

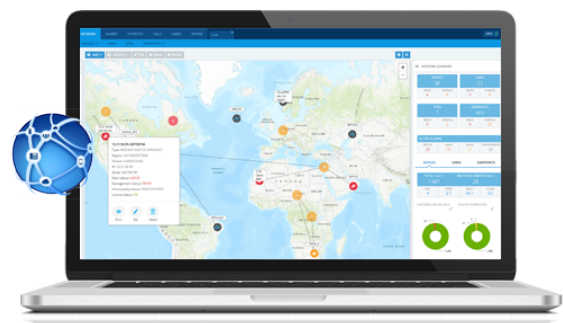
Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual

AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center

OVOC

Installation, Operation and Maintenance

Version 8.0.3000



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Document Name
OVOC Documents
Migration from EMS and SEM Ver. 7.2 to One Voice Operations Center
One Voice Operations Center IOM Manual
One Voice Operations Center Product Description

Document Name
One Voice Operations Center User's Manual
Device Manager Pro Administrator's Manual
One Voice Operations Center Alarms Monitoring Guide
One Voice Operations Center Performance Monitoring Guide
One Voice Operations Center Security Guidelines
One Voice Operations Center Integration with Northbound Interfaces
Device Manager for Third-Party Vendor Products Administrator's Manual
Device Manager Agent Installation and Configuration Guide
ARM User's Manual
Documents for Managed Devices
Mediant 500 MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 500L MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 500Li MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 500L Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 800B Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 800 MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 1000B MSBR User's Manual
Mediant 2600 E-SBC User's Manual
Mediant 3000 User's Manual
Mediant 4000 SBC User's Manual
Mediant 9000 SBC User's Manual
Mediant Software SBC User's Manual
Microsoft Teams Direct Routing SBA Installation and Maintenance Manual

Document Name
Mediant 800B/1000B/2600B SBA for Skype for Business Installation and Maintenance Manual
Fax Server and Auto Attendant IVR Administrator's Guide
Voca Administrator's Guide
VoiceAI Connect Installation and Configuration Manual

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94180	Update to the OVOC Capacities table
94181	<p>Sections Updated: Configure OVOC Server with Public or IP Address; Configuring the Cloud Architecture Mode; Establishing Devices - OVOC Connections; OVOC Capacities; Server IP Address; Ethernet Interfaces; Static Routes; Network Configuration; Firewall table; Step 3 Configuring AudioCodes Azure Active Directory (Operator Authentication)</p> <p>Section Added: Step 4 Defining OVOC FQDN and Loading Certificate; Changing the Cloud Tunnel Service Password (merged into Section "Setting Up Microsoft Teams Subscriber Notifications Services Connection")</p>
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1 Overview

The One Voice Operations Center (OVOC) provides customers with the capability to easily and rapidly provision, deploy and manage AudioCodes devices and endpoints. Provisioning, deploying and managing these devices and endpoints with the OVOC are performed from a user-friendly Web Graphic User Interface (GUI). This document describes the installation of the OVOC server and its components. It is intended for anyone responsible for installing and maintaining AudioCodes' OVOC server and the OVOC server database.

Part I

Pre-installation Information

This part describes the OVOC server components, requirements and deliverables.

2 Managed VoIP Equipment

The following products (and product versions) can be managed by this OVOC release:

Table 2-1: Managed VoIP Equipment

Product	Supported Software Version
Gateway, SBC and MSBR Devices	
Mediant 9000 SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4, 7.2 (including support for MTC), 7.0, 6.8
Mediant 4000 SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4, , 7.2, 7.0 and 6.8
Mediant 4000B SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4 , 7.2, 7.0
Mediant 2600 E-SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4 , 7.2, 7.0 and 6.8
Mediant 2600B E-SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100 , 7.4, 7.2 and 7.0
Mediant Software (Server Edition) SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4, 7.2, 7.0 and 6.8
Mediant Software(Virtual Edition) SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4, 7.2 (including support for MTC), 7.0 and 6.8
Mediant3000 (TP-8410 and TP-6310)	7.0 and 6.6
Mediant 3100 SBC	7.4.200, 7.4
Mediant Cloud Edition	7.4.200, 7.4.100 , 7.4, 7.2
Mediant 2000 Media Gateways	6.6
¹ Mediant 1000 Gateway	6.6 (SIP)
Mediant 1000B Gateway and E-SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100 , 7.4, 7.2, 7.0, 6.8 and 6.6
Mediant 800B Gateway and E-SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100 ,7.4, 7.2, 7.0, 6.8 and 6.6
Mediant 800C	7.4.200, 7.4.100 , 7.4, 7.2
Mediant 1000B MSBR	6.6
Mediant800 MSBR	7.24.xx, 7.2, 6.8 and 6.6
Mediant500 MSBR	7.24.xx, 7.2 and 6.8

¹This product does not support Voice Quality Management.

Product	Supported Software Version
Mediant 500L MSBR	7.24.xx, 7.2 and 6.8
Mediant 500Li MSBR	7.24.xx, 7.20.x.x
Mediant 800Ci MSBR	7.24.xx
Mediant 500 E-SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100 ,7.4, 7.2
Mediant 500L E-SBC	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4, 7.2
¹ Mediant 600	6.6
MediaPack MP-11x series	6.6 (SIP)
MediaPack MP-124	Rev. D and E – version 6.6 (SIP)
MP-202	4.4.9 Rev. B, D and R
MP-204	4.4.9 Rev. B, D and R
MP-1288	7.4.200, 7.4.100, 7.4, 7.2
SBA²	
Microsoft Lync Server	
Mediant800B SBA Lync Server	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and gateway Version 6.8
Mediant 1000B SBA Lync Server	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and gateway Version 6.8
Mediant 2000B SBA devices Lync Server	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and gateway Version 6.8
Skype for Business	
Mediant 800B SBA Skype for Business	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and gateway Version 7.2
Mediant 800C SBA Skype for Business	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and gateway Version 7.2
Mediant 1000B SBA Skype for Business	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and

¹As above²As above

Product	Supported Software Version
	gateway Version 7.2
Mediant 2600B SBA Skype for Business	SBA version 1.1.12.x and later and gateway Version 7.0
CloudBond¹	
CloudBond 365 Pro Edition	Version 7.6 with MediantServer version 7.2.100 and later
CloudBond 365 Enterprise Edition	Version 7.6 with MediantServer version 7.2.100 and later
CloudBond 365 Standard+ Edition	Version 7.6 with Mediant800BMediant 800CGX-800C version 7.2.100 and later
CloudBond 365 Standard Edition	Version 7.6 with Mediant 800B version 7.2.100 and later
User Management Pack 365 ENT	Version 8.0.0
User Management Pack 365	Version 7.8
CloudBond 365	Version 8.0.0 (Skype for Business 2019 and Microsoft Teams)
User Management Pack 365 SP	Version 8.0.220 , 8.0.200 8.0.100
Voice AI	
SmartTAP 360 ° Live Recording	5.5 , 5.4, 5.3 , 5.2, 5.1, 5.0, 4.3
Voice AI Connect	Version 2.6
Meeting Insights	2.0.44.27
Generic Devices	
Microsoft Teams Direct Routing	
Mediant 800B DR-SBA	DR-SBA SBA 1.0.1xx and later, 1.0.22 and 1.0.21 with SBC certified by Microsoft

¹To support Voice Quality Management for these devices, customers must add the SBC/Media Gateway platform of these products as standalone devices to OVOC. Once this is done, the SBC/Gateway calls passing through the CloudBond 365 /CCE Appliances can be monitored.

Product	Supported Software Version
Mediant 800C DR-SBA	DR-SBA 1.0.1xx, 1.1.112x and later, 1.0.22 and 1.0.21 with SBC certified by Microsoft
Mediant 1000B DR-SBA	DR-SBA 1.0.1xx, 1.1.112x and later, 1.0.22 and 1.0.21 with SBC certified by Microsoft
Mediant 2600B DR-SBA	DR-SBA 1.0.1xx, 1.1.112x and later with SBC certified by Microsoft
Mediant DR-SBA Virtual Appliance	149
Device Management	
400HD Series Lync server	From Version 2.0.13: 420HD, 430HD 440HD
Generic SIP server	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ From Version 2.2.2: 420HD, 430HD 440HD, 405HD and 405 ■ From Version 3.4.3: C450HD, 450HD, 445HD and RX50
400HD Series Skype for Business	From Version 3.0.0: 420HD, 430HD 440HD and 405HD
	From Version 3.0.1: 420HD, 430HD 440HD, 405HD and 450HD
	From Version 3.0.2: HRS 457 (with Jabra firmware support)
	From Version 3.1.0: 445HD, 430HD 440HD, 405HD, 450HD and HRSFrom
	From Version 3.2.0: C450HD
	From Version 3.2.1: C450HD, 445HD, 430HD 440HD, 405HD,450HD, HRS 457D and HRS 458
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ From Version 3.4.2: RX50 Conference Phone
Native Teams (Android-based)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ From Version 1.5: C448HD and C450HD ■ From Version 1.12.33: C435HD

Product	Supported Software Version
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ From Version 1.8: C470HD ■ From Version 1.9: RXV80 Video Collaboration Bar ■ From Version 1.15: C455HD ■ From Version xxx: MTRfW/RXV90 meeting room solution ■ From Version xxx: MTRfW/RXV100 meeting room solution
Third-party Vendor Devices	
Spectralink	Spectralink 8440
Polycom	Polycom Trio 8800
	Polycom VVX 410
	CCX 500/600 phones
Jabra Headset Support	Jabra BIZ, Jabra Coach, Jabra DIAL, Jabra Eclipse, Jabra Elite, Jabra Engage, Jabra Evolve, Jabra Handset, Jabra LINK, Jabra Motion, Jabra Pro, Jabra Pulse, Jabra SPEAK, Jabra Sport, Jabra STEALTH, Jabra Steel, Jabra SUPREME. For a complete list of supported Jabra phones, see document Device Manager for Third-Party Vendor Products Administrator's Manual.
EPOS	<p>For a list of supported devices, see the following:</p> <p>https://cdw-prod.adobecqms.net/content/dam/cdw/on-domain-cdw/brands/epos/fact-sheet-epos-manager-en.pdf</p> <p>Note: The Device Manager supports all the EPOS devices supported by the EPOS Manager.</p>



- All versions VoIP equipment work with the SIP control protocol.
- **Bold** refers to new product support and version support.






3 Hardware and Software Specifications

This section describes the hardware and software specifications of the OVOC server.

OVOC Server Minimum Requirements

The table below lists the minimum requirements for running the different OVOC server platforms.

Resources	Virtual Platform	Memory	Recommended Disk Space	Minimum Disk Space (OS + Data)	Processors
Low Profile					
VMWare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> VMware: ESXi 6.7 VMware HA cluster: VMware ESXi 6.5 	24 GiB RAM	500 GB	320 GiB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 core with at least 2.5 GHz 2 cores with at least 2.0 GHz
HyperV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2016 Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2016 HA Cluster 	24 GiB RAM	500 GB	320 GiB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 core with at least 2.5 GHz 2 cores with at least 2.0 GHz
Azure	Size: D8ds_v4	32 GiB	500 GB SSD	320 GiB	8 vCPUs
AWS	InstanceSize: m5.2xlarge	32 GiB	AWS EBS: General Purpose SSD (GP2) 500 GB	320 GiB	8 vCPUs
High Profile					
VMWare	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> VMware: 	40 GiB	1.2 TB	520 GiB	6 cores with

Resources	Virtual Platform	Memory	Recommended Disk Space	Minimum Disk Space (OS + Data)	Processors
	ESXi 6.7  VMware HA cluster: VMware ESXi 6.5	RAM			at least 2 GHz
HyperV	 Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2016  Microsoft Hyper-V Server 2016 HA Cluster	40 GiB RAM	1.2 TB	520 GiB)	6 cores with at least 2 GHz
Azure	Size: D16ds_v4	64 GiB	2 TB SSD	520 GiB	16 vCPUs
AWS	InstanceSize: m5.4xlarge	64 GiB	AWS EBS: General Purpose SSD (GP2) 2TB	520 GiB	16 vCPUs
Bare Metal (HP DL360p Gen10)					
	-	64 GiB RAM	Disk: 2x 1.92 TB SSD configured in RAID 0		 Intel® Xeon® Cascade Gold 6226R (16 cores 2.6 GHz each)  Intel® Xeon® Gold 6126 (12 cores

Resources	Virtual Platform	Memory	Recommended Disk Space	Minimum Disk Space (OS + Data)	Processors
					2.60 GHz each)
SP Single					
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ VMware: ESXi 6.7 ■ VMware HA cluster: VMware ESXi 6.5 ■ Ethernet ports: 10GB ports 	256 GB	Standalone mode: SSD 6TB	~1.25T SSD	24 cores at 2.60 GHz

OVOC Client Requirements

The table below lists the minimum requirements for running an OVOC web client.

