 1 = Lync, 1, 1, 2, 10, 10, 46, 40, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0,
0, 1, -1, 1, 0, 3, -1, 1, 4, -1, 1, 1, 0, 0, , -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, 0,
0, 0, -1, 0, 8, 300, 400, -1, -1;
IpProfile 2 = Gamma, 1, 2, 2, 10, 10, 46, 40, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0,
0, 1, -1, 1, 0, 2, -1, 1, 4, -1, 1, 1, 0, 0, , -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, 0,
0, 0, -1, 0, 8, 300, 400, -1, -1;

[ \IpProfile ]

;
; *** TABLE ProxySet ***
;
;

[ ProxySet ]
FORMAT ProxySet_Index = ProxySet_EnableProxyKeepAlive,
ProxySet_ProxyKeepAliveTime, ProxySet_ProxyLoadBalancingMethod,
ProxySet_IsProxyHotSwap, ProxySet_SRD,
ProxySet_ClassificationInput, ProxySet_ProxyRedundancyMode;
ProxySet 0 = 0, 60, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1;
ProxySet 1 = 1, 60, 1, 1, 0, 0, -1;

```

```

ProxySet 2 = 0, 60, 0, 0, 0, 0, -1;

[ \ProxySet ]

;
;   *** TABLE IPGroup ***
;
;

[ IPGroup ]
FORMAT IPGroup_Index = IPGroup_Type, IPGroup_Description,
IPGroup_ProxySetId, IPGroup_SIPGroupName, IPGroup_ContactUser,
IPGroup_EnableSurvivability, IPGroup_ServingIPGroup,
IPGroup_SipReRoutingMode, IPGroup_AlwaysUseRouteTable,
IPGroup_RoutingMode, IPGroup_SRD, IPGroup_MediaRealm,
IPGroup_ClassifyByProxySet, IPGroup_ProfileId,
IPGroup_MaxNumOfRegUsers, IPGroup_InboundManSet,
IPGroup_OutboundManSet, IPGroup_ContactName;
IPGroup 1 = 0, Lync, 1, , , 0, -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, , 1, 0, -1, -1, -1,
;
IPGroup 2 = 0, ITSP, 2, , , 0, -1, 0, 0, -1, 0, , 1, 0, -1, -1, -1,
;

[ \IPGroup ]

;
;   *** TABLE CodersGroup0 ***
;
;

[ CodersGroup0 ]
FORMAT CodersGroup0_Index = CodersGroup0_Name, CodersGroup0_pTime,
CodersGroup0_rate, CodersGroup0_PayloadType, CodersGroup0_Sce;
CodersGroup0 0 = g711Alaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup0 1 = g711Ulaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;

[ \CodersGroup0 ]

;
;   *** TABLE CodersGroup1 ***

[ CodersGroup1 ]
FORMAT CodersGroup1_Index = CodersGroup1_Name, CodersGroup1_pTime,
CodersGroup1_rate, CodersGroup1_PayloadType, CodersGroup1_Sce;
CodersGroup1 0 = g711Alaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup1 1 = g711Ulaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;

[ \CodersGroup1 ]

;
;   *** TABLE CodersGroup2 ***

```

```
[ CodersGroup2 ]
FORMAT CodersGroup2_Index = CodersGroup2_Name, CodersGroup2_pTime,
CodersGroup2_rate, CodersGroup2_PayloadType, CodersGroup2_Sce;
CodersGroup2 0 = g729, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup2 1 = g711Alaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;
CodersGroup2 2 = g711Ulaw64k, 20, 0, -1, 0;

[ \CodersGroup2 ]
```

Configuration Note