AudioCodes Mediant[™] Family of Media Gateways & Session Border Controllers

Connecting AudioCodes' SBC to Microsoft Teams Direct Routing Hosting Model

Version 7.2



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Notice

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Abbreviations and Terminology

Each abbreviation, unless widely used, is spelled out in full when first used.

Related Documentation

Document Name		
Mediant 500 E-SBC User's Manual		
Mediant 500L E-SBC User's Manual		
Mediant 800B E-SBC User's Manual		
Mediant 2600 E-SBC User's Manual		
Mediant 4000 SBC User's Manual		
Mediant 9000 SBC User's Manual		
Mediant Software SBC User's Manual		
Gateway and SBC CLI Reference Guide		
SIP Message Manipulation Reference Guide		
AudioCodes Configuration Notes		

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12888	Call Flows. Configuration Concept.

Documentation Feedback

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1 Introduction

This *Configuration Note* describes how to connect AudioCodes' SBC to Microsoft Teams Direct Routing. The document is intended for IT or telephony professionals.



Note: To zoom in on screenshots of Web interface configuration examples, press Ctrl and + .

1.1 About Microsoft Teams Direct Routing

Microsoft Teams Direct Routing allows connecting a customer- provided SBC to Microsoft Phone System. The customer-provided SBC can be connected to almost any telephony trunk, or connect with third-party PSTN equipment. The connection allows:

- Using virtually any PSTN trunk with Microsoft Phone System
- Configuring interoperability between customer-owned telephony equipment, such as third-party PBXs, analog devices, and Microsoft Phone System

1.2 Validated AudioCodes Version

Microsoft successfully conducted validation tests with AudioCodes' Mediant VE SBC/v.7.20A.158.035. Older firmware versions might work, but Microsoft did not test previous versions of the firmware.

- Validate that you have the correct License Key. See AudioCodes' device's User's Manual for more information on how to view the device's License Key with licensed features and capacity. If you don't have a key, contact your AudioCodes representative to obtain one.
- AudioCodes licenses required for the SBC are mainly:
 - SILK Narrow Band
 - SILK Wideband
 - OPUS

1.3 About AudioCodes SBC Product Series

AudioCodes' family of SBC devices enables reliable connectivity and security between the enterprise's VoIP network and the service provider's VoIP network.

The SBC provides perimeter defense as a way of protecting enterprises from malicious VoIP attacks; mediation for allowing the connection of any PBX and/or IP-PBX to any service provider; and Service Assurance for service quality and manageability.

Designed as a cost-effective appliance, the SBC is based on field-proven VoIP and network services with a native host processor, allowing the creation of purpose-built multiservice appliances, providing smooth connectivity to cloud services, with integrated quality of service, SLA monitoring, security and manageability. The native implementation of SBC provides a host of additional capabilities that are not possible with standalone SBC appliances such as VoIP mediation, PSTN access survivability, and third-party value-added services applications. This enables enterprises to utilize the advantages of converged networks and eliminate the need for standalone appliances.

AudioCodes' SBC is available as an integrated solution running on top of its field-proven Mediant Media Gateway and Multi-Service Business Router platforms, or as a software-only solution for deployment with third-party hardware. The SBC can be offered as a Virtualized SBC, supporting the following platforms: Hyper-V, AWS, AZURE, AWP, KVM and VMWare.

1.4 Infrastructure Prerequisites

The table below shows the list of infrastructure prerequisites for deploying Direct Routing.

Infrastructure Prerequisite	Details
Certified Session Border Controller (SBC)	
SIP Trunks connected to the SBC	
Office 365 tenant	
Domains	
Public IP address for the SBC	
Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN) for the SBC	See Microsoft's document <i>Deploying Direct Routing Guide.</i>
Public DNS entry for the SBC	
Public trusted certificate for the SBC	
Firewall ports for Direct Routing signaling	
Firewall IP addresses and ports for Direct Routing media	
Media Transport Profile	
Firewall ports for client media	

2 Configuring AudioCodes' SBC

This section shows how to configure AudioCodes' SBC for internetworking with Microsoft Teams Direct Routing.

The figure below shows an example of the connection topology for the hosting model. Multiple connection entities are shown in the figure:

- Microsoft Teams Phone Systems Direct Routing Interface on the WAN
- Service Provider SIP Trunk

This guide covers how to configure the connection between AudioCodes' SBC and the Microsoft Phone Systems Direct Routing Interface. The interconnection of Service Provider SIP Trunk is outside the scope of this guide. Information about how to configure connections like these is available in other guides produced by AudioCodes.



Figure 2-1: Connection Topology - Network Interfaces



Note: This document shows how to configure the Microsoft Teams side. To configure other entities in the deployment such as the SIP Trunk Provider and the local IP PBX, see AudioCodes' *SIP Trunk Configuration Notes* (in the interoperability suite of documents).



Figure 2-2: Tenants Domain Structure

2.1 **Prerequisites**

Before you begin configuration, make sure you have these for every Hosting SBC you want to pair:

- Public IP address
- FQDN name matching SIP addresses of the users
- Public certificate, issued by one of the supported CAs (see Table A-3 for more details about supported Certification Authorities).

2.1.1 About the SBC Domain Name in Hosting Model

2.1.1.1 SBC Domain Name in a Carrier's Tenant

The SBC domain name must be from one of the names registered in 'Domains' of the tenant. You cannot use the ***.onmicrosoft.com** tenant for the domain name. For example, in Figure 2-3, the administrator registered the following DNS names for the tenant:

DNS name	Can be used for SBC FQDN	Examples of FQDN names
Customers.aceducation.info	Yes	Valid names: sbc.Customers.aceducation.info ussbcs15.Customers.aceducation.info europe.Customers.aceducation.info Invalid name: sbc1.europe.Customers.aceducation.info
adatumbiz.onmicrosoft.com	No	Using *.onmicrosoft.com domains is not supported for SBC names.

	Microsoft 365 admin	renter	
		< Home > Domains	
ଜ	Home	+ Add domain + Buy domain View All domains	• ×
R	Users	Domain name	Status
xR	Groups	Customers.aceducation.info	Setup complete
喝	Resources	- * -	
•	Billing	× .	
0	Support	· •	
٢	Settings	× .	
P	Setup	~	
	Products		
	Domains		
	Data migration		

Figure 2-3: Example of Registered DNS Names

The following IP address and FQDN are used as examples in this guide:

Public IP	FQDN Name
96.66.240.132	sbc.Customers.ACeducation.info

Users can be from any SIP domain registered for the tenant. For example, you can provide users <u>user@Customers.aceducation.info</u> with the SBC FQDN **sbc.Customers.aceducation.info** so long as both names are registered for this tenant.

You should create at least one licensed user belonging to your SBC domain that you added in the step above.

Figure 2-4: Example of a User Belonging to SBC Domain

2.1.1.2 SBC Domain Name in a Customer's Tenant

For each Customer's tenant, you should add a domain belonging to a carrier that points to a customer tenant as in Figure 2-5 and create at least one licensed user belonging to your SBC domain as in Figure 2-6.

Figure 2-5: Example of Domain for Carrier SBC in Customer Domain

	Office 365	Admin center		
		<	Home > Domains	
ඛ	Home		+ Add domain + Buy domain View All domains	Search domains
R	Users	~	Domain name	Status
ĸ٩	Groups	~	audiocode.biz (Default)	Setup complete
4	Resources	~	audiocod.onmicrosoft.com	Setup complete
•	Billing	~	- 30C2. Customers. acculation. mil	Setup complete
0	Support	~		
٢	Settings	~		
P	Setup	^		
	Products			
	Domains			
	Data migration			

Figure 2-6: Example of User for Carrier SBC in Customer Domain

+ Add a user More Views All users • sbc × · Lxport Display name Username Status SBC AUDCTrunk sbc@SBC2.Customers.aceducation.info Office 365 Enterprise E5 witho	Home > A	Active users	s			
Display name Username Status SBC AUDCTrunk sbc@SBC2.Customers.aceducation.info Office 365 Enterprise E5 witho	+	⊢ Add a user	More Views All users	▼ sbc	×	Export
SBC ADDCTrunkSDC@SBC 2.Customers.aceducation.intoOnice sos enterprise es witho				Username	ducation info	Status
			SEC ADDENTITIK	sucesucesucesumers. accur	acadon.into	once sos enterprise es witho

2.2 SBC Configuration Concept

The diagram below represents AudioCodes' device configuration concept. Each tenant has a SIP Interface, IP Group and Proxy Set.



Figure 2-7: SBC Configuration Concept

2.3 Call Flows

The sections below shows the flow of:

- an incoming call to the Teams client (see Section 2.3.1 below)
- an outgoing call from the Teams Client (see Section 2.3.2 below)
- a call transfer performed by Teams client (see Section 2.3.3 below)

2.3.1 Incoming Call to the Teams Client

The figure below shows an inbound call from the carrier's SIP trunk to the Teams client.

Figure 2-8: Incoming Call to the Teams Client



2.3.2 Outgoing Call from the Teams Client

The figure below shows an outbound call from the Teams client to the carrier's SIP trunk.





2.3.3 Transfer Call

The figure below shows a call transfer performed by the Teams client.



2.4 Validate AudioCodes' License

The following licenses are required on AudioCodes' device:

- 1. Enable Microsoft (licensing MSFT) [All AudioCodes media gateways and SBCs are by default shipped with this license. Exceptions: MSBR products and Mediant 500 SBC or media gateway.]
- 2. Number of SBC sessions [Based on requirements]
- 3. Transcoding sessions [If media transcoding is needed]

2.5 Configure LAN and WAN IP Interfaces

2.5.1 Validate Configuration of Physical Ports and Ethernet Groups

The physical ports are automatically detected by the SBC. The ethernet groups are also autoassigned to the ports. In this step, only parameter validation is necessary.