Table 3-1: OVOC Client Minimum Requirements

Resource	OVOC Client
Hardware	Screen resolution: 1280 x 1024
Operating System	Windows 7 or later
Memory	8 GB RAM
Disk Space	-
Processor	-
Web Browsers	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Mozilla Firefox version 56 and higher ■ Google Chrome version 79 and higher ■ Microsoft Edge Browser version 80 and higher
Scripts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PHP Version 7.4

Resource	OVOC Client
	■ Angular 10.0

Bandwidth Requirements

This section lists the OVOC bandwidth requirements.

OVOC Bandwidth Requirements

The bandwidth requirement is for OVOC server <-> Device communication. The network bandwidth requirements per device is 500 Kb/sec for faults, performance monitoring and maintenance actions.

Voice Quality Bandwidth Requirements

The following table describes the upload bandwidth speed requirements for Voice Quality for the different devices. The bandwidth requirement is for OVOC server <-> Device communication.

Table 3-2: Voice Quality Bandwidth Requirements

Device	SBC Sessions (each session has two legs)	Required Kbits/sec or Mbit/sec
SBC		
MP-118	–	–
MP-124	–	–
Mediant 800 Mediant 850	60	135 Kbits/sec
Mediant 1000	150	330 Kbits / sec
Mediant 2000	–	–
Mediant 2600	600	1.3 Mbit/sec
Mediant 3000	1024	2.2 Mbit/sec
Mediant 4000	4,000	8.6 Mbit/sec
Gateway		
MP-118	8	15 Kbits/sec

Device	SBC Sessions (each session has two legs)	Required Kbits/sec or Mbit/sec
MP-124	24	45 Kbits/sec
Mediant 800 Mediant 850	60	110 Kbits/sec
Mediant 1000	120	220 Kbits/sec
Mediant 2000	480	880 Kbits/sec
Mediant 2600	—	—
Mediant 3000	2048	3.6 Mbit/sec
Mediant 4000	—	—
Endpoints	—	56 Kbits/sec

OVOC Capacities

The following table shows the performance and data storage capabilities for the OVOC managed devices and endpoints.

Table 3-3: OVOC Capacities

Machine Specifications	Low Profile	High Profile	Bare Metal	Service Provider Single Server
OVOC Management Capacity				
Managed devices	100	5,000	5,000	10,000
Links	200	10,000	10,000	10,000
Operators	25			
Device Manager Pro				
Managed devices	1,000	■ 30,000 Microsoft Lync/Skype for Business and third-party vendor devices ¹	■ 10,000 Microsoft Lync/Skype for Business and third- party vendor devices ²	■ 30,000 Skype for Business devices

¹In normal operation (when devices are remotely managed) 30,000 devices send Keep-alive messages at five minute intervals; however, when managing devices behind a firewall or NAT using the Device Manager agent, a 10% factor (3,000 devices) is deducted for the allocation for these devices. In this case, 90% of the configuration (27,000) is checked every 15 minutes (for remotely managed devices) and 10% is checked every five minutes (for devices managed behind a firewall or NAT).

²Including phones, headsets and Conference Suite devices

Machine Specifications	Low Profile	High Profile	Bare Metal	Service Provider Single Server
		■ 4,000 Microsoft Teams devices	■ 4,000 Microsoft Teams devices	■ 4,000 Teams device
Disk space allocated for firmware files	5 GB	10 GB		
Alarm and Journal Capacity				
History alarms	Up to 12 months or 10,000,000 million alarms			
Journal logs	Up to 12 months			
Steady state	20 alarms per second			50 alarms per second
Performance Monitoring				
Polled parameters per polling interval per OVOC- managed device	50,000	100,000	100,000	500,000
Polled parameters per polling interval per OVOC instance	50,000	500,000	500,000	1,000,000
Storage time	One year			
QoE Call Flow (for SBC calls only)				
Maximum managed devices with QoE call flows	10	100	100	300
CAPS (calls attempts per second) per OVOC instance	6	25	100	300
Maximum number of calls	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	10,000,000
OVOC QoE for Devices				
QoE for managed devices	100	1,200	3,000	10,000
CAPS (calls attempts per second) per device	30	120	300	1,000
CAPS per OVOC instance (SBC and SFB/Teams and RFC SIP Publish 6035)	30 Teams CAPS=30 ¹	120 Teams CAPS=120 ²	300	1,000 Teams CAPS=3 ³
QoE concurrent sessions	3,000	12,000	30,000	100,000
Call Details Storage - detailed information per call	Up to one year or 6,000,000	Up to one year or 80,000,000	Up to one year or 80,000,000	Up to one year or 250,000,000
Calls Statistics Storage - statistics information storage	Up to one year or 12,000,000	Up to one year or 150,000,000	Up to one year or 150,000,000	Up to one year or 500,000,000
QoE Capacity with SBC Floating License Capability				
CAPS (calls attempts per second) per OVOC instance with SIP call flow.	5	22	90	-

¹The TEAMS CAPS estimation is based on round trip delay of 500 milliseconds to Microsoft Azure.

²As above

³Please contact AudioCodes OVOC Product Manager

Machine Specifications	Low Profile	High Profile	Bare Metal	Service Provider Single Server
CAPS (calls attempts per second) per OVOC instance without SIP call flow.	27	108	270	-
Managed devices with floating license.	100	500	1,000	-
Lync and AD Servers– applicable for QoE license only				
MS Lync servers	Up to 2			
AD Servers for Users sync	Up to 2			
Users sync	Up to 150,000			
TEAMS Customer	up to 7 ¹			

Skype for Business Monitoring SQL Server Prerequisites

The following are the Skype for Business Monitoring SQL Server prerequisites:

The server must be defined to accept login in 'Mix Authentication' mode.

- The server must be configured to collect calls before the OVOC can connect to it and retrieve Skype for Business calls.
- Call Detail Records (CDRs) and Quality of Experience (QoE) Data policies must be configured to capture data.
- Network administrators must be provisioned with the correct database permissions (refer to the *One Voice Operations Center User's Manual*).
- Excel macros must be enabled so that the SQL queries and reports can be run; tested with Excel 2010.
- Detailed minimum requirements for Skype for Business SQL Server can be found in the following link:

<http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg412952.aspx>

¹For additional support, contact AudioCodes Product Manager

4 OVOC Software Deliverables

The following table describes the OVOC software deliverables.

Table 4-1: OVOC Software Deliverables

Installation/Upgrade Platform	Media
Installation	
Dedicated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DVD1-Linux CentOS Operating System ■ DVD2-Oracle Installation ■ DVD3-OVOC Software Installation
VMware	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Standard mode: DVD5-OVOC Software Installation OVA file ■ Service Provider Cluster mode: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Option 1: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Management: DVD1-DVD2-DVD3 • VQM/PM: DVD1-DVD3 ✓ Option 2: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Management: DVD5-Management-OVA • VQM: DVD5-VQM-OVA • PM: DVD5-PM-OVA
HyperV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DVD5-OVOC Software Installation 7z file
Amazon AWS	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Create OVOC instance from Public AMI image provided by AudioCodes
Microsoft Azure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Create OVOC virtual machine from Azure Marketplace.
Upgrade	
Dedicated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DVD3-OVOC Server Application DVD OR ■ DVD3-OVOC Server Application ISO file
VMware	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DVD3-OVOC Server Application ISO file (including separate scripts for Management, VQM and PM servers)
Microsoft HyperV	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ DVD3-OVOC Server Application ISO file

Installation/Upgrade Platform	Media
Amazon AWS	■ DVD3-OVOC Server Application ISO file

Note the following

- **DVD1:** Operating System DVD (OVOC server and Client Requirements):
- **DVD2:** Oracle Installation: Oracle installation version 12.1.0.2 DVD.
- **DVD3:** Software Installation and Documentation DVD:

The DVD 'SW Installation and Documentation' DVD comprises the following folders:

- 'EmsServerInstall' – OVOC server software (including Management server, PM server and VQM server) to install on the dedicated OVOC server machine.
- Documentation – All documentation related to the present OVOC version. The documentation folder includes the following documents and sub-folders:
 - ◆ OVOC Release Notes Document – includes the list of the new features introduced in the current software version as well as version restrictions and limitations.
 - ◆ OVOC Server IOM Manual – Installation, Operation and Maintenance Guide.
 - ◆ OVOC Product Description
 - ◆ OVOC User's Manual
 - ◆ OVOC Integration with Northbound Interfaces
 - ◆ OVOC Security Guidelines
 - ◆ OVOC Alarms Monitoring Guide
 - ◆ OVOC Performance Monitoring Guide

Installation and upgrade files can also be downloaded from the Website by registered customers at <https://www.audiocodes.com/services-support/maintenance-and-support>.

Part II

OVOC Server Installation

This part describes the testing of the installation requirements and the installation of the OVOC server.

5 Files Verification

You need to verify the contents of the ISO file received from AudioCodes using an MD5 checksum. As an Internet standard (RFC 1321), MD5 has been used in a wide variety of security applications, and is also commonly used to check the integrity of file, and verify download. Perform the following verifications on the relevant platform:

- Windows ([Windows](#) below)
- Linux ([Linux](#) below)

Windows

Use the WinMD5 tool to calculate md5 hash or checksum for the file:

- Verify the checksum with WinMD5 (see www.WinMD5.com)

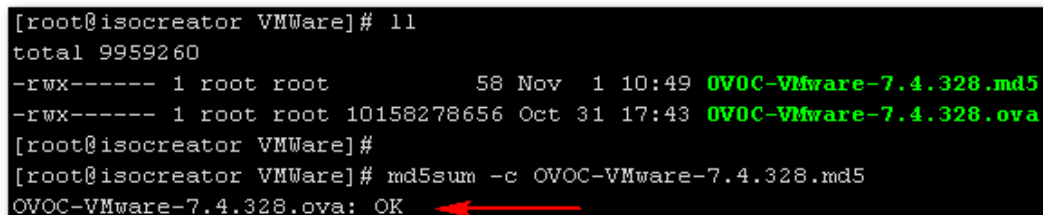
Linux

Copy the checksum and the files to a Linux machine, and then run the following command:

```
md5sum -c filename.md5
```

The “OK” result should be displayed on the screen (see figure below).

Figure 5-1: ISO File Integrity Verification

A terminal window screenshot showing a file listing and an MD5 verification command. The listing shows two files: 'OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.md5' and 'OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.ova'. The verification command 'md5sum -c OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.md5' is executed, resulting in 'OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.ova: OK', which is highlighted with a red arrow.

```
[root@isocreator VMWare]# ll
total 9959260
-rwx----- 1 root root          58 Nov  1 10:49 OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.md5
-rwx----- 1 root root 10158278656 Oct 31 17:43 OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.ova
[root@isocreator VMWare]#
[root@isocreator VMWare]# md5sum -c OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.md5
OVOC-VMware-7.4.328.ova: OK
```

OVOC Server Users

OVOC server OS user permissions vary according to the specific application task. This feature is designed to prevent security breaches and to ensure that a specific OS user is authorized to perform a subset of tasks on a subset of machine directories. The OVOC server includes the following OS user permissions:

- 'root' user: User permissions for installation, upgrade, maintenance using OVOC Server Manager and OVOC application execution.
- *acems* user: The only available user for login through SSH/SFTP tasks.
- *emsadmin* user: User with permissions for mainly the OVOC Server Manager and OVOC application for data manipulation and database access.

