

# Managed Devices and Endpoints

Version 7.4



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## Related Documentation

Manual Name
Mediant 500 MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 500L MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 500L Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 800B Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 800B MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 1000B MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 2600 E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 3000 User's Manual
Mediant 4000 SBC User's Manual
Mediant 9000 SBC User's Manual
Mediant Software SBC User's Manual
One Voice Operations Center IOM Manual
AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center Product Description
One Voice Operations Center User's Manual
IP Phone Management Server Pro Administrator's Manual
IP Phone Manager Express Administrator's Manual
One Voice Operations Center Security Guidelines
One Voice Operations Center Integration with Northbound Interfaces
ARM User's Manual

## Document Revision Record

LTRT	Description
41606	Initial document release for Version 7.4
41607	<p>Update for correction to OVOC QoE - Connection Status Alarm (previously known as "Time Synchronization Alarm" )</p> <p>The following new alarms have been added: Floating License Extended; IP Phone Requires Reset; NGINX Configuration is not Valid; NGINX Process is not Running; Media Cluster Alarm; Remote Interface Alarm; HA Ethernet Group Alarm; HA Network Mismatch Alarm.</p> <p>The alarm HA Network Monitor Alarm was previously documented with an incorrect OID 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.55. The correct OID is 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.136.</p>
41608	<p>The following new alarms were added:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Cloud License Manager Alarm</li><li>▪ Floating License Alarm</li><li>• CLM Device Report Alarm</li><li>• CLM Register Successful Event</li><li>• CLM Register Failure Alarm</li><li>• CLM Failure to Send Usage Report Alarm</li><li>• CLM Failure to Send Extended Usage Report Alarm</li><li>• CLM Service Shutdown Alarm</li></ul>

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# 1 Introduction

This document describes alarms that are raised by OVOC and by AudioCodes devices and endpoints. These alarms are displayed in the One Voice Operations Center Web interface.

Supported alarms / events can fall into one of these three categories:

- Standard traps: traps originated by the media gateway / server - all the standard traps are treated as events.
- Proprietary alarms / events: traps originated by the media gateway / server and defined in the gateway proprietary MIB.
- EMS alarms / events: traps originated by the EMS application and defined in the EMS proprietary MIB.

To find out which traps are defined as Events refer to 'Alarm Name' or 'Alarm Title' fields in the table. All the events are marked with [Event] prefix. This is how events are marked in the EMS Alarms Browser and Alarms History windows.

Each alarm / event described in this section includes the following information:

## Information Included in Each Alarm

<b>Alarm Name</b>	The alarm name, as it appears in the EMS Alarm Browser.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Possible values of sources if applicable to a specific alarm. This value is displayed from the variable-binding tgTrapGlobalsSource. For the complete list of Managed Objects, refer to the Mediant 5000 / 8000 Programmers' User Manual.
<b>Severity</b>	Possible values of severities. This value is displayed from the variable-binding tgTrapGlobalsSeverity.
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Alarm type according to ITU X.733 definition. This value is displayed from the variable-binding tgTrapGlobalsType.
<b>Alarm Probable Cause</b>	Alarm probable cause according to ITU X.733 definition. This value is displayed from the variable-binding tgTrapGlobalsProbableCause.
<b>Description</b>	Textual description of specific problem. This value is displayed from the variable-binding tgTrapGlobalsTextualDescription. The document includes a few examples of the possible values of this field.
<b>Additional Info</b>	Additional information fields provided by MG application, depending on the specific scenario. These values are displayed from tgTrapGlobalsAdditionalInfo1, tgTrapGlobalsAdditionalInfo2 and tgTrapGlobalsAdditionalInfo3. The document includes a few examples of the possible values of this field.
<b>SNMP Trap Name</b>	NOTIFICATION-TYPE Name as it appears in the MIB.
<b>SNMP Trap OID</b>	NOTIFICATION-TYPE OID as it appears in the MIB.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Possible corrective action when applicable.

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## 2 Standard Events

### 2.1 Cold Start

#### Cold Start

<b>Description</b>	SNMPv2-MIB: A coldStart trap signifies that the SNMP entity, supporting a notification originator application, is reinitializing itself and that its configuration may have been altered.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	coldStart
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.1
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Cold Start
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Clear
<b>Additional Info1,2,3</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

### 2.2 Link Down

#### Link Down

<b>Description</b>	SNMPv2-MIB: A linkDown trap signifies that the SNMP entity, acting in an agent role, has detected that the ifOperStatus object for one of its communication links is about to enter the down state from some other state (but not from the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the included value of ifOperStatus.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	[Event] linkDown
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.3
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Link Down
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info1,2,3</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 2.3 Link Up

### Link Up

<b>Description</b>	SNMPv2-MIB: A linkUp trap signifies that the SNMP entity, acting in an agent role, has detected that the ifOperStatus object for one of its communication links left the down state and transitioned into some other state (but not into the notPresent state). This other state is indicated by the included value of ifOperStatus.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	[Event] linkUp
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.4
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Link Up
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Clear
<b>Additional Info1,2,3</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 2.4 Entity Configuration Change

### Entity Configuration Change

<b>Description</b>	Entity-MIB: An entConfigChange notification is generated when the value of entLastChangeTime changes.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	[Event] entConfigChange
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.2.1.47.2.0.1
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Entity Configuration Change
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Equipment Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Info
<b>Additional Info1,2,3</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-



## 2.5 Authentication Failure

### Authentication Failure

<b>Description</b>	SNMPv2-MIB: An authenticationFailure trap signifies that the SNMP entity has received a protocol message that is no properly authenticated. While all implementations of SNMP entities MAY be capable of generating this trap, the snmpEnableAuthenTraps object indicates whether this trap will be generated.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	[Event] authenticationFailure
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.6.3.1.1.5.5
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Authentication Failure
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info<sup>1,2,3</sup></b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

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## 3 Management Alarms

### 3.1 EMS Trap Receiver Binding Error

#### EMS Trap Receiver Binding Error

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is generated during server startup if an error occurs indicating that the SNMP trap receiver port is already taken.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSSnmpCannotBindError- 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.1
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] EMS Trap Receiver Binding Error
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Environmental Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Application Subsystem Failure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>Run netstats command to verify which application uses the alarms reception port (by default UDP post 162).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ EMS application: If it's busy, check which application uses this port. If it's not freed by the EMS application, restart the EMS Server application according to the equipment installation manual.</li><li>▪ Other network management application: change the EMS application and all managed gateways' default alarm reception ports.</li></ul>
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All the gateways managed by the EMS

## 3.2 GW Connection Alarm

### GW Connection Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Originated by the EMS when an SNMP Timeout occurs for the first time in the Media Gateway.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSNodeConnectionLostAlarm - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.3
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	GW Connection Alarm
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Communications Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Media Gateway
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications Subsystem Failure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	When an SBA is configured, displays the 'SBA Description' field.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>Communication problem: Try to ping the gateway to check if there is network communication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Default gateway alive: Open the network screen. Check the default gateway IP address and ping it.</li> <li>SNMP Community Strings: Verify that the community string defined in the EMS for the gateway matches the actual gateway community strings. To check the community string, right-click on the gateway, select the 'Details' menu. Default community strings: read = public, write = private.</li> <li>Hardware Problem: Check that the gateway is alive according to the LEDs. Verify that network and power cables are in place and plugged in.</li> </ul>
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All the gateways managed by the EMS

### 3.3 GW Mismatch Alarm

#### GW Mismatch Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>Activated when the EMS detects a hardware, software, predefine or configuration mismatch.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Software Mismatch:</b> Activated when the EMS detects a software version mismatch between the actual and the previous definition of the Media Gateway (for example, Version 4.0.353 instead of the previously defined 4.0.278). This is also the case when the new version is not defined in the Software Manager.</li> <li>• <b>Hardware Mismatch:</b> Activated when the EMS detects a hardware mismatch between the actual and the previous definition of a Media Gateway.</li> <li>• <b>Configuration Mismatch:</b> Activated when the EMS detects a configuration mismatch between the actual parameter values provisioned and previous parameter values provisioned.</li> </ul>
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSNoMismatchNodeAlarm - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.9
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	GW Mismatch Alarm
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Equipment Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Media Gateway/Software Media Gateway/Hardware Media Gateway/Configuration
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-

<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Software Mismatch: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Define the detected version in the EMS Software Manager</li> <li>✓ Perform a Software Upgrade on the gateway with one of the supported versions.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Hardware Mismatch: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Perform remove / add a gateway from the EMS tree in order to resync EMS and the gateway status</li> <li>✓ Verify in the Software Manager that an appropriate version exists for the hardware type displayed in the error message</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Configuration Mismatch: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>✓ Run Configuration Verification command in order to compare EMS configuration and actual MG configuration: <p><b>-MG configuration is incorrect:</b> use configuration download to update MG with correct configuration saved in the EMS database.</p> <p><b>-MG is correct, EMS is not updated:</b> use configuration upload to save a correct MG configuration in the EMS database.</p> </li> </ul> </li> <li>• Check the Actions Journal for recent updates of the gateway.</li> </ul>
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All the gateways managed by the EMS.

## 3.4 EMS Server Started

### EMS Server Started

<b>Description</b>	Originated each time the server is started or restarted (warm boot/reboot) by the EMS Watchdog Process
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSServerStartup- 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.11
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] EMS Server Started
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Communications Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All the gateways managed by the EMS.

## 3.5 Software Replaced

### Software Replaced

<b>Description</b>	Originates when the EMS discovers a software version replace between board versions, for example, from V4.6.009.004 to V4.6.152.003 (when both versions are managed by the EMS). Software Replace old version : <old version> new version <new version>
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSSoftwareReplaceAlarm- 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.14
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] Software Replaced
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Communications Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Info
<b>Additional Info</b>	If you initiated a performance measurements polling process before you initiated the software replacement process, the polling process is stopped.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	No action should be taken; this is an information alarm.
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All the gateways managed by the EMS.

## 3.6 Hardware Replaced

### Hardware Replaced

<b>Description</b>	Originated when the EMS discovers a different gateway (according to the MAC address) to what was initially defined, while the Hardware Type remains the same.  Hardware Replace is discovered by the MAC address and performed during Board Started trap.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSHardwareReplaceAlarm - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.15
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] Hardware Replaced
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Equipment Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Media Gateway
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	MediaPacks, Mediant 1000, Mediant 2000, Mediant 3000

## 3.7 HTTP/HTTPS Access Disabled

### HTTP/HTTPS Access Disabled

<b>Description</b>	Originated when HTTP access is disabled by EMS hardening but the EMS manages media gateways that require HTTP access for software upgrade. Originated on server startup.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSHHTTPDisabled - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.16
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] HTTP/HTTPS Access Disabled
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Environmental Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Application Subsystem Failure
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Separate the gateways between two EMS servers (secured & unsecured)
<b>Media Gateways</b>	Gateways using the HTTP server for the software upgrade procedure: MediaPacks, Mediant 1000, Mediant 2000, Mediant 3000

## 3.8 PM File Generated

### PM File Generated

<b>Description</b>	Originated when a PM file is generated in the EMS server, and it can be retrieved by a higher level management system.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSPmFileGenerate - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.18
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] PM File Generated
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Other
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Info
<b>Additional Info</b>	The performance summary data from<start polling interval time> to<timeStempFileTo> of media gateway<nodeIPAdd> was saved in PM file <fileName>.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All Gateways



## 3.9 PM Polling Error

### PM Polling Error

<b>Description</b>	Originated when a PM History stops collecting performance summary data from MG. Possible reasons are: NTP synchronization lost, Connection Loss, SW Mismatch, etc..
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSPmHistoryAlarm - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.19
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] PM Polling Error
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Other
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Minor
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>Verify in the 'Description' (see above) the reason why the PM history stopped.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the reason is 'NTP synchronization lost', verify that the gateway and the EMS Server machine are synchronized to the same NTP server and have accurate time definitions.</li> <li>When the reason is 'Software Mismatch', you can stop the PM history collection until the new version is added to the Software Manager.</li> <li>When the reason is 'Connection Loss' between the EMS Server and the gateway, polling continues automatically when the connection is re-established; the purpose of the alarm in this case is to inform users of missing samples.</li> </ul> <p>Note: The alarm continues to activate every 15 minutes unless you fix the problem or manually stop PM polling of the Gateway.</p>
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All Gateways

## 3.10 Cold Start Missed

### Cold Start Missed

<b>Description</b>	Originated when Carrier Grade Alarm System recognizes coldStart trap has been missed.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSNodeColdStartMissedEvent - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.20
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] Cold Start Missed
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Other
<b>AlarmSource</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Receive failure

<b>Severity</b>	Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All the managed Gateways

## 3.11 Security Alarm

### Security Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Activated when one of more Radius servers are not reachable. When none of the radius servers can be reached, a Critical Severity alarm is generated.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSSecurityAlarm - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.23
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	Security Alarm
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Processing Error Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management / Radius <#>
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Minor, Major, Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.12 Security Event

### Security Event

<b>Description</b>	This event is generated when a specific user is blocked after reaching the maximum number of login attempts, or when the EMS failed to sync EMS and Mediant 5000 / 8000 users.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSSecurityEvent - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.24
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	[Event] Security Event
<b>ItuAlarmType</b>	Other
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management / User Name, Management / User Sync
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.13 Topology Update Event

### Topology Update Event

<b>Description</b>	<p>This event is issued by the EMS when a Gateway or Region is added/removed/updated in the EMS application and includes the following information:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Action: Add / Remove / Update GW or Region</li><li>• Region Name</li><li>• GW Name</li><li>• GW IP</li></ul> <p>Note: For opening an EMS client in the MG context, the gateway IP address should be provided.</p>
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSTopologyUpdateEvent - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.25
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Topology Update
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other

<b>Additional Info</b>	<p>Additional Info 1 field will include following details:</p> <p>Region: X1 'X2' [GW: Y1 'Y2' 'Y3' 'Y4']</p> <p>X1 = Region ID (unique identifier in the EMS data base used for region identification)</p> <p>X2 = Region name as it defined by EMS operator</p> <p>Y1 = GW ID (unique identifier in the EMS data base used for GW identification)</p> <p>Y2 = GW Name as it defined by EMS operator</p> <p>Y3 = GW IP as it defined by EMS operator</p> <p>Y4 = GW Type as it identified by EMS during the first connection to the GW. If first connection was not successful during the add operation, it will trigger an 'Add GW' event with Unknown GW type, and 'Update GW' event once the initial connection to the GW has been successfull. The following GWs will be supported: MP,M1K, M2K, M3K, M5K, M8K</p> <p>Region details will always be part of the alarm, while GW info will be displayed when event is GW related.</p> <p>All the fields related to the GW will always be displayed to allow easy parsing.</p> <p>Examples:</p> <p>(Description=Add Region)      Region: 7 'Test Lab'</p> <p>(Description=Update Region)      Region: 7 'My Updated Region'</p> <p>(Description=Add GW)      Region: 7 'My Updated Region', GW: 22 'MG14' '1.2.3.4' 'Unknown', PM Polling: disabled</p> <p>(Description=Update GW)      Region: 7 'My Updated Region', GW: 22 'My MG 15' '4.5.6.7' 'M3K'</p> <p>(Description=Update GW)      Region: 7 'My Updated Region', GW: 22 'My MG 15' '4.5.6.7', PM Polling: enabled</p> <p>(Description=Remove GW)      Region: 7 'My Updated Region', GW: 22 'My MG 15' '4.5.6.7' 'M3K', Polling: enabled</p> <p>(Description=Remove Region)      Region: 7 'My Updated Region'</p>
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.14 Topology File Event

### Topology File Event

<b>Description</b>	This event is issued by the EMS when the Topology File is updated on the EMS Server machine. The Topology file is automatically updated upon the addition /removal of a Media Gateway or upon updates to the Media Gateway properties. For more information, refer to the <i>OAMP Integration Guide</i> .
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSTopologyFileEvent- 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.26
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Topology File
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Additional Info</b>	File Name: MGsTopologyList.csv
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.15 Synchronizing Alarms Event

### Synchronizing Alarms Event

<b>Description</b>	This event is issued when the OC is not able to retrieve the entire missing alarms list from the History table. Information regarding the number of retrieved alarms, and number of alarms OC failed to retrieve is provided in the Additional Info field.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSSyncAlarmEvent - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.27
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Synchronizing Alarms
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Additional Info</b>	Retrieved x missed alarms, failed to retrieve y alarms.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.16 Synchronizing Active Alarms Event

### Synchronizing Active Alarms Event

<b>Description</b>	This event is issued when the OC is not able to perform synchronization with the History alarms table, and instead performs synchronization with the Active Alarms Table.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	acEMSSyncActiveAlarmEvent - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.28
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Synchronizing Active Alarms
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.17 Alarm Supression Alarm

### Alarm Supression Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the EMS suppresses alarms (of the same alarm type and alarm source), once the number of such alarms reaches a configured threshold level in a configured interval (configured in the EMS in the Alarms Settings screen). When this alarm is sent, such alarms are not added to the EMS database and are not forwarded to configured destinations.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.42
<b>Alarm Title</b>	AlarmSuppressionAlarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Threshold crossed.
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Alarm Suppression activated
<b>Status Changes</b>	The alarm is cleared when in the subsequent interval, the number of such alarms falls below the configured threshold. Once the alarm is cleared, then these alarms are once more added to the EMS database and forwarded to configured destinations.
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Investigate the recurrence of such alarms.

## 3.18 EMS Keep Alive Alarm

### EMS Keep Alive Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that an SNMP Keep-alive trap has been sent from EMS to a third-party destination such as a Syslog server to indicate EMS liveness (configured in the EMS Alarms Settings window).
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	EMSKeepAliveAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.45
<b>Alarm Title</b>	EMS Keep Alive Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Default Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Management Keep-Alive
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 3.19 Pre-provisioning Alarm

### Pre-provisioning Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is generated when the operation for pre-provisioning the device upon initial connection to the EMS fails.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.46
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	Pre-Provisioning
<b>AlarmType</b>	operational/Violation
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The template file could not be applied to the device because there was a mismatch between the template file and the device's existing ini file or there was a mismatch between the device type and the firmware file applied to the device.
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	-

<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When this alarm is raised, you cannot reload configuration or firmware files to the device as it has already been connected to the EMS. Instead download these files to the device using the Software Manager and then use the 'Software Upgrade' action.</li> </ul> <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Remove the device from the EMS and then reconnect it i.e. repeat the pre-provisioning process.</li> </ul>
<b>Media Gateways</b>	All gateways managed by EMS.