- **To validate physical ports:**
- 1. Go to Setup > IP Network > Core Entities > Physical Ports.
- 2. Validate that you have at least two physical ports detected by the SBC, one for LAN and the other for WAN. Make sure both ports are in **Enabled** mode.



Note: Based on your configuration, you might have more than two ports.

AudioCodes STUP MONITOR	TROUBLESHOOT CONFIGURE						Actions +	Admin :
PINETWORK SIGNALING & MEDIA ADAIIN/STRATION							D Energy pa	rameter, solve
A NETWORK VIEW	Physical Ports (2)							
▲ CORE ENTITIES	_							-
IP Interfaces (1)	Edit		Page	of 1 Show 10 • record	o per page			2
Ethernet Devices (1)	INDEX 1	NAME	MODE	SPEED AND DUPLEK	DESCRIPTION	MEMBER OF ETHERNET GROUP	GROUP STATUS	
Ethernet Groups (2)	4	58_1	Enildie	Auto Negotation	User Port #1	GROUP_1	Active	
Physical Parts (2) Static Boutes (2)	. <u>r</u>	08,1	Enable	Auto Negotiation	User Port #1	GROUP_1	Active	
HA Settings								
NAT Translation (0)								
# SECURTY								
TLS Contexts (1) Firewall (5)	#0[GE_1]							Edit
security settings	GENERAL				ETHERNET GROUP			
) QUALITY	Name	G8_1			Member of Ethernet Group	GROUP_1		
) RADIUS & LDAP	Description	 User Port #0 			Group status	Active		
1 ADVANCED	Mode	Enable						
1.00101000	Speed and Duplex	Auto Negotiation						
> DNS								
) WEB SURVICES								
) HTTP PROXY								

Figure 2-11: Physical Ports Configuration Interface

To validate Ethernet Groups:

- 1. Go to Setup > IP Network > Core Entities > Ethernet Groups.
- 2. Validate that you have at least two Ethernet Groups detected by the SBC, one for LAN and the other for WAN.



	R TROUBLESHOOT CONFIGURAT	ION WIZARD			Save Reset	Actions •	4	Adm
IP NETWORK SIGNALING & MEDIA ADMINISTRATION						Ø Er	city, parameti	er, value
● ● \$R0 A1 +								
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A CORE ENTITIES								
IP Interfaces (1)	. Kdit		 Page 1 of 1 Show 10 T records per page 	ĝa -				ρ
Ethernet Devices (1)	INDEX 1	NAME	MODE	MEMBER 1	MEMBER	2		
Ethernet Groups (2)	0	GROUP_1	SINGLE	GE_1	1 e -			
Physical Ports (2)	.1	GROUP_2	SINGLE	GE_2				
Static Routes (0)								
NAT Translation (7)								
A SECURITY							-	
TLS Contexts (1)	#0[GROUP_1]						(d)	
Firewall (0)								
Security Settings	GENERAL							
> QUALITY	Name	GROUP_1						
I RADIUS & LDAP	Mode	+ SINGLE						
	Member 1	 #0 (Gil_1) 	View					
) ADVANCED	Member 2		View					
+ DNG								
> WEB SERVICES								
) HTTP PROXY								

Figure 2-12: Ethernet Groups Configuration Interface

2.5.2 Configure LAN and WAN VLANs

This step shows how to configure VLANs for LAN and WAN interfaces.

> To configure VLANs:

- 1. Open the Ethernet Device Page (Setup > IP Network > Core Entities > Ethernet Devices); there'll be a VLAN ID for the underlying interface Group 1 (LAN).
- 2. Add VLAN ID 2 for the WAN side as follows:

Table 2-2: Adding VLAN ID 2 for the WAN Side

Parameter	Value
Index	1
Name	vlan 2
VLAN ID	2
Underlying Interface	GROUP_2 (Ethernet port group)
Tagging	Untagged

Figure 2-13: Configured VLANs in the Ethernet Device Table

AudioCodes SETUR MONTOR T	ROUBLESHOOT CONFIGURATION	N WIZARD				Save	Reset	Actions *	4	Admin *
P NETWORK BIONALING & MEDIA ADMINISTRATION								D footg	, parameter	r, uator
● ③ 580 AN *										
A NETWORK VIEW	Ethernet Devices (2)									
a cose evintes	+ New Cda 1 E			1 • records per page						P
Ethernet Devices (2)	INDEX 1	VLANID	UNDERLYING INTERFACE	NAME	TAGGING		MTU			
Ethernet Groups (2)	0	1	GROUP_1	vien 1	Untagged		1500			
Physical Ports (2)	1.1	2	08009,1	sten 2	Untegged		1900			
Static Routes (0)										
HA Settings										
NAT Translation (0)										
# SECURITY										
TLS Contexts (1) Firewall (0)	#1[vlan 2]								Edit	
Second Seconds	GENERAL									
+ drivrita	Name	+ vian2								
> RADIUS & LDAR	VLAN ID	• 1								
	Underlying Interface	* #1 (SROUP_3)	Ve	w						
+ ADVANCED	Tagging	 Lintagged 								
+ DNS	MTU	1500								
+ WEB SERVICES										
+ HTTP PROXY	Estamet Device Status Table >>									

2.5.3 Configure Network Interfaces

This step shows how to configure network parameters for both LAN and WAN interfaces.

- > To configure network parameters for both LAN and WAN interfaces:
- Open the IP Interfaces Table (Setup > IP Network > Core Entities > IP Interfaces) see Figure 2-6 below.
- 2. Configure network parameters for LAN interface.
 - Open O+M+C interface.
 - Configure the network parameters.

The table below shows a configuration example; your network parameters might be different.

Table 2-3: Configuration Example: Network Interfaces

Parameter	Value
Name	LAN (arbitrary descriptive name)
Application type	OAMP + Media + Control (this interface points to the internal network where the network administrator's station is located, so enabling OAMP is necessary)
Ethernet Device	#0[vlan 1]
Interface Mode	IPv4 Manual (if you use IPv4)
IP address	192.168.1.165 (example)
Prefix length	24 (example)
Default Gateway	192.168.1.1 (example)
Primary DNS	192.168.1.130 (example)
Secondary DNS	192.168.1.131 (example)

3. Add a network interface for the WAN side for Teams. Use the table below as reference.

Table 2-4: Adding a Network Interface for the WAN for Teams

Parameter	Value
Name	WAN (arbitrary descriptive name)
Application type	Media + Control (as this interface points to the internet, enabling AMP is not recommended)
Ethernet Device	#1[vlan 2]
Interface Mode	IPv4 Manual (if you use IPv4)
IP address	96.66.240.129 (Public IP example)
Prefix length	24 (example)
Default Gateway	96.66.240.134 (example)
Primary DNS	According to your internet provider's instructions
Secondary DNS	According to your internet provider's instructions

Figure 2-14: Configured IP Interfaces

SAudioCodes SETUP	OUBLESHOOT CO	NRGURATION WIZARD						į,	Save Reset A	coons • 🦨	Admin
IP NETWORK SIGNALING & MEDIA ADMINISTRATION										C Endly, param	neter, value
• • • • • • • •											
O NETWORK VIEW	IP Interfaces G	υ.,									
P Interfaces (2)	+ New Edit	8		i Page () of	s	ecorto per page					Ø
Ethernet Devices (2)	INDEX 5	NAME	APPLICATION TYPE	INTERFACE MODE	IP ADDRESS	PRERIX LENGTH	DEFAULT GATEWAY	PRIMARY DNS	SECONDARY DHS	ETHERNET	DEVICE
Ethernet Groups (2)	0	LAN	OAMP + Media + Coresi	ifv4 Menuel	102.168.1.165	24	192,168.1.1	192,168,1.199	0.000	vier.1	-
Physical Ports (2)	1	WAN	Media + Constol	(Po-EManual	16.61.242.129	24	06.60.240.134	78.75.75.75	78.78.78.78	viari 2	
Static Resumes (0)											
MA Settings											
Part internation											
A SECURITY											
TLS Contexts (1)	#1[WAN]										dk
Firewall (0)											
Security Settings	GENERAL					IP ADDRESS					
1 QUALITY	Name		• WAN			Interface Mode	10-y	4 Mercul			_
A RADUE & LOAD	Application Ty	De .	Media + Corerol			IP Address	• 16	85 240 129			
T AND A D AND	Ethernet David		* #1 Man 21		View	Prefix Length	+ 24				
) ADVANCED						Default Gateway	* 95.	86.240.134			
) DNS	DNS										
	Primary DNS		* 71717575								
1 WEBSDACES	Secondary DN	5	• 75252525								
E HTTP PROXY											
Minureviewstatus											

2.6 Configure TLS Context

The configuration instructions in this section are based on the following domain structure that must be implemented as part of the certificate which must be loaded to the host SBC:

- CN: ACeducation.info
- SAN: *.customers.ACeducation.info

This certificate module is based on the Service Provider's own TLS Certificate. For more certificate structure options, see Microsoft Teams Direct Routing documentation.



Figure 2-15: Tenants Domain Structure

The Microsoft Phone System Direct Routing Interface only allows TLS connections from SBCs for SIP traffic with a certificate signed by one of the trusted Certification Authorities. Currently, supported Certification Authorities are:

- AddTrust External CA Root
- Baltimore CyberTrust Root (see Section 2.6)
- Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority
- DigiCert Global Root CA
- Verisign, Inc.
- Symantec Enterprise Mobile Root for Microsoft
- Thawte Timestamping CA

The step below shows how to request a certificate for the SBC WAN interface and to configure it based on the example of DigiCert.