- *oracle* user: User permissions for the Oracle database access for maintenance such as installation, patches upgrade, backups and other Oracle database tasks.
- *oralsnr* user: User in charge of oracle listener startup.

In addition the OVOC server includes the following DB operator permissions:

- *Analytics* user: User used to connect to Northbound DB access clients

6 Installing OVOC Server on Virtual Machines on Cloud-based Platforms

This section describes how to install the OVOC server on the following Cloud-based platforms:

- [Launching Public OVOC Image on Amazon Web Services \(AWS\)](#) below
- [Creating OVOC Virtual Machine on Microsoft Azure](#) on page 28

Launching Public OVOC Image on Amazon Web Services (AWS)

This chapter describes how to create the OVOC virtual machine in an AWS cloud deployment, including the following procedures:

- [Launching Public Image on AWS](#) below
- [Configuring AWS SES Service](#) on page 25



Before proceeding, ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8).

Launching Public Image on AWS

This section describes how to setup and load the AWS image.

➤ To setup and load the AWS image:

1. Log into your AWS account.
2. Choose one of the following regions:
 - eu-central-1 (Frankfurt)
 - us-east-1 (N. Virginia)
 - ap-southeast-1 (Singapore)

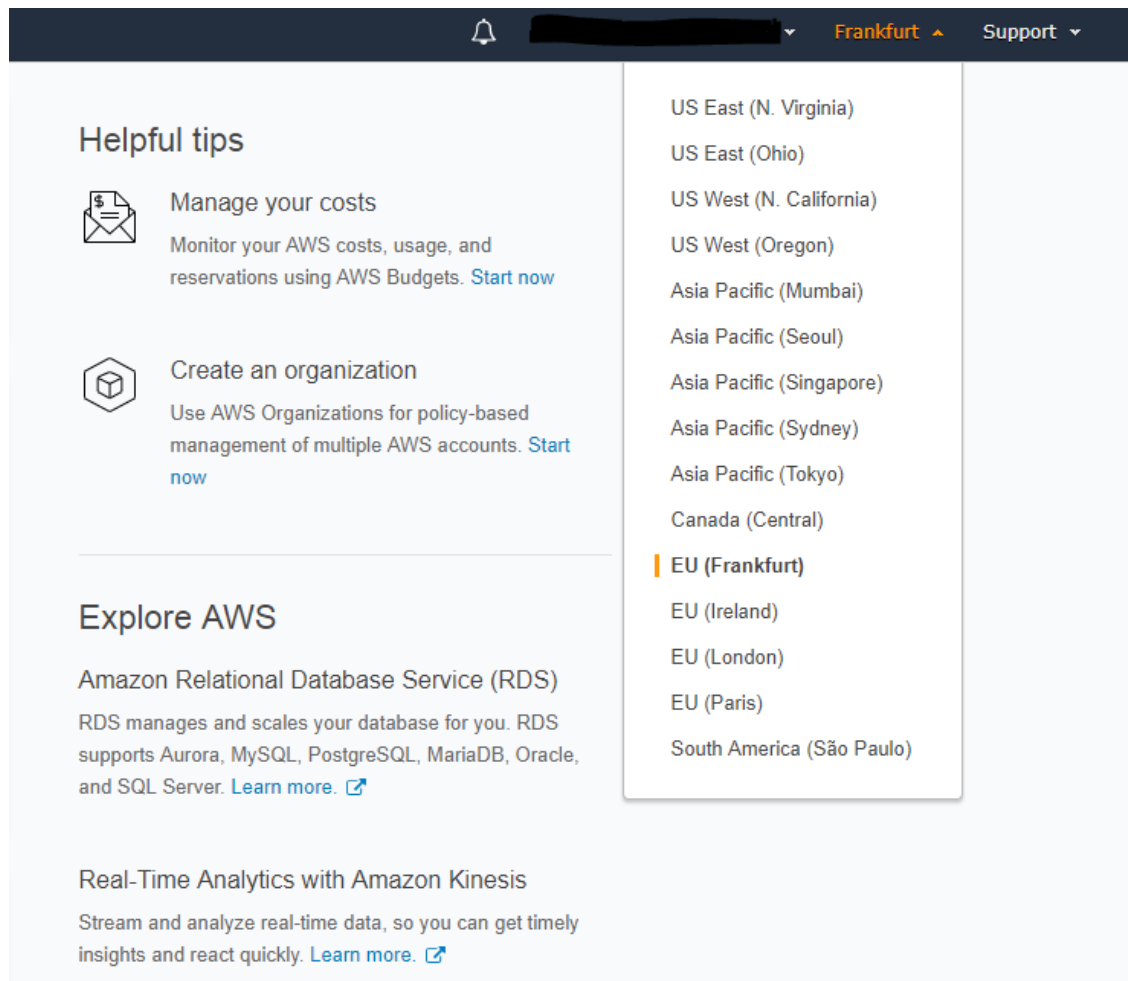


See <https://aws.amazon.com/premiumsupport/knowledge-center/copy-ami-region/> for instructions on how to copy AMIs from one of the provided regions above to any other region that the customer requests.



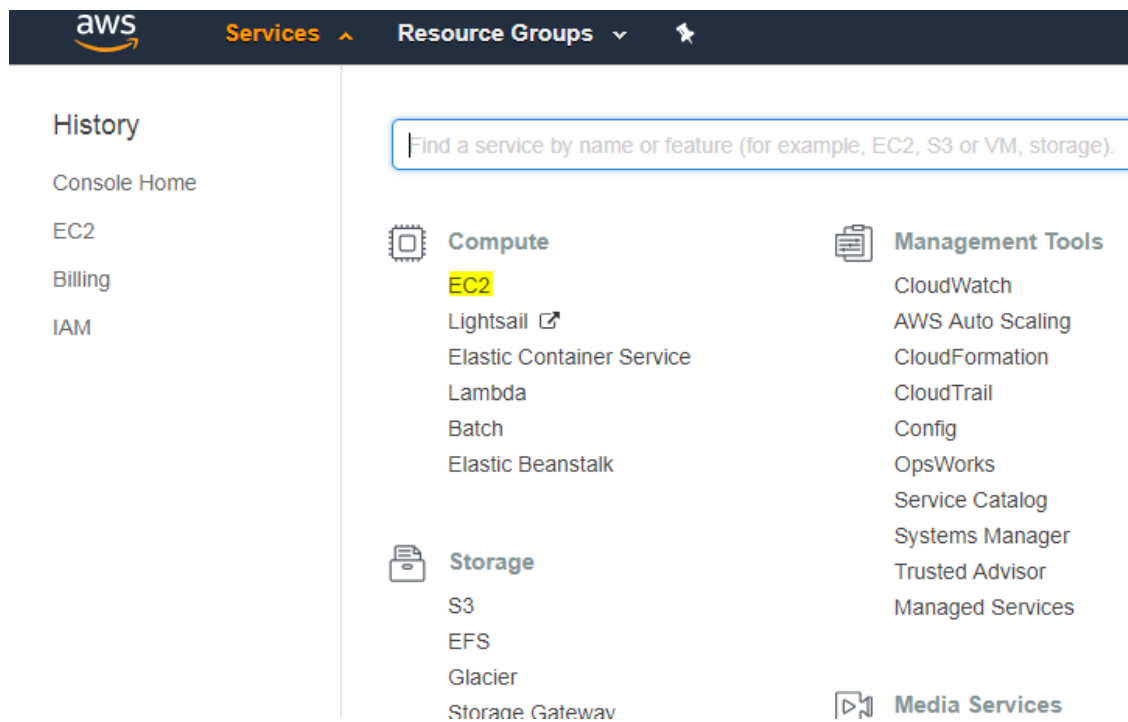
For verifying AMI IDs, refer to <https://services.AudioCodes.com..>

Figure 6-1: Select Region



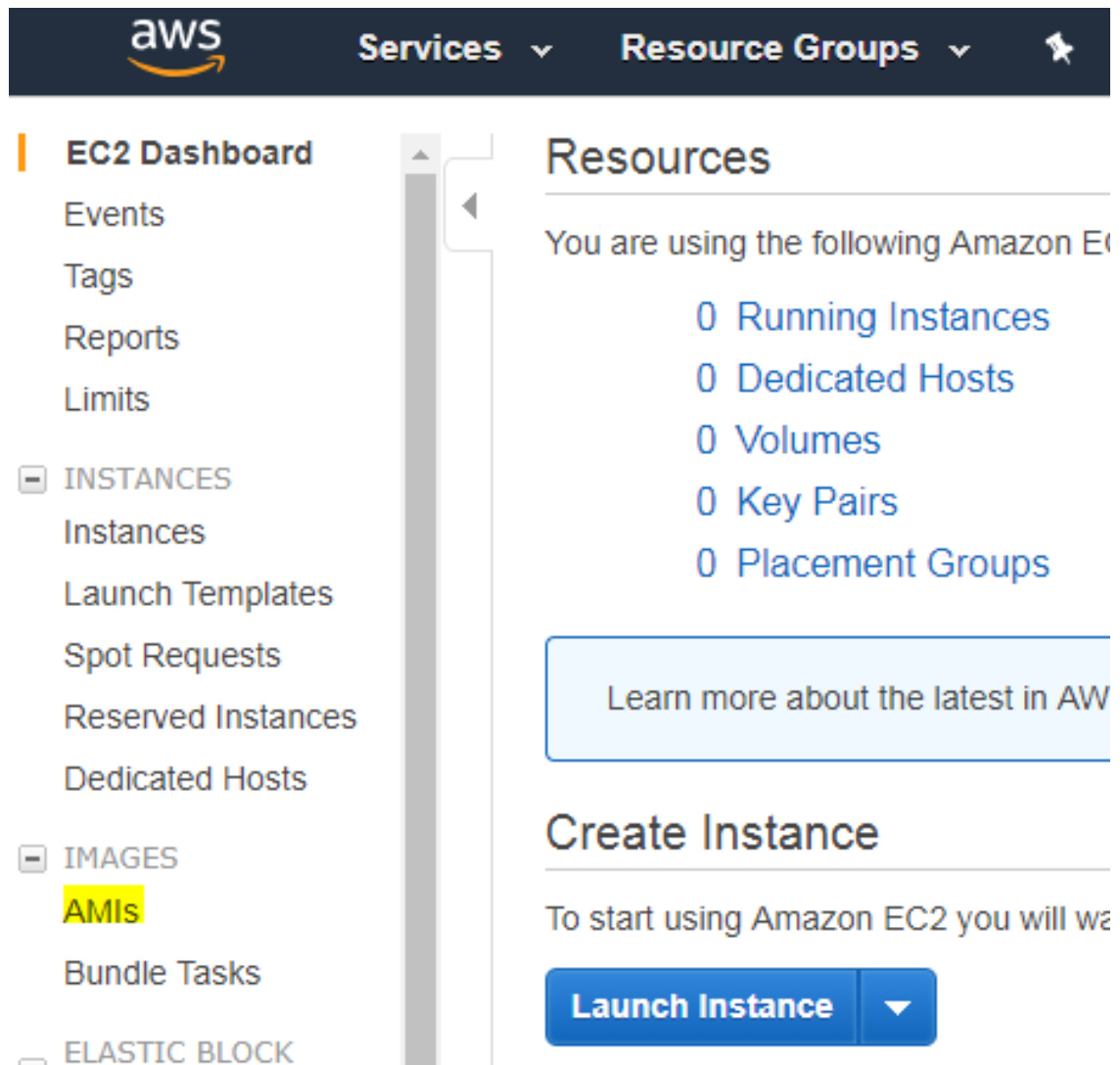
3. In the “Services” menu, choose EC2.