## 3.20 Disk Space Alarm

### Disk Space Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm is issued in one of the following cases:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Archive Logs directory capacity has reached {0}%.</li> <li>The Oracle partition capacity has reached {0}%.</li> </ul>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEMSDiskSpaceAlarmCheck
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.51
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	Disk Space Alarm
<b>AlarmType</b>	Equipment Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Storage Capacity Problem
<b>Severity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>70% &lt; Minor</li> <li>80% &lt; Major</li> <li>90% &lt; Critical</li> </ul>
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Archive Logs directory: Free space in /ACEMS/NBIF/emsBackup/DBEMS/archive/ to avoid system failure.</li> <li>The Oracle partition: Free space using the command <code>rm -f /oracle/DIAG/diag/rdbms/dbems/dbems/trace/*.tr*</code> to avoid system failure.</li> </ul>
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-



## 3.21 Oracle Disk Space Alarm

### Oracle Disk Space Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the Oracle partition capacity has reached {0}%.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEMSNotEnoughOracleSpaceAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.52
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	Oracle Disk Space Alarm
<b>AlarmType</b>	Equipment Alarm
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Storage Capacity Problem
<b>Severity</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 70% &lt; Minor</li><li>• 80% &lt; Major</li><li>• 90% &lt; Critical</li></ul>
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Free space using the command <code>rm -f /oracle/DIAG/diag/rdbms/dbems/dbems/trace/*.tr*</code> to avoid system failure.
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

## 3.22 License Alarm

### License Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the EMS License approaches or reaches its expiration date or the EMS server machine ID is no longer valid.	
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acLicenseAlarm	
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.53	
<b>AlarmTitle</b>	License Alarm	
<b>AlarmType</b>	Other	
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Management	
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other	
<b>Additional Info</b>	Info1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Machine ID In The License Is {0}</li> <li>Expiration Date In The License Is {0}</li> </ul>	
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Contact your AudioCodes partner ASAP. Note that when notification that this license has expired is received, the server remains connected for a few minutes in order to allow the forwarding traps to northbound destinations.	
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-	
Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text
Critical	The license expiration date is less than equal to 7 days.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EMS License is about to expire in {0} days.</li> <li>EMS License is about to expire in 1 day.</li> <li>EMS License Will Expire Today</li> </ul>
Major	The license expiration date is more than 7 days and less than equal to 30 days.	EMS License is about to expire in {0} days.
Clear	The license expiration date is greater than 30 days.	-

### 3.23 Synchronizing Alarms

#### Synchronizing Alarms

<b>Description</b>	This event is sent out to an SMMP NBI using user defined alarms forwarding rules once the NMS has activated the ReSync Alarms feature.
<b>SNMP OID</b>	ac OCReSyncEvent - 1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.58
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Synchronizing Alarms
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Management
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-
<b>Media Gateways</b>	-

### 3.24 Floating License Extended

#### Floating License Extended

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when IP phones are added to OVOC and as a result licenses are extended beyond the pre-existing tenant allocation; where there are insufficient licenses currently allocated to the phone's designated tenant. In this case, OVOC checks the number of free available licenses (licensees that are not assigned to any tenant) and then takes 5% of the current tenant allocation (a minimum of five, or the remaining licenses) and dynamically adds them to the phone's tenant. The licenses are taken from the OVOC License "Managed Endpoints" feature license if the endpoint is managed by IP Phone Manager Pro or from the "Voice Quality Endpoints" feature if the phones are managed in the OVOC for Voice Quality ("QOE Supported" in OVOC Web). If both of these license features are managed for the endpoint, the license is taken according to the license availability for the respective tenant license allocation. For example, if the endpoint is licensed for both of these categories and there also insufficient licenses allocated for both categories, then the dynamic license allocation is separately executed and therefore separate events are raised.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	floatingLicenseExtended
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.61
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Floating License Extended
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The tenant on which the license is extended.

<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate (info)
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other

## 3.25 CLM Device Report Alarm

### CLM Device Report Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the device did not send a usage report for [calc duration] minutes or more.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acClmDeviceReportAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.62
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Floating license Device missing report
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Floating license/Device#[Device Id]
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other

## 3.26 CLM Register Successful Event

### CLM Registration Successful Event

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when OVOC successfully registers to CLM Cloud Service at [DNS address].
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acClmRegisterSuccessfulEvent
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.63
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Floating license Cloud Service registration successful
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Floating license
<b>Severity</b>	Info
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other

## 3.27 CLM Register Failure Alarm

### CLM Register Failure Alarm

<b>Description</b>	OVOC failed to register to CLM Cloud Service at [DNS address], Reason: [Error description or timeout]
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acClmRegisterFailureAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.64
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Fail to register to Cloud Service
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Floating license
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications Protocol Error

## 3.28 CLM Failure to Send Usage Report Alarm

### CLM Failure to Send Usage Report Alarm

<b>Description</b>	OVOC failed to send usage report to Floating License Cloud Service. Service will shutdown if problem not fixed by [estimated date].
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acClmFailToSendUsageReportAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.65
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Failed to send usage report to Cloud Service
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Floating license
<b>Severity</b>	MAJOR
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications Protocol Error

## 3.29 CLM Failure to Send Extended Usage Report Alarm

### CLM Failure to Send Extended Usage Report Alarm

<b>Description</b>	OVOC failed to send usage report to CLM Cloud Service. Service will shutdown if problem not fixed by [estimated date]
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCImFailToSendUsageReportExtendedAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.66
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Failed to send usage report to CLM Cloud Service
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Floating license
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications Protocol Error

## 3.30 CLM Service Shutdown Alarm

### CLM Service Shutdown Alarm

<b>Description</b>	CLM service shutdown, reason: failure to communicate with cloud service for $[(\text{ovocNoResponseHours}-144) * 60 / \text{ovocReportIntervalMin}]$ minutes.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCImServiceShutdownAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.67
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Service Shutdown
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Floating license
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communication
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Application Subsystem Failure

## 4 Voice Quality Package Alarms

### 4.1 OVOC QoE - Failed Calls Alarm

#### OVOC QoE - Failed Calls Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the failed calls threshold is crossed and is cleared when the failed calls ratio returns below the threshold value. The description field includes the info: Failed X1% of calls, X2 of X3 calls.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityRuleFailedCallsAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.30
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality - Failed Calls Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality/<Device Name> or Voice Quality/<Link Name> (According to provisioned scope)
<b>alarm type</b>	Quality of service alarm.
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The minimum or maximum threshold is crossed.
<b>Severity</b>	According to provisioned thresholds: critical, major or clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	Critical or Major severity threshold is Y%: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Critical Threshold: <b>5%</b> of calls (default)</li> <li>• Major Threshold: <b>3%</b> of calls (default)</li> </ul>
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Investigate the source (device or link) of the failed calls.

### 4.2 OVOC QoE – Poor Voice Quality Alarm

#### OVOC QoE - Poor Voice Quality Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the poor quality calls threshold is crossed and is cleared when the poor quality calls ratio returns below the threshold value. The description field includes the info: Poor Quality X1% of calls, X2 of X3 calls.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityRulePoorQualityCallsAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.31
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality – Voice Quality Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality/<Device Name> or Voice Quality/<Link Name> (According to provisioned scope)
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality of service alarm.
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The minimum or maximum threshold is crossed.
<b>Severity</b>	According to provisioned thresholds: critical, major or clear

<b>Additional Info</b>	<p>Critical or Major severity threshold is Y%:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Critical Threshold: <b>10%</b> of calls (default).</li> <li>• Major Threshold: <b>8%</b> of calls (default);</li> </ul>
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Investigate the source (device or link) of the poor quality calls.

## 4.3 OVOC QoE - Average Call Duration Alarm

### OVOC QoE - Average Call Duration Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm is raised when the average call duration time threshold is crossed and is cleared when the average call duration time ratio returns below the threshold value.</p> <p>The description field includes the info: Average Call Duration is X sec.</p>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityRuleAvrgCallDurationAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.32
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality – Average Call Duration Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality/<Device Name> or Voice Quality/<Link Name> (According to provisioned scope)
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality of service alarm.
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The minimum or maximum threshold is crossed.
<b>Severity</b>	According to provisioned thresholds: critical, major or clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	Critical or Major severity threshold is Y sec.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Investigate the source (device or link) reporting the excessive average call duration.



## 4.4 OVOC QoE - License Key Alarm

### OVOC QoE - License Key Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm is sent in the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the number of devices connected to the OC approaches or reaches license capacity (shown as 'Devices Number' in the EMS Server Manager License screen).</li> <li>When the number of sessions running on the OC approaches or reaches license capacity (shown as 'Voice Quality Sessions' in the EMS Server Manager License screen).</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityLicenseKeyAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.33		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality License key alarm.		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Key Expired		
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Contact your AudioCodes representative to obtain the required license key.		
Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text	Corrective Action
Critical	The number of currently running sessions/devices has reached 100% of the Voice Quality servers license capacity.	Current server load reached 100% of VOICE QUALITY License capacity.	-
Major	The number of currently running sessions/devices has reached 80% of Voice Quality servers license capacity.	Current server load reached 80% of Voice Quality License capacity.	-
Clear	The number of currently running sessions/devices has dropped below 80% of Voice Quality servers license capacity.	Clearing currently active device alarm.	-

## 4.5 OVOC QoE - System Load Alarm

### OVOC QoE - System Load Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm is sent when the Voice Quality system capacity is high and the system consequently becomes loaded.</p> <p>Three levels are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Minor - &gt; Events are not stored for green calls. Trend Info will not be displayed.</li> <li>• Major -&gt; Events are not stored. Trend Info will not be displayed.</li> <li>• Critical -&gt; Green calls are not stored.</li> </ul>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityCallDroppedAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.34
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality – System Load Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality of service alarm.
<b>Probable Cause</b>	AlarmProbableCauseType.THRESHOLDCROSSED
<b>Severity</b>	MINOR/ MAJOR/ CRITICAL
<b>Additional Info</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medium load level is reached - {0}%, {1} calls of {2}. /</li> <li>• High load level is reached - {0}%, {1} calls of {2}. /</li> <li>• Approaching maximal system capacity - {0}%, {1} calls of {2}.</li> </ul>
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Reduce the system load.

## 4.6 Call Details Storage Level Change

### OVOC QoE Call Details Storage Level Change

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the operator changes the Call Details Storage Level from one level to another.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityClientLoadFlagAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.35
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality – Call Details Storage Level has been changed.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality of service alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Threshold crossed.
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 4.7 Call Quality Monitoring Connection Status Alarm

### OVOC QoE - Call Quality Monitoring Connection Status Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when connectivity is lost between the managed Device and Voice Quality Package server.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSEMConnectionStatusAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.36		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality – OVOC QoE - Connection Status Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality/<Device Name> or Voice Quality/<Link Name> (According to provisioned scope)		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsSubsystemFailure		
<b>Additional Info</b>	<p>One of the following reasons will appear:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Server Time: {0}, Device Time: {1}.</li> <li>• Please check your NTP Configuration in Device.</li> <li>• NTP Servers are not configured in the Device.</li> <li>• Please make sure that time in OVOC QoE Server and Device is properly synchronized.</li> <li>• NTP configuration is correct, please check your network conditions (<u>Firewalls</u>, Ports, etc .) and make sure that NTP sync of OVOC QoE Server and/or Devices is performed correctly.</li> <li>• You have complex network configuration in OVOC <u>Mgmt</u>/OVOC QoE server. Please refer to OVOC <u>Mgmt</u> client / Help menu / OVOC <u>Mgmt</u> Configuration frame to verify network configuration.</li> </ul>		
<b>Corrective Action</b>	See above.		
Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text	Corrective Action
Critical	Insufficient memory buffer.	There isn't enough buffer size to allocate for main messages queue of this board.	The OVOC server has reached its maximum management capacity. Contact AudioCodes Customer Support.
	Connection loss between OVOC and the device.	OVOC QoE connection lost.	Check your network configuration on both the device and OVOC server.
	Server and Device are not synchronized.	Server Time: {0}, Device Time: {1}.	Check your NTP Configuration in device.

Clear	Sufficient memory buffer is allocated.	OVOC QoE Server succeed allocating buffer for main messages queue of this board.	
	Connection is established between the device and OVOC.	OVOC QoE connection established. Server and Device are now Synchronized.	
	Synchronization between server and device.	Server and Device are now Synchronized.	

## 4.8 OVOC QoE - Skype for Business SQL Server Connection Lost Alarm

### OVOC QoE - Skype for Business SQL Server Connection Lost Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when there is no connectivity with the Lync SQL Server database.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMSLyncConnectionAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.37
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality AD Lync Connection Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Skype for Business/Lync SQL Server
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communications alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications sub-system failure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check the Lync SQL server for problems.

## 4.9 OVOC QoE - Active Directory Server Connection Lost Alarm

### OVOC QoE - Active Directory Server Connection Lost Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when there is no connectivity with the Active Directory LDAP server.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityMSLyncADServerAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.38
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality MS Lync AD Server Alarm

<b>Alarm Source</b>	Active Directory LDAP server
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communications alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications sub-system failure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	Voice Quality - AD Lync connection alarm
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check the MS Lync AD server for problems.

## 4.10 OVOC QoE - Media Bandwidth Alarm

### OVOC QoE - Media Bandwidth Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the media bandwidth for the node or link falls below or exceeds the threshold values configured in the Voice Quality Quality Alerts window.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityRuleBandwidthAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.43
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Voice Quality Rule Bandwidth Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality of service alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Threshold crossed
<b>Severity</b>	According to provisioned thresholds: critical, major or clear.
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Maximum Bandwidth of X Kb/sec
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check the node's or link's maximum bandwidth capacity matches the required capacity.

## 4.11 OVOC QoE - Rule Max Concurrent Calls Alarm

### OVOC QoE - Rule Max Concurrent Calls Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the maximum concurrent calls for the node or link falls below or exceeds the threshold values configured in Voice Quality Quality Alerts window.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acVoice QualityRuleMaxConcurrentCallsAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.44
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Rule Max Concurrent Calls Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality of service alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Threshold crossed.
<b>Severity</b>	According to provisioned thresholds: critical, major or clear
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Max Concurrent Calls of X
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check that the node's or link's maximum number of concurrent calls matches the required capacity.

## 5 Endpoint Alarms

### 5.1 Registration Failure Alarm

#### IP Phone Registration Failure Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a SIP registration (with a PBX) for the IP Phone fails.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneRegisterFailure
<b>OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.39
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Registration Failure
<b>Alarm Source</b>	IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm(1)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError(5)
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Corrective Action</b>	The problem is typically not related to the phone, but to the server. The user/phone may not be defined, or may be incorrectly defined, or may previously have been defined but the username (for example) may have been changed, causing the registration to fail. Make sure the username and password credentials are identical in the server and phone, and weren't changed; server-phone credentials must be synchronized. Make sure the server is responsive.

### 5.2 Lync Survivable Mode Start Alarm

#### IP Phone Survivable Mode Start Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the IP Phone enters Survivable mode state with limited services in the Microsoft Lync environment.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneSurvivableModeStart
<b>OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.40
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Survivable Mode Start
<b>Alarm Source</b>	IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other(0)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	other (0)
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Corrective Action</b>	The problem is typically not related to the phone, but to the server or network. Make sure all servers in the enterprise's network are up. If one is down, limited service will result.

## 5.3 Lync Login Failure Alarm

### IP Phone Lync Login Failure Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the IP Phone fails to connect to Microsoft Lync Server during sign in.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneLyncLoginFailure
<b>OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.41
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Lync Login Failure
<b>Alarm Source</b>	IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm(1)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError(5)
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	TlsConnectionFailure NtpServerError
<b>Corrective Action</b>	This alarm may typically occur if the user is not registered - or is registered incorrectly - in the Lync Server. Make sure that username, password and PIN code are correctly configured and valid in the Lync Server. Try resetting them. Try redefining the user.

## 5.4 Endpoint License Alarm

### Endpoint License Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm is issued for the following scenarios:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the number of endpoints currently running on the Voice Quality server (shown as 'IP Phones Number' under 'Voice Quality' in the EMS Server Manager License screen) approaches or reaches its license capacity.</li> <li>When the number of endpoints currently running on the EMS server (shown as 'IP Phones Number' under 'EMS for IP Phones' in the EMS Server Manager License screen) approaches or reaches its license capacity.</li> </ul>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEndpointLicenseAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.48
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Endpoint License Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality/Management
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Key Expired
<b>Additional Info</b>	Endpoint License capacity {0} devices.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Contact your AudioCodes partner ASAP



Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text	Corrective Action
Critical	Currently connected devices are equivalent to 100% of Endpoints License capacity.	Currently running devices reached 100% of Endpoints License capacity.	-
Major	Currently connected devices are equivalent to reached 80% of Endpoints License capacity.	Currently running devices reached 80% of Endpoints License capacity.	-
Clear	Clearing currently active alarm	Clear - Clearing currently active alarm.	-

## 5.5 Endpoint Server Overloaded Alarm

### Endpoint Server Overloaded Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the Voice Quality Endpoint server process is overloaded with RFC 6035 Publish messages. This causes new RFC 6035 SIP PUBLISH messages ( ) to be dropped from the queue for this process.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEndpointServerOverloadAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.49
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Endpoint Server Overloaded Alarm
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Voice Quality Endpoint Server Overloaded! New Publish Messages Dropped
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Voice Quality
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Queue Size exceeded
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	Maximum Endpoint Server waiting queue size {0}.

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the Voice Quality Endpoint server process is overloaded with RFC 6035 Publish messages. This causes new RFC 6035 SIP PUBLISH messages () to be dropped from the queue for this process.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEndpointServerOverloadAlarm
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Reduce the endpoint traffic load on the EMS server.

## 5.6 IP Phone Speaker Firmware Download Failure

### IP Phone Speaker Firmware Download Failure

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the phone fails to download the Jabra speaker firmware from the server (see Alarm Source).
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneSpeakerFirmDownloadFailure
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.54
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Phone Speaker Firmware Download Failure
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The server from which the download was attempted: EMS, WEB, HTTP, FTP
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm(1)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError(5)
<b>Severity</b>	Major, Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 5.7 IP Phone Speaker Firmware Upgrade Failure

### IP Phone Speaker Firmware Upgrade Failure

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the phone fails to load the Jabra firmware to the speaker.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IP PhoneSpeakerFirmUpgradeFailure
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.55
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Phone Speaker Firmware Upgrade Failure
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm(1)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError(5)
<b>Severity</b>	Major, Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 5.8 IP Phone Conference Speaker Connection Failure

### IP Phone Conference Speaker Connection Failure

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there is failure for the USB connection between the phone and the Jabra speaker.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhone Conference Speaker Connection Failure
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.56
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Phone Conference Speaker Connection Failure
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm(1)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError(5)
<b>Severity</b>	Critical, Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 5.9 IP Phone General Local Event

### IPPhone General Local Event

<b>Description</b>	This alarm provides information about the IP Phones internal operation.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneGeneralLocalEvent
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.57
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Phone General Local Event
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other(0)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other(0)
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info</b>	4 digit code
<b>Corrective Action</b>	This alarm is for developer purposes only for additional troubleshooting of other alarms that are raised by the phone as described in this section.