The step includes these stages:

- 1. Create a TLS Context for Microsoft Phone System Direct Routing
- 2. Generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and obtain the certificate from a supported Certification Authority
- 3. Deploy the SBC and Root/Intermediary certificates on the SBC

2.6.1 Create a TLS Context for Microsoft Phone System Direct Routing

- 1. Open TLS Contexts (Setup > IP Network >Security>TLS Contexts).
- 2. Create a new TLS Context by clicking **+New** at the top of the interface, and then configure the parameters using the table below as reference.

Table 2-5:	New TLS	Context
------------	---------	---------

Parameter	Value
Index	1 (default)
Name	Teams (arbitrary descriptive name)
TLS Version	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2
DTLS version	Any (default)
Cipher Server	RC4:AES128 (default)
Cipher Client	DEFAULT (default)
Strict Certificate Extension Validation	Disable (default)
DH Key Size	1024 (default)
OCSP	All parameters default

Note: The table above exemplifies configuration focusing on interconnecting SIP and media. You might want to configure additional parameters according to your company's policies. For example, you might want to configure Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) to check if SBC certificates presented in the online server are still valid or revoked. For more information on the SBC's configuration, see the *User's Manual*, available for download from https://www.audiocodes.com/library/technical-documents.

Figure 2-16: Configuration of TLS Context for Direct Routing

AudioCodes	SETUP MONITOR TR	OUBLESHODT				Reset	
IP NETWORK SIGNALIN	IGEMEDIA ADMINISTRATION						P Enti
🕒 🕢 SRD All	*						
NETWORK VIEW		TLS Contexts (2)					
A CORE ENTITIES				Base I Toft			-
IP Interfaces (2) Ethernet Devices	ontexts [Teams]						- ×
Ethernet Groups							
Static Routes (0)	GENERAL			OCSP			
HA Settings NAT Translation	Index	0		OCSP Server	Disable	•	
A SECURITY	Name	Tears		Primary DCSP Server	•		
TLS Contexts (2)	TLS Version	TLSVI.0 TLSVI.1 and TLSVI.2	•	Secondary OCSP Server			
Firewall (0)	DTLS Version	Any /		OCSP Port:	2560		
Security Secongs	Cipher Server	. A55/804		OCSP Default Response	Reject		
+ QUALITY	Cipher Client	DEFAULT					
) RADIUS & LDAP	Strict Certificate Extension Validation	Disable					
) ADVANCED	DH key Size	1024					
I DNS							
> WEB SERVICES							
THE PROXY							
			Cancel	APPLY			

3. Click **Apply**; you should see the new TLS Context and option to manage the certificates at the bottom of 'TLS Context' table

AudioCodes	MONITOR TROUBLESHOOT					Save	Reset	Actions *	4	Adm
INNERVORK SIGNALINGAMEDIA ADMINISTRA	RTION							D Inte	g parameto	r, value
🕞 💮 SRD All 🔹										
A NETWORK VIEW	TLS Contexts (2)									
A CORE ENTITIES										
IP Interfaces (2)	+ New Edit		lage af 1 Show 19 💌 record	i per page						0
Ethernet Devices (2)	INDEX 1	NAME	TLS VERSION	071.5 \	ERSION		OPHER SERVER			
Ethernet Groups (2)	B.	Tearra	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 acid TLSv1.2	Any			AESRC4			
Physical Ports (2)	- 0	SIRTnurk	TLSV1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	A01			RC4:AE5256			
Static Routes (D) H4 Settings										
A SECURITY										
	#0[Teams]								Edit	
TLS CONDUS (2)	Telicensi								a substantion	
Security Settines										
Transfer .	GENERAL			OCSP						
> QUALITY	Name	* Teams		OCSP Server	 Disable 					
F RADIUS & LDAP	TLS Version	+ TLSV1 0 TLSv1 1 end TLSv1.2		Primary OCSP Server						
To remaine	DTLS Version	• Any		Secondary OCSP Server						
> ADVANCED	Cipher Server	* AES/RC4		OCSP Port	• 2560					
+ DNS	Cipher Client	· DEFAULT		OCSP Default Response	· Reject					
	Strict Certificate Extension Validat	Disable								
> WEB SERVICES	DH key Size	• 1034								
> HTTP PROXY										
	Production of the second se	for the second second								
	Cercocate Information >> Charg	ge Certificate. IN Trusted Root Certific	uors 22							

Figure 2-17: Configured TLS Context for Direct Routing and Interface to Manage the Certificates

2.6.2 Generate a CSR and Obtain the Certificate from a Supported CA

This section shows how to generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and obtain the certificate from a supported Certification Authority.

- To generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and obtain the certificate from a supported Certification Authority:
- 1. Click **Change Certificate>>** in the TLS Contexts page. In the 'Certificate Signing Request', enter your company's data.



Note: The domain portion of the SN must match the SIP suffix configured for Office 365 users.

- 2. Change the 'Private Key Size' based on the requirements of your Certification Authority. Many CAs do not support private key of size 1024. In this case, you must change the key size to 2048.
- 3. To change the key size on TLS Context, go to: Change Certificate > Generate New Private Key and Self-signed Certificate', change the 'Private Key Size' to 2048 and then click Generate Private-Key. To use 1024 as a Private Key Size value, you can click Generate Private-Key without changing the default key size value.
- 4. Under 'Certificate Signing Request' click **Generate CSR**, copy it and request a Standard SSL Certificate.
- 5. Obtain Trusted Root and Intermediary Signing Certificates from your Certification Authority.

CERTIFICATE SIGNING REQUEST				
Subject Name [CN]			ACeducation.info	
1st Subject Alternative Name [SAN]			DNS 🔻	*.customers.ACeducation.Info
2nd Subject Alternative Name [SAN]			EMAIL 🔻	
3rd Subject Alternative Name [SAN]			EMAJL Y	
4th Subject Alternative Name [SAN]			EMAIL *	
5th Subject Alternative Name [SAN]			EMAIL 🔹 🔻	
Organizational Unit [OU] (optional)			Headquarters	
Company name [O] <i>(optional)</i>			Corporate	
Locality or city name [L] (optional)			Poughkeepsle	
State [ST] (optional)			New York	
Country code [C] (optional)			US	
Signature Algorithm			SHA-256	
	Create C	SR		
<pre>BBCHL CERTIFICATE REQUEST</pre>				
GENERATE NEW PRIVATE KEY AND SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE				
Private Key Size			2048	
Private key pass-phrase (optional)				
Press the "Generate Private Kig" button to create new private key. Press the "Generate Self-Signed Certificate" button to create self-signed certificate Note that the certificate will use the subject hame configured in "Certificate Signin Important: generation of private key is a lengthy operation during which the device	Request" box. eservice may be affected.	Generate Self-Signed Continents		
	Generate FilVate-Key	Generate sen-signed Certificate		

Figure 2-18: Example of Certificate Signing Request Page

2.6.3 Deploy the SBC and Root / Intermediate Certificates on the SBC

After receiving the certificates from the Certification Authority, install the

- SBC certificate
- Root / Intermediate certificates
- > To install the SBC certificate:
- 1. Open Setup > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts > Direct Connect > Change Certificate.
- 2. Under 'Upload Certificate Files From Your Computer', click **Choose File** below 'Device Certificate' and then select the SBC certificate file obtained from your Certification Authority.

Figure 2-19: Uploading the Certificate Obtained from the Certification Authority

	DUBLESHOOT CONFIGURATION WIZARD				C	Save	Actions +	9	Admin •
IP NETWORK SIGNALING & MEDIA ADMINISTRATION									value
✓ CORE ENTITIES	GENERATE NEW PRIVATE KEY AND SELF-SIGNED CERTIFICATE								
IP Interfaces (2) Ethernet Devices (2)	Private Key Site	Ø	Open	36.44	x				
Ethernet Groups (2)	Press the "Generate Set"-ligned Centricate' button to create set Note that the centricate will use the subject name configured in	(i) (i) - (t) (ii) + (t)	ligiCert_certs + certs - v (5 Search certs	P				
Static Routes (0)	Important: generation of private key's a lengthy operation durin	Organize • New fold	ber Name *	Date modified	Tupe				
NAT Translation (0)		Downloads	DigiCentCA.crt	10/14/2017 12:45	Security Cen				
▲ SECURITY	TLS EXPIRY SETTINGS		INSTALL_INSTRUCTIONS.ec.td	10/14/2017 12:45	Test Docum				
TLS Centexts (2) Firewall (0)	TLS Expiry Check Start (days)	M This PC	INSTALL_INSTRUCTIONS.4:24	10/14/2017 12:45 10/14/2017 12:45	Test Docum Test Docum				
Security Settings	TLS Expiry Check Period (days)	Desktop =	Sbc3_adatum_blacit	10/34/2017 12:43	Security Cen				
 QUALITY RADIUS & LDAP 		Downloads	TrustedRoot.crt	10/14/2017 12:45	Security Cert				
+ ADVANCED	UPLOAD CERTIFICATE FILES FROM YOUR CONPUTER	Videos							
+ CHS	Private key pass-phrase (optional)	Network	<						
> WEB SERVICES	Send Private Key file from your computer to the device. The file mult be in either PEM or PFx (PRCSEI2) format.	File	store sheet, adatum, biz.ot	v All Files	*				
I. HTTP PROXY	Choose File No file chosen Load File			Open 💌 🕴	Cancel				
	Send Device Certificate fire from your computer to the device. The fire must be in testual PEM format.	e, a souna de over a priyo	any-secure neovork IRA.						
	Choose File No file chosen Load File								

a. Validate that the certificate was uploaded correctly: A message indicating that the certificate was uploaded successfully is displayed lowermost in the page.