Figure 6-2: Services Menu - EC2



4. In the Dashboard, navigate to IMAGES > AMIs.

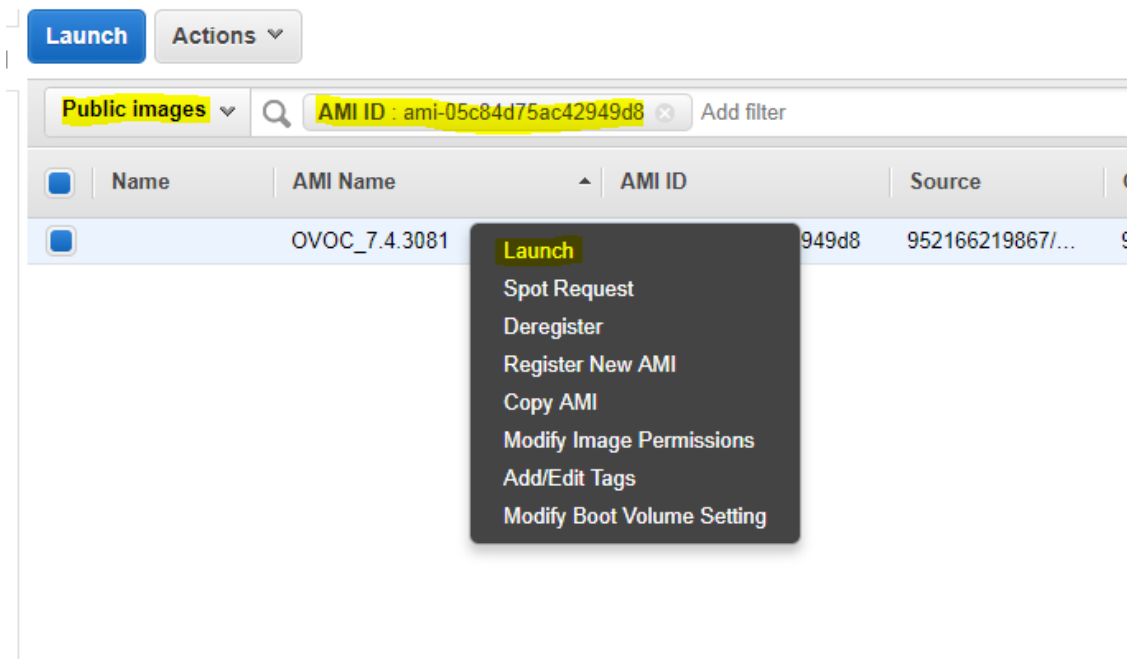
Figure 6-3: Images



5. In the search bar, choose Public images and apply the following filter:

AMI ID : ami-000000000000 replacing ami-000000000000 with the AMI ID you received from AudioCodes according to the region you have chosen.

6. Right-click the AMI and choose Launch.

Figure 6-4: Launch Public Images

7. Choose an Instance type according to the requirements specified in [OVOC Server Minimum Requirements](#) on page 8.
8. Configure Instance (Optional). Using this option, you can edit network settings, for example, placement.
9. Configure a Security Group; you should select an existing security group or create a new one according to the firewall requirements specified in the table below:

Table 6-1: Firewall for Amazon AWS

Protocol	Port	Description
UDP	162	SNMP trap listening port on the OVOC server.
UDP	1161	Keep-alive - SNMP trap listening port on the OVOC server used for NAT traversal.
TCP	5000	Communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages
TCP (TLS)	5001	TLS secured communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages
NTP	123	NTP server port (also configure the AWS IP address/Domain Name as the NTP server on both the managed device and OVOC server; see relevant procedures in Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices on AWS on page 166

10. Click **Review** and **Launch** > **Review** > **Launch**.

11. In the dialog shown in the figure below, from the drop-down list, choose Proceed without a key pair, check the “I acknowledge ...” check box, then click **Launch Instances**.

Figure 6-5: Select an Existing Key Pair

Select an existing key pair or create a new key pair

✕

A key pair consists of a **public key** that AWS stores, and a **private key file** that you store. Together, they allow you to connect to your instance securely. For Windows AMIs, the private key file is required to obtain the password used to log into your instance. For Linux AMIs, the private key file allows you to securely SSH into your instance.

Note: The selected key pair will be added to the set of keys authorized for this instance. Learn more about [removing existing key pairs from a public AMI](#).

Proceed without a key pair

☒ I acknowledge that I will not be able to connect to this instance unless I already know the password built into this AMI.

Cancel
Launch Instances

12. Click **View Instances** and wait for the instance to change the state to “running” and the status checks to complete. In the description, note the Public IP address of the instance as highlighted in the figure below.

Figure 6-6: Instance State and Status Checks

Name	Instance ID	Instance Type	Availability Zone	Instance State	Status Checks	Alarm Status	Public DNS (IPv4)	IPv4 Public IP
	i-0bed82bb94c0221a8	m4.xlarge	eu-central-1b	running	2/2 checks	None	ec2-35-156-251-238.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com	35.156.251.238

Instance: i-0bed82bb94c0221a8

Public DNS: ec2-35-156-251-238.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com

Description	Status Checks	Monitoring	Tags
Instance ID	i-0bed82bb94c0221a8	Public DNS (IPv4)	ec2-35-156-251-238.eu-central-1.compute.amazonaws.com
Instance state	running	IPv4 Public IP	35.156.251.238
Instance type	m4.xlarge	IPv6 IPs	-
Elastic IPs	-	Private DNS	ip-172-31-43-55.eu-central-1.compute.internal
Availability zone	eu-central-1b	Private IPs	172.31.43.55
Security groups	ovoc, view inbound rules	Secondary private IPs	-
Scheduled events	No scheduled events	VPC ID	vpc-9044cbfb
AMI ID	OVOC_7.4.3081 (ami-05c84d75ac42949d8)	Subnet ID	subnet-a66befdb
Platform	-	Network interfaces	eth0



Note the AWS public IP address as its later configured in [Step 2-1 Configuring the OVOC Server \(OVOC Server Manager\) on AWS](#) on page 167

Configuring AWS SES Service

This section describes how to configure the OVOC server as the Email server on Amazon AWS. These steps are necessary in to overcome Amazon security restrictions for sending emails

outside of the AWS domain.



If AWS Simple Email Service (SES) runs in Sandbox mode, both sender and recipient addresses should be verified (see <https://docs.aws.amazon.com/ses/latest/DeveloperGuide/request-access.html>) [production-access.html](#))

➤ **To configure OVOC as email server on AWS SES:**

1. Login to the OVOC server with root permissions.
2. Open file /root/.muttrc:

```
cat
.muttrc
```

3. Replace "OVOC@audiocodes.com" with authenticated source email.
4. Open file /etc/exim/exim.conf and using a text editor, find the respective "begin ..." statements and paste the below configuration accordingly
 - Replace : AWS_SES_LOGIN : AWS_SES_PASSWORD with the credentials received from AWS
 - Replace : SOURCE_EMAIL with an authenticated source email address
 - Replace: HOSTNAME with the VM hostname

```
=====

begin routers

send_via_ses:

driver = manualroute

domains = ! +local_domains

transport = ses_smtp

route_list = * email-smtp.eu-central-1.amazonaws.com;
```

```

=====

begin transports

ses_smtp:

driver = smtp

port = 587

hosts_require_auth = *

hosts_require_tls = *

=====

begin authenticators

ses_login:

driver = plaintext

public_name = LOGIN

client_send = : AWS_SES_LOGIN : AWS_SES_PASSWORD

=====

begin rewrite

^root@HOSTNAME SOURCE_EMAIL SFfrs

=====

```

5. Remove old unsent emails from buffer and restart exim service:

```
systemctl restart exim
```

```
exim -bp | exiqgrep -i | xargs exim  
-Mrm
```

```
rm -rf /var/spool/exim/db/*
```

6. Send test email using mutt:

```
echo "Hello!" > ~/message.txt
```

```
mutt -s "Test Mail from OVOC" -F /root/.muttrc EMAIL_ADDRESS <  
~/message.txt
```

7. Verify in the exim log in /var/log/exim/main.log to check that the email was sent correctly.

Creating OVOC Virtual Machine on Microsoft Azure

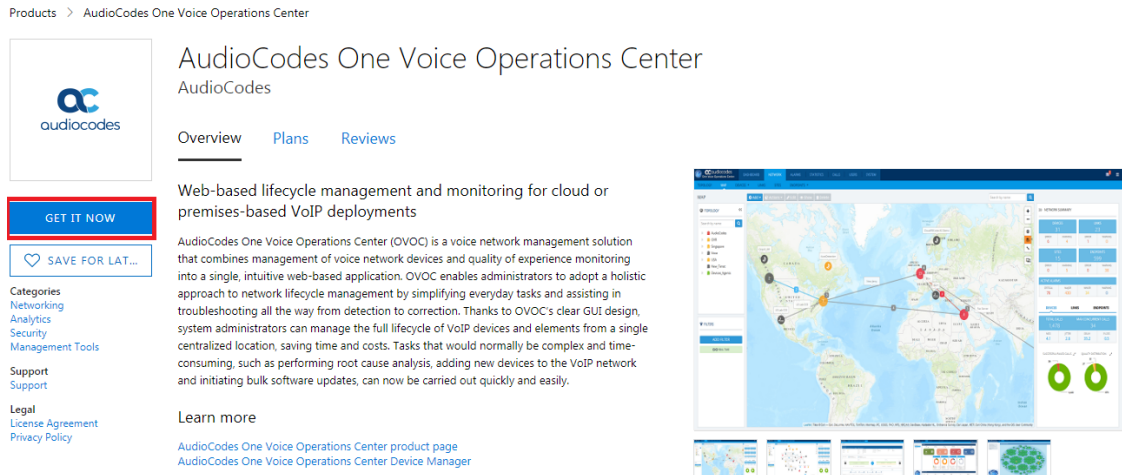
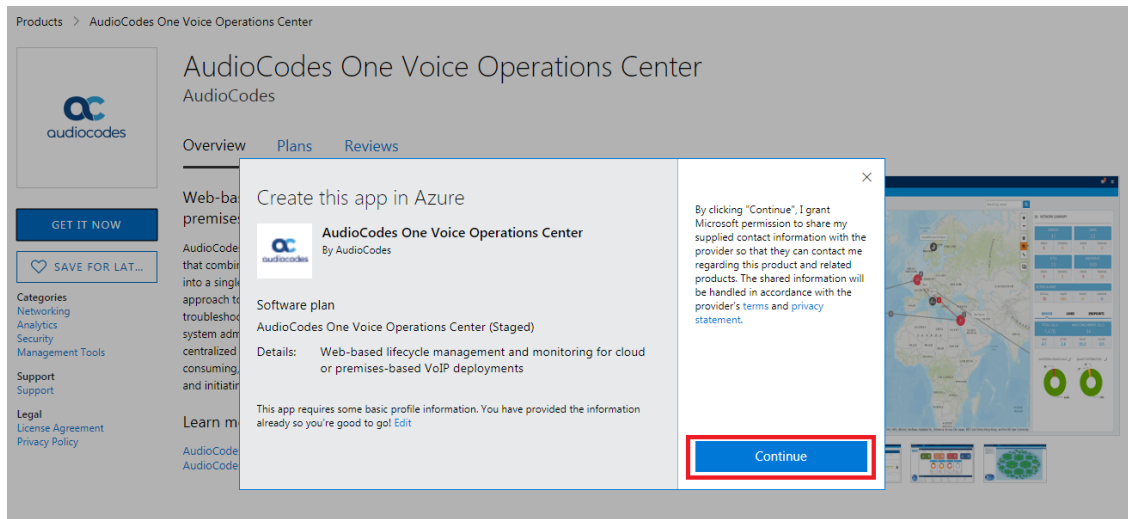
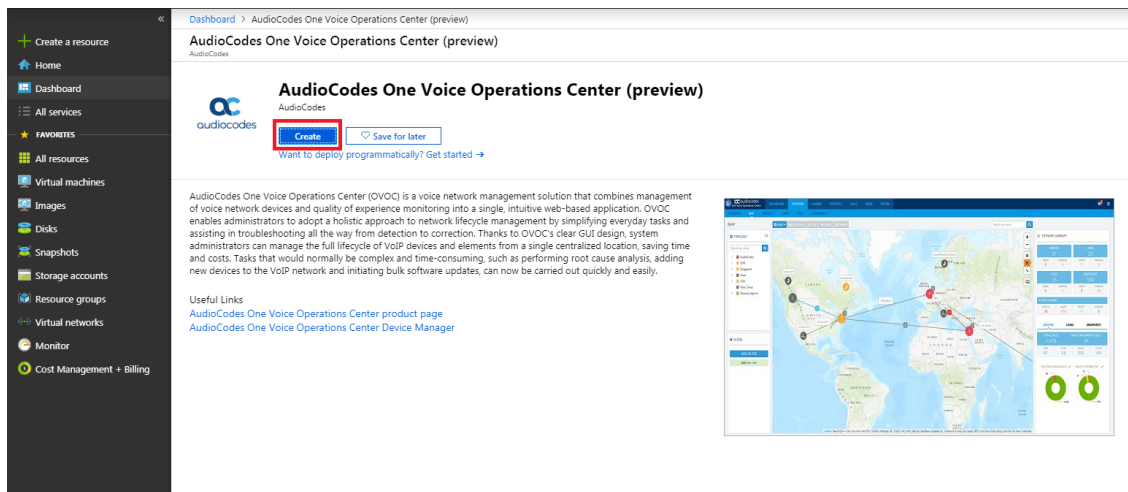
This chapter describes how to install the OVOC server on a virtual machine in a Cloud-based deployment from the Microsoft Azure Marketplace, including the following procedures:



Before proceeding, ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8).

➤ **To install OVOC from the Microsoft Azure Marketplace:**

1. In the Azure Marketplace, search for "AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center (OVOC)" and click **Get It Now**.

Figure 6-7: Get it Now**2. Click Continue.****Figure 6-8: Create this App in Azure****3. You are now logged in to the Azure portal; click Create.****Figure 6-9: Create Virtual Machine**

4. Configure the following:
 - a. Choose your Subscription.
 - b. Choose your Resource Group or create a new one
 - c. Enter the name of the new Virtual Machine.
 - d. Choose the Region.
 - e. Choose the VM Size (see Hardware and Software Requirements).
 - f. Choose Authentication Type "Password" and enter username and user-defined password or SSH Public Key.

Figure 6-10: Virtual Machine Details

Microsoft Azure

Dashboard > AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center (preview) > Create a virtual machine

Create a virtual machine

Basics Disks Networking Management Advanced Tags Review + create

Create a virtual machine that runs Linux or Windows. Select an image from Azure marketplace or use your own customized image. Complete the Basics tab then Review + create to provision a virtual machine with default parameters or review each tab for full customization. Looking for classic VMs? [Create VM from Azure Marketplace](#)

PROJECT DETAILS

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

* Subscription

* Resource group [Create new](#)

INSTANCE DETAILS

* Virtual machine name

* Region

Availability options

* Image [Browse all images](#)

* Size **Standard F16s**
16 vcpus, 32 GB memory
[Change size](#)

ADMINISTRATOR ACCOUNT

Authentication type ☒ Password ☐ SSH public key

* Username

* Password

* Confirm password

[Review + create](#) [Previous](#) [Next : Disks >](#)

5. Click **Next** until **Networking** section to configure the network settings,

Figure 6-11: Network Settings

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, & docs

Dashboard > AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center (preview) > Create a virtual machine

Create a virtual machine

Basics Disks **Networking** Management Advanced Tags Review + create

Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution. [Learn more](#)

NETWORK INTERFACE
When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

CONFIGURE VIRTUAL NETWORKS

* Virtual network AUDCvnet295 [Create new](#)

* Subnet default (10.0.7.0/24) [Manage subnet configuration](#)

Public IP (new) OVOC-7-6-1000-ip [Create new](#)

NIC network security group ☐ None ☐ Basic ☒ Advanced

This VM image has preconfigured NSG rules

* Configure network security group (new) OVOC-7-6-1000-nsg [Create new](#)

Accelerated networking ☐ On ☒ Off The selected image does not support accelerated networking.

LOAD BALANCING
You can place this virtual machine in the backend pool of an existing Azure load balancing solution. [Learn more](#)

Place this virtual machine behind an existing load balancing solution? ☐ Yes ☒ No

[Review + create](#) [Previous](#) [Next : Management >](#)

- From the Virtual Network and Subnet drop-down lists, select an existing virtual network/subnet or click **Create new** to create a new virtual network/subnet.
- From the Public IP drop-down list, configure "none", use the existing Public IP or create a new Public IP.



If you do not wish the public IP address to change whenever the VM is stopped/started, choose **StaticSKU** or **BasicSKU+ Static**.

- Under Configure network security group, click **Create new** to configure a Network Security Group. Configure this group according to the Firewall rules shown in the table below.



By default, only ports 22 and 443 are open for inbound traffic; open other ports for managing devices behind a NAT (outside the Azure environment) as described in the table below.

Table 6-2: Microsoft Azure Firewall

Protocol	Port	Description
UDP	162	SNMP trap listening port on the OVOC server.
UDP	1161	Keep-alive - SNMP trap listening port on the OVOC server used for NAT traversal. This rule is required if Auto-detection is used to add devices in OVOC. See Option 1: Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices to OVOC on Azure using Public IP Address on page 158
TCP	5000	Communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages sent from Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC.
TCP (TLS)	5001	TLS secured communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages sent from Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC. This rule is used if the OVOC Server and managed devices (specifically Mediant CE devices) are deployed in separate Azure Virtual networks communicating behind a firewall. See Option 1: Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices to OVOC on Azure using Public IP Address on page 158
NTP	123	NTP server port (set the Microsoft Azure site IP address/Domain Name(where the OVOC server is installed) as the NTP server clock source. Referenced in procedures in Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) Devices on Azure on page 158

6. Click Next until **Review+Create** tab, make sure all the settings are correct and click **Create**.

Figure 6-12: Review and Create

Microsoft Azure

Dashboard > AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center (preview) > Create a virtual machine

Create a virtual machine

✓ Validation passed

Basics Disks Networking Management Advanced Tags **Review + create**

PRODUCT DETAILS

AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center
by AudioCodes
[Terms of use](#) | [Privacy policy](#)

Standard F16s
by Microsoft
[Terms of use](#) | [Privacy policy](#)

TERMS

By clicking "Create", I (a) agree to the legal terms and privacy statement(s) associated with the Marketplace offering(s) listed above; and (b) agree that Microsoft may share my contact, usage and transactional information with the provider(s) of the offering(s) for support, billing and other transactional activities. Microsoft does not provide rights for third-party offerings. See the [Azure Marketplace Terms](#) for additional details.

Name: Mark Kemel

* Preferred e-mail address: Mark.Kemel@audiocodes.com ✓ Match found

* Preferred phone number: +97239764373 ✓

BASICS

Subscription: Newwave AZURE LAB

Resource group: AUDC

Virtual machine name: OVOC-7-6-1000

Region: West Europe

Availability options: No infrastructure redundancy required

Authentication type: Password

Username: acovoc

DISKS

OS disk type: Premium SSD

Use managed disks: Yes

NETWORKING

Virtual network: AUDCvnet295

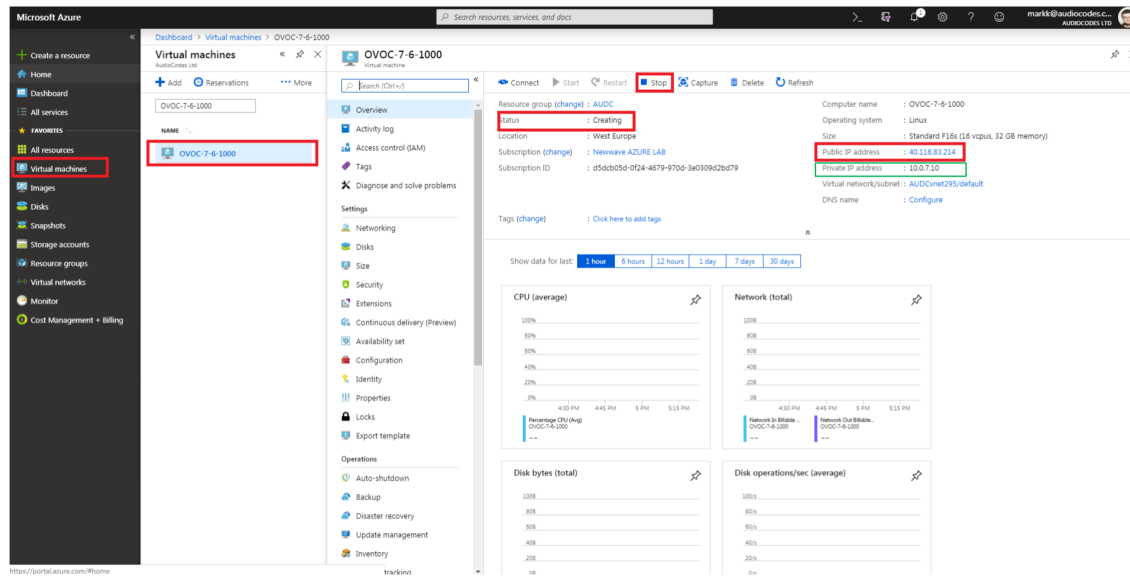
Create Previous Next Download a template for automation

- Navigate to the "Virtual machines" section, where you can, for example, monitor the Virtual Machine creation process and find the Public or Private (Internal) IP addresses to access the Virtual Machine.



Note the public or private (Internal) IP addresses as you need to configure them in [Configuring the OVOC Server Manager on Azure \(Public IP\)](#) on page 159 and [Configuring the OVOC Server Manager on Azure \(Internal IP\)](#) on page 163 respectively.

Figure 6-13: Azure Deployment Process Complete



7 Installing OVOC Server on VMware Virtual Machine

This describes how to install the OVOC server on a VMware vSphere machine. This procedure takes approximately 30 minutes. This time is estimated on the HP DL 360 G8 platform (with CPU, disk and memory as specified in [Configuring the Virtual Machine Hardware Settings](#) on page 54). The upgrade time depends on the hardware machine where the VMware vSphere platform is installed.



- Before proceeding, ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). Failure to meet these requirements will lead to the aborting of the installation.
- For obtaining the installation files, see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15
- ✓ Note that you must verify this file, see [Files Verification](#) on page 18

Deploying OVOC Image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi)

This section describes how to deploy the OVOC image with the VMware ESXi Web client. This procedure is run using the VMware OVF tool that can be installed on any Linux machine.



- This procedure describes how to deploy the image using the OVF tool, which can be downloaded from: <https://www.vmware.com/support/developer/ovf/>
- The OVOC image can also be deployed using the vSphere web client GUI.