## 5.10 IP Phone Web Successive Login Failure

### IP Phone Web Successive Login Failure

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there are five successive failed login attempts to an IP phone's Web interface.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneWebSuccessiveLoginFailure		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.59		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Phone Web Successive Login Failure		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The IP Phone		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	SecurityServiceOrMechanismViolation(9)		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	UnauthorizedAccessAttempt(73)		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Alarm Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Issued on the fifth successive failed attempt to log in to the phone's Web interface	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>After the alarm is cleared, try to login to the Web interface using the correct username and password.</li> <li>If you forget the login credentials, inform the network administrator.</li> </ul>
<b>Clear</b>	There are no additional WEB login failed trials during a specific time period (60 seconds) after sending the alarm.	-	-

## 5.11 IP Phone Requires Reset

### IPPhone Requires Reset

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is send to advise the user to restart the phone, in the event where there is new Jabra Speaker Firmware available to upgrade and the HRS user chose not to upgrade firmware when prompted.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	IPPhoneRequiresReset
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.20.3.2.0.70
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Phone Requires Reset
<b>Alarm Text</b>	This alarm is send when HRS user refused to upgrade the Jabra speaker firmware.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The IP Phone
<b>Alarm Type</b>	EquipmentAlarm(4)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	ConfigurationOrCustomizationError(7)
<b>Severity</b>	Major(4)
<b>Additional Info</b>	HRS IP Phone enters to limited mode and speaker is not available. To solve it, the phone has to be restarted.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	The user is requested to restart the phone. During the restart process, the firmware is upgraded and if successful, the speaker becomes available.

## 6 Device Alarms

### 6.1 Support Matrix

The table below categorizes all of the device alarms and indicates to which devices they are applicable. For each category, under the adjacent “Supported Device Types” column, all of the common supported alarms for this category are listed. For each individual alarm, under the adjacent “Supported Device Types” column, if all of the common alarms are supported “As above” is noted; however, if only specific devices support this alarm, then these device types are listed.

Alarm Type	Supported Device Types
<b>Common Alarms</b>	All the alarms in Section Common Device Alarms are supported by all AudioCodes devices.
<b>Specific Hardware Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mediant 2600 E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 4000 SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 1000</li> <li>• MP-1288</li> </ul>
Temperature Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mediant 1000</li> <li>• Mediant 2600</li> <li>• Mediant 4000</li> </ul>
Fan Tray Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MP-1288</li> <li>• Mediant 1000</li> <li>• Mediant 2600</li> <li>• Mediant 4000</li> </ul>
Power Supply Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• MP-1288</li> <li>• Mediant 1000</li> <li>• Mediant 2600</li> <li>• Mediant 4000.</li> </ul>
<b>HA System Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> <li>▪ Mediant 2600 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 4000 SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 4000B SBC (3 x MPM)</li> <li>▪ Mediant 9000 SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant VE SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant SE SBC</li> </ul>
HA System Fault Alarm	As above
HA System Configuration Mismatch Alarm	As above

HA System Switch Over Alarm	As above
Hitless Software Upgrade Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 2600 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 4000 SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant SE SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant VE SBC</li> </ul>
Redundant Board Alarm	As above
HA Network Watchdog Status Alarm	As above
Cluster HA Alarm	As above (except Mediant 3000)
License Key Hitless Upgrade Alarm	As above (except Mediant 3000)
HA Network Mismatch Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant VE SBC on AWS</li> <li>▪ Mediant SE SBC on AWS</li> </ul>
HA Network Monitor Alarm	As above
HA Ethernet Group Alarm	As above (except Mediant 3000)
<b>Mediant 9000 and Software SBC Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 9000 SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant VE SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant SE SBC</li> </ul>
Media Transcoder Network Failure	As above
Media Transcoder Software Upgrade Failure	As above
Media Transcoder High Temperature Failure	As above
Media Transcoder Fan Tray Module Failure	As above
Media Transcoder Power Supply Module Failure	As above
Media Cluster Alarm	As above
Remote Interface Alarm	As above
HA Network Mismatch Alarm	See HA System Alarms above



<b>MP-1288 Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MP-1288 (not supported by the OC License Pool Manager)</li> </ul>
Module Service Alarm	As above
Module Operation Alarm	As above
Port Service Alarm	As above
<b>MSBR Alarms</b>	Mediant 1000B MSBR, Mediant 800 MSBR Mediant MSBR 500L and Mediant 500 MSBR (for version 7.2 and later, MSBR and E-SBC are separate applications that reside on the same host platform <sup>1</sup> )
WAN Link Alarm	As above
Power Over Ethernet Status [Event]	Mediant 800 MSBR
Wireless Cellular Modem Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>Mediant 500L MSBR</li> <li>Mediant 800 MSBR</li> </ul>
Data Interface Status	As above
NQM Connectivity Alarm	Mediant 800 MSBR
NQM RTT Alarm	Mediant 800 MSBR
NQM Jitter Alarm	Mediant 800 MSBR
NQM Packet Loss Alarm	Mediant 800 MSBR
NQM MOS CQ Alarm	Mediant 800 MSBR
NQM MOS LQ Alarm	Mediant 800 MSBR
<b>Mediant 3000 Hardware Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> <li>Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul>
PEM Module Alarm	As above
SA Module Missing Alarm	As above
User Input Alarm	As above
TM Inconsistency	As above

<sup>1</sup> Refer to SBC-Gateway-MSBR Series Release Notes for details.

TM Reference Status	This alarm applies only to the Mediant 3000 using the BITs Synchronization Timing mode.
TM Reference Change	As above
<b>PSTN Trunk Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 500L E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 500L MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 500L GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 800B MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 850 MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 1000B MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 1000B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> <li>• Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul> <p>(for version 7.2 and later, MSBR and E-SBC are separate applications that reside on the same host platform<sup>2</sup>)</p>
D-Channel Status	As above
SONET Section LOF Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Section LOS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Line AIS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Line RDI Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET/SDN IF Failure Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
Trunk LOS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 850 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul>

<sup>2</sup> Refer to SBC-Gateway-MSBR Series Release Notes for details.

Trunk LOF Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 850 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul>
Trunk AIS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 850 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul>
Trunk RAI Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>▪ Mediant 800B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 850 MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul>
V5.2 Interface Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-8410</li> </ul>
SONET Path STS LOP Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Path STS AIS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Path STS RDI Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Path Unequipped Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
SONET Path Signal Label Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
DS3 RAI Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
DS3 AIS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>

DS3 LOF Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
DS3 LOS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Mediant 3000/TP-6310</li> </ul>
NFAS Group Alarm	As above
B Channel Alarm	As above
<b>Analog Port Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mediant 500 E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 500L E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 500 MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 500L MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 500L GW &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 800B MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 850 MSBR</li> <li>• Mediant 1000B MSBR</li> <li>▪ Mediant 1000B GW &amp; E-SBC</li> </ul> <p>(for version 7.2 and later, MSBR and E-SBC are separate applications that reside on the same host platform<sup>3</sup>)</p>
Analog Port SPI Out of Service	As above
Analog Port High Temperature	As above
Analog Port Ground Fault Out-of-Service Alarm	As above
<b>CloudBond 365</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CloudBond Mediant 800B</li> <li>• CloudBond Mediant Server</li> </ul>
Commit License Failed	As above
Component Unreachable	As above
Component Restart	As above
Component Performance Counter General	As above
Component Performance Counter Service	As above
	As above

<sup>3</sup> Refer to SBC-Gateway-MSBR Series Release Notes for details.

Component Service Status	
Component Event Viewer	As above
Component Event Viewer Past Hours	As above
Component Event Viewer Dropped	As above
Admin License Expired	As above
Alarm – Certificate Expired	As above
Alarm –Disk Space	As above
<b>CCE Appliance Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CCE Appliance Mediant 800B</li> <li>• CCE Appliance Mediant Server</li> </ul>
Component Unreachable	As above
Event – Component Restart	As above
Component Performance Counter General	As above
Component Performance Counter Service	As above
Component Service Status	As above
Alarm – Admin System Cloud Status	As above
Alarm – Certificate Expired	As above
Alarm – CCE Wrong Operating	As above
Alarm – CCE Wrong Settings	As above
Alarm – CCE Disk Space	As above
Alarm – CCE Windows License	As above

<b>SBA Alarms</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Mediant 800B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> <li>• Mediant 1000B Gateway &amp; E-SBC</li> </ul>
SBA Services Status Alarm	As above
Alarm – CPU Status	As above
Alarm – Memory Status	As above
Alarm – Disk Space	As above
Alarm – Certificate Expired	As above
Alarm – Performance Counter	As above

## 6.2 Common Device Alarms

### 6.2.1 Board Fatal Error

#### Board Fatal Error

<b>Description</b>	Sent whenever a fatal device error occurs.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardFatalError		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.1		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Board Fatal Error		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable (56)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical (default)	Any fatal error	Board Fatal Error: A run-time specific string describing the fatal error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Capture the alarm information and the Syslog clause, if active.</li> <li>▪ Contact AudioCodes' Support Center at <a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a> which will want to collect additional data from the device and perform a reset.</li> </ul>
Stays 'Critical' until reboot. A 'Clear' trap is not sent.	After fatal error	-	

## 6.2.2 Configuration Error

### Configuration Error

<b>Description</b>	Sent when the device's settings are invalid. The trap contains a message stating/detailing/explaining the invalid setting.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardConfigurationError		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.2		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Configuration Error		
<b>AlarmType</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable (56)		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical(default)	A configuration error was detected	Board Config Error: A run-time specific string describing the configuration error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the run-time specific string to determine the nature of the configuration error.</li> <li>Fix the configuration error using the appropriate tool: Web interface, EMS, or <i>ini</i> file.</li> <li>Save the configuration and if necessary reset the device.</li> </ul>
Stays 'Critical' until reboot. A 'Clear' trap is not sent.	After configuration error	-	

## 6.2.3 Initialization Ended

### Initialization Ended

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the device is initialized and ready to run.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardEvBoardStarted
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.4
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Initialization Ended
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Equipment Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info1,2,3</b>	NULL



## 6.2.4 Board Resetting Following Software Reset

### Board Resetting Following Software Reset

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that the device has started the reset process - following a software reset.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardEvResettingBoard
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.5
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Board Resetting Following Software Reset
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info1,2,3</b>	'AdditionalInfo1', 'AdditionalInfo2', 'AdditionalInfo3',
<b>Corrective Action</b>	A network administrator has taken action to reset the device. No corrective action is needed.

## 6.2.5 Feature Key Related Error

### Feature Key Related Error

<b>Description</b>	Sent to relay Feature Key errors etc.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acFeatureKeyError
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.6
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Feature Key Related Error
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	configurationOrCustomizationError (7)
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Feature key error
<b>Note</b>	Support for this alarm is pending.

## 6.2.6 Gateway Administrative State Changed

### Gateway Administrative State Changed

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm indicates that the administrative state of the gateway has been changed to a new state.</p> <p>Note that all state changes are instigated by the parameter acgwAdminState.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Time limit set in the parameter acgwAdminStateLockControl - 'GateWay shutting down. Max time to LOCK %d sec'</li> <li>No time limit in the parameter acgwAdminStateLockControl - 'GateWay is shutting down. No time limit.'</li> <li>When reaching lock state - 'GateWay is locked'</li> <li>When the gateway is SET to unlocked - 'GateWay is unlocked (fully active again)'</li> </ul>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acgwAdminStateChange
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.7
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Administrative State Change
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService (71)

Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Major (default)	Admin state changed to shutting down	Network element admin state change alarm: Gateway is shutting down. No time limit.	No corrective action is required. A network administrator took an action to gracefully lock the device.
Major	Admin state changed to locked	Locked	No corrective action is required. A network administrator took an action to lock the device, or a graceful lock timeout occurred.
Cleared	Admin state changed to unlocked	-	No corrective action is required. A network administrator has taken an action to unlock the device.

## 6.2.7 No Free Channels Available

### No Free Channels Available

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm indicates that almost no free resources for the call are available.</p> <p>Activated only if the parameter EnableRai is set.</p> <p>The threshold is determined according to parameters RAIHIGHTHRESHOLD and RAILOWTHRESHOLD.</p>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardCallResourcesAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.8		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	No Free Channels Available		
<b>AlarmType</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	'GWAPP'		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	softwareError (46)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major(default)	Percentage of busy channels exceeds the predefined RAI high threshold	Call resources alarm	Expand system capacity by adding more channels (trunks) -OR- Reduce traffic
Cleared	Percentage of busy channels falls below the predefined RAI low threshold	-	Note that to enable this alarm, the Remote Alarm Indication (RAI) mechanism must be activated (EnableRAI = 1).

## 6.2.8 Gatekeeper/Proxy not Found or Registration Failed

### Proxy not Found or Registration Failed

<b>Description</b>	<p>The alarm is sent in the following scenarios:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Physical FXO port is up or down (Out-of-Service or OOS). The FXO line can be down due to, for example, port disconnected or insufficient current and voltage. (Syslog message event is ANALOG_IF_LINE_DISCONNECTED.)</li> <li>Physical BRI or PRI (E1/T1) port is up or down (OOS).</li> <li>Proxy is not found or registration fails. In such a case, the device's routing table may be used for routing instead of the Proxy.</li> <li>Connection to the Proxy is up or down.</li> <li>Failure in TDM-over-IP call - transparent E1/T1 without signalling.</li> <li>Connection to the Proxy Set associated with the trunk/line is up/down.</li> <li>Failure in server registration for the trunk/line.</li> <li>Failure in a Serving IP Group for the trunk.</li> <li>Failure in a Proxy Set.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardControllerFailureAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.9		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	'GWAPP'		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Proxy not Found or Registration Failed		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	softwareError (46)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Additional Information</b>
Major(default)	FXO physical port is down	"BusyOut Line <i>n</i> Link failure" Where <i>n</i> represents the FXO port number (0 for the first port).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Verify that the FXO line is securely cabled to the device's FXO port.</li> </ul>
	BRI or PRI physical port is down	"BusyOut Trunk <i>n</i> Link failure" Where <i>n</i> represents the BRI or PRI port number (0 for the first port).	Verify that the digital trunk is securely cabled to the device's digital port.
	Proxy has not been found or registration failure	"Proxy not found. Use internal routing" -OR- "Proxy lost. Looking for another Proxy"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the network layer</li> <li>Make sure that the proxy IP and port are configured correctly.</li> </ul>
	Connection to Proxy is down	"BusyOut Trunk/Line <i>n</i> Connectivity Proxy failure"	-

	Connection to the Proxy Set associated with the trunk or line is down	"BusyOut Trunk/Line <i>n</i> Proxy Set Failure" Where <i>n</i> represents the BRI/ PRI trunk or FXO line.	-
	Failure in a Proxy Set	"Proxy Set ID <i>n</i> " Where <i>n</i> represents the Proxy Set ID.	-
	Failure in TDM-over-IP call	"BusyOut Trunk <i>n</i> TDM over IP failure (Active calls x Min y)" Where <i>n</i> represents the BRI/ PRI trunk.	-
	Failure in server registration for the trunk/line	"BusyOut Trunk/Line <i>n</i> Registration Failure" Where <i>n</i> represents the BRI/ PRI trunk or FXO line.	-
	Failure in a Serving IP Group for the trunk	"BusyOut Trunk <i>n</i> Serving IP Group Failure" Where <i>n</i> represents the BRI or PRI trunk ID.	-
Cleared	Proxy is found. The 'Cleared' message includes the IP address of this Proxy.	-	-

## 6.2.9 Ethernet Link Down Alarm

### Ethernet Link Down Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm indicates that the Ethernet link is down or remote Ethernet link is down and the board has no communication to any other host.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No link at all.</li> <li>Link is up again.</li> <li>Primary link is down only - 'Primary Link is lost. Switching to Secondary Link'</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardEthernetLinkAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.10		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Ethernet Link Down Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<p>All except Mediant 3000: Board#&lt;n&gt;/EthernetLink#0 (where n is the slot number)</p> <p>Mediant 3000: Chassis#0/Module#&lt;n&gt;/EthernetLink#0 (where n is the blade's slot number)</p> <p>This trap relates to the Ethernet Link Module (the #0 numbering doesn't apply to the physical Ethernet link).</p>		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable (56)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	Fault on single interface	Ethernet link alarm: Redundant link is down	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ensure that both Ethernet cables are plugged into the back of the system.</li> <li>Observe the system's Ethernet link lights to determine which interface is failing.</li> <li>Reconnect the cable or fix the network problem</li> </ul>
Critical(default)	Fault on both interfaces	No Ethernet link	
Cleared	Both interfaces are operational	-	<p>Note that the alarm behaves differently when coming from the redundant or the active modules of a High Availability (HA) system. The alarm from the redundant is raised when there is an operational HA configuration in the system. There is no critical severity for the redundant module losing both its Ethernet links as that is conveyed in the no HA alarm that follows such a case.</p>

## 6.2.10 System Component Overloaded

### System Component Overloaded

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there is an overload in one or more of the system's components.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardOverloadAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.11		
<b>Severity</b>	Major		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	'GWAPP'		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	softwareError (46)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major(default)	An overload condition exists in one or more of the system components	"System CPU overload condition - IdleUtilization percentage=%d" Where %d is the percentage of available CPU resources remaining	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure that the syslog level is 0 (or not high).</li> <li>Make sure that DebugRecording is not running.</li> <li>If the system is configured correctly, reduce traffic.</li> </ul>
Cleared	The overload condition passed	"System CPU overload condition - IdleUtilization percentage=%"	-



## 6.2.11 Active Alarms Table Overflow

### Active Alarms Table Overflow

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there are too many alarms to fit into the active alarm table. The status stays major until reboot as it denotes a possible loss of information until the next reboot. If an alarm was raised when the table was full, it is possible that the alarm is active, but does not appear in the active alarm table.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acActiveAlarmTableOverflow
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.12
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Active Alarm Table Overflow
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Processing Error Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	MG
<b>Probable Cause</b>	resourceAtOrNearingCapacity (43)
<b>Severity</b>	Major
<b>Additional Info<sup>1,2,3</sup></b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Some alarm information may have been lost, but the ability of the device to perform its basic operations has not been impacted. A reboot is the only way to completely clear a problem with the active alarm table. Contact your first-level group.

## 6.2.12 Operational State Change

### Operational State Change

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised if the operational state of the node is disabled. The alarm is cleared when the operational state of the node is enabled.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acOperationalStateChange		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.15		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Operational State Change		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService (71)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major(default)	Operational state changed to disabled	Network element operational state change alarm. Operational state is disabled.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The alarm is cleared when the operational state of the node goes to enabled.</li> <li>In IP systems, check for initialization errors - in IP systems the operational state of the node is disabled if the device fails to properly initialize.</li> <li>Look for other alarms and Syslogs that might provide additional information about the error.</li> </ul>
Cleared	Operational state changed to enabled	-	-

## 6.2.13 Keep Alive Trap

### Keep Alive Trap

<b>Description</b>	Part of the NAT traversal mechanism. If the STUN application in the device detects a NAT, this trap is sent on a regular time laps - 9/10 of the acSysSTUNBindingLifeTime object. The AdditionalInfo1 varbind has the MAC address of the device.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acKeepAlive
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.16
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Keep Alive Trap
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	other (0)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	other (0)
<b>Default Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Event Text</b>	Keep alive trap
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Condition</b>	The STUN client is enabled and identified as a NAT device or doesn't locate the STUN server. The <i>ini</i> file contains the following line 'SendKeepAliveTrap=1'
<b>Trap Status</b>	Trap is sent
<b>Note</b>	Keep-alive is sent every 9/10 of the time defined in the parameter NatBindingDefaultTimeout.

## 6.2.14 NAT Traversal Alarm

### NAT Traversal Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the NAT is placed in front of a device and is identified as a symmetric NAT. It is cleared when a non-symmetric NAT or no NAT replace the symmetric one.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNATTraversalAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.17
<b>Alarm Title</b>	NAT Traversal Alarm
<b>Alarm Type</b>	other (0)
<b>Alarm Source</b>	MG
<b>Probable Cause</b>	other (0)
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Additional Info<sup>1,2,3</sup></b>	-
<b>Status Changes</b>	<p>The STUN client in the device is enabled and has either identified a NAT or is not finding the STUN server.</p> <p>Keep-alive is sent out every 9/10 of the time defined in the 'NatBindingDefaultTimeout' parameter.</p>
<b>Corrective Action</b>	See <a href="http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5389">http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5389</a>

## 6.2.15 Enhanced BIT Status Trap

### Enhanced BIT Status

<b>Description</b>	Sent for the status of the BIT (Built In Test). The information in the trap contains blade hardware elements being tested and their status. The information is presented in the Additional Info fields.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEnhancedBITStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.18
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Enhanced BIT Status
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Alarm Source</b>	BIT
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	other (0)
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Notification on the board hardware elements being tested and their status.
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Additional Info-1</b>	BIT Type: Offline, startup, periodic
<b>Additional Info-2</b>	BIT Results: BIT_RESULT_PASSED BIT_RESULT_FAILED
<b>Additional Info-3</b>	Buffer: Number of bit elements reports
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Not relevant

## 6.2.16 Threshold of Performance Monitored Object Exceeded

### Threshold of Performance Monitored Object Exceeded

<b>Description</b>	Sent every time the threshold of a Performance Monitored object (counter or gauge) ('Minimum', 'Average', 'Maximum', 'Distribution below/above/between thresholds', and 'Low and high thresholds') is crossed. The severity field is 'Indeterminate' when the crossing is above the threshold and 'Cleared' when it goes back under the threshold. The 'Source' varbind in the trap indicates the object for which the threshold is being crossed.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acPerformanceMonitoringThresholdCrossing
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.27
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Threshold of Performance Monitored Object Exceeded
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Alarm Source</b>	MO Path
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate (this is a notification; it's not automatically cleared)
<b>Additional Info<sup>1,2,3</sup></b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.17 HTTP Download Result

### HTTP Download Result

<b>Description</b>	This is a log message (not alarm) indicating both successful and failed HTTP Download result.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHTTPDownloadResult
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.28
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] HTTP Download Result
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm (3) for failures and other (0) for success
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	There are other possible textual messages describing NFS failures or success, FTP failure or success.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.18 IPv6

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates when an IPv6 address already exists or an IPv6 configuration failure has occurred. The description generated is "IP interface alarm. IPv6 Configuration failed, IPv6 will be disabled".		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acIPv6ErrorAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.53		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IPv6		
<b>Default Severity</b>	Critical		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0/Interfaces#<n>.		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	operationalViolation		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError		
<b>Additional Info</b>	Status stays critical until reboot. A clear trap is not sent.		
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Find a new IPV6 address and reboot.</li> </ul>		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical (default)	Bad IPv6 address (already exists)	IP interface alarm: IPv6 configuration failed, IPv6 will be disabled.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Find a new IPV6 address.</li> <li>Reboot the device.</li> </ul>
Stays 'Critical' until reboot. A 'Clear' trap is not sent.	After the alarm is raised.	-	-

## 6.2.19 SAS Emergency Mode Alarm

### GW SAS Emergency Mode Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent by the Stand-Alone Survivability (SAS) application when switching from "Normal" mode to "Emergency" mode. This alarm is cleared once the SAS returns to "Normal" mode.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acGWSASEmergencyModeAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.59
<b>Alarm Title</b>	GW SAS Emergency Mode Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	-
<b>Additional Info</b>	-

<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check network communication with the Proxy
--------------------------	--

## 6.2.20 Software Upgrade Alarm

### Software Upgrade Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is generated when the Software upgrade failure occurs.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSWUpgradeAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.70		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Software Upgrade alarm		
<b>Alarms Source</b>	System#0		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	softwareProgramError		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major (default)	Raised upon software upgrade errors	SW upgrade error: Firmware burning failed. Startup system from Bootp/tftp.	Start up the system from BootP/TFTP.

## 6.2.21 NTP server Status Alarm

### NTP server Status Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the connection to the NTP server is lost. It is cleared when the connection is reestablished. Unset time (as a result of no connection to NTP server) may result in functionality degradation and failure in device.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNTPserverStatusAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.71
<b>Alarm Title</b>	NTP server Status Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsSubsystemFailure



Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Major(default)	No initial communication to Network Time Protocol (NTP) server.	NTP server alarm. No connection to NTP server.	Repair NTP communication (the NTP server is down or its IP address is configured incorrectly in the device).
Minor	No communication to NTP server after the time was already set once.	-	-

## 6.2.22 LDAP Lost Connection

### LDAP Lost Connection

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there is no connection to the LDAP server.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acLDAPLostConnection
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.75
<b>Alarm Title</b>	LDAP Lost Connection
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsSubsystemFailure If a connection is idle for more than the maximum configured time in seconds that the client can be idle before the LDAP server closes the connection, the LDAP server returns an LDAP disconnect notification and this alarm is raised.
<b>Severity</b>	Minor / Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.23 SSH Connection Status [Event]

### [Event] SSH Connection Status

<b>Description</b>	This trap indicates the result of a recent SSH connection attempt.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSSHConnectionStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.77
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] SSH Connection Status
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	environmentalAlarm

<b>Probable Cause</b>	unauthorizedAccessAttempt/other
<b>Severity</b>	indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.24 OCSP Server Status Alarm

### OCSP Server Status Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the OCSP connection is not available.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acOCSPServerStatusAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.78
<b>Alarm Title</b>	OCSP server alarm.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsSubsystemFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Major / Clear
<b>Additional Information</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Repair the Online Certificate Status Protocol (OCSP) server</li> <li>-OR-</li> <li>Correct the network configuration</li> </ul>

## 6.2.25 Media Process Overload Alarm

### Media Process Overload Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the media process overloads and is cleared when the load returns to normal.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMediaProcessOverloadAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.81
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Media Process Overload Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#x or System#x
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	resourceAtOrNearingCapacity
<b>Severity</b>	Major / Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.26 Ethernet Group Alarm

### Ethernet Group Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the in an Ethernet port-pair group (1+1) has no Ethernet port with its link up and is cleared when at least one port has established a link.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acEthernetGroupAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.86
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Ethernet Group alarm.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/EthernetGroup#%d
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable
<b>Severity</b>	major
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.27 Media Realm BW Threshold Alarm

### Media Realm BW Threshold Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a BW threshold is crossed and is cleared when the BW threshold returns to normal range.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMediaRealmBWThresholdAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.87
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Media Realm BW Threshold Alarm.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/MediaRealm#%d
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	resourceAtOrNearingCapacity
<b>Severity</b>	major
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.2.28 Certificate Expiry Notification

### Certificate Expiry Notification

<b>Description</b>		This alarm is sent before the expiration of the installed credentials, which cannot be renewed automatically (the credentials should be updated manually).	
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>		acCertificateExpiryNotification	
<b>SNMP OID</b>		1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.92	
<b>Alarm Title</b>		Certificate Expiry Notification	
<b>Alarm Source</b>		tls#<num>	
<b>Alarm Text</b>		Device's TLS certificate of security context #<num> will expire in <days> days	
<b>Alarm Type</b>		environmentalAlarm	
<b>Probable Cause</b>		The certificate key expired (keyExpired)	
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Intermediate	The certificate key is about to expire.	<p>Either:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The device certificate has expired &lt;days&gt; days ago</li> <li>The device certificate will expire in &lt;days&gt; days</li> <li>The device certificate will expire in less than 1 day</li> </ul> <p>&lt;days&gt; – number of days &lt;days&gt; – TLS Context to which certificate belongs</p>	Load a new certificate to the device before the expiration of the installed certificate (which cannot be renewed automatically). To replace certificates, refer to the device's <i>User's Manual</i> .

## 6.2.29 Web User Access Disabled

### WEB User Access Disabled

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the Web user has been disabled due to inactivity.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acWEBUserAccessDisabled
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.93
<b>Alarm Title</b>	-
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The Web user was disabled due to inactivity (denialOfService).
<b>Severity</b>	indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>Contact your Web security administrator. Only the Web security administrator can unblock a user whose access to the Web interface was denied (for example, because the user made 3 unsuccessful attempts at access).</p> <p>The Web security administrator must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ In the Web interface, access the Accounts page (<b>Configuration &gt; System &gt; Management &gt; Web User Accounts</b>).</li> <li>▪ Identify in the list of users table that user whose access has been denied.</li> </ul> <p>Change the status of that user from <b>Blocked</b> to <b>Valid</b> or <b>New</b>.</p>

## 6.2.30 Proxy Connection Lost

### Proxy Connection Lost

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when all connections in a specific Proxy Set are down. The trap is cleared when one of the Proxy Set connections is up.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acProxyConnectionLost
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.94
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Proxy Connection Lost
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Proxy Set Alarm <text>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Network issue (connection fail due to network/routing failure).</li><li>• Proxy issue (proxy is down).</li><li>• AudioCodes device issue.</li></ul>

Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Major	When connection to the Proxy Set is lost and this Proxy Set is configured with fallback to routing table.	Proxy Set %d: Proxy not found. Use internal routing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ping the proxy server. If there is no ping, contact your proxy provider. The probable reason is the proxy is down.</li> <li>• Ping between the proxy and AudioCodes device. If there is no ping, the problem could be a network/router issue.</li> <li>• If you have more than one device connected to this same proxy, check if there are more AudioCodes devices with the same Alarm. If this is the case, this could confirm that this is not AudioCodes device issue.</li> <li>• Check that routing using the device's (internal) routing table is functioning correctly.</li> <li>• Contact AudioCodes support center (<a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a>) and send a syslog and network capture for this issue.</li> </ul>
Major	When Proxy Set includes more than one proxy IP with redundancy and connection to one of them is lost.	Proxy Set %d: Proxy lost. looking for another proxy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ping the proxy server. If there is no ping, contact your proxy provider. The probable reason is the proxy is down.</li> <li>• Ping between the proxy and AudioCodes device. If there is no ping, the problem could be a network/router issue.</li> <li>• If you have more than one device connected to this same proxy, check if there are more AudioCodes devices with the same Alarm. If this is the case, this could confirm that this is not AudioCodes device issue.</li> <li>• Check if routing via the redundant proxy is operating correctly. If it is, then this could mean that it's not a network issue.</li> <li>• Contact AudioCodes support center (<a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a>) and send a syslog and network capture for this issue.</li> </ul>
Cleared	When connection to proxy is available again	Proxy found. ip:<IP address>:<port #> Proxy Set ID %d	-



### 6.2.31 IDS Policy Alarm

#### IDS Policy Alarm

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised whenever a threshold is crossed in the IDS system. The alarm is associated with the MO pair IDSMatch & IDSRule.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acIDSPolicyAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.99
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IDS Policy Alarm
<b>Default Severity</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	-
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Policy NUM (NAME) minor/major/critical threshold (NUM) of REASON cross in global/ip/ip+port scope (triggered by IP)
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Identify additional traps (acIDSThresholdCrossNotification) that were sent alongside this Intrusion Detection System (IDS) alarm.</li> <li>• Locate the remote hosts (IP addresses) that are specified in the traps.</li> <li>• Examine the behavior of those hosts (with regard to the reason specified in the alarm), and attempt to fix incorrect operation.</li> <li>• If necessary, change the configured thresholds in the IDS Rule table under the IDS Policy table.</li> </ul>

## 6.2.32 IDS Threshold Cross Notification

### IDS Threshold Cross Notification

<b>Description</b>	This notification is sent for each scope (IP or IP+Port) crossing a threshold of an active alarm.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acIDSThresholdCrossNotification
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.100
<b>Default Severity</b>	-
<b>AlarmType</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	-
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Threshold cross for scope value IP. Severity=minor/major/critical. Current value=NUM
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identify the remote host (IP address / port) on the network which the Intrusion Detection System (IDS) has indicated is malicious.</li> </ul> <p>Note that the IDS determines a host to be malicious if it has reached or exceeded a user-defined threshold of malicious attacks (counter).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Block the malicious activity.</li> </ul>

### 6.2.33 IDS Blacklist Notification

#### IDS Blacklist Notification

<b>Description</b>	This alarm notifies when an IP address has been added or removed from a blacklist.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acIDSBlacklistNotification
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.101
<b>Default Severity</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	securityServiceOrMechanismViolation
<b>Probable Cause</b>	thresholdCrossed
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Added IP * to blacklist Removed IP * from blacklist
<b>Status Changes</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>Identify the malicious remote host (IP address / port) that the Intrusion Detection System (IDS) has automatically blacklisted or removed from the blacklist.</p> <p>Note that a host is determined to be malicious if it has reached or exceeded a user-defined threshold of malicious attacks (counter). The malicious source is automatically blacklisted for a user-defined period, after which it is removed from the blacklist.</p>

## 6.2.34 Proxy Connectivity

### Proxy Connectivity

<b>Description</b>	Sent when a connection to a specific proxy in a specific Proxy Set is down. The trap is cleared when the proxy connections is up.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acProxyConnectivity		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.102		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Proxy Set Alarm <text>		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Network issue (connection fail due to network/routing failure).</li> <li>Proxy issue (proxy is down).</li> <li>AudioCodes device issue.</li> </ul>		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Indeterminate	When connection to the proxy server is lost.	Proxy server <IP address>:<port> is now OUT OF SERVICE	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ping the proxy server. If there is no ping, contact your proxy provider. The probable reason is the proxy is down.</li> <li>Ping between the proxy and AudioCodes device. If there is no ping, the problem could be a network/router issue.</li> <li>If you have more than one device connected to this same proxy, check if there are more AudioCodes devices with the same trap event. If this is the case, this could confirm that this is not AudioCodes device issue.</li> <li>Contact AudioCodes support center (<a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a>) and send a syslog and network capture for this issue.</li> </ul>
Cleared	When connection to the proxy is available again	Proxy server <IP address>:<port> is now IN SERVICE	-

## 6.2.35 Web User Activity Log Trap

### acActivityLog

<b>Description</b>	Sent upon log (Syslog) generated by device indicating a Web user action (configured by ActivityListToLog). The SNMP trap notification functionality is enabled by the EnableActivityTrap parameter (refer to the <i>User's Manual</i> ).
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acActivityLog
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.105
<b>Default Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Event Type</b>	other (0)
<b>Probable Cause</b>	other (0)
<b>Trap Text</b>	[description of activity].User:<username>. Session: <session type>[IP address of client (user)]. For example: "Auxiliary file loading was changed from '0' to '1', User:Admin. Session: WEB [172.17.125.12]
<b>Note</b>	Activity log event is applicable to the following OAMP interfaces: SNMP, Web, CLI and REST. For SNMP activity, the username refers to the SNMP community string.

## 6.2.36 License Pool Infra Alarm

### acLicensePoolInfraAlarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised under the following circumstances: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The device was unable to access the SBC License Pool Manager.</li> <li>The device license has expired.</li> <li>The device is no longer managed by the SBC License Pool Manager.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acLicensePoolInfraAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.106		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	system0Mo		
<b>Event Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	keyExpired, fail to connect to license pool server.		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	The last attempt to establish an HTTPS REST connection with the EMS SBC License Pool Manager server was not successful.	Device was unable to access the License Server.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Wait for the next connection attempt.</li> <li>In the SBC License Pool Manager, perform the 'MG Update' action to reestablish REST connection with device and send the current license.</li> </ul>
	The device has been configured as Non-Managed in the SBC License Pool Manager. If there are active licensed sessions for this device, the device automatically performs a reset or hitless upgrade.	Device is no longer managed by the SBC License Pool.	If you wish, reconfigure the device as managed by the SBC License Pool Manager.

Critical	Device unable to establish an HTTPS REST connection with the EMS SBC License Pool Manager server after successive attempts.	License-pool is about to expire.	In the SBC License Pool Manager, perform the 'MG Update' action to reestablish REST connection with device and send the latest license.
	The device license has expired.	The device license has expired! Use of this device is strictly prohibited.	
Clear	<p>This alarm is cleared when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connection has been reestablished with the SBC License Pool Manager, an updated license has been loaded to device and apply/reset has been performed.</li> <li>• The device has been reconfigured as managed by the SBC License Pool Manager, a new license has been loaded to the device, and and apply/reset has been performed.</li> </ul>	-	

## 6.2.37 License Pool Application Alarm

**Table 6-1: acLicensePoolApplicationAlarm**

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the device requires a reset or apply hitless upgrade after receiving a new license.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acLicensePoolApplicationAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.107		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	system0Mo		
<b>Event Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	New license pool		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	SBC License key has been received from SBC License Pool Manager Server.	New license pool allocations received	Perform one of the following actions in the SBC License Pool Manager to apply the new license: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For stand-alone devices, reset the device.</li> <li>For HA devices, apply a hitless upgrade or reset the device.</li> </ul>

## 6.2.38 Answer-Seizure Ratio Threshold Alarm

**ASR Threshold Crossed**

<b>Description</b>	The Answer-Seizure Ratio (ASR) measures the percentage of answered calls relative to the total number of attempted calls (seizures). The alarm is raised when the configured ASR minor and major thresholds are crossed (configured in the <i>Performance Profile</i> table).
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acASRThresholdAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.111
<b>Alarm Title</b>	ASR Threshold Crossed
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The object for which the threshold is crossed can be any of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PM_gwSBCASR</li> <li>PM_gwSBCIPGroupASR</li> <li>PM_gwSBCSRDASR</li> </ul>
<b>Alarm Text</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	QualityOfServiceAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	ThresholdCrossed



Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Major	ASR is equal or less than the configured Major threshold.	"ASR threshold crossed."	
Minor	ASR is equal or less than the configured Minor threshold (but greater than the Major threshold).	"ASR threshold crossed."	
Cleared	ASR is above the configured Minor threshold plus the hysteresis.	-	

### 6.2.39 Average Call Duration Threshold Alarm

#### ACD Threshold Crossed

<b>Description</b>	The Average Call Duration (ACD) plus the SDD (Session Disconnect time) measures the average call duration from the time from when the sip Bye is sent to the time when the 200 OK is received. The alarm is raised when the configured ACD minor and major thresholds are crossed (configured in the Performance Profile table).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acACDThresholdAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.112		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	ACD Threshold Crossed		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<p>The object for which the threshold is crossed can be any one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PM_gwSBCACD</li> <li>PM_gwSBCIPGroupACD</li> <li>PM_gwSBCSRDACD</li> </ul>		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	-		
<b>AlarmType</b>	Quality Of Service Alarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The threshold has been crossed.		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Major	ACD is equal or less than the configured Major threshold.	"ACD threshold crossed."	-

<b>Minor</b>	ACD is equal or less than the configured Minor threshold (but greater than the Major threshold).	-	-
<b>Cleared</b>	ACD is above the configured Minor threshold plus the hysteresis.	-	-

## 6.2.40 Network Effectiveness Ratio Threshold Alarm

### NER Threshold Crossed

<b>Description</b>	The NER (Network Effectiveness Ratio) measures the percentage of successfully connected calls relative to the total number of seizures. The alarm is raised when the configured NER minor and major thresholds are crossed (configured in the Performance Profile table).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNERThresholdAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.113		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	NER Threshold Crossed		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	The object for which the threshold is crossed, which can be one of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>PM_gwSBCNER</li> <li>PM_gwSBCIPGroupNER</li> <li>PM_gwSBCSRDNER</li> </ul>		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality Of Service Alarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The threshold has been crossed.		
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	NER is equal or less than the configured Major threshold.	"NER threshold crossed."	-
<b>Minor</b>	NER is equal or less than the configured Minor threshold (but greater than the Major threshold).	-	-

<b>Cleared</b>	NER is above the configured Minor threshold plus the hysteresis.	-	-
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## 6.2.41 IP Group No Route Alarm

### IP Group No Route Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>The alarm is raised when the device rejects calls to an IP Group due to the following reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IP Group keep-alive failure (Gateway and SBC)</li> <li>Poor Voice Quality - MOS (SBC only)</li> <li>Bandwidth threshold has been crossed (SBC only)</li> <li>ASR threshold has been crossed (SBC only)</li> <li>ACD threshold has been crossed (SBC only)</li> <li>NER threshold has been crossed (SBC only)</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acIpGroupNoRouteAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.114		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	IP Group Blocked		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<p>The object for which the threshold is crossed according to one of the above mentioned reasons:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>IP Group keep alive failure (acProxyConnectivity trap is raised)</li> <li>Poor Quality of Experience</li> <li>Bandwidth</li> <li>ASR (see acASRThresholdAlarm)</li> <li>ACD (see acACDThresholdAlarm)</li> <li>NER (see acNERThresholdAlarm)</li> </ul>		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	<Alarm Description Reason> as described above.		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Quality Of Service Alarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	One of the reasons described above.		
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	When calls rejected to IP Group due to any of the above-mentioned reasons.	"IP Group is temporarily blocked."	-

<b>Cleared</b>	When calls are no longer rejected due to the above mentioned reasons (i.e. when none of the above reasons prevent a route to the IP Group from being established).	-	-
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## 6.2.42 License Pool Over Allocation Alarm

### License Pool Over Allocation Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the SBC license received from the SBC License Pool Manager has exceeded the maximum capacity supported by the device.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acLicensePoolOverAllocationAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.125		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	system0Mo		
<b>Event Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Overallocation		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Warning (displayed after the configuration has been applied in the SBC License Pool Manager; however, prior to device reset or hitless upgrade).	The SBC license received from the License Pool Manager has exceeded the maximum capacity supported by the device.	"Some of the license pool allocations exceed maximum capability and will not be applied"	<p>In the SBC License Pool Manager, do one of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Apply the new license (reset device or apply hitless upgrade); the device sets its SBC capacity to maximum and disregards the excess configured sessions.</li> <li>• Reconfigure the license sessions with values that fall within the device capacity and then apply the new license (reset device or apply hitless upgrade).</li> </ul>

Warning (displayed after device restart).	The SBC license received from the License Pool Manager Server has exceeded the maximum capacity supported by the device	"Some of the license pool allocations will not be used because of over-allocation"	In the SBC License Pool Manager, reconfigure the license sessions with values that fall within the device capacity and then apply the new license (reset device or apply hitless upgrade).
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## 6.2.43 NGINX Configuration is not Valid

### NGINX Configuration is not Valid

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when NGINX Directives Sets have been configured with invalid syntax. NGINX continues to run with the previous, valid configuration unless the SBC is restarted, in which case, the NGINX process is stopped and the NGINX Process is not Running alarm is raised (see below).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNGINXConfigurationIsInvalidAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.130		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	NGINX configuration is not valid		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	operationalViolation ?		
<b>Alarm Text</b>			
<b>Alarm Type</b>	alarmTrap		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	configurationOrCustomizationError		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Minor		NGINX Configuration file is not valid.	<p>Identify and resolve NGINX Directives Sets syntax errors to ensure an uninterrupted HTTP Proxy service. You can run the CLI commands for troubleshooting:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• “show network http-proxy conf new” to display the Directives Set configuration that generated the errors.</li> <li>• “show network http-proxy conf errors” to display the errors resulting from the invalid Directives Set configuration.</li> </ul>

## 6.2.44 NGINX Process is not Running

### NGINX Process is not Running

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the SBC is restarted with an erroneous NGINX configuration i.e. after alarm ‘NGINX Configuration is not Valid’ is raised (see above).
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNGINXPprocessIsNotRunningAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.131
<b>Alarm Source</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Alarm Title</b>	NGINX process could not be started

<b>Alarm Type</b>	alarmTrap		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	applicationSubsystemFailure		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major		NGINX process is not running.	Correct the NGINX Directives syntax and then the NGINX process is restarted automatically.

## 6.2.45 Cloud License Manager Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised under one of the following circumstances: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Disconnection between the device and OVOC.</li> <li>▪ Failure to send usage reports from the device to OVOC.</li> <li>▪ Fixed license is enabled and an attempt was made to enable the Floating license.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCloudLicenseManagerAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.132		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Cloud License Manager Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#1		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	configurationOrCustomisationError		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	There is no connection between the device and OVOC either prior to the initial handshake or due to a long disconnection time (default is three months; this time may be overridden by OVOC).	"No connection with OVOC"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Check TCP/TLS connectivity.</li> <li>▪ Device should be registered on OVOC.</li> </ul>
	Usage reports could not be sent to OVOC from the device for a specified number of days.	"Failed to send usage report to OVOC for X days"	Check TCP/TLS connectivity.
	The device is configured to work with the Fixed License Pool and an attempt was made to enable the Floating license.	"Floating license cannot be enabled, when device is managed by License Pool"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Disable Floating License parameter on the device.</li> <li>▪ Remove the device from the Fixed License Pool in OVOC.</li> </ul>

Critical	Device couldn't connect to OVOC (handshake).	"Connection with OVOC failed with response code <XXX>". See below for more information"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ &lt;Forbidden 403&gt;: contact AudioCodes support.</li> <li>▪ &lt;unauthorized 401&gt;: check user name/password.</li> </ul>
	Device couldn't connect to OVOC (handshake).	"Connection with OVOC failed, Failed initialize connection"	Check TCP/TLS connectivity.
	Device couldn't initialize connection to OVOC (handshake).	"Device was rejected by OVOC while trying to retrieve the device ID"	<Forbidden 403>: contact AudioCodes support.
Cleared	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Connection with OVOC is established.</li> <li>• Reports are sent successfully.</li> <li>• The Floating License parameter is disabled on the device or the device is removed from the Fixed License Pool. This alarm is cleared upon the next reboot.</li> </ul>	-	-

#### HTTP response code and reason:

- Other 4xx-6xx responses: the device retries the request using the value in retry-after header if specified, or immediately following an update of the OVOC Product key.
- OVOC response to Register requests:
  - **200** In case of successful request
  - **400**: request format is not valid or request data is not valid, or if OVOC is in a state of initial registration required
  - **401**: username or password are incorrect
  - **403**: customer is blocked, or OVOC maximum capacity has been reached
  - **404**: request URI contains a device ID not identified by OVOC.
  - **500**: server is not able to handle the request due to server side error (no resources, internal component failure etc.)
- Server may respond with 4xx or 5xx error as defined in HTTP RFC when appropriate.



## 6.2.46 Floating License Alarm - Not Enough Memory to Allocate 'Custom' Profile

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there are insufficient physical memory resources to allocate for configuring the “Floating License” with the configured Custom Allocation Profile in the device’s Floating License table.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acFloatingLicenseAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.138		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Floating License Alarm - Not enough memory to allocate 'custom' profile		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#1		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Additional Info</b>	Detailed explanation of the License configuration parameter that resulted in this alarm, including the requested and actual value. For example, “SignalingSessions – requested 10000, allocated 1000”		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Warning	An attempt was made to configure a Custom Allocation Profile with values exceeding the device’s physical memory.	“Not enough memory to allocate for 'custom' profile”	Define a Custom Allocation Profile within the bounds of the device’s capacity.

## 6.3 Specific Hardware Alarms

### 6.3.1 Temperature Alarm

#### Temperature Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Sent when the device exceeds its temperature limits.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardTemperatureAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.3
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Temperature Alarm
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0
<b>Probable Cause</b>	The air filter is saturated. One of the fans work slower than expected. temperatureUnacceptable (50)

Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical	Internal temperature is too high for normal operation	Board temperature too high	<p>Check that the ambient environment around the chassis was not changed (room temperature, air-conditioner, and location of the chassis on the site). If the ambient environment is the same, make sure that all unoccupied module slots are covered with blank panels.</p> <p>Check the chassis ventilation outlet and make sure that they are not obstructed for air flow.</p> <p>Check if you also received a Fan Tray alarm, which indicates that one or more fans in the Fan Tray are faulty (major). If this is the case, send the faulty Fan Tray to AudioCodes as RMA. Send an RMA request to AudioCodes for the Fan Tray.</p>
Cleared	Temperature returns to normal operating values	-	-

## 6.3.2 Fan Tray Alarm

### Fan Tray Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is activated in one of the following cases: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Fan-Tray is missing</li> <li>▪ One or more fans in the fan-tray is faulty.</li> <li>▪ Fan tray is in place and fans are functioning.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acFanTrayAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.29		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Fan Tray Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis#0/FanTray#0		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Fan-Tray Alarm <text>		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ One or more fans on the Fan Tray module stopped working.</li> <li>▪ One or more fans on the Fan Tray module works slower than expected (heatingVentCoolingSystemProblem)</li> </ul>		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Fan-Tray is missing.	Fan-Tray is missing	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if the Fan Tray module is inserted in the chassis.</li> <li>2. If the Fan Tray module was removed from the chassis, re-insert it.</li> <li>3. If the Fan Tray module has already been inserted in the chassis and the alarm is active, send a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request to AudioCodes.</li> </ol> <p><b>Warning:</b> When removing the Fan Tray module while the power is on (or after it has recently been switched off), the blades may still be rotating at high speeds. Therefore, to avoid bodily harm, make sure that you don't touch the fan blades.</p>
<b>Major</b>	When one or more fans in the Fan Tray are faulty.	Fan-Tray is faulty	Fan Tray module is faulty. Send a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request to AudioCodes.
<b>Cleared</b>	Fan Tray module is in place and fans are working.	-	-

### 6.3.3 Power Supply Alarm

#### Power Supply Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is activated in one of the following cases: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The HA (High Availability) feature is active and one of the power supply units is faulty or missing.</li> <li>PS unit is inserted in its location and functioning.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acPowerSupplyAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.30		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Power Supply Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis#0/PowerSupply#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the power supply's slot number		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	powerProblem		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major (default)	The HA (High Availability) feature is active (applicable only to Mediant 3000) and one of the power supply units is faulty or missing.	Power-Supply Alarm. Power-Supply is missing.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Check if the unit is inserted in the chassis.</li> <li>2. If it was removed from the chassis, re-insert it.</li> <li>3. If it's inserted in the chassis and the alarm is active, send a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request to AudioCodes.</li> </ol>
Cleared	PS unit is placed and working.	-	-

## 6.4 HA System Alarms

### 6.4.1 HA System Fault Alarm

#### HA System Fault Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm originates when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>HA feature is active but the system is NOT working in HA mode. Reason is specified (for example: SW WD exception error, HW WD exception error, SAT device is missing, SAT device error, DSP error, BIT tests error, etc).</li> <li>HA feature is active and the redundant module is in start up mode but hasn't connected yet</li> <li>HA system is active</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHASystemFaultAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.33		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	HA System Fault Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0/Module#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the blade module's slot number		
<b>AlarmType</b>	qualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical (default)	HA feature is active but the system is not working in HA mode	Fatal exception error	High Availability (HA) was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
		TCPIP exception error	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
		Network processor exception error (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
		SW WD exception error	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
		HW WD exception error	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.

	SAT device is missing (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	SAT device error (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	DSP error (applicable only to Mediant 3000 and Mediant 4000)	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	BIT tests error	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	PSTN stack error (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	Keep Alive error	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	Software upgrade	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	Manual switch over	HA was lost due to <i>switchover</i> and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	Manual reset	HA was lost due to a <i>system reset</i> and should return automatically after few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
	Board removal (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Return the removed board to the system.
	TER misplaced (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Place the TER card according to the <i>User's Manual</i>
	HW fault. TER in slot 2 or 3 is missing (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Place the TER card according to the <i>User's Manual</i>

		HW fault. TER has old version or is not functional (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Replace the TER card.
		HW fault. invalid TER Type (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Replace the TER card.
		HW fault. invalid TER active/redundant state (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Replace the TER card.
		HW fault. Error reading GbE state (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Replace the TER card.
		Redundant module is missing (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Insert the redundant module into the system.</li> <li>• If the error continues, reset / replace the module.</li> </ul>
		Redundant is not connecting (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Reset / replace the redundant module.
		Redundant is not reconnecting after deliberate restart	Reset / replace the redundant module.
		No Ethernet Link in redundant module	Connect Ethernet links to the redundant module
		SA module faulty or missing (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Make sure the Shelf Alarm module is inserted correctly.
		Eth link error	HA was lost due to switchover, Connect the Eth link back.
		Higher HA priority (Not applicable to Mediant 3000)	HA was lost due to switchover to unit with higher HA priority and should return automatically after a few minutes. Corrective action is not required.
		Network watchdog error	HA was lost due to switchover, fix the network connectivity from failed unit.
Minor	HA feature is active and the redundant module is in startup mode and hasn't connected yet	Waiting for redundant to connect (applicable only to Mediant 3000)	Corrective action is not required.

Cleared	HA system is active	-	-
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## 6.4.2 HA System Configuration Mismatch Alarm

### HA System Configuration Mismatch Alarm

<b>Description</b>	HA feature is active. The active module was unable to transfer the License Key to the redundant module.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHASystemConfigMismatchAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.34		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0/Module#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the blade module's slot number		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	configurationOrCustomizationError		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major (default)	HA feature is active:	Configuration mismatch in the system:	The actions for the conditions are described below.
	License Keys of Active and Redundant modules are different.	Active and Redundant modules have different feature keys.	Update the Feature Keys of the Active and Redundant modules.
	The Active module was unable to pass on to the Redundant module the License Key.	Fail to update the redundant with feature key.	Replace the Feature Key of the Redundant module – it may be invalid.
	License key of the Redundant module is invalid.	Feature key did not update in redundant module.	Replace the Feature Key of the Redundant module – it may be invalid.
Cleared	Successful License Key update	The feature key was successfully updated in the redundant module	-

### 6.4.3 HA System Switch Over Alarm

#### HA System Switch Over Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Sent when a switchover from the active to the redundant module has occurred.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHASystemSwitchOverAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.35		
<b>Default Severity</b>	Critical		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0/Module#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the blade module's slot number		
<b>Event Type</b>	qualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical (default)	A switchover from the active to the redundant unit has occurred	Switch-over: See the acHASystemFaultAlarm table above	See Section 6.4.2 above for details.
Cleared	10 seconds have passed since the switchover	-	-

### 6.4.4 Hitless Software Upgrade Alarm

#### acHitlessUpdateStatus

<b>Description</b>	A Notification trap that is sent out at the beginning and the end of a Hitless software update. Failure during the process will also instigate the trap.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHitlessUpdateStatus		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.48		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Hitless Update event		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Automatic Update		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Indeterminate	A notification trap sent at the <i>beginning</i> and <i>end</i> of a hitless software update. Failure <i>during</i> the software update also activates the trap.	Hitless Update Event	The corrective action for each condition is described below.
	Hitless: Start software upgrade.		Corrective action is not required.
	Hitless fail: Invalid cmp file - missing Version parameter.		Replace the cmp file with a valid one.
	Hitless fail: The software version stream name is too long.		Replace the cmp file with a valid one.
	Hitless fail: Invalid cmp file - missing UPG parameter.		Replace the cmp file with a valid one.
	Hitless fail: Hitless software upgrade is not supported.		Replace the cmp file with a valid one that supports hitless upgrade of the software from the current version to the new one.
	Hitless: Software upgrade ended successfully.		Corrective action is not required.

## 6.4.5 Redundant Board Alarm

### Redundant Board Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Active board sends notification when an alarm or notification is raised in the redundant board.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acRedundantBoardAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.97
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Redundant Board Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Notification
<b>Probable Cause</b>	-
<b>Severity</b>	-
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.4.6 HA Network Watchdog Status Alarm

### HA Network Watchdog Status Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm indicates that the device's HA Network Reachability (network watchdog) feature is configured, but is not functioning correctly due to, for example, the Ethernet Group being down from where the ping is sent to the network entity.</p> <p>The device's HA Network Reachability feature is used to configure a network IP address to test reachability using pings. When the tested peer stops replying to the Active unit, a switchover is made to the Redundant unit. For configuring the HA Network Reachability feature, refer to the <i>User's Manual</i>.</p>	
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHANetworkWatchdogStatusAlarm	
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.98	
<b>Alarm Title</b>	HA Network Watchdog Status Alarm	
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0/Module#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the blade module's slot number	
<b>Alarm Type</b>	alarmTrap	
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService	
<b>Default Severity</b>	Major	
<b>Trap Text</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Failed sending ping	Some network configuration error	-
Network watchdog is disabled while HA priority is in use	When HA Priority is in use, the network watchdog module is disabled	-
Network watchdog is disabled while Redundant units has less Eth groups available	One or more of the Redundant unit's Ethernet Groups are down	-
Disabling network watchdog due to network interface error in Redundant unit	One or more of the Redundant unit's Ethernet Groups are down	-

## 6.4.7 Cluster HA Alarm

### Cluster HA Alarm

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised by the Cluster Manager when the cluster HA usage exceeds 100%. HA usage of 100% means that if a failure occurs in a Media Transcoder, sufficient DSP resources are available on the other Media Transcoders in the cluster to take over the transcoding sessions of the failed Media Transcoder. HA usage exceeding 100% means that insufficient DSP resources are available on the other Media Transcoders to take over the transcoding sessions of the failed Media Transcoder.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMtcMClusterHaAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.115		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	CM Cluster HA Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	device/clusterManager		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Alarm Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	Cluster HA usage exceeds 100%.	"At least one of the MTCEs is inactive, MTC will now provide only partial HA"	Make sure all Media Transcoders are properly connected to the Cluster Manager.  Make sure all Media Transcoders in the Media Transcoders table are in Admin State "Unlocked" and Status "Connected".
Cleared	HA usage drops to below 95%	-	-

## 6.4.8 License Key Hitless Upgrade Alarm

### License Key Hitless Upgrade Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Feature key hitless upgrade failed due to failure of switchover process.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acLicenseKeyHitlessUpgradeAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.129		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	License Key Hitless Upgrade Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	system0Mo		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	keyExpired		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	Feature key hitless upgrade failed due to failure of switchover process.	Feature key hitless upgrade failed due to failure of switchover process.	Reload the Feature key run the hitless process.

## 6.4.9 HA Network Mismatch Alarm

### HA Network Mismatch Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Mismatch of network devices in the cloud HA system (AWS) between active and redundant instances. There is a mismatch in the configuration of the AWS instances for the ENI (Elastic Network Interface), i.e. a different number of ENIs are configured, and/or different Subnet IDs, or the same ENIs however in the incorrect order. When working on an AWS HA system, both systems (Active & Redundant) must be identical in terms of ENIs.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHANetworkMismatchAlarm		
<b>OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.135		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	HA Network Mismatch Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	SystemMo		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	configurationOrCustomizationError		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	ENI configuration of both instances do not match	Cloud network devices do not match"	Fix the ENI configuration

## 6.4.10 HA Network Monitor Alarm

### HA Network Monitor Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when all previously reachable destinations configured for a specific row in the HA Network Monitor table (for the HA Network Monitor feature) are now unreachable (i.e., none of them reply to the device's pings). For configuring the HA Network Monitor feature, refer to the <i>User's Manual</i> .		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acHANetworkMonitorAlarm		
<b>OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.136		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	HA Network Monitor Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#1/NetworkMonitor#X		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	connectionEstablishmentError		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	All destinations of a specific row in the HA Network Monitor table that replied in the past to the device's pings are now "unreachable"	"Destination/s <peer destination IP address(es)> is/are unreachable"	-
Cleared	At least one of the "unreachable" destinations replies to the device's pings and is now "reachable", or the row in the HA Network Monitor table has been deleted	-	-



## 6.4.11 HA Ethernet Group Alarm

**HA Ethernet Group Alarm**

<b>Trap</b>	acHAEthernetGroupAlarm		
<b>OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.137		
<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the Ethernet link of at least one port in the Ethernet Group that is associated with the HA Maintenance interface is down.		
<b>Default Severity</b>	Minor		
<b>Source Varbind Text</b>	system#0		
<b>Event Type</b>	qualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	At least one of the Ethernet port links in the Ethernet Group associated with the HA Maintenance interface is down	"SYS_HA: Maintenance Group - One of the links is down - NO HA of maintenance link redundancy"	Check that the Ethernet cables are connected securely to the ports. Check that the ports at the other end are up (working).
Cleared	All Ethernet ports in the Ethernet Group associated with the HA Maintenance interface become up again	-	-

## 6.5 Media Transcoder Alarms

### 6.5.1 Media Transcoder Network Failure

This alarm is applicable for the Mediant 9000 SBC and the Mediant Software SBC products.

#### MT Network Failure

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised when the Cluster Manager fails to connect to the Media Transcoder.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMtceNetworkFailureAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.116		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	MT Network Failure		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#1/clusterManager#0/MTCE#xxx		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Alarm Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	Connection failure with Media Transcoder	"No Connection with MTCE: <MTCE-name>"	Make sure a physical connection exists between the Media Transcoder and the Cluster Manager.
Cleared	Connection established / re-established with Media Transcoder	-	-

## 6.5.2 Media Transcoder Software Upgrade Failure

### MT Software Upgrade Failure

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised upon a software upgrade (.cmp) or Auxiliary file load failure in the Media Transcoder.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMtceSwUpgradeFailureAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.117		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	MT SW Upgrade Failure		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#1/clusterManager#0/MTCE#xxx		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	processingErrorAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	other		
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Alarm Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	Software upgrade (.cmp) or Auxiliary file load failure in Media Transcoder	""Reset of the MTCE is required"	Reset the Media Transcoder and perform the upgrade process again.  If the upgrade fails again, contact your AudioCodes support representative.
Cleared	Upon reset of Media Transcoder	-	-

## 6.5.3 Media Transcoder High Temperature Failure

### Media Transcoder High Temperature Failure

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised when the temperature of the Media Transcoder chassis reaches a critical threshold.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMtceHwTemperatureFailureAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.118		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	MT Temperature Failure		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#1/clusterManager#0/MTCE#xxx		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Equipment Alarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	-		
Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text	Corrective Action
Major	Temperature of Media Transcoder reaches critical threshold	"MTCE reached high temperature threshold"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check that the ambient environment around the chassis was not changed (room temperature, air-conditioner, and location of the chassis on the site). If the ambient environment is the same, make sure that all unoccupied module slots are covered with blank panels.</li> <li>Check the chassis ventilation outlet and make sure that they are not obstructed for air flow.</li> <li>Check if you also received a Fan Tray alarm, which indicates that one or more fans in the Fan Tray are faulty (major). If this is the case, send the faulty Fan Tray to AudioCodes as RMA. Send an RMA request to AudioCodes for the Fan Tray.</li> </ul>
Cleared	Connectivity with Media Transcoder is re-established and temperature is reduced	-	-

### 6.5.4 Media Transcoder Fan Tray Module Failure

This alarm is applicable for the Mediant 9000 SBC and the Mediant Software SBC products.

#### MT HW Fan Tray Failure

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised upon a failure in the Fan Tray module of the Media Transcoder.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMtceHwFanTrayFailureAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.119		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	MT HW Fan Tray Failure		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	.../MTCE#1/fanTray#1		
<b>AlarmType</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	heatingVentCoolingSystemProblem		
Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text	Corrective Action
Minor	Failure in Fan Tray module of Media Transcoder	"MTCE fan tray fault"	Fan Tray module is faulty. Send a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request to AudioCodes.
Cleared	Fan Tray module status returns to normal	-	-

## 6.5.5 Media Transcoder Power Supply Module Failure

### MT Power Supply Failure

<b>Description</b>	The alarm is raised upon a failure in the Power Supply module of the Media Transcoder.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMtcePsuFailureAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.120		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	MT Power Supply Failure		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	.../MTCE#1/powerSupply#1		
<b>AlarmType</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	powerProblem		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Alarm Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	Failure in Power Supply module of Media Transcoder	"MTCE power supply unit fault"	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check if the Power Supply module is inserted in the chassis.</li> <li>If it was removed from the chassis, re-insert it.</li> <li>If the Power Supply module is inserted in the chassis and the alarm is still raised, send a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request to AudioCodes.</li> </ul>
Cleared	Power Supply module status returns to normal	-	-

## 6.5.6 Media Cluster Alarm

### Media Cluster Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the Media Cluster is enabled; however, no Media Interface is defined in the Interface Table for the Media Cluster.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMediaClusterAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.133
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Media Cluster Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Device/clusterManager
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Media Cluster
<b>Probable Cause</b>	

Alarm Severity	Condition	Alarm Text	Corrective Action
Major	Cluster is enabled, however there is no Media Interface defined in interface Table.	Media Cluster Alarm: Media Cluster <MC Name>, Remote Interface - Alarm Status is NoRmifPresent.	Define a Media Interface in the Media Cluster Interface table.
Clear	Media Interface is configured in interface Table of MC, or the MC is removed from Cluster Manager.	Media Cluster : Media Cluster <MC Name>, Remote Interface - Alarm Status is Clear	

## 6.5.7 Remote Interface Alarm

### Remote Interface Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm is raised when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• A Media Interface ethXX exists in the Remote Interface table, and this interface is used by one or more Media Realms; however, it is not defined in a specific Media Cluster.</li> <li>• A Media Interface ethXX exists in the Remote Interface table of the Cluster Manager (CM) and is used by one or more Media Realms; however, it does not have a public IP address configured on the Media Cluster i.e. a NAT rule is defined for a Remote Interface which is referenced by a Media Realm, however, an MC does not have a public IP address for this interface.</li> <li>• A Media Interface ethXX exists in the Remote Interface table of the Cluster Manager(CM) and is used by one or more Media Realms; however, it's status is link down.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acMediaClusterRemoteInterfaceAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.134		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Remote Interface Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	device/clusterManager/MC		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Media Cluster		
<b>Probable Cause</b>			
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Alarm Text</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	According to description above.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interface &lt;Interface id&gt;, Name: &lt;ethXX&gt; - Alarm Status is RmifMissing</li> <li>• Interface &lt;Interface id&gt;, Name: &lt;ethXX&gt; - Alarm Status is PublicIpAddrMissing</li> <li>• Remote Interface Alarm: Interface &lt;Interface id&gt;, Name: &lt;ethXX&gt; - Alarm Status is LinkDown</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Add the appropriate Media Interface ethXX</li> <li>• Configure a public IP address on the Media Cluster or remove the NAT rule.</li> <li>• Troubleshoot the Media Interface ethXX</li> </ul>



## 6.6 MP-1288 Alarms

### 6.6.1 Module Service Alarm

#### acModuleServiceAlarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised in the following circumstances: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Multiple FXS ports on a specific FXS blade are Out-Of-Service.</li> <li>Hardware faults with the blades DSP.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acModuleServiceAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.122		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis/Module# (Analog)		
<b>Event Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	equipmentMalfunction		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	More than five FXS ports and less than 33% of FXS ports are Out-Of-Service on a this blade.	Multiple FXS ports are Out-Of-Service.	Service the faulty blade.
Major	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>More than 33% of FXS ports are Out-Of-Service on this blade.</li> <li>There is a hardware fault on the DSP blade. If the fault is due to the exceeding of the high temperature limit, all FXS ports on this blade are Out-Of-Service.</li> </ul>	Multiple FXS ports are Out-Of-Service.	Service the faulty blade.
Clear	<i>Major to Minor:</i> Less than 25% of FXS ports are Out-Of-Service on the blade.	-	If this alarm has been raised as a result of a high DSP temperature as described above, then you must power reset the device to return the blade to service.

	The FXS module has less than 4 FXS ports that are Out-Of-Service on the blade.		
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## 6.6.2 Module Operation Alarm

### acModuleOperationAlarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when there is operational hardware failure on FXS port or the blades DSP/CPU.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acModuleOperationalAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.123		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis/Module# (Analog / CPU)		
<b>Event Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	equipmentMalfunction		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	An operational hardware failure has been detected on between one port to 33% of FXS ports on a specific blade.	Operational failure was detected on Analog/CPU blade.	Service the faulty blade.

Major	An operational hardware failure has been detected on more than 33% of FXS ports on the blade.	Operational failure was detected on Analog/CPU blade.	Service the faulty blade.
	An operational hardware failure has been detected on the blades DSP/CPU. The problem could not be resolved after successive reset attempts.	"Blade is out-of-service due to operational failure"	
Clear	<i>Major to Minor:</i> hardware faults have been detected on less than 25% of the blades FXS ports.		If this alarm has been raised as a result of DSP or CPLD failure as described above, then you must power reset the device to return the blade to service.
	<i>Clear:</i> No hardware faults have been detected on any of the blades FXS ports.		

## 6.6.1 Port Service Alarm

### acPortServiceAlarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when an FXS port is out of service due to the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) connection with the port is lost.</li> <li>• The temperature threshold on an FXS port has been exceeded.</li> <li>• An FXS port is inactive due to a ground fault.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acPortServiceAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.124		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis/Module#/FXS Port #		
<b>Event Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	outOfService		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	The relevant FXS ports is faulty due to the reasons described above. In addition, note the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• If the number of faulty FXS ports is above four on the same module, then the acModuleOperationAlarm alarm is raised (see above).</li> <li>• If there were active sessions on the device, then these calls are disconnected. No new SIP outbound calls will be initiated towards these FXS lines on this device.</li> </ul>	"FXS Port state was changed to Out of Service" (the detailed reason will be provided in: Syslog, in the Web detailed port status description and in WEB tooltip per FXS port)	Service the faulty FXS port.

Clear	<p>This alarm is cleared when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) connection is restored.</li> <li>• The FXS port temperature falls within the threshold.</li> <li>• The ground fault is cleared.</li> <li>• The acModuleServiceAlarm (see above) is raised i.e. the number of faulty FXS ports on the module is above four.</li> </ul>		
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## 6.7 MSBR Alarms

### 6.7.1 WAN Link Alarm

#### WAN Link Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the WAN Link is down and cleared when the link is up.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBoardWanLinkAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.79
<b>Alarm Title</b>	WAN Link alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#x/WanLink#y
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable
<b>Severity</b>	Major / Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Connect the WAN port.

## 6.7.2 Power Over Ethernet Status [Event]

### Power over Ethernet Status [Event]

<b>Description</b>	This event is sent when Power over Ethernet (PoE) for a specific port is disabled.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acPowerOverEthernetStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.80
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] Power over Ethernet Status
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	-
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable
<b>Event Text</b>	"POE Port %d Was Not Powered Due To Power Management" where %d is the Ethernet port number
<b>Default Severity</b>	Indeterminate
<b>Condition</b>	This trap is sent when insufficient power is available for a plugged-in PoE client in a PoE-enabled LAN port.
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

### 6.7.3 Wireless Cellular Modem Alarm

#### Wireless Cellular Modem Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when either the wireless modem is down or in backup mode and is cleared when the wireless modem is up.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acWirelessCellularModemAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.82		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Wireless Cellular Modem Alarm		
<b>Default Severity</b>	Major / Clear		
<b>Source Varbind Text</b>	Board#x/WanLink#y		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major	Raised when either the wireless modem is down or in backup mode, and cleared when modem is up.	WAN wireless cellular modem alarm	Get the link up. Investigate the possibility of an electronics failure or a problem with the radio frequency (RF) path.
Clear	WAN link up	-	-

### 6.7.4 Data Interface Status

#### Data Interface Status

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when a DSL interface state changes to up or down.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acDataInterfaceStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.83
<b>Alarm Title</b>	-
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	communicationsProtocolError
<b>Severity</b>	indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.7.5 NQM Connectivity Alarm

### NQM Connectivity Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when connectivity with the NQM probe destination is lost and cleared when connectivity with the NQM probe destination is re-established.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNqmConnectivityAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.88		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Connectivity with NQM probe destination is lost.		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/NqmSender#%d		
<b>Event Type</b>	communicationsSubsystemFailure		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Raised when Connectivity with NQM probe destination is lost		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	-	Connectivity with NQM probe destination is lost	Cleared when connectivity with the Noise Quality Measure (NQM) probe destination is re-established

## 6.7.6 NQM RTT Alarm

### NQM RTT Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when high RTT towards the NQM probe destination is detected.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNqmRttAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.89		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/NqmSender#%d		
<b>AlarmType</b>	communicationsSubsystemFailure		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Raised when Detected high RTT towards NQM probe destination		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	-	Detected high RTT towards NQM probe destination	To correct long RTT (Round Trip Time): <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Test with traceroute.</li> <li>▪ Contact your ISP with the traceroute results.</li> <li>▪ Use Wireshark or any other diagnostic tool to perform a traffic capture and determine who is contaminating the network.</li> </ul>



## 6.7.7 NQM Jitter Alarm

### NQM Jitter Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when high Jitter towards the NQM probe destination is detected.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNqmJitterAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.90		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/NqmSender#%d		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	CommunicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Raised when Detected high Jitter towards NQM probe destination - thresholdCrossed		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	-	Detected high Jitter towards NQM probe destination	To correct high jitter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Test with traceroute.</li> <li>▪ Contact your Internet Service Provider (ISP) with traceroute results.</li> <li>▪ Implement Quality of Service (QoS).</li> <li>▪ Note that there's no simple solution for high jitter. A systemic level solution may be required.</li> </ul>

## 6.7.8 NQM Packet Loss Alarm

### NQM Packet Loss Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when high packet loss towards the NQM probe destination is detected.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNqmPacketLossAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.91		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/NqmSender#%d		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	CommunicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Raised when Detected high Packet Loss towards NQM probe destination		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	-	Detected high PL towards NQM probe destination	<p>To correct high packet loss (PL):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Eliminate interference problems: Distance your modem from electrical devices</li> <li>▪ Do not coil up any excess signal or power cables.</li> <li>▪ Check the statistics counters of network nodes to determine where loss is occurring. Typically, each node in the network has a packet loss counter. Isolate the network segment where loss has been occurring.</li> </ul>

## 6.7.9 NQM MOS CQ Alarm

### NQM MOS CQ Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when low conversational voice quality towards the NQM probe destination is detected.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNqmCqMosAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.95		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Detected low conversational voice quality towards NQM probe destination		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/NqmSender#%d		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Raised when Detected low conversational voice quality towards NQM probe destination		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Minor	-	Detected low conversational voice quality towards NQM probe destination	<p>To fix the Noise Quality Measure (NQM) result:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Perform corrective action for jitter. See Section 6.7.7</li> <li>Perform corrective action for Real Time Protocol (RTP) packet loss. See Section 6.7.8</li> <li>Perform corrective action for long Round-Trip Time (RTT) - the time it takes for packets to travel from source to destination. See Section 6.7.6</li> </ul> <p>To fix the poor Conversational Quality (CQ) that the test indicates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Try changing the coder</li> <li>Try using RTP-Redundancy</li> <li>Perform corrective action for RTP packet loss. See Section 6.7.8</li> </ul>

## 6.7.10 NQM MOS LQ Alarm

### NQM MOS LQ Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when low listening voice quality towards the NQM probe destination is detected.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNqmLqMosAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.96		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Board#%d/NqmSender#%d		
<b>AlarmType</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Raised when detected low listening voice quality towards NQM probe destination		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Minor	-	Detected low listening voice quality towards NQM probe destination	<p>To fix the Noise Quality Measure (NQM) result:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Perform corrective action for Real Time Protocol (RTP) packet loss.</li> </ul> <p>See Section 6.7.8</p> <p>To fix the poor listening quality that the test indicates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Try changing the coder</li> <li>Try using RTP-Redundancy</li> <li>Perform corrective action for RTP packet loss.</li> </ul> <p>See Section 6.7.8</p>

## 6.8 Mediant 3000 Hardware Alarms

### 6.8.1 PEM Module Alarm

#### PEM Module Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent in one of the following cases: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The HA (High Availability) feature is active and one of the PEM (Power Entry Module) units is missing</li> <li>▪ PEM card is in its location and both DC wires are in.</li> </ul>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acPEMAAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.31		
<b>Default Severity</b>	Critical		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	hassis#0/PemCard#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the power entry module's (PEM) slot number		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical	The HA (High Availability) feature is active and one of the PEMs (Power Entry Modules) is missing.	PEM Module Alarm. PEM card is missing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure the PEMs are present and that they're inserted correctly.</li> <li>• If it's present and inserted correctly yet the alarm remains active, send a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) request to AudioCodes.</li> </ul>
Cleared	PEM card is placed and both DC wires are in.	-	-

## 6.8.2 SA Module Missing Alarm

### SA Module Missing Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is sent when the Shelf Alarm (SA) module is missing or non operational.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSAMissingAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.32		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SA Module Missing Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis#0/SA#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the shelf Alarm module's slot number		
<b>Event Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical (default)	SA module removed or missing	SA Module Alarm. SA-Module from slot #n is missing.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Reinsert the Shelf Alarm (SA) module into slot #n</li> <li>Make sure it's correctly inserted in the slot.</li> </ul>
Cleared	SA module is in slot 2 or 4 and working.	-	-

## 6.8.3 User Input Alarm

### User Input Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Sent when the input dry contact is short circuited; cleared when the circuit is reopened.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acUserInputAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.36		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Chassis#0		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	inputDeviceError		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
<b>Critical</b> (default)	Input dry contact is short circuited.	User input Alarm. User's Input-Alarm turn on.	Reopen the input dry contact.
<b>Cleared</b>	Input dry contact circuit is reopened.	-	-

## 6.8.4 TM Inconsistency

### TM Inconsistency

<b>Description</b>	Timing Manager Alarm. This alarm is triggered when the system is in a 1+1 status and the redundant board PLL status is different to the active board PLL status.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTMInconsistentRemoteAndLocalPLLStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.56
<b>Alarm Title</b>	TM Inconsistency
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable
<b>Severity</b>	Major, Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	Status stays major until reboot. A clear trap is not sent.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Synchronize the timing module.

## 6.8.5 TM Reference Status

### TM Reference Status

<b>Description</b>	Timing Manager Alarm. This alarm is triggered when either the primary or secondary BITs reference or both BITs references are not responding.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTMReferenceStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.57
<b>Alarm Title</b>	TM Reference Status
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	equipmentAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	underlyingResourceUnavailable
<b>Severity</b>	Major, Critical, Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	When the primary and secondary BITs clock references do not respond in more than 24 hours, an alarm will be escalated to critical. The status of this alarms stays major until reboot. A clear trap is not sent.
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Synchronize the timing module.

## 6.8.6 TM Reference Change

### TM Reference Change

<b>Description</b>	The Timing Manager sends a log message upon PLL Status change.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTMReferenceChange
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.58
<b>Alarm Title</b>	[Event] TM Reference Change
<b>Alarm Source</b>	-
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Severity</b>	indeterminate
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-



## 6.9 PSTN Trunk Alarms

### 6.9.1 D-Channel Status

#### D-Channel Status

<b>Description</b>	Non-alarm trap sent at the establishment, re-establishment or release of LAPD link with its peer connection occurs. The trap is sent with one of the following textual descriptions: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• D-channel synchronized</li><li>• D-channel not-synchronized</li></ul>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acDChannelStatus
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.37
<b>Alarm Title</b>	D-Channel Status
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Trunk no.<m> where m is the trunk number (from 0 up).
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communications Alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications Protocol Error
<b>Severity</b>	Minor on raise, Clear on clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.9.2 SONET Section LOF Alarm

### SONET Section LOF Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that a LOF condition is present on SONET no#m. The field 'sonetSectionCurrentStatus' in the sonetSectionCurrentTable will have a value of sonetSectionLOF (4).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetSectionLOFAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.38		
<b>Default Severity</b>	Critical		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Sonet#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the SONET interface number		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	lossOfFrame		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical	LOF condition is present on SONET no.n	SONET-Section LOF	Make sure the framing format on the port matches the format configured on the line.  Note that the 'sonetSectionCurrentStatus' field in the sonetSectionCurrentTable will have a value <b>sonetSectionLOF(4)</b>
Cleared	LOF condition is not present	LOF	-

### 6.9.3 SONET Section LOS Alarm

#### SONET Section LOS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm indicates that LOS or AIS condition is present on SONET no #m.</p> <p>The field 'sonetSectionCurrentStatus' in the sonetSectionCurrentTable will have a value of sonetSectionLOS (2).</p>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetSectionLOSAAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.39		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Sonet#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the SONET interface number		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	lossOfSignal		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical (default)	LOS condition is present on SONET no #n	SONET-Section LOS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Make sure the fiber optic cable is plugged in correctly.</li> <li>Make sure it's not damaged.</li> <li>Make sure its remote end is correctly connected and undamaged.</li> <li>Make sure that configuration of the remote port is correct.</li> </ul> <p>Note that the 'sonetSectionCurrentStatus' field in the sonetSectionCurrentTable will have a value <b>sonetSectionLOS (2)</b></p>
Cleared	LOS condition is not present	-	-

## 6.9.4 SONET Line AIS Alarm

### SONET Line AIS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that an AIS condition is present on SONET-Line #m. The field 'sonetLineCurrentStatus' in the sonetLineCurrentTable will have a value of sonetLineAIS (2).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetLineAISAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.40		
<b>AlarmSource</b>	Interfaces#0/Sonet#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the SONET interface number		
<b>Event Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical (default)	AIS condition is present on SONET-Line #n	SONET-Line AIS	<p>If an Alarm Indication Signal (AIS) condition is present on a SONET line:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure the remote configuration is correct.</li> <li>• Check the line status at the remote end of the link.</li> </ul> <p>Note that the 'sonetLineCurrentStatus' field in the sonetLineCurrentTable will have a value <b>sonetLineAIS (2)</b></p>
Cleared	AIS condition is not present.	-	-

## 6.9.5 SONET Line RDI Alarm

### SONET Line RDI Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>This alarm indicates that RDI condition is present on SONET-Line no#m.</p> <p>The field 'sonetLineCurrentStatus' in the sonetLineCurrentTable will have a value of sonetLineRDI (4).</p>		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetLineRDIArm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.41		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Sonet#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the SONET interface number		
<b>Event Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	transmitFailure		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical (default)	RDI condition is present on SONET-Line #n	SONET-Line RDI	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the <i>remote site</i> for alarm conditions.</li> <li>Correct a line problem that has arisen from the <i>remote interface</i>.</li> </ul> <p>Note that the 'sonetLineCurrentStatus' field in the sonetLineCurrentTable will have a value <b>sonetLineRDI (4)</b></p>
Cleared	RDI condition is not present.	-	-

## 6.9.6 SONET/SDN IF Failure Alarm

### SONET/SDN IF Failure Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates a HW failure on SONET-Line no#m
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetIfHwFailureAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.42
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SONET/SDH IF Failure Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Sonet#<m> where m is the SONET I/F number
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communications Alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Transmit failure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical on raise, Clear on clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.9.7 Trunk LOS Alarm

This alarm applies to E1/T1Trunks.

### Trunk LOS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates a loss of signal at the trunk's near end.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTrunksAlarmNearEndLOS		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.49		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Trunk LOS Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Trunk#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the trunk interface number, 1 being the first trunk		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	lossOfSignal		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical (default)	Near-end LOS	Trunk LOS Alarm	Los of Signal (LOS) indicates a physical problem. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check that the cable is connected on the board.</li> <li>• Check that the correct cable type is being used (crossed/straight).</li> <li>• Contact AudioCodes' Support Center at <a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a>.</li> </ul>
Cleared	End of LOS	-	-

## 6.9.8 Trunk LOF Alarm

This alarm applies to E1/T1Trunks.

### Trunk LOF Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates a loss of frame at the trunk's near end.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTrunksAlarmNearEndLOF		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.50		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Trunk LOF Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Trunk#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the trunk interface number, 1 being the first trunk		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	lossOfFrame		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical (default)	Near end LOF	Trunk LOF Alarm	<p>Make sure that the trunk is connected to a proper follow-up device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Make sure that both sides are configured with the same (E1 / T1) link type.</li> <li>• Make sure that both sides are configured with the same framing method.</li> <li>• Make sure that both sides are configured with the same line code.</li> <li>• Make sure that the clocking setup is correct.</li> <li>• Contact AudioCodes' Support Center at <a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a>.</li> </ul>
Cleared	End of LOF	-	-



## 6.9.9 Trunk AIS Alarm

This alarm applies to E1/T1Trunks.

### Trunk AIS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that an AIS is received from the trunk's far end.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTrunksAlarmRcvAIS		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.51		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Trunk#<m>, where m is the trunk interface number, 1 being the first trunk		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Trunk AIS Alarm		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	PSTN provider has stopped the trunk (receiveFailure)		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Critical	Receive AIS	Trunk AIS Alarm	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contact your PSTN provider to activate the trunk.</li> <li>• If the alarm persists, contact the AudioCodes Support Center at <a href="mailto:support@audiocodes.com">support@audiocodes.com</a></li> </ul>
Cleared	End of AIS	-	-

## 6.9.10 Trunk RAI Alarm

### Trunk RAI Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates a loss of frame at the trunk's far end.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acTrunksAlarmFarEndLOF
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.52
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Trunk RAI Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Port#<n> where n is the digital trunk number
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	transmitFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check trunk's connectivity

## 6.9.11 V5.2 Interface Alarm

### V5.2 Interface Alarm

<b>Description</b>	<p>A V5.2 Interface alarm is raised in one of the following cases. For detailed V5.2 Interface condition, refer to the V5.2 Interfaces status table.</p> <p>An Alarm is raised with critical severity when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ V5 interfaces ID are not equal on both sides</li> <li>▪ V5 variants are not equal on both sides</li> <li>▪ V5 link ID check timeout error occurred</li> <li>▪ Layer 2 startup failed</li> <li>▪ V5 restart failed</li> </ul> <p>An Alarm is raised with major severity when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Control protocol data link error</li> <li>▪ Link control protocol data link error</li> <li>▪ BCC protocol data link error</li> <li>▪ PSTN protocol data link error</li> <li>▪ Protection DL1 failure</li> <li>▪ Protection DL2 failure</li> </ul>
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acV52InterfaceAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.60
<b>Alarm Title</b>	V5.2 Interface Alarm.
<b>Alarm Source</b>	V5.2IF#
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Communications Alarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Communications Protocol Error
<b>Severity</b>	Critical, Major, Clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>For critical severity alarms, solve configuration mismatch (configuration does not comply to far end configuration).</p> <p>For major severity alarms:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Ensure physical connections are in place.</li> <li>▪ Ensure links are not administratively blocked.</li> <li>▪ Resolve configuration issues.</li> </ul>

## 6.9.12 SONET Path STS LOP Alarm

### SONET Path STS LOP Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the LOP condition is present on the SONET Path #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetPathSTSLOPAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.61
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SONET Path STS LOP Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Path#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Correct the SONET mapping on either side ( the Gateway and the far end).

## 6.9.13 SONET Path STS AIS Alarm

### SONET Path STS AIS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the AIS condition is present on the SONET Path #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetPathSTS AISAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.62
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SONET Path STS AIS Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Path#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>Check the following and correct according to the appropriate reason:</p> <p>There is higher level failure: LOS, LOF, AIS-L</p> <p>A Path Trace Identifier mismatch occurred</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Path is unequipped on the Far-End</li> </ul>

## 6.9.14 SONET Path STS RDI Alarm

### SONET Path STS RDI Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the RDI condition is present on the SONET Path #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetPathSTSRDIArm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.63
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SONET Path STS RDI Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Path#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	transmitFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / Cleared
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>This indication only reflects a failure detected on the far-end.</p> <p>Check the following and correct on the far-end according to the appropriate reason:</p> <p>LOS, LOF, AIS-L, AIS-P</p>

## 6.9.15 SONET Path Unequipped Alarm

### SONET Path Unequipped Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the Unequipped condition is present on the SONET Path #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetPathUnequippedAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.64
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SONET Path Unequipped Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Path#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Equip the path on the far-end

## 6.9.16 SONET Path Signal Label Alarm

### SONET Path Signal Label Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the Signal Label condition is present on the SONET Path #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSonetPathSignalLabelMismatchAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.65
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SONET Path Signal Label Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Path#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Set the transmit path signal label on the far-end to either "VT Structured STS1 SPE" (02) or "Asynchronous Mapping DS3" (04).

## 6.9.17 DS3 RAI Alarm

### DS3 RAI Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the RAI condition is present on the DS3 Interface #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acDS3RAIAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.66
<b>Alarm Title</b>	DS3 RAI Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/DS3#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	transmitFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / Cleared
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<p>This indication only reflects a failure detected on the far-end. Check the following and correct on the far-end according to the appropriate reason:</p> <p>LOS, LOF, AIS-L, AIS-P, DS3 LOS, DS3 LOF, DS3 AIS</p>



## 6.9.18 DS3 AIS Alarm

### DS3 AIS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the AIS condition is present on the DS3 Interface #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acDS3AISAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.67
<b>Alarm Title</b>	DS3 AIS Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/DS3#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / Cleared
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check the following and correct according to the appropriate reason: There is a SONET level failure: LOS, LOF, AIS-L, AIS-P, UNEQ-P, TIM-P The far-end (e.g., MUX) sends a DS3 AIS

## 6.9.19 DS3 LOF Alarm

### DS3 LOF Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the LOF condition is present on the DS3 Interface #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acDS3LOFAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.68
<b>Alarm Title</b>	DS3 LOF Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/DS3#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	receiveFailure
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / Cleared
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check and correct the DS3 framing

## 6.9.20 DS3 LOS Alarm

### DS3 LOS Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is issued when the LOF condition is present on the DS3 Interface #m.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acDS3LOSAAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.69
<b>Alarm Title</b>	DS3 LOS Alarm
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/DS3#<m>
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm
<b>Probable Cause</b>	lossOfFrame
<b>Severity</b>	Critical / Cleared
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	Check the cable connections or cable length

## 6.9.21 NFAS Group Alarm

### NFAS Group Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when an NFAS group goes Out-Of-Service and is cleared when an NFAS Group is back In-Service.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acNFASGroupAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.84		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Trunk#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the trunk interface number, 1 being the first trunk		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	degradedSignal		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major (default)	Raised when an NFAS group goes out-of-service	NFAS Group Alarm. %s	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The alarm is sent only when the backup Non-Facility Associated Signaling (NFAS) D-channel also falls, i.e., when <i>both</i> D-channels are down.</li> <li>When at least one of the D-channels (primary or backup) returns to service, the alarm is cleared.</li> <li>Corrective action is not necessary.</li> </ul>
Clear	NFAS group state goes to in- service	%s– Additional information	-

## 6.9.22 B Channel Alarm

### B Channel Alarm

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the B-Channel service state changes and is cleared when the B-Channel is back in service.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acBChannelAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.85		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	B-Channel Alarm.		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Interfaces#0/Trunk#<m>, where <i>m</i> is the trunk interface number, 1 being the first trunk		
<b>AlarmType</b>	communicationsAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	degradedSignal		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
Major (default)	Raised when B-channel service state changes to 'Out of Service' or 'Maintenance'	B-Channel Alarm. %s	Corrective action is not necessary
Clear	B-channel status changes to 'In Service'	%s – additional information	-

## 6.10 Analog Port Alarms

### 6.10.1 Analog Port SPI Out of Service

#### Analog Port SPI Out of Service

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that an analog port out of service.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acAnalogPortSPIOutOfService
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.46
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Analog Port SPI out of service
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Port#<m> where m is the analog port number
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Physical Violation
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Equipment Malfunction
<b>Severity</b>	Major on raise, Clear on clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

### 6.10.2 Analog Port High Temperature

#### Analog Port High Temperature

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that an analog FXS port has a high temperature.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acAnalogPortHighTemperature
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.47
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Analog Port High Temperature
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Port#<m> where m is the analog port number
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Physical Violation
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Equipment Malfunction
<b>Severity</b>	Major on raise, Clear on clear
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Corrective Action</b>	-

## 6.10.3 Analog Port Ground Fault Out-of-Service Alarm

**Table 6-2: acAnalogPortGroundFaultOutOfService**

<b>Description</b>	This alarm indicates that there is a ground fault in the analog port.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acAnalogPortGroundFaultOutOfService
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.10.1.21.2.0.76
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Analog Port Ground Fault Out Of Service
<b>Alarm Source</b>	System#0/analogports#<n>, where <i>n</i> is the port number
<b>Alarm Type</b>	physicalViolation
<b>Default Severity</b>	Major / Clear
<b>Probable Cause</b>	equipmentMalfunction (this alarm is raised when the FXS port is inactive due to a ground fault)
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Analog Port Ground Fault Out Of Service
<b>Corrective Action</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No corrective action is required.</li> <li>The device shuts down the port and tries to activate it again when the relevant alarm is over.</li> </ul>
<b>Note</b>	Relevant to FXS only.

## 6.11 CloudBond 365 Alarms

### 6.11.1 Commit License Failed

**Commit License Failed**

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the EMS Main Agent is unable to store the license in the Active Directory.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbManLicenseCommitAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.1		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	N/A		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Commit License Failed		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Unable to store the license in the Active Directory	Unable to commit the license in Active Directory.	Verify that EMS Agent can access the local Active Directory. Verify that the local Active Directory contains the contact 'CbLicense'.

<b>Cleared</b>	The license has been successfully stored in the Active Directory.	-	
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## 6.11.2 Component Unreachable

### Component Unreachable

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the EMS Main Agent is unable to connect to one of the client agents in the CloudBond environment.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbManEnvUnreachableAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.2		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n> (where n is the component name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Unreachable		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Client agent is unavailable	Unable to connect to the client agent on <CloudBond component name>.	
<b>Cleared</b>	Client agent is available again.	-	

## 6.11.3 Component Restart

### Component Restart

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a CloudBond component has restarted.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbManEnvRestartEvent		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.3		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n> (where n is the component name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Restart		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	The restart reason		

Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
<b>Major</b>	Indeterminate	CloudBond component <component name> restarted	-
<b>Cleared</b>	-	-	

## 6.11.4 Component Performance Counter General

### Component Performance Counter General

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the generic performance counter has reached a pre-defined threshold for memory, CPU and disk space.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompPcGenAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.11		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n>\<g>\<p> (where n is the component name, g is the performance group and p is performance counter name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Performance Counter General		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	QualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity per counter type.	<Performance counter> high level <x>.	-
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity per counter type.	<Performance counter> high level <x>.	
<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity per counter type.	<Performance counter> high level <x>.	
<b>Cleared</b>	When counter returns below the threshold level.	-	



## 6.11.5 Component Performance Counter Service

### Component Performance Counter Service

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the service-related performance counter has reached a pre-defined threshold. This alarm is related to activity of Skype for Business/Lync services.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompPcServAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.12		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n>\<g>\<p> (where n is the component name, g is the performance group and p is performance counter name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Performance Counter Service		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	QualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	-		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity per each counter type	<Performance counter> high level <x>	-
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity per each counter type	<Performance counter> high level <x>	-
<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity per each counter type	<Performance counter> high level <x>	-
<b>Cleared</b>	When counter returns below the threshold level.	-	-

## 6.11.6 Component Service Status

**Component Service Status**

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a component service is down.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompSrvAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.13		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n>\<sn> (where n is the component name and sn is the service name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Service Status		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED (indicates which service is down)	-
<b>Major</b>	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED (indicates which service is down)	-
<b>Warning</b>	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED. (indicates which service is down)	-
<b>Cleared</b>	Service is running	SERVICE_RUNNING	-

Note: the severity is determined according to the service's importance to system functionality.

## 6.11.7 Component Event Viewer

**Component Event Viewer**

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when report is generated in the Event Viewer for a component error.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompEventViewer
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.14
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n>\<e> (where n is the component name and e is Type of event (System/Security..))
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Event Viewer
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other

<b>Additional Info</b>	Contains the original severity of the event. This event is displayed in the EMS as type "Info".		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Indeterminate</b>	-	The text of the event	-

### 6.11.8 Component Event Viewer Past Hours

#### Component Event Viewer Past Hours

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when an error is generated in the Event Viewer in the past 24 hours.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompEventLogAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.15		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n> (where n is the component name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Event Viewer Past Hours		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Event Log has a Critical alarm.	The event log has errors	-
<b>Major</b>	Event Log has a Major alarm.	The event log has errors	-
<b>Warning</b>	Event Log has a Warning alarm.	The event log has errors	-
<b>Cleared</b>	No errors have occurred in the past hours.	-	-

### 6.11.9 Component Event Viewer Dropped

#### Component Event Viewer Dropped

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when events from the Event Viewer are dropped and not sent to the EMS after the sending rate threshold has been exceeded.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompEventViewerDropped		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.16		

<b>Alarm Source</b>	N/A
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Event Viewer Dropped
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other
<b>Additional Info</b>	-
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	Indeterminate

### 6.11.10 Admin License Expired

#### Admin License Expired

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised by the CloudBond administrator when the CloudBond user license is invalid.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbAdminLicInvalidAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.21		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	N/a		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Admin License Expired		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	License is invalid/expired	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>License expired on &lt;Data of the license&gt;</li> <li>Invalid license or missing license in Active Directory</li> </ul>	-
<b>Cleared</b>	License is valid	-	-

### 6.11.11 Alarm – Certificate Expired

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the certificate in the CloudBond component is about to expire.
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceAdminCertificateExpiredAlarm
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.32
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n> (where n is the component name)
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Certificate will expires in <days left> days
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other

Probable Cause	Other		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity per threshold	Certificate will expires in <days left> days	Verify which certificate will expire soon and renew it.
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity per threshold	Certificate will expires in <days left> days	Verify which certificate will expire soon and renew it.
<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity per threshold	Certificate will expires in <days left> days	Verify which certificate will expire soon and renew it.
<b>Cleared</b>	When certificate is renewed.	-	-

### 6.11.12 Alarm –Disk Space

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the CloudBond component's disk space is above the pre-defined threshold.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceDiskSpaceAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.36		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<e> (drive letter 'c:')		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Disk space usage is over {0}%		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity for percentage of used disk space.	Disk space usage is over {0}%	Free temporary files and other unnecessary file from the disk.
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity for percentage of used disk space.	Disk space usage is over {0}%	Free temporary files and other unnecessary file from the disk.
<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity for percentage of used disk space.	Disk space usage is over {0}%	Free temporary files and other unnecessary file from the disk.
<b>Cleared</b>	Used disk space is below threshold.	-	-

## 6.12 CCE Appliance Alarms

### 6.12.1 Component Unreachable

#### Component Unreachable

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the CCE Monitor Service is unable to connect to one of the component of the CCE Appliance.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbManEnvUnreachableAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.2		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n> (where n is the component name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Unreachable		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Appliance component is unavailable	Unable to connect to component <CCE Appliance component name>.	Verify that CCE appliance component is running and accessible via cceService user (use the password that the following powerShell return: Get-CcCredential -AccountType CceService -d).  Check the CCE management service log under C:\Program Files\Skype for Business Cloud Connector Edition\ManagementService.
<b>Cleared</b>	Appliance component is available again.	-	

## 6.12.2 Event – Component Restart

### Event – Component Restart

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a CCE Appliance component has restarted.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbManEnvRestartEvent		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.3		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n> (where n is the component name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Event – Component Restart		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	The restart reason		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Indeterminate	CCE Appliance component <component name> restarted	-
<b>Cleared</b>	-	-	

## 6.12.3 Component Performance Counter General

### Component Performance Counter General

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the generic performance counter has reached a pre-defined threshold for memory/CPU/disk.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCbCompPcGenAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.11		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n>\<g>\<p> (where n is the component name, g is the performance group and p is performance counter name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Performance Counter General		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	QualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity per counter type.	<Performance counter> high level <x>.	Diagnose the memory/CPU/disk on your CCE platform.
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity per counter type.	<Performance counter> high level <x>.	Diagnose the memory/CPU/disk on your CCE platform.

<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity per counter type.	<Performance counter> high level <x>.	Diagnose the memory/CPU/disk on your CCE platform.
<b>Cleared</b>	When counter returns below the threshold level.	-	

## 6.12.4 Component Performance Counter Service

### Component Performance Counter Service

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the service-related performance counter has reached a pre-defined threshold. Related to activity of SfB/Lync services.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	<b>acCbCompPcServAlarm</b>		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.12		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<n>\<g>\<p> (where n is the component name, g is the performance group and p is performance counter name)		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Component Performance Counter Service		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	QualityOfServiceAlarm		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	-		
<b>Additional Info</b>	-		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity per each counter type	<Performance counter> high level <x>	Diagnose the SfB/Lync services on your CCE platform.
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity per each counter type	<Performance counter> high level <x>	
<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity per each counter type	<Performance counter> high level <x>	
<b>Cleared</b>	When counter returns below the threshold level.	-	



## 6.12.5 Component Service Status

**Component Service Status**

Description	This alarm is raised when a component service is down.		
SNMP Alarm	acCbCompSrvAlarm		
SNMP OID	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.13		
Alarm Source	<n>\<sn> (where n is the component name and sn is the service name)		
Alarm Title	Component Service Status		
Alarm Type	Other		
Probable Cause	Other		
Additional Info	-		
Alarm Severity	Condition	<text>	Corrective Action
Critical	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED (indicates which service is down)	Start the service and check why the service stopped, using the event viewer.
Major	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED (indicates which service is down)	Start the service and check why the service stopped, using the event viewer.
Warning	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED. (indicates which service is down)	Start the service and check why the service stopped, using the event viewer.
Cleared	Service is running	SERVICE_RUNNING	
Note: the severity is determined according to the service's importance to system functionality.			

## 6.12.6 Alarm – Admin System Cloud Status

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the CCE status on the Office 365 Cloud platform is not 'Running' mode.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceAdminSystemCloudStatusAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.31		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	N/A		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	CCE status in the O365 Cloud is <status> ***		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	All other modes	CCE status in the Office 365 Cloud is {status}	-
<b>Warning</b>	Status is 'Maintenance'	CCE status in the Office 365 Cloud is Maintenance	-
<b>Cleared</b>	Status is 'Running'	CCE status in the Office 365 Cloud is Running	-

## 6.12.7 Alarm – Certificate Expired

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a certificate in the CCE Appliance Host has almost expired.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceAdminCertificateExpiredAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.32		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	N/A		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Certificate will expires in <days left> days		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity per threshold	Certificate will expires in <days left> days	Open certificate manager. Find the expired certificate and renew it.
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity per threshold	Certificate will expires in <days left> days	Open certificate manager. Find the expired certificate and renew it.

<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity per threshold	Certificate will expires in <days left> days	Open certificate manager. Find the expired certificate and renew it.
<b>Cleared</b>	When certificate renewed	-	-

### 6.12.8 Alarm – CCE Wrong Operating

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the service specified in the source is not in the correct mode.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceWrongOperatingAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.33		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<s> (service name {Running Version/OsUpdate/Deployment/VhdFile})		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The latest CCE version is not running (when source is RunningVersion)</li> <li>CCE deployment error (source is Deployment)</li> <li>OS update error (source is OsUpdate)</li> <li>Vhd file was not updated over {0} days. (source is VhdFile)</li> </ul>		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other	-	
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other	-	
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	A newer version of CCE is deployed; however CCE is using an older version.	Not last CCE version is running.	Check the CCE management service log under C:\Program Files\Skype for Business Cloud Connector Edition\ManagementService View the error and determine why CCE didn't switch to a newer version and then perform required actions accordingly.
	OS Update failed	OS update error: {error}.	Check which VM failed to upgrade and validate that it has access to the internet or to the local Windows Server Update Service.  Check the CCE management service log under C:\Program Files\Skype for Business Cloud Connector Edition\ManagementService
	CCE deployment failed	CCE deployment error: {error}.	Check the logs under C:\cce\appliance\Log

<b>Minor</b>	Vhd file not updated over pre-defined threshold	Vhd file was not updated over {threshold value} days.	Download from Audio Codes an updated VHDX file
<b>Cleared</b>	Service returns to operate in the correct mode.	-	-

### 6.12.9 Alarm – CCE Wrong Settings

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the parameter specified in the source has incorrect settings.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceWrongSettingsAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.34		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<p> (parameter name {UpdatesMode/MaintenanceMode})		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintenance mode is enabled. (When source is MaintenanceMode)</li> <li>CCE updates are disabled (When source is UpdatesMode)</li> </ul>		
<b>Event Type</b>	Other	-	
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other	-	
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Minor</b>	CCE updates are disabled	CCE updates are disabled	Validate that Auto Update was not disabled by mistake. If required, you can enable it via the dashboard.
	Maintenance mode is enabled	Maintenance mode is enabled	Verify why the CCE is in Maintenance mode. Maybe the CCE is in a middle of an upgrade or some other operation needs to be in Maintenance mode. Wait until the operation has ended and validate that the alarm is cleared. If the alarm is not cleared, check the CCE management service log under C:\Program Files\Skype for Business Cloud Connector Edition\ManagementService.
<b>Cleared</b>	Parameter has correct settings again	-	-

### 6.12.10 Alarm – CCE Disk Space

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the CCE host machine disk space is above the pre-defined threshold.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceDiskSpaceAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.36		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Host/C:\		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Disk space usage is over {0}%		
<b>Event Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Pre-defined severity for percentage of used disk space.	Disk space usage is over {0}%	Free temporary files and other unnecessary files from the CCE appliance Host disk. Validate on the HyperV machine that you can view up to two versions of the CCE Appliance. If you view more versions, clear the old CCE version VMs.
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity for percentage of used disk space.	Disk space usage is over {0}%	Free temporary files and other unnecessary files from the CCE appliance Host disk. Validate on the HyperV machine that you can view up to two versions of the CCE Appliance. If you view more versions, clear the old CCE version VMs.

<b>Warning</b>	Pre-defined severity for percentage of used disk space.	Disk space usage is over {0}%	Free temporary files and other unnecessary files from the CCE appliance Host disk. Validate on the HyperV machine that you can view up to two versions of the CCE Appliance. If you view more versions, clear the old CCE version VMs.
<b>Cleared</b>	Used disk space is below the threshold.	-	-

### 6.12.11 Alarm – CCE Windows License

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when a CCE component specified in the 'source' field does not have an active Windows license.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acCceWindowsLicenseAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.80.3.2.0.37		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	<e> (component name {Ad/Edge/Cms/MS/Host})		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Windows license status is {0}		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Pre-defined severity for license status.	Windows license status is {0}	Active the license in the component that is specified in the alarm's source.
<b>Cleared</b>	License status is 'Licensed'.	-	-

## 6.13 SBA Alarms

### 6.13.1 SBA Services Status Alarm

#### SBA Services Status Alarm

<b>Description</b>	Services status alarm. The services are Front End server, Mediation server, Replica server, and Centralized Logging Service for Microsoft Lync 2013 (Centralized Logging is not available for Lync 2010).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSBAServicesStatusAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.30.2.2.0.1		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	SBA Services Status Alarm		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	RtcSrv/ RTCMEDSRV/ REPLIC/ RTCCLSAGT		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Service {0} stopped {0} – Service name		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	Service is down	SERVICE_STOPPED	Start the service and check why the service stopped, using the event viewer.
<b>Major</b>	Service is paused	SERVICE_PAUSED	Start the service and check why the service paused, using the event viewer.
<b>Cleared</b>	Service is running	SERVICE_RUNNING	-
<b>Indeterminate</b>	Service in indeterminate state	SERVICE_CONTINUE_PENDING SERVICE_PAUSE_PENDING SERVICE_START_PENDING SERVICE_STOP_PENDING	Start the service and check why the service is in indeterminate state, using the event viewer.



### 6.13.2 Alarm – CPU Status

<b>Description</b>	CPU usage status alarm. Send alarm when CPU usage is above the threshold		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSBACpuStatusAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.30.2.2.0.2		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Alarm – CPU Status		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Processor Information/%Processor Time/_Total		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	High CPU usage Above {0} {0} – Threshold value		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Critical</b>	CPU > 90%	High CPU usage Above 90%	Using task manager check if the CPU load is constant or not, find the process that causes the high CPU usage and see if high CPU is reasonable (for example high CPU when performing windows updates, or running traces on the SBA), if there isn't a reason for the high CPU try to reset the SBA and if didn't solve the issue open a call to AudioCodes
<b>Major</b>	CPU > 80%	High CPU usage Above 80%	Using task manager check if the CPU load is constant or not, find the process that causes the high CPU usage and see if high CPU is reasonable (for example high CPU when performing windows updates, or running traces on the SBA), if there isn't a reason for the high CPU try to reset the SBA and if didn't solve the issue open a call to AudioCodes
<b>Cleared</b>	CPU < 76%	-	-

### 6.13.3 Alarm – Memory Status

<b>Description</b>	Memory used status alarm. Send an alarm when the level of available physical memory is below the threshold.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSBAMemorytatusAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.30.2.2.0.3		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Alarm – Memory Status		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	Memory/% Available MBytes		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	High memory usage		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Available Memory < 7%	High memory usage, available memory is Bellow 7%	<p>Using task manager find the process that causes the high memory usage.</p> <p>SQL process can take huge amount of memory and it is normal.</p> <p>If you install extra tools on the SBA remove/disable them and see if solve the high memory usage.</p> <p>On 2G RAM SBAs the memory usage can be high but it should not have any impact on the service that the SBA provide.</p> <p>Perform Windows update and SQL server update.</p> <p>if there isn't a reason for the high memory try to reset the SBA and if didn't solve the issue open a call to AudioCodes</p>

<b>Critical</b>	Available Memory < 4%	High memory usage, available memory is Bellow 4%	<p>Using task manager find the process that causes the high memory usage.</p> <p>SQL process can take huge amount of memory and it is normal.</p> <p>If you install extra tools on the SBA remove/disable them and see if solve the high memory usage.</p> <p>On 2G RAM SBAs the memory usage can be high but it should not have any impact on the service that the SBA provide.</p> <p>Perform Windows update and SQL server update.</p> <p>if there isn't a reason for the high memory try to reset the SBA and if didn't solve the issue open a call to AudioCodes</p>
<b>Cleared</b>	Available Memory >8%		

### 6.13.4 Alarm – Disk Space

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised if the disk (C) usage level exceeds configured thresholds. Thresholds can be configured in the snmp_sba.ini under C:\SBA (requires service restart for the changes to take effect).		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSBADiskSpaceAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.30.2.2.0.4		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Alarm – Disk Space		
<b>Alarm Source</b>	C:\		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Disk space usage is over {0}% {0} – Threshold value		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Disk 'C' usage level is over 90%	"Disk space usage is over 90%"	Remove unnecessary files from disk. Clean log files.

<b>Critical</b>	Disk 'C' usage level is between 80% and 90%	"Disk space usage is over 80%"	
<b>Cleared</b>	Disk 'C' usage level is below 76%	-	

### 6.13.5 Alarm – Certificate Expired

<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the certificate that is used to secure the connection between the SBA and the Datacenter is about to expire. The alarm is sent when the number of days to certificate expiration is below threshold.		
<b>SNMP Alarm</b>	acSbaCertificateExpiredAlarm		
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.30.2.2.0.5		
<b>Alarm Title</b>	Alarm – Certificate Expired		
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Certificate will expire in {0} days.		
<b>Alarm Type</b>	Other		
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other		
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>&lt;text&gt;</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Number of day to expiration < 30	Certificate will expire in 30 days.	Using windows mmc tool, check the expiration date of the certificates and find the expired certificate. Sign the expired certificate and install it on the machine.
<b>Critical</b>	Number of day to expiration < 2	Certificate will expire in 2 days.	Using windows mmc tool, check the expiration date of the certificates and find the expired certificate. Sign the expired certificate and install it on the machine.
<b>Cleared</b>	New valid certificate is installed.	-	-

### 6.13.6 Alarm – Performance Counter

<b>Alarm</b>	acSbaPerfCounterAlarm	
<b>Description</b>	This alarm is raised when the configured performance counter's value is above/below the configured threshold.	
<b>SNMP OID</b>	1.3.6.1.4.1.5003.9.30.2.2.0.6	
<b>Alarm Source</b>	{Performance counter full path}	
<b>Alarm Text</b>	Performance counter {0} is Above/Below {1} {0} – Performance counter full path {1} – Threshold value	
<b>Event Type</b>	Other	
<b>Probable Cause</b>	Other	
<b>Alarm Severity</b>	<b>Condition</b>	<b>Corrective Action</b>
<b>Major</b>	Monitored value crossed the 'Major' threshold	-
<b>Critical</b>	Monitored value crossed the 'Critical' threshold	-
<b>Cleared</b>	Monitored value falls below the 'Major' threshold	-

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