Figure 2-20: Message Indicating Successful Upload of the Certificate

UPLO	AD CERTIFICATE FILES FROM YOUR COMPUTER	
	Private key pass-phrase (optional)	
	Send Private Key file from your computer to the device. The file must be in either PEM or PFX (PKCS#12) format. Choose File Note: Replacing the private key is not recommended but if it's done, it should be over a physically-secure network link. Send Device Certificate file from your computer to the device. The file must be in textual PEM format. Device Device Certificate file from your computer to the device. The file must be in textual PEM format. Load File	
File sbc3	adatum_biz.crt was successfully loaded into the device.	

b. Go to Setup > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts > Direct Connect > Certificate Information and then validate the certificate Subject Name.

Figure 2-21: Certificate Information

← TLS Context [#1] > Certificate Information	
PRIVATE KEY	
Key size:	2048 bits
status:	OK
CERTIFICATE	
Certificate: Data	
Version: 3 (0x2)	
05:86:62:29:16:c1:31:7c:f1:49:07:37:86:6b:a9:33	
Signature Algorithm: sha256WithRSAEncryption	
Issuer: C=US, O=DigiCert Inc, CN=DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA	
Validity Not Potoro: Oct 14 00:00:00 2017 GMT	
Not After : Oct 19 12:00:00 2018 GMT	
Subject: C=US, ST=Washington, L=Redmond, O=Nikolay Muravlyan	nikov, OU=Headquarters, CN=sbc3.adatum.biz

 To install the root and the intermediate certificate, go to Setup > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts > Direct Connect > Trusted Root Certificates and then click Import and upload all root and intermediate certificates obtained from your Certification Authority.

Figure 2-22: Configured Trusted Certificates Page

					🖨 Admi
IP NETWORK SIGNALING & MEDIA ADMINISTRATION				D Energy	parameter, value
€ () SRD AN +					
C NETWORK VIEW	TLS Context [#1] > Trusted Certificates				
A CORE ENTITIES					
IP Interfaces (2)	View			Import Ex	oport Remove
Ethernet Devices (2)	INDEX : SUBJECT	ISSUER	EXPIRES.		
Ethernet Groups (2)	0 DigiCert SHA2 Secure Server CA	DigiCet Global Root CA	3/05/2023		
Physical Ports (2)	1 DigiCert Global Root CA	DigiCert Global Root CA	15/10/2031		
Static Routes (0)	2 Baltimore CyberTrust Root	Eatimore CyberTrust Root	\$12,2025		
H4 Settings					
NAT Translation (0)					
▲ SECURITY					
TIS Contents (7)		Papelt of the To +		View 1 -	3 of 3
Erwall (1)					
Security Settings	Selected Row #0				
I QUALITY	Cetificate				
) RADIUS & LOAP	Version: 3 (0:2) Serial Namber 0.19 A Seria A rol 75 rd, tht all dis T2 da viter 191				
I ADVANCED	Signature Algorithm: sha256WIB/RSAEncryption Insoer: C=US. 0=Dg/Cert Mc, OU=www.stglicent.com, CN=Dig/Cert Global Root CA Velidity				
+ DNS	Not Before: Mar & 12:00:00:2013 GMT Not alm: Mar & 12:00:00:2013 GMT Subject: C+US, O+OlgiCet Inc. CN+DipCet SHA2 Secure Server CA				
+ WEB SERVICES	Subject Public Key Jano Subject Key Algorithm malifectyption Public Keyr (2545 bit)				
) HTTP HOW	000 are 300 are 11 at 01 at 01 500 500 are 20 110 50 c c c c c at 01 500 500 are 20 110 50 c c c c c at 01 at 00 c c c 00 are 20 110 50 c c c c c at 01 are 20				

2.7 Alternative Method of Generating and Installing the Certificate

To use the same certificate on multiple devices, you may prefer using <u>DigiCert Certificate</u> <u>Utility for Windows</u> to process the certificate request from your Certificate Authority on another machine, with this utility installed.

After you've processed the certificate request and response using the DigiCert utility, test the certificate private key and chain and then export the certificate with private key and assign a password.

To install the certificate:

- 1. Open Setup > IP Network > Security > TLS Contexts > Direct Connect > Change Certificate.
- 2. Enter the password assigned during export with the DigiCert utility in the 'Private key pass-phrase' field.

3. Under 'Upload Certificate Files From Your Computer', click **Choose File** under 'Private Key' and then select the SBC certificate file exported from the DigiCert utility.

2.8 Deploy Baltimore Trusted Root Certificate

The DNS name of the Microsoft Teams Direct Routing interface is **sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com**. In this interface, a certificate is presented which is signed by Baltimore Cyber Baltimore CyberTrust Root with Serial Number: 02 00 00 b9 and SHA fingerprint: d4:de:20:d0:5e:66:fc: 53:fe:1a:50:88:2c:78:db:28:52:ca:e4:74.

To trust this certificate, your SBC *must* have the certificate in Trusted Certificates storage. Download the certificate from <u>https://cacert.omniroot.com/bc2025.pem</u> and follow the steps above to import the certificate to the Trusted Root storage.



Note: Before importing the Baltimore root certificate into AudioCodes' SBC, make sure it's in .pem or .pfx format. If it isn't, you need to convert it to .pem or .pfx format else you'll receive the error message 'Failed to load new certificate'. To convert to PEM format, use Windows local store on any Windows OS and then export it as 'Base-64 encoded X.509 (.CER) certificate'.

2.9 Configure Media Realm

Media Realms allow dividing the UDP port ranges for use on different interfaces. In the example below, two Media Realms are configured:

- One for the LAN interface, with the UDP port starting at 6000 and the number of media session legs 100 (you need to calculate number of media session legs based on your usage)
- One for the WAN interface, with the UDP port range starting at 7000 and the number of media session legs 100
- To configure a Media Realm for the LAN:
- 1. Open the Media Realm page (Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > Media Realms).
- 2. Open the default Media Realm and change the parameters based on the requirements of your organization. The example below shows a Media Realm configuration with port ranges starting at 6000 and capable of handling 100 media legs.

Table 2-6: Configuration Example: Media Realm for the LAN

Parameter	Value
Index	0 (default)
Name	LAN (arbitrary descriptive name)
Topology Location	Down (default)
IPv4 Interface Name	#0 [LAN]
Port Range Start	6000
Number of media session legs	100 (example value)
Default Media Realm	Yes (default)

> To configure a Media Realm for the WAN:

1. Open the Media Realm page (Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > Media

Realms).

- 2. Click **+New** and then define the Media Realm for the WAN. The example below shows a Media Realm configuration with port ranges starting at 7000 and capable of handling 100 media legs.
- 3. Click Save.

Table 2-7: Configuration Example: Media Realm for the WAN

Parameter	Value
Index	1 (default)
Name	Teams (arbitrary descriptive name)
Topology Location	Down (default)
IPv4 Interface Name	#1 [WAN]
Port Range Start	7000
Number of media session legs	1000 (example value)
Default Media Realm	No (default)

Figure 2-23: Configured Media Realms

AudioCodes SCTUP MONITOR TRC							Save	Actions •	Admin •
IP NETWORK SIGNALINGAMEDIA ADMINISTRATION								D Entity per	imeter, suble
⊙ ⊙ 520 AI +									
TOPOLOGY VIEW	Media Realms (2)								
▲ CORE D\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	- New Line 1		Page 1 of 1	Change 10 1 rate	out our name				0
Applications Enabling Serve (1)		NAME	IDVA INTERCACE NAME	PORT DANCE STA	er er proprieten er	MENA SESSION LESS	POST RANGE IND.	DECK UT MEDIA DE	
SIP Interfaces (2)	0	Taarre	WahiToonii	6000	100		6400	Var	
Modia Realms (2)	1	LanMediaRealm	Len	40000	5107		65534	Na	
Proxy Sets (4)									
IP Groups (4)									
> MEDIA									
> CODERS & PROPILES	#0[Teams]								Ede
F SBC									
I SIP DEFINITIONS	GENERAL				QUALITY OF EXPERIENCE				
The second second second	Name	+ Tearra			Que Profile	• #1-1		View	
I MESSAGE MANIPULATION	Topology Location	+ Down			Bandwidth Profile	• #[-]		View	
INTRUSION DETECTION	IPv4 Interface Name	+ #(WAN(Trunk))		View					
L DESERVORNUS	Port Range Start	+ 6000							
- ar necessaries	Number Of Media Session La	gs + 100							
	Port Range End	6499							
	Default Media Realm	+ Yes							
	Marca Baatro Extension Diterrol -	- Dennis Media Schret	0.4+++4. +-						

2.10 Configure a SIP Signaling Interface (per Tenant)

This step shows how to configure a SIP signaling interface pointing to the Direct Routing interface.

Note that the configuration of a SIP interface for the PSTN trunk and the third-party PBX is also required but not covered in this guide. For specific configuration of interfaces pointing to SIP trunks and/or a third-party PSTN environment connected to the SBC, see the trunk / environment vendor documentation.

AudioCodes also offers a comprehensive suite of documents covering the interconnection between different trunks and equipment.

- > To configure a SIP interface per tenant :
- 1. Open the SIP Interface table (Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > SIP Interfaces).
- 2. Click **+New** to add a SIP Interface for the WAN interface pointing to the Direct Routing service. The table below shows an example of the configuration. You can change some parameters according to your requirements.
- 3. Each tenant must have its own dedicated listening TLS port for Teams Direct Routing.



Note: The Direct Routing interface can only use TLS for a SIP port. It does not support using TCP due to security reasons. The SIP port might be any port of your choice. When pairing the SBC with Office 365, the chosen port is specified in the pairing command.

4. Click Save.

Index	Name	Network Interface	Арр Туре	UDP Port	TCP Port	TLS Port	Enable TCP Keepalive	TLS Context Name	Classify Failure Response	Media Realm	TLS Mutual Authentication
0	Not Used										
1	SIPTrunk	LAN	SBC	5060	0	0				LAN	
2	Teams–Tenant- 1 (arbitrary descriptive name)	WAN	SBC	0	0	5067 (arbitrary port - per tenant)	Enable	Teams	0	Teams	Disable (special certificate attribute should be set if Enabled)
3	Teams-Tenant- 2	WAN	SBC	0	0	5068	Enable	Teams	0	Teams	Disable
4	Teams–Tenant- 3	WAN	SBC	0	0	5069	Enable	Teams	0	Teams	Disable



Note:

- All other parameters can be left unchanged at their default values.
- Remember to configure SIP interfaces for the other SIP Trunks you may have.

2.11 Configure Proxy Sets and Proxy Address

2.11.1 Configure Proxy Sets (per Tenant)

The Proxy Set and Proxy Address defines TLS parameters, IP interfaces, FQDN and the remote entity's port. The example below covers configuration of a Proxy Set for Microsoft Direct Routing. Note that configuration of a Proxy Set for the PSTN trunk and the third-party PBX is also necessary, but isn't covered in this guide. For specific configuration of interfaces pointing to SIP trunks and/or the third-party PSTN environment connected to the SBC, see the trunk / environment vendor's documentation. AudioCodes also offers a comprehensive suite of documents covering the interconnection between different trunks and the equipment.

To configure a Proxy Set:

- 1. Open the Proxy Sets table (Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > Proxy Sets).
- 2. Click **+New** to add the Proxy Set for the Direct Routing Service. The table below shows an example of the configuration. You can change parameters according to requirements.

ID	Name	SBC IPv4 SIP Interface	Proxy Keep Alive	Proxy Hot Swap	Proxy Load Balancing Method	DNS Resolve Method
1	SIP Trunk	SIPTrunk	Using OPTIONS	Enable		
2	Teams-Tenant-1	Teams-Tenant-1	Using OPTIONS	Enable	Random Weights	SRV
3	Teams-Tenant-2	Teams-Tenant-2	Using OPTIONS	Enable	Random Weights	SRV
4	Teams-Tenant-3	Teams-Tenant-3	Using OPTIONS	Enable	Random Weights	SRV

Table 2-9: Configuration Example: Proxy Set - Teams – Global FQDNs

3. Click Save.



Note: All other parameters can be left unchanged at their default values.

2.11.2 Configure a Proxy Address

This step shows how to configure a Proxy Address. The Proxy Address must be the same for all Proxy Sets.

> To configure a Proxy Address:

- 1. Open the Proxy Sets table (Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > Proxy Sets) and then click the Proxy Set **Teams**.
- 2. Click **Proxy Address** (see this in Figure 2-16 above).
- 3. Click **+New** to add the DNS name of the Direct Routing interface (teams.local), select the **TLS** transport type and then click **Save**.

Table 2-10: Configuration Example: Proxy Address

Parameter	Value
Proxy Address	teams.local (See also Section 2.13, 'Configure the Internal SRV Table')
Transport Type	TLS



Note: All other parameters can be left unchanged at their default values.

Figure 2-24: Configured Proxy Address

IP NETWORK SIGNALINGAMEDIA	ACMENISTRATION	D M	oty, parameter, value
TOPOLOGY VIEW	Proxy Sets [#1] > F	roxy Address (1)	
CORE ENTITIES			
Applications Enabling	New East	Page []of 1] Show [10 •] re	conds per page
SRDs (T)	INDEX 1	PROXY ADDRESS	TRANSPORT TYP
SIP Interfaces (2)	0	Tearraiteal	TLS.
Media Realms (1)			
Proxy Sets (2)			
IP Groups (3)			
) CODERS & PROFILES			
+ SBC	#0		
▶ GATEWAY			
> SP DEFINITIONS	GENERAL		
	Proxy Address	Tearrisiocal	
F RESSAUE MARKINGATION	Transport Type	* TLS	



Note: Proxy Address must be configured for the SIP Trunk Proxy set.

2.12 Configure the Dial Plan Table

For deployments requiring hundreds of routing rules (which may exceed the maximum number of rules that can be configured in the IP-to-IP Routing table), you can employ tags to represent the many different calling (source URI user name) and called (destination URI user name) prefix numbers in your routing rules. Tags are typically implemented when you have users of many different called and/or calling numbers that need to be routed to the same destination (e.g., IP Group or IP address). In such a scenario, instead of configuring many routing rules to match all the required prefix numbers, you need only to configure a single routing rule using the tag to represent all the possible prefix numbers.

The Dial Plan (TeamTenants) will be configured with a *tenant* tag per prefix.

- > To configure Dial Plans:
- Open the Dial Plan table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SIP Definitions folder > Dial Plan).
- 2. Click **New** and then configure a Dial Plan name (TeamTenants) according to the parameters described in the table below.
- 3. Click Apply.
- 4. In the Dial Plan table, select the row for which you want to configure dial plan rules and then click the **Dial Plan Rule** link located below the table; the Dial Plan Rule table appears.
- 5. Click **New**; the following dialog box appears:

Figure 2-25: Dial Plan Rule Table - Add Dialog Box

Dial Plai	n Rule		-	x
				*
	GENERAL			
	Index	1		
	Name			
	Prefix			
	Тад			
				Ŧ

6. Configure a dial plan rule according to the parameters described in the table below.

Table 2-11: Dial Plan TeamTenants

Name	Prefix	Тад
Enterprise1	+1909xxxxx	Tenant1
Enterprise2	+1709xxxxx	Tenant2
Enterprise3	+1809xxxxx	Tenant3

7. Click **Apply** and then save your settings to flash memory.

2.13 Configuring Call Setup Rules

The Call Setup Rules table lets you configure up to 40 Call Setup rules. Call Setup rules define various sequences that are run upon receipt of an incoming call (dialog) at call setup, before the device routes the call to its destination.

> To configure a Call Setup rule:

- 1. Open the Call Setup Rules table (Setup menu > Signaling & Media tab > SIP Definitions folder > Call Setup Rules).
- 2. Click **New**; the following dialog box appears:

Figure 2-26: Call Setup Rules Table - Add Dialog Box

Call Setup Rules					
					<u>ħ</u>
GENERAL			ACTION		
Index	¢.		Action Subject		Editor
Rules Set ID	٥		Action Type	Add	v.
Query Type	None	~	Action Value		Editor
Query Target					
Search Key		Editor			
Attributes To Get					
Row Role	Use Current Condition	<u>٢</u>			
Condition		Editor			

Configure a Call Setup rule according to the parameters described in the table below.
 Table 2-12: Call Setup Rules Table

Index	Rules Set ID	Query Target	Search Key	Condition	Action Subject	Action Type	Action Value
0	0			var.session.0 == "	var.session.0	Modify	Param.IPG.Src.Tags.Tenant
1	0				DstTags.Tenant	Modify	'SIPTrunk'
2	1	TeamsTenants	Param.Call .Dst.User	var.session.0 == "	var.session.0	Modify	DialPlan.Result
3	1			var.session.0 != "	DstTags.Tenant	Modify	Var.Session.0

4. Click **Apply** and then save your settings to flash memory.

2.14 Configure a Coder Group

The coder group defines which codecs to use during calls. The coder group is assigned to IP Profiles (see the next step).

To configure a Coder Group:

- 1. Open the Coder Groups table (Setup > Signaling and Media > Coders and Profiles> Coder Groups).
- 2. From the 'Coder Group Name' dropdown, select **1:Does Not Exist** and add the required codecs as shown in the figure below.

				ARD								Save		Actions •
NETWORK SIGNALING & MEDIA ADMIN	STRATION													D a
SRD All Y														
TOPOLOGY VIEW	Coder Gro	ups												
CORE ENTITIES								1.00						
Applications Enabling SRDs (1)				Coder Grou	p Name []	: AudioCode	rsGroups_1	V Delete G	oup					
SIP Interfaces (3)		Coder Name		Packetizat	ion Time	Rat	e :	Payload Ty	96	Silence Suppre	ssion		Coder Specific	
Media Realms (2)	SILK	NB	× .	20	×	8	×	103		N/A	~	8		
Proxy Sets (3)	SILK	WB	~	20	~	16	~	104		N/A	Y			
IP Groups (3)	6.71	A-law	~	20	×	64	¥	8		Disabled	~			
	6.71	U-law	\times	20	Y	64	Y	0		Disabled	×.			
						8	~	18	1	Disabled	~			
P MEDIA	6.72		~	20	~				_					
A CODERS & PROFILES	6.72		~	20	v		~				~			
CODERS & PROFILES	6.72			20	~						~			
P MEDIA CODERS & PROFILES IP Profiles (3)	6.72			20							2 0 0 2 2			
A CODERS & PROFILES IP Profiles (3) Coder Settings	6.72			20										

Figure 2-27: Configured Coder Group

3. Click **Apply** and confirm the configuration change in the prompt that pops up.

2.15 Configure an IP Profile

An IP Profile is a set of parameters with user-defined settings related to signaling (e.g., SIP message terminations such as REFER) and media (e.g., coder type).

An IP Profile can later be assigned to specific IP calls (inbound and/or outbound).

To configure an IP Profile:

- 1. Open the Proxy Sets table (Setup > Signaling and Media > Coders and Profiles > IP Profiles).
- 2. Click **+New** to add the IP Profile for the Direct Routing interface. Configure the parameters using the table below as reference.

Parameter	Value
Name	Teams (arbitrary descriptive name)
Remote re-INVITE	Supported only with SDP
Remote Delayed Offer Support	Not Supported
Remote REFER Mode	Handle Locally
SBC Media Security Mode	SRTP
SBC Media Security Method	SDES (for TAP only, as DTLS is unsupported at present. When the General Availability (GA) version of Teams will be announced, the recommended method will be DTLS)
Extension Coders Group	Audio_Coders_Groups_1 (from the previous step)
ICE Mode	Lite (Required only Teams is set with Media bypass)

Table 2-13: Configuration Example: Teams IP Profile

All other parameters can be left unchanged at their default values.

Table 2-14: Configuration Example: SIPTrunk IP Profile

Parameter	Value
Name	SIPTrunk (arbitrary descriptive name)
Remote REFER Mode	Handle Locally
SBC Media Security Mode	RTP

All other parameters can be left unchanged at their default values.

2.16 Configure an IP Group (per Tenant)

An IP group represents a SIP entity. This section shows how to configure one.

- **To configure an IP Group:**
- 1. Open the IP Groups table (Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > IP Group).
- 2. Click **+New** to add an IP Group for the Direct Routing interface. Configure the parameters using the table below as reference.

Table 2-15	Configuration	Example: IP	Group -	Teams Glob	al FODNs
	Configuration	LAINPIE.	Oloup -		

Ind	IP Group Name	Media Realm	Classify by ProxySet	Proxy Set ID	Local Host Name	Call Setup Rules Set ID	Tags	Always Use Src Address	IP Profile	DTLS Context
0	Not Used									
1	SIP Trunk	LAN	Enable	SIPTrunk		1	Tenant=SIPTrunk		SIPTrunk	
2	Teams– Tenant-1 (arbitrary descriptive name)	Teams	Disable	Teams– Tenant- 1	<fqdn in<br="" name="" of="" tenant="" your="">SBC>. For example, sbc1.customers.ACeducation.info.</fqdn>	0	Tenant=Tenant1	Yes	Teams	Teams
3	Teams– Tenant-2	Teams	Disable	Teams– Tenant- 2	<fqdn in<br="" name="" of="" tenant="" your="">SBC>. For example, sbc2.customers.ACeducation.info.</fqdn>	0	Tenant=Tenant2	Yes	Teams	Teams
4	Teams– Tenant-3	Teams	Disable	Teams– Tenant- 3	<fqdn in<br="" name="" of="" tenant="" your="">SBC>. For example, sbc3.customers.ACeducation.info.</fqdn>	0	Tenant=Tenant3	Yes	Teams	Teams

All other parameters can be left unchanged at their default values.

2.17 Configure the Internal SRV Table

The Internal SRV table resolves host names to DNS A-Records. Three different A-Records can be assigned to each host name, where each A-Record contains the host name, priority, weight, and port.

> To configure the internal SRV Table:

- 1. Open the Internal SRV table (Setup > IP Network > DNS > Internal SRV).
- 2. Click +New to add the SRV record for teams.local and use the table below as configuration reference.

Parameter	Value
Domain Name	teams.local Note: FQDN is case-sensitive; configure in line with the configuration of the Teams Proxy Set (see under Section 2.9.2).
Transport Type	TLS
1 ST ENTRY	
DNS Name 1	sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com
Priority 1	1
Weight 1	1
Port 1	5061
2 ND ENTRY	
DNS Name 2	sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com
Priority 2	2
Weight 2	1
Port 2	5061
3 RD ENTRY	
DNS Name 3	sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com
Priority 3	3
Weight 3	1
Port 3	5061

Table 2-16: Configuration Example: Internal SRV Table

Use the figure below as reference.

IP NETWORK SIGNALING&MEDIA ADMI	NISTRATION				ړ) Entity, parameter, value
SRD All						
A NETWORK VIEW	Internal SRV (1)					
CORE ENTITIES						
▶ SECURITY	+ New Edit 💼		I≪ Page 1 of 1 → ►I	Show 10 🔻 records per pa	ige	Q
	INDEX 🗢	DOMAIN NAME	TRANSPORT TYPE	DNS NAME 1	DNS NAME 2	DNS NAME 3
▶ QUALITY	0	teams.local	TLS	sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com	sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com	r sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.co
▶ RADIUS & LDAP						
ADVANCED	#0					Edit
⊿ DNS	GENERAL			2ND ENTRY		
Internal DNS (1)	Domain Name	• teams.local		DNS Name 2	sip2.pstnhub.microsol	ft.com
Internal SRV (1)	Transport Type	• TLS		Priority 2	• 2	
WEB SERVICES				Weight 2	• 1	
HTTP PROXY	1ST ENTRY			Port 2	• 5061	
	DNS Name 1	 sip.pstnhub.micros 	oft.com			
	Priority 1	• 1		3RD ENTRY		
	Weight 1	• 1		DNS Name 3	 sip3.pstnhub.microsol 	ft.com
	Port 1	• 5061		Priority 3	• 3	
				Weight 3	• 1	
				Port 3	• 5061	

Figure 2-28: Configured Internal SRV Table

2.18 Configure SRTP

By default, SRTP is disabled.

> To enable SRTP:

- Open the Media Security page (Setup > Signaling and Media > Media > Media Security).
- Set the parameter 'Media Security' to **Enable**; configure the other parameters using the table below as reference.

Table 2-17: Configuration Example: Media Security

Parameter	Value
Media Security	Enable
Media Security Behavior	Preferable - Single Media

Figure 2-29: Configured Media Security Parameter

Media Security					
GENERAL			AUTHENTICATION & ENCRYPTION		
Media Security	 Enable 	Ŧ	Authentication On Transmitted RTP Packets	Active	*
Media Security Behavior	Preferable	•	Encryption On Transmitted RTP Packets	Active	•
Offered SRTP Cipher Suites	• All	•	Encryption On Transmitted RTCP Packets	Active	٣
Aria Protocol Support	Disable	•	SRTP Tunneling Authentication for RTP	Disable	Ŧ
			SRTP Tunneling Authentication for RTCP	Disable	Ŧ
MASTER KEY IDENTIFIER					
Master Key Identifier (MKI) Size	• 1				
Symmetric MKI	 Enable 	Ŧ			

Click Save.

Click **Reset** to reset the device.

2.19 Configure SIP OPTIONS

SIP OPTIONS is an important mechanism used to monitor the connection from the AudioCodes SBC to the Microsoft Phone System. Microsoft Phone System requires the FQDN of the trunk sent in the 'CONTACT' field of SIP OPTIONS. The FQDN of the trunk is the name that was specified during the pairing that was performed in the customer's tenant, for example:

New-CSOnlinePSTNGateway -FQDN sbcX.Customers.ACeducation.info

The IP address of the SBC is by default sent in the 'CONTACT' field:

Contact: <sip:96.66.240.133>;tag=1c153541232

It's mandatory, however, that the 'CONTACT' field contains the FQDN of the SBC. More information about the requirements can be found at <u>Requirements for 'OPTIONS' messages</u> <u>syntax</u>.

Use the Message Manipulation Rules to configure sending the FQDN in the 'CONTACT' header of SIP OPTIONS.

2.19.1 Configure FQDN in Contact Header of OPTIONS Message using Message Manipulations Sets (per Tenant)

This method allows manipulation of the 'CONTACT' header based on the Destination address of the entity. For example,

SIP OPTIONS going to sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com should be in the format: Contact:123456789@sbcX.Customers.ACeducation.info

The method will not function if you need to send a different FQDN in the 'Contact' header to multiple entities.

- > To configure the Message Manipulations Table:
- 1. Open the Message Manipulations page (Signaling and Media > Message Manipulation > Message Manipulations).
- 2. Configure a new Message Manipulation Set as shown below.

Index	Manipulation Name	Man Set ID	Message Type	Condition	Action Subject	Action Type	Action Value
0	Teams–Tenant- 1	2	OPTIONS	param.message.address.ds t.sipinterface=='2' (The ID assigned to the SIP Interface by the system; view the SIP interfaces and identify the Index value assigned to Teams – <tenant name="">)</tenant>	header.contact.url.h ost	Modify	'sbc1.Customers.ACeducation .info'
1	Teams–Tenant- 2	2	OPTIONS	param.message.address.ds t.sipinterface=='3'	header.contact.url.h ost	Modify	'sbc2.Customers.ACeducation .info'
2	Teams–Tenant- 3	2	OPTIONS	param.message.address.ds t.sipinterface=='4'	header.contact.url.h ost	Modify	'sbc3.Customers.ACeducation .info'

Table 2-18: Configuration Example



Note: If modification of the OPTIONS request header itself is required, for example, instead of sending **OPTIONS 99.66.240.132 SIP/2.0** it's required to send **OPTIONS sip:sbc@sbc.ACeducation.info SIP/2.0**, you must specify the Action Subject header.request-uri.url

For a detailed description of the syntax used for configuring Message Manipulation rules, refer to the *SIP Message Manipulations Quick Reference Guide* on AudioCodes' website.

These rules will not apply automatically. For them to work, you must activate this set.

- > To activate this set:
- 1. Open https://<SBCFQDN or IP > /AdminPage.
- 2. Go to 'ini Parameters'.

Table 2-19: Activating 'OPTIONS' Manipulation Set

Parameter	Value
Parameter Name	GWOutboundManipulationSet
Enter Value	2 (Message Manipulation Set ID configured in the previous step)

3. Click Apply New Value.

Figure 2-30: Activating 'OPTIONS' Manipulation Set



2.20 Configuring Message Condition Rules

The Message Condition table lets you configure up to 20 Message Condition rules.

A Message Condition defines special conditions (requisites) for incoming SIP messages. These rules can be used as additional matching criteria for the IP-to-IP routing rules in the IP-to-IP Routing table.

Condition #0 verifies that the Contact header contains Teams FQDN.

Table 2-20: Condition Table

Index	Name	Condition
0	Teams-Contact	header.contact.url.host contains 'pstnhub.microsoft.com'

2.21 Configuring Classification Rules (per Tenant)

The Classification table lets you configure up to 102 Classification rules. A Classification rule classifies incoming SIP dialog-initiating requests (e.g., INVITE messages) to a "source" IP Group. The source IP Group is the SIP entity that sent the SIP dialog request. Once classified, the device uses the IP Group to process the call (manipulation and routing).

You can also use the Classification table for employing SIP-level access control for successfully classified calls, by configuring Classification rules with whitelist and blacklist settings. If a Classification rule is configured as a whitelist ("Allow"), the device accepts the SIP dialog and processes the call. If the Classification rule is configured as a blacklist ("Deny"), the device rejects the SIP dialog.

- > To configure a Classification rule:
- 1. Open the Classification table (Setup > Signaling & Media > SBC > Classification Table).
- 2. Click New.
- **3.** Configure the Classification rule according to the parameters described in the table below.

Index	Name	Source SIP Interface	Message Condition	Destination Host	Action Type	Source IP Group
1	Teams– Tenant-1	Teams– Tenant-1	Teams- Contact	sbc1.customers.ACeducation.info	Allow	Teams– Tenant-1
2	Teams– Tenant-2	Teams– Tenant-2	Teams- Contact	sbc2.customers.ACeducation.info	Allow	Teams– Tenant-2
3	Teams– Tenant-3	Teams– Tenant-3	Teams- Contact	sbc3.customers.ACeducation.info	Allow	Teams– Tenant-3

Table 2-21: Classification Rules

4. Click Apply.

2.22 Configure IP to IP Routing

IP to IP routing defines the routes for forwarding SIP messages received from one entity, to another entity.

The SBC selects the rule based on input characteristics, for example, calls originating from an IP Group. If multiple rules are defined, they'll be evaluated in order, and the first matching rule will apply.

The example shown in the table below only covers IP to IP routing, though you can route the calls from TDM connections. See AudioCodes' SBC documentation for more information on how to route in other scenarios.

The following IP-to-IP routing rules will be defined:

- OPTIONS SBC Termination
- Calls from Destination Tag (SIP Trunk or Teams Direct Routing)

To configure a route rule:

- Open the IP-to-IP Routing table (Setup > Signaling and Media > SBC > Routing > IPto-IP Routing).
- Click +New.
- Configure the rule using the example in the table below as reference.

Table 2-22: Configuration Example: OPTIONS Terminate

Parameter	Value
Name	OPTIONS Terminate (arbitrary name)
Destination Type	Dest Address
Destination Address	internal

The routing from the SIP Trunk to Direct Routing is dependent on the Class 4 switch routing method. The routing decision can be based on:

- Customer DID Range
- Trunk Context (TGRP)
- IP Interface
- SIP Interface (UDP/TCP Port)
- Tag Route base
- Etc.

The route shown in the table below is based on Tag Route. For more information, see AudioCodes' documentation suite

Table 2-23: Configuration Example: Routing from SIP Trunk to Direct Routing

Parameter	Value
Name	SIP Trunk to Direct Routing (arbitrary name)
Source IP Group	Any
Destination Type	Destination Tag
Routing Tag Name	Tenant

Configuring an SBC to Suppress Call Line ID 2.23

This section shows how to configure an SBC in two steps when Forward P-Asserted-Identity header is included with the Privacy ID header. This allows:

- Suppressing all IDs
- Suppressing only the Forward P-Asserted-Identity header and allowing the From header
- \geq To override the Privacy:
- Use Outbound Manipulations: Set their 'Privacy Restriction Mode' to Remove Restriction; the P-Asserted-Identity header will remain and no privacy will apply.

Manipulated Item	Source URI	,
Remove From Left	0	
Remove From Right	0	
Leave From Right	255	
Prefix to Add		
Suffix to Add		

Figure 2-31: Privacy Restriction Mode

- \succ To suppress the Forward P-Asserted-Identity header if required by the customer:
- (In addition to the previous step above) Use Teams' IP Profile to set the 'P-Asserted-Identity Header Mode' to **Remove**:

Figure 2-32: P-Asserted-Identity Header Mode

SBC SIGNALING	
PRACK Mode	Transparent
P-Asserted-Identity Header Mode	Remove

3 Verify the Pairing between the SBC and Direct Routing

After you've paired the SBC with Direct Routing using the New-CsOnlinePSTNGateway cmdlet, validate that the SBC can successfully exchange OPTIONs with Direct Routing.

> To validate the pairing using SIP OPTIONS:

- 1. Open the Proxy Set Status page (Monitor > VOIP Status > Proxy Set Status).
- 2. Find the Direct SIP connection and verify that 'Status' is online. If you see a failure, you need to troubleshoot the connection first, before configuring voice routing.

Proxy Sets Sta	tus		This page refreshes every 60 seco	sda				
PROVI SET ID	MODE	XEEP ALME	ADDRESS	PRIORITY.	WEIGHT	SUCCESS COUNT	FALURE COUNT	STATUS
	Load Balancing	Enabled						ONLINE
			192.168.1.125:5067(%)			3250	5	ONLINE
	Packing	Disabled						ONLINE
			206.80.250.500(*)	*)	10 C	0	0	
	Parking	Enabled						ONLINE
			adarum goth twillo com(54 172.60.2)(*)	a);	40 C	31	1	ONLINE
			adatum psth bellio.com/54 172.60.38*)		÷	0	0	ONLINE
			adatum prin twillo com/54 172.60.18*5	(e)	8.	0		ONLINE
			adatum poth twillo com(54 172.60.00*)			0	8	ONLINE
3	Parking	Enabled						ONLINE
			teams local(\$2.114.76.76.50618*)	1.	1.00	40	2	ONLINE
			teams local(\$2,114,132,46,50618*)	2	1.00	45	0	ONLINE
			teamplocal(52,114,7,24,5061)(*)	3	0.00	42	3.	ONLINE

Figure 3-1: Proxy Set Status



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4 Make a Test Call

After installation is complete, you can run a test call from the SBC to a registered user, and in the other direction as well. Running a test call will help to perform diagnostics and to check the connectivity for future support calls or setup automation.

Test calls can be performed using the Test Agent, integral to AudioCodes' SBC. The Test Agent gives you the ability to remotely verify connectivity, voice quality and SIP message flow between SIP UAs.

A simulated endpoint can be configured on the SBC to test SIP signaling of calls between the SBC and a remote destination. This feature is useful because it can remotely verify SIP message flow without involving the remote end in the debug process. The SIP test call simulates the SIP signaling process: Call setup, SIP 1xx responses, through to completing the SIP transaction with a 200 OK.

The test call sends Syslog messages to a Syslog server, showing the SIP message flow, tone signals (e.g., DTMF), termination reasons, as well as voice quality statistics and thresholds (e.g., MOS).

To configure the Test Agent:

- Open the Test Call Rules table (Troubleshooting > Troubleshooting > Test Call > Test Call Rules).
- To start, stop and restart a test call:
- 1. In the Test Call Rules table, select the required test call entry.
- 2. From the 'Action' dropdown, choose the required command:
 - Dial: Starts the test call (applicable only if the test call party is the caller).
 - **Drop Call**: Stops the test call.
 - **Restart**: Ends all established calls and then starts the test call session again.



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5 Tenant Provisioning Script

The CLI script below implements a Direct Routing Tenant based on this Configuration Note.

- The script is based on the assumption that a permanent configuration, not unique to a specific Direct Routing Tenant, is already configured (e.g., Condition Table, IP-to-IP Routing, etc.).
- Red = variables that must be set/changed for each tenant.
- Green = constants unique to this Configuration Note; may vary according to customer setup.

Access the CLI using Telnet and then log in with user credentials (Default: Admin/Admin).

```
en
Admin (Password)
configure voip
sip-interface new
interface-name <"TBD-SIPInt"> (e.g. "Teams-Tenant-1")
network-interface "WAN"
application-type sbc
udp-port 0
tcp-port 0
tls-port <TBD-Tenant Listening> (e.g. 5067)
tls-context-name "Teams"
tcp-keepalive-enable enable
classification_fail_response_type 0
media-realm-name "Teams"
topology-location up
exit
proxy-set new
proxy-name <TBD-PrSet> (e.g. "Teams-Tenant-1")
sbcipv4-sip-int-name <TBD-SIPInt>
                                     (e.g. "Teams-Tenant-1")
proxy-enable-keep-alive using-options
proxy-load-balancing-method random-weights
is-proxy-hot-swap enable
dns-resolve-method srv
proxy-ip new
proxy-address "teams.local"
transport-type tls
exit
activate
exit
ip-group new
name <TBD-IPGroup> (e.g. Teams-Tenant-1)
proxy-set-name <TBD-PrSet> (e.g. Teams-Tenant-1)
ip-profile-name "Teams"
sip-group-name "sbcl.customers.aceducation.info"
local-host-name "sbcl.customers.aceducation.info"
```

C audiocodes

```
always-use-source-addr enable
sbc-dial-plan-name TeamTenants
tags Tenant=<TBD-Tenant> (e.g. Tenant1)
classify-by-proxy-set disable
call-setup-rules-set-id 0
dtls-context "Teams"
activate
exit
sbc dial-plan 0 (e.g TeamsTenants)
   #(the below should repeat if the tenant has multiple DID ranges)
   dial-plan-rule new
   name <Customer/Tenant>
   prefix <"+123456">
   tag <"Tenant=Tenant1">
   exit
   #(repeat)
exit
message message-manipulations new
manipulation-name <TBD-Tenant> (e.g. "Teams-Tenant-1")
manipulation-set-id 2
message-type OPTIONS
condition "param.message.address.dst.sipinterface=='<TBD>'"
action-subject header.contact.url.host
action-type modify
action-value "`sbc2.Customers.ACeducation.info'"
exit
sbc classification new
classification-name <TBD-Tenant> (e.g. "Teams-Tenant-1")
message-condition-name "Teams-Contact"
src-sip-interface-name "Teams-Tenant-1"
dst-host "Sbcl.customers.ACeducation.info"
action-type allow
src-ip-group-name "Teams-Tenant-1"
exit
exit
do write
```

Α

Syntax Requirements for SIP Messages 'INVITE' and 'OPTIONS'

The syntax of SIP messages must conform with Direct Routing requirements.

This section covers the high-level requirements for the SIP syntax used in 'INVITE' and 'OPTIONS' messages. You can use the information presented here as a first step when troubleshooting unsuccessful calls. AudioCodes has found that most issues are related to incorrect syntax in SIP messages.

A.1 Terminology

Recommended	Not required, but to simplify troubleshooting it's recommended to configure as shown in the examples below.
Must	Strictly required. The deployment does not function correctly without the correct configuration of these parameters.

A.2 Syntax Requirements for 'INVITE' Messages

Figure A-1: Example of an 'INVITE' Message

```
INVITE sip:+97239764550esbc.ACeducation.intojuser=phone SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS sbc.aceducation.into:5068;alias;branch=z9hG4bKac1922410385
Max-Forwards: 69
From: "Tal Shl" <sip:+97239764270@sbc.ACeducation.info;user=phone>;tag=lc133776823;epid=C418C3BA39
To: <sip:+97239764556@sbc.ACeducation.info;user=phone>
Call-ID: 560804648269201/151418@sbc.ACeducation.info
CSeq: 1 INVITE
Contact: <sip:sbc.ACeducation.info:5068;transport=tls;ms-opaque=253de93336fd81f9>
Supported: 100ret,sdp-anat
ALLOW: ACK
Allow: CANCEL,BYE,INVITE,PRACK,UPDATE
```

Request-URI

- Recommended: Configure the SBC FQDN in the URI hostname when sending calls to the Direct Routing interface
- Syntax: INVITE sip: <phone number>@<FQDN of the SBC> SIP/2.0
- **Contact** header
 - Must: When placing calls to the Direct Routing interface, the 'CONTACT' header must have the SBC FQDN in the URI hostname
 - Syntax: Contact: <phone number>@<FQDN of the SBC>:<SBC Port>;<transport type>
 - If the parameter is not configured correctly, calls are rejected with a '403 Forbidden' message.

- To header
 - Recommended: When placing calls to the Direct Routing interface, the 'To' header can have the SBC FQDN in the URI hostname
 - Syntax: To: INVITE sip: <phone number>@<FQDN of the SBC>

The table below shows where in the Web interface the parameters are configured and where in this document you can find the configuration instructions.

Parameter	Where configured	How to configure
Request-URI	Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > IP Group> <group name=""> > SIP Group Name</group>	See AudioCodes' SIP Message Manipulation Reference Guide.
То	Signaling and Media > Message Manipulations > Manipulation Set Note that the Manipulation Set must be applied to the Teams IP Group as an Outbound Message Manipulation Set.	See AudioCodes' SIP Message Manipulation Reference Guide.
Contact	Setup > Signaling and Media > Core Entities > IP Group> <group name=""> > Local Host Name In IP Groups, 'Contact' must also be configured. In this field, define the local host name of the SBC as a string, for example, sbc.ACeducation.info. The name changes the host name in the call received from the IP group. For outbound calls, configure 'Local Host Name' in the IP Group setting.</group>	See Section 2.12.

Table A-1: Syntax Requirements for an 'INVITE' Message

A.3 Requirements for 'OPTIONS' Messages Syntax

Figure A-2: Example of 'OPTIONS' message

```
OPTIONS sip:sbc.ACeducation.info SIP/2.0
Via: SIP/2.0/TLS 195.189.192.159:5068;alias;branch=z9hG4bKac1404080305
Max-Forwards: 70
From: <sip:sbc.ACeducation.info>;tag=1c386006673
To: <sip:sbc.ACeducation.info>
Call-ID: 188403163931122017223248@195.189.192.159
CSeq: 1 OPTIONS
Contact: <sip:sbc.ACeducation.info:5068;transport=tls>
Allow: REGISTER,OPTIONS,INVITE,ACK,CANCEL,BYE,NOTIFY,PRACK,REFER,INFO,SUBSCRIBE,UPDATE
```

- **Contact** header
 - Must: When placing calls to the Direct Routing interface, the 'CONTACT' header must have the SBC FQDN in the URI hostname
 - Syntax: Contact: <phone number>@<FQDN of the SBC>:<SBC Port>;<transport type>
 - If the parameter is not configured correctly, the calls are rejected with a '403 Forbidden' message

Table A-2: Syntax Requirements for an 'OPTIONS' Message

Parameter	Where configured	How to configure		
Contact	Message Manipulation Set	See Section 2.15.		

A.4 Connectivity Interface Characteristics

The table below shows the technical characteristics of the Direct Routing interface.

In most cases, Microsoft uses RFC standards as a guide during development, but does not guarantee interoperability with SBCs - even if they support all the parameters in the table below - due to the specifics of the implementation of the standards by SBC vendors.

Microsoft has a partnership with some SBC vendors and guarantees their devices' interoperability with the interface. All validated devices are listed on Microsoft's website. Microsoft only supports devices *that are validated* in order to connect to the Direct Routing interface.

AudioCodes is one of the vendors who are in partnership with Microsoft.

AudioCodes' SBCs are validated by Microsoft to connect to the Direct Routing interface.

Category	Parameter	Value	Comments
Ports and IP ranges	SIP Interface FQDN Name	See Microsoft's document Deploying Direct Routing Guide.	
	IP Addresses range for SIP interfaces	See Microsoft's document Deploying Direct Routing Guide.	
	SIP Port	5061	
	IP Address range for Media	See Microsoft's document Deploying Direct Routing Guide.	
	Media port range on Media Processors	See Microsoft's document Deploying Direct Routing Guide.	
	Media Port range on the client	See Microsoft's document Deploying Direct Routing Guide.	
Transport	SIP transport	TLS	
and Security	Media Transport	SRTP	
	SRTP Security Context	DTLS, SIPS Note: Support for DTLS is pending. Currently, SIPS must be configured. When support for DTLS will be announced, it will be the recommended context.	https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5763
	Crypto Suite	AES_CM_128_HMAC_SH A1_80, non-MKI	
	Control protocol for media transport	SRTCP (SRTCP-Mux recommended)	Using RTCP MUX helps reduce the number of required ports
	Supported Certification Authorities	See the Deployment Guide	
	Transport for Media Bypass (of configured)	 ICE-lite (RFC5245) – recommended 	

Table A-3: Teams Direct Routing Interface - Technical Characteristics

Category	Parameter	Value	Comments
		 Client also has Transport Relays 	
	Audio codecs	 G711 Silk (Teams clients) Opus (WebRTC clients) - only if Media Bypass is used G729 	
Codecs	Other codecs	 CN Required narrowband and wideband RED - Not required DTMF - Required Events 0-16 Silence Suppression - Not required 	

B SIP Proxy Direct Routing Requirements

Microsoft Teams Direct Routing has three FQDNs:

- sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com [Global FQDN. The SBC attempts to use it as the first priority region. When the SBC sends a request to resolve this name, the Microsoft Azure DNS server returns an IP address pointing to the primary Azure datacenter assigned to the SBC. The assignment is based on performance metrics of the datacenters and geographical proximity to the SBC. The IP address returned corresponds to the primary FQDN.]
- sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com [Secondary FQDN. Geographically maps to the second priority region.]
- sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com [Tertiary FQDN. Geographically maps to the third priority region.]

These three FQDNs must be placed in the order shown above to provide optimal quality of experience (less loaded and closest to the SBC datacenter assigned by querying the first FQDN).

The three FQDNs provide a failover if a connection is established from an SBC to a datacenter that is experiencing a temporary issue.

B.1 Failover Mechanism

The SBC queries the DNS server to resolve **sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com**. The primary datacenter is selected based on geographical proximity and datacenters performance metrics.

If during the connection the primary datacenter experiences an issue, the SBC will attempt **sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com** which resolves to the second assigned datacenter, and in rare cases if datacenters in two regions are unavailable, the SBC retries the last FQDN (**sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com**) which provides the tertiary datacenter IP address.

The SBC must send SIP OPTIONS to all IP addresses that are resolved from the three FQDNs, that is, **sip.pstnhub.microsoft.com**, **sip2.pstnhub.microsoft.com** and **sip3.pstnhub.microsoft.com**.



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C SBC Dashboard Examples: SBC with Two Office 365 Teams Tenants

The figure below exemplifies an SBC dashboard showing an SBC with two Office 365 Teams tenants, where:

On the SBC, each tenant has a different SIP interface

Figure C-1: SBC with Two Office 365 Teams Tenants Each with a Different SIP Interface

PSTN /	IP Group [Server] IP Group [Server]
No Trunk croups *	#1[Teams • #2[Teams • + SIP Interface #1[Teams • + Classification > Number Manipulation >
Routing > GW DTMF & Dialing > GW Settings >	V Routing > SBC SBC Settings >
No SIP Interfaces +	xer] IP Group [Server] IP Group [Server] + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +

The figure below exemplifies an SBC dashboard showing an SBC with two Office 365 Teams tenants, where:

Each Teams site tenant is represented by an IP Group

PSTN /		Type: Server	WAN
No 7 Trunks EITT11 PS A Ports A Ports Curring	No SIP Interfaces +	Name: Teams MulticODNs:71 (SBC2) SPI interface: #2[Teams.171 (SBC2)] Media Realm: #1[Teams.171] IP Horline: #1[Teams] SIP Interface: #1[Teams] SIP Interface: #1[Teams] SIP Interface: #1[Teams] SIP Interface: #2[Teams] * Classification Number Manipulation Routing > SBC Settings	Media Realm #1]Teams
No SIP Inte	rfaces + <i>IP Group (Server)</i> #0[Defaul <i>IP Group (Server)</i> #0[Defaul	siP Interface #0[MP] + augo (Server) #16 Group (Server) #4[MP] +	Atecila Realm #O[LAN] +

Figure C-2: SBC with Two Office 365 Teams Tenants Each Represented by an IP Group

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