➤ To run VMware OVF tool:

1. Transfer the 7z file containing the VMware Virtual Machine installation package that you received from AudioCodes to your PC (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346 for instructions on how to transfer files).
2. Open the VMware OVF tool.
3. Enter the following commands and press Enter:

```
ovftool --disableVerification --noSSLVerify --name=$VMname --  
datastore=$DataStore -dm=thin --acceptAllEulas --powerOn $ovaFilePath  
vi://$user:$password@$vCenterIP/$dataCenterName/host/$clusterName/$E  
SXIHostName
```

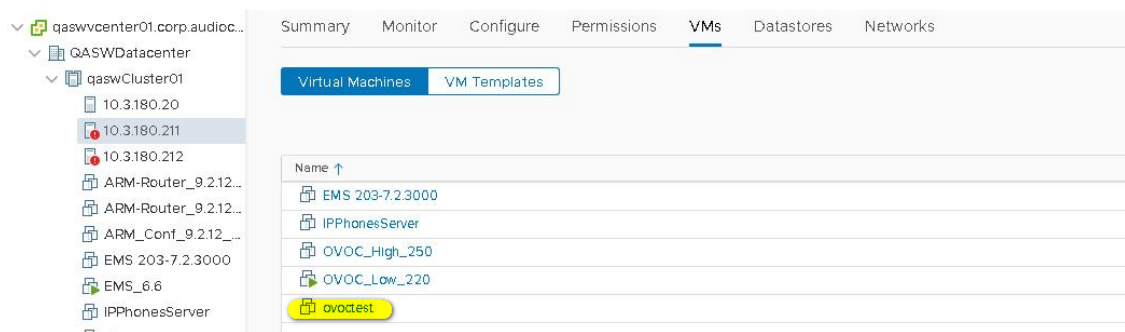
Where:

- \$VMname(--name): is the name of the deployed machine
- \$DataStore: data store for deployment

- \$user:\$password is the user and password of the VMware Host machine
- \$vCenterIP: vCenter IP Address
- \$dataCenterName: data center name inside the vCenter
- \$clusterName: cluster name under data center tree
- \$ESXiHostName: deployed ESXI IP Address

Example:

```
ovftool --disableVerification --noSSLVerify --name=ovctest --
datastore=Netapp04.lun1 -dm=thin --acceptAllEulas --powerOn
c:\tmp\OVOC_VMware_7.8.2241.ova
vi://vmware:P@ssword123@10.3.94.68/QASWDatacenter/host/qaswCluster
01/10.3.180.211
```

Figure 7-1: OVF Example

The following progress is displayed:

Opening OVA source: /data1/ 8.0.3098/DVD5/ 8.0.3098.xxxx/OVOC-VMware-8.0.3098.xxxx.ova

Opening VI target: vi://root@172.17.135.9:443/

Deploying to VI: vi://root@172.17.135.9:443/

Disk progress: 10%

Transfer Completed

The manifest validates

Powering on VM: FirstDeploy

Task Completed

Warning:

- No manifest entry found for: 'OVOC-VMware- 8.0.3098.xxxx-disk1.vmdk'.

Completed successfully

Deploying OVOC Image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) in Service Provider Cluster

This procedure describes how to deploy the OVOC image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) in Service Provider Cluster. The procedure requires you to perform the following steps:

1. On existing OVOC server VM, perform full backup and upgrade to version 8.0.3098 (see [Step 1 Upgrade Existing Virtual Machine](#) below)
2. On a new VM, install version 8.0.3098 Service Provider Cluster **Management OVA** and restore the backup created in step 1 (see [Step 2 Install Service Provider Cluster on Management Server](#) on page 39)
3. On a new VM, install version 8.0.3098 Service Provider Cluster **VQM OVA** (see [Step 3 Install VQM Server](#) on page 40)
4. On a new VM, install version 8.0.3098 Service Provider Cluster **PM OVA** (see [Step 4 Install PM Server](#) on page 40)



Networking between cluster nodes is over IPv4 (IPv6 is not supported).

Step 1 Upgrade Existing Virtual Machine

Before installing the Service Provider Cluster, you must upgrade your existing virtual machine to OVOC Version 8.0.3098



Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.

➤ To upgrade existing OVOC server VM:

1. Using the WinSCP utility (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the **DVD3.ISO** file for OVOC Version 8.0.3098 that you saved to your PC in Step 1: Setup the Virtual Machine to the OVOC server acems user home directory: `/home/acems`
2. Open an SSH connection or the VM console.
3. Login into the OVOC server as 'acems' user with password *acems* (or customer defined password).
4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

6. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install
```

Figure 7-2: OVOC server Installation Script

```
[root@EMS-server-17 ACEMS]# cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
[root@EMS-server-17 EmsServerInstall]# ./install
DIR Name /mnt/EmsServerInstall
>>> Check CD Sequence - Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020

...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Start executing User Login Check script at Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

>>> Verifying OS version - Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020

...

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```

7. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 7-3: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement

```
relationship between Licensor and Licensee, nor any agency, joint venture or partnership relationship
between the parties. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other to any obligation, nor have
the right to incur any liability on behalf of the other.
10.8. Integration This Agreement is the complete and exclusive agreement between the parties with
regard to the subject matter hereof and supersedes the prior discussions, negotiations and memoranda
related hereto. Any Licensee purchase order issue for the software, documentation, or services provided
hereunder shall be for the sole purposes of administrative convenience, and shall be subject to the
terms hereof.
10.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original counterparts, each of which
will be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same document if
bearing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
>>> Checking the operational environment
...
>>> Checking hardware spec - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020

...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking TCP/IP configuration - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020

...
PING EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms

--- EMS-server-17 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.047/0.047/0.047/0.000 ms
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking amount of free space in temporary directory - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020

...
>>> >>> Free Space in /var/tmp directory: 16190944
...
```

8. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:
 - If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server and then repeat steps 2-7 (inclusive).
 - If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) below

Figure 7-4: OVOC Server Installation Complete

```
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:34 2020]      +++ systemctl restart httpd
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:35 2020]      >>>
=====
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:35 2020]      >>> OVOC Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
```

9. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
10. Schedule full backup of the OVOC server to the nearest possible time (see [Change Schedule Backup Time](#) on page 195) and then verify that all necessary files have been generated (see [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194).

Step 2 Install Service Provider Cluster on Management Server

This procedure describes how to deploy the OVOC image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor (ESXi) in a Service Provider Cluster configuration on the new virtual machine that is designated as the **Management** server. The procedure describes how to deploy the OVOC image with the VMware ESXi Web client using the OVF tool, which can be downloaded from: <https://www.vmware.com/support/developer/ovf/> and installed on any Linux machine.



- The OVOC image can also be deployed using the vSphere web client GUI.
- You must install the Management server prior to installing the VQM and PM servers.
- Refer to [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15 for information on media deliverables.

➤ To install Service Provider Cluster (Management server):

1. **On the new virtual machine:** Transfer the 7z file containing the VMware Virtual Machine **Management** installation package that you received from AudioCodes to your PC (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346 for instructions on how to transfer files).
2. Run the VMware OVF tool (see [Deploying OVOC Image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor \(ESXi\)](#) on page 35).
3. After the VM has been created, **Inflate Thin Virtual Disk**. For Instructions: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.0/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-C371B88F-C407-4A69-8F3B-FA877D6955F8.html>
4. Restore the backup that you created in [Step 1 Upgrade Existing Virtual Machine](#) on page 37 (see [OVOC Server Restore](#) on page 196).

5. Configure Service Provider Cluster mode (see [Service Provider Cluster](#) on page 228).
6. Install VQM and PM servers (see [Step 3 Install VQM Server](#) below and [Step 4 Install PM Server](#) below).

Step 3 Install VQM Server

This procedure describes how to install the Service Provider Cluster mode on the new virtual machine that is designated for the **VQM** Server.



- The OVOC image can also be deployed using the vSphere web client GUI.
- Refer to [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15 for information on media deliverables.
- You must install the Management server prior to installing the VQM server (see [Step 2 Install Service Provider Cluster on Management Server](#) on the previous page).

➤ To install VQM server:

1. **On the new virtual machine:** Transfer the 7z file containing the VMware Virtual Machine **VQM** installation package that you received from AudioCodes to your PC (see [Appendix Transferring Files](#) on page 346 for instructions on how to transfer files).
2. Run the VMware OVF tool (see [Deploying OVOC Image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor \(ESXi\)](#) on page 35).
3. After the VM has been created, **Inflate Thin Virtual Disk**. For Instructions: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.0/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-C371B88F-C407-4A69-8F3B-FA877D6955F8.html>

Step 4 Install PM Server

This procedure describes how to install the Service Provider Cluster mode on the new virtual machine that is designated for the **PM** Server.



- The OVOC image can also be deployed using the vSphere web client GUI.
- Refer to [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15 for information on media deliverables.
- You must install the Management server prior to installing the PM server (see [Step 2 Install Service Provider Cluster on Management Server](#) on the previous page).

➤ To install the PM server:

1. **On the new virtual machine:** Transfer the 7z file containing the VMware Virtual Machine **PM** installation package that you received from AudioCodes to your PC (see [Appendix Transferring Files](#) on page 346 for instructions on how to transfer files).

2. Run the VMware OVF tool (see [Deploying OVOC Image with VMware vSphere Hypervisor \(ESXi\)](#) on page 35).
3. After the VM has been created, **Inflate Thin Virtual Disk**. For Instructions: <https://docs.vmware.com/en/VMware-vSphere/6.0/com.vmware.vsphere.storage.doc/GUID-C371B88F-C407-4A69-8F3B-FA877D6955F8.html>

Configuring the Virtual Machine Hardware Settings

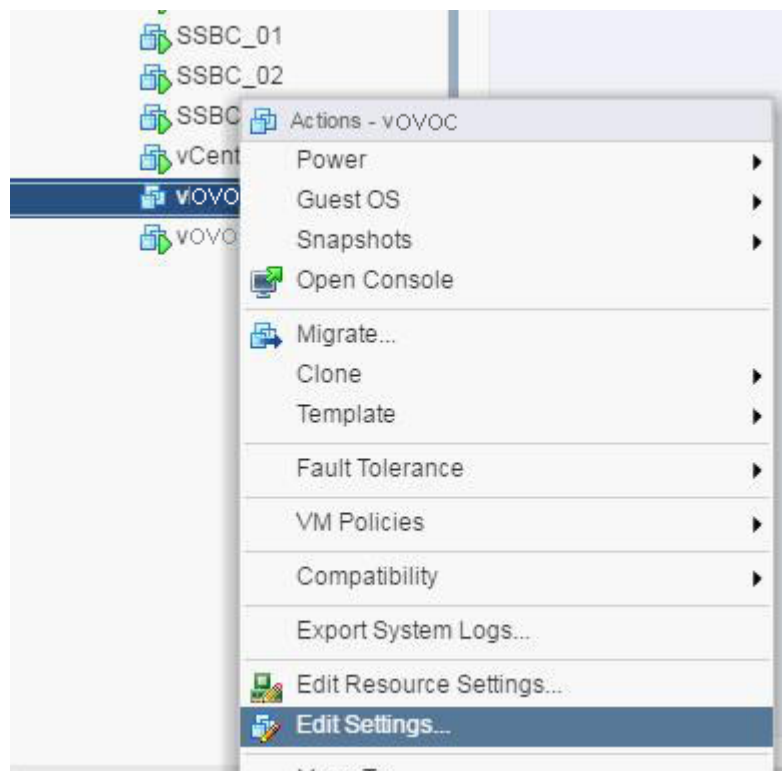
This section shows how to configure the Virtual Machine's hardware settings. Before starting this procedure, select the required values for your type of installation (high or low profile) and note them in the following table for reference. For the required VMware Disk Space allocation, CPU, and memory, see Hardware and Software Requirements.

Table 7-1: Virtual Machine Configuration

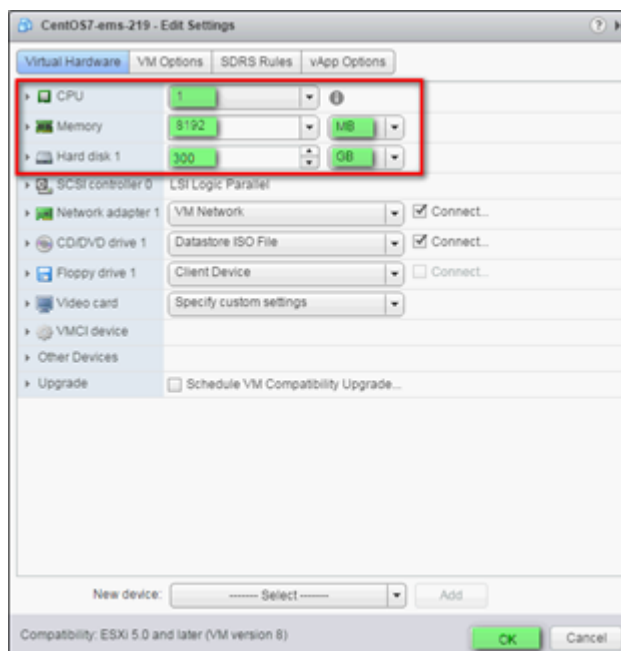
Required Parameter	Value
Disk size	
Memory size	
CPU cores	

➤ **To configure the virtual machine hardware settings:**

1. Before powering up the machine, go to the virtual machine **Edit Settings** option.

Figure 7-5: Edit Settings option

2. In the **CPU**, **Memory** and **Hardware** tabs set the required values accordingly to the desired OVOC server VMware Disk Space allocation. ([Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8), and then click **OK**.

Figure 7-6: CPU, Memory and Hard Disk Settings

- Once the hard disk space allocation is increased, it cannot be reduced to a lower amount.

- If you wish to create OVOC VMs in a cluster environment supporting High Availability and you are using shared network storage, then ensure you provision a VM hard drive on the shared network storage on the cluster ([Configuring OVOC Virtual Machines \(VMs\) in a VMware Cluster](#) below).

3. **Wait** until the machine reconfiguration process has completed.

Figure 7-7: Recent Tasks

Recent Tasks						
Name	Target	Status	Requested Start Time	Start Time	Completed Time	
Reconfigure virtual machine	AudioCodes OVOC	Completed	21/05/2012 11:03:39	21/05/2012 11:03:39	21/05/2012 11:03:41	

Configuring OVOC Virtual Machines (VMs) in a VMware Cluster

This section describes how to configure OVOC VMs in a VMware cluster.

VMware Cluster Site Requirements

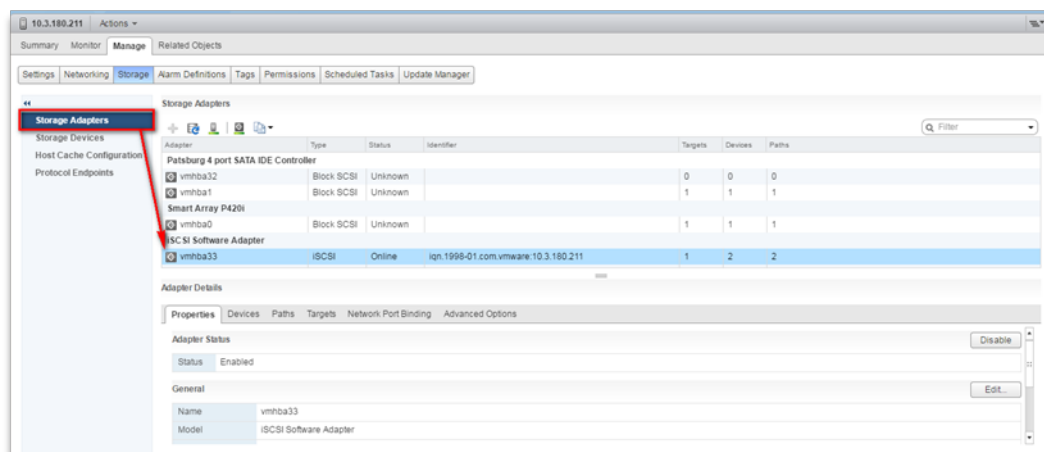
Ensure that your VMware cluster site meets the following requirements:

- The configuration process assumes that you have a VMware cluster that contains at least two ESXi servers controlled by vCenter server.
- The clustered VM servers should be connected to a shared network storage of type iSCSI or any other types supported by VMware ESXi.

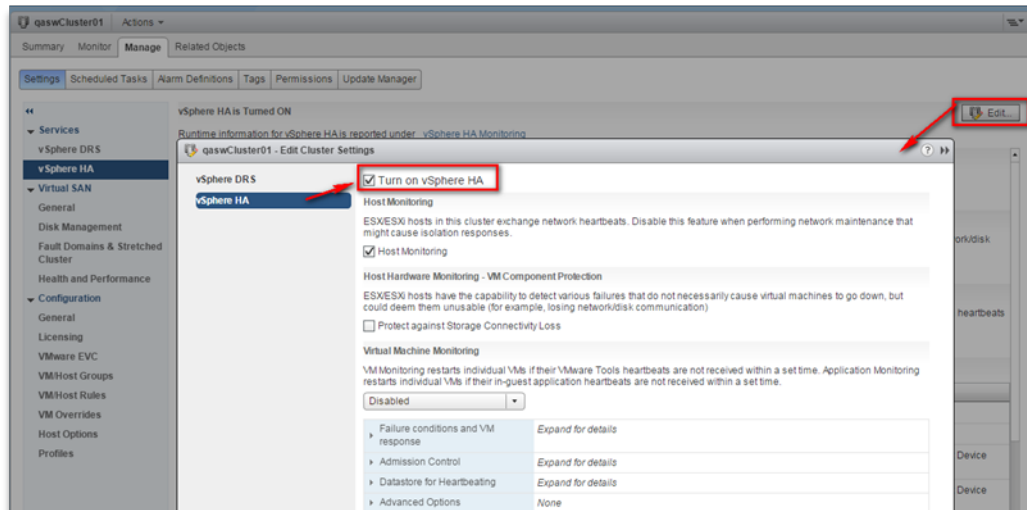
For example, a datastore “QASWDatacenter” which contains a cluster named “qaswCluster01” and is combined of two ESXi servers (figure below).

- Verify that Shared Storage is defined and mounted for all cluster members:

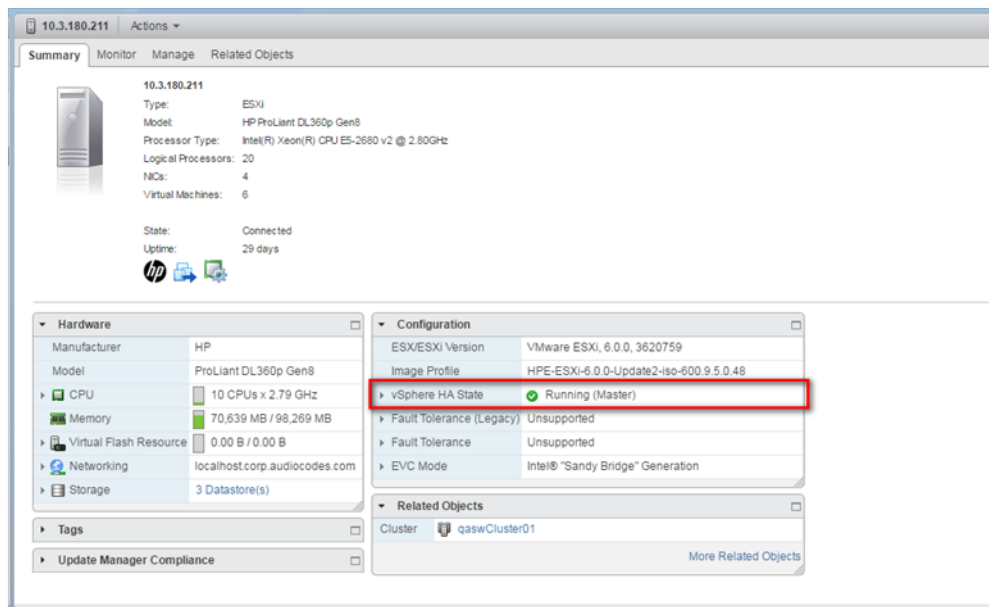
Figure 7-8: Storage Adapters



- Ensure that the 'Turn On vSphere HA' check box is selected:

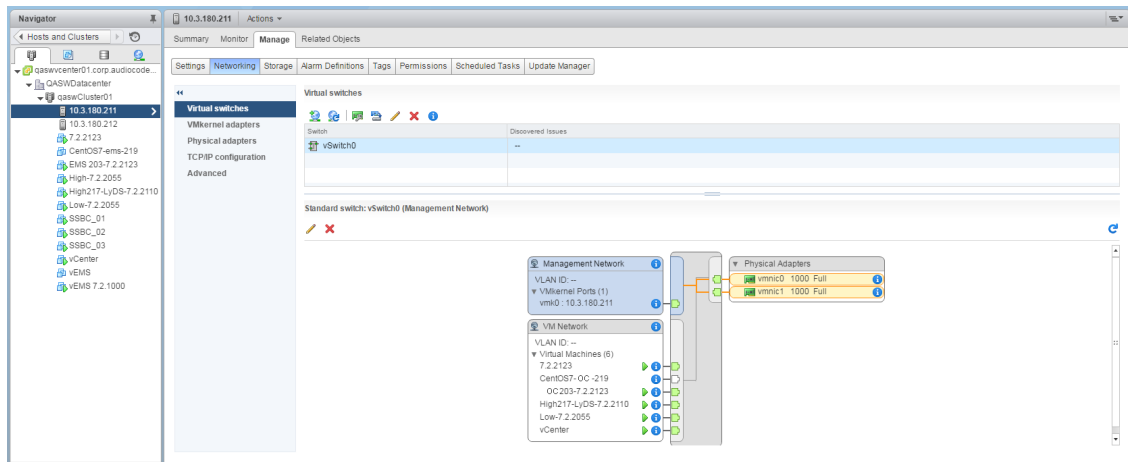
Figure 7-9: Turn On vSphere HA

- Ensure that HA is activated on each cluster node:

Figure 7-10: Activate HA on each Cluster Node

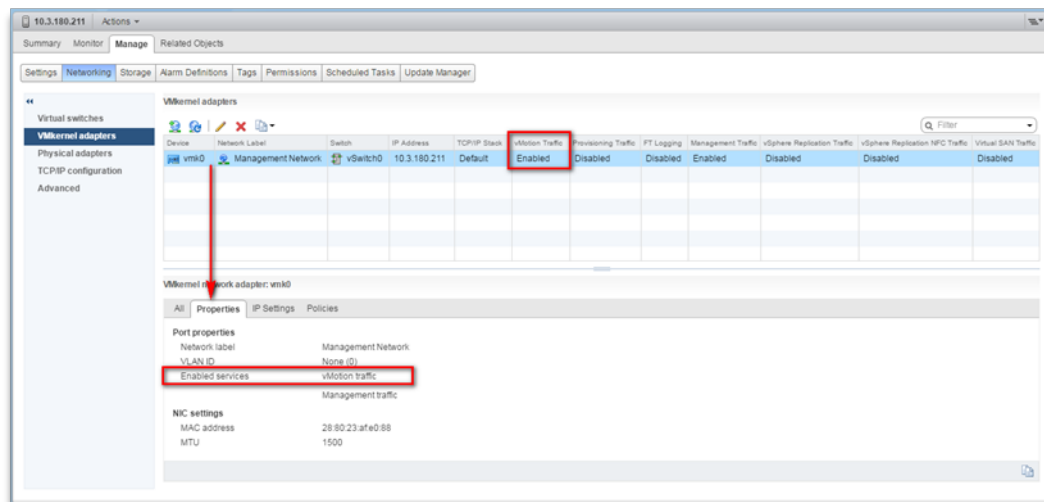
- Ensure that the networking configuration is identical on each cluster node:

Figure 7-11: Networking



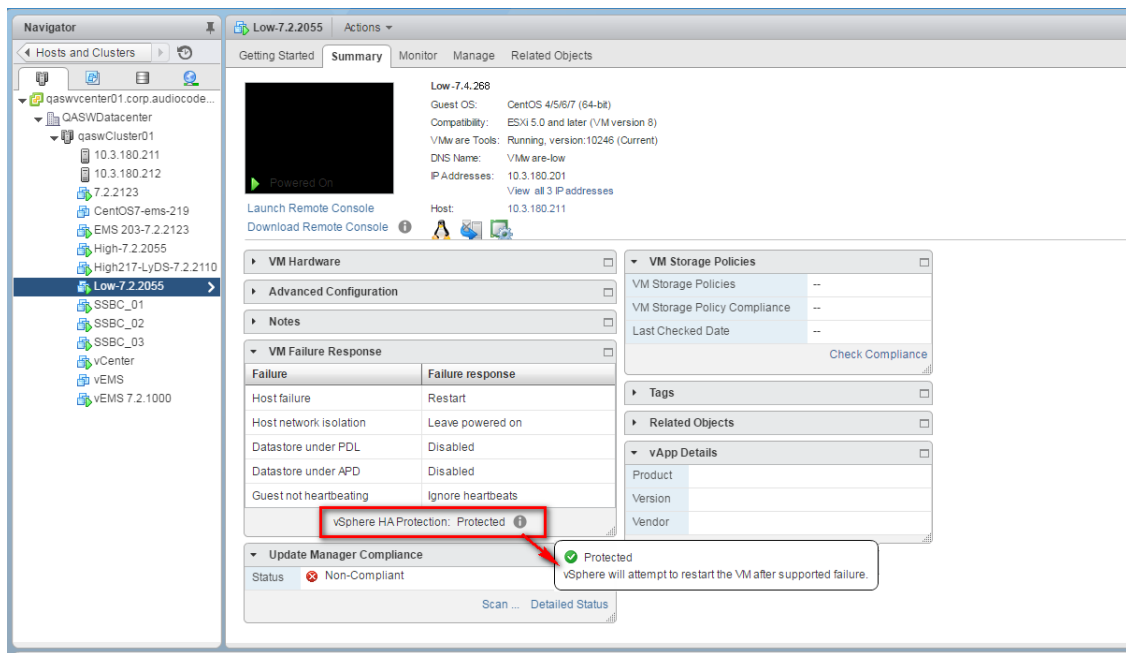
- Ensure that the vMotion is enabled on each cluster node. The recommended method is to use a separate virtual switch for vMotion network (this should be defined in all cluster nodes and interconnected):

Figure 7-12: Switch Properties



- A VM will be movable and HA protected only when its hard disk is located on shared network storage on a cluster. You should choose an appropriate location for the VM hard disk when you deploy the OVOC VM. If your configuration is performed correctly, a VM should be marked as “protected” as is shown in the figure below:

Figure 7-13: Protected VM



If you wish to manually migrate the OVOC VMs to another cluster node, see [Managing Clusters](#) on page 328.

Cluster Host Node Failure on VMware

In case a host node where the VM is running fails, the VM is restarted on the redundant cluster node automatically.



When one of the cluster nodes fail, the OVOC VM is automatically migrated to the redundant host node. During this process, the OVOC VM is restarted and consequently any active OVOC process is dropped. The migration process may take several minutes.

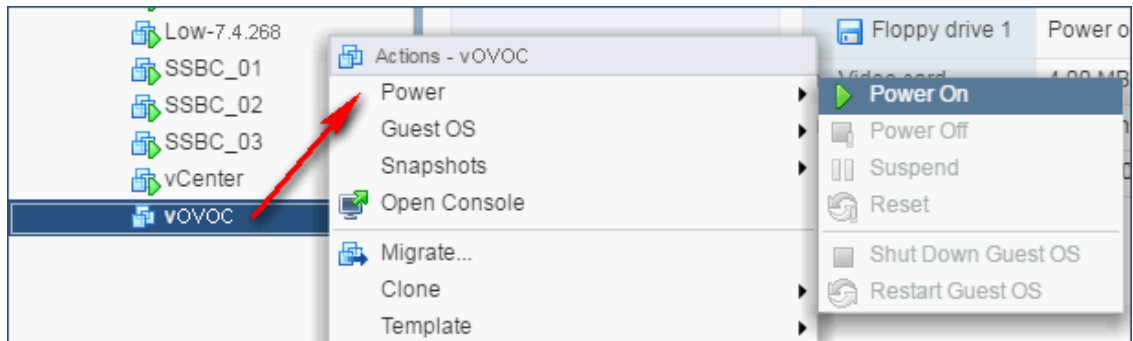
Connecting OVOC Server to Network on VMware

After installation, the OVOC server is assigned a default IP address that will most likely be inaccessible from the customer's network. This address is assigned to the first virtual network interface card connected to the 'trusted' virtual network switch during the OVOC server installation. You need to change this IP address to suit your IP addressing scheme.

➤ To connect to the OVOC server:

1. Power on the machine; in the vCenter tree, right-click the AudioCodes One Voice Operations Center node (vOC) and in the drop-down menu, choose **Power > Power On**. Upon the initial boot up after reconfiguring the disk space, the internal mechanism configures the server installation accordingly to version specifications ([Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8).

Figure 7-14: Power On



2. Wait until the boot process has completed, and then connect the running server through the vSphere client console.
3. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter *acems* password.
4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Proceed to the network configuration using the OVOC Server Manager.
6. Type the following command and press Enter.

```
# EmsServerManager
```

7. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and verify login to OVOC Web client is successful.
8. Set the OVOC server network IP address to suit your IP addressing scheme ([Server IP Address](#) on page 235).
9. If you are installing the Service Provider Cluster mode, see [Service Provider Cluster](#) on page 228
10. Perform other configuration actions as required using the OVOC Server Manager ([Getting Started](#) on page 201).

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8 Installing OVOC Server on Microsoft Hyper-V Virtual Machine

This section describes how to install the OVOC server on a Microsoft Hyper-V virtual machine.

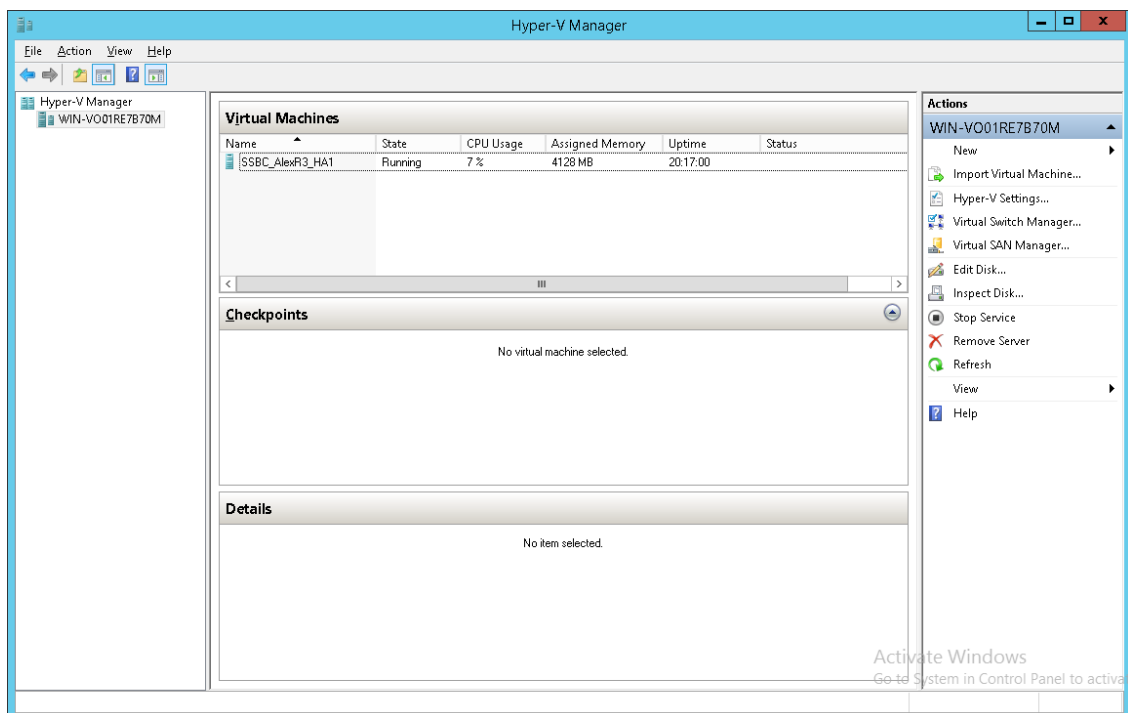


- Before proceeding, ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [.Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). Failure to meet these requirements will lead to the aborting of the installation.
- For obtaining the installation files, see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15
- ✓ Note that you must also verify the ISO file, see [Files Verification](#) on page 18

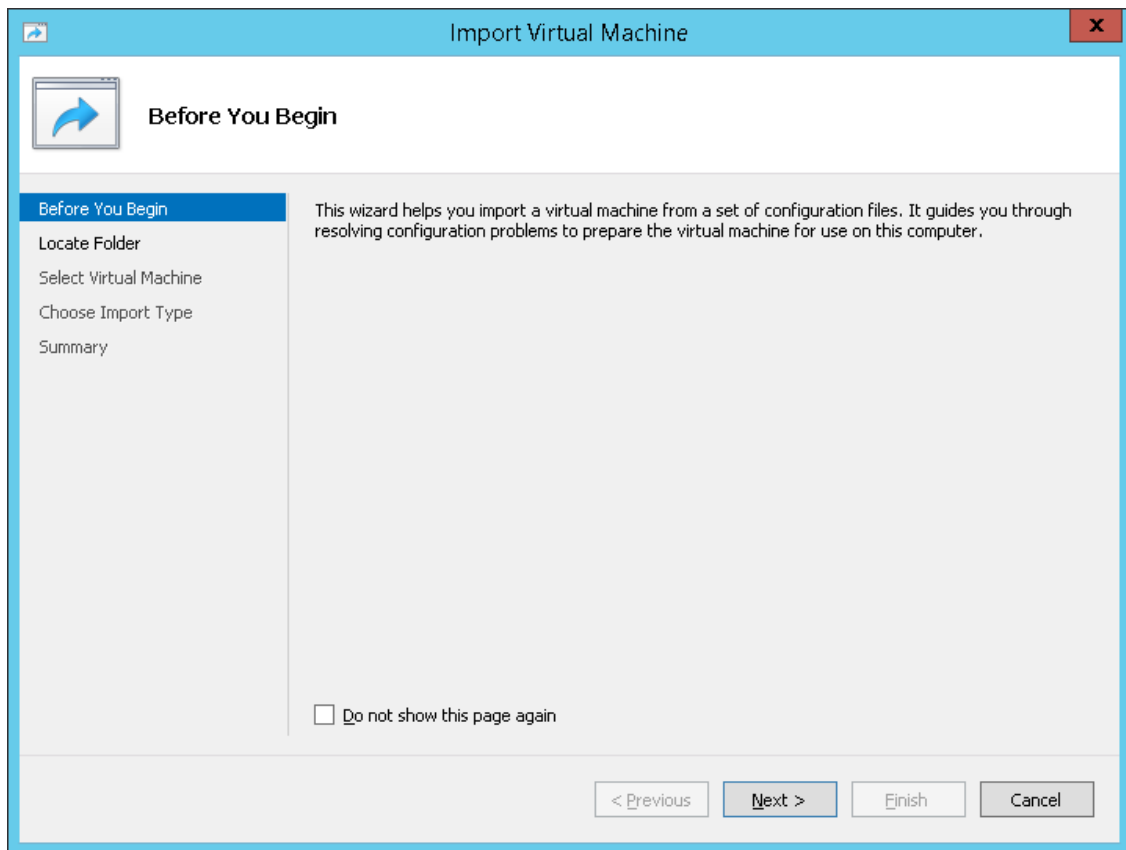
➤ To install the OVOC server on Microsoft Hyper-V:

1. Transfer the ISO file containing the Microsoft Hyper-V Virtual Machine installation package that you received from AudioCodes to your PC (see Appendix [Transferring Files](#) on page 346 for instructions on how to transfer files).
2. Open Hyper-V Manager by clicking **Start > Administrative Tools > Hyper-V Manager**; the following screen opens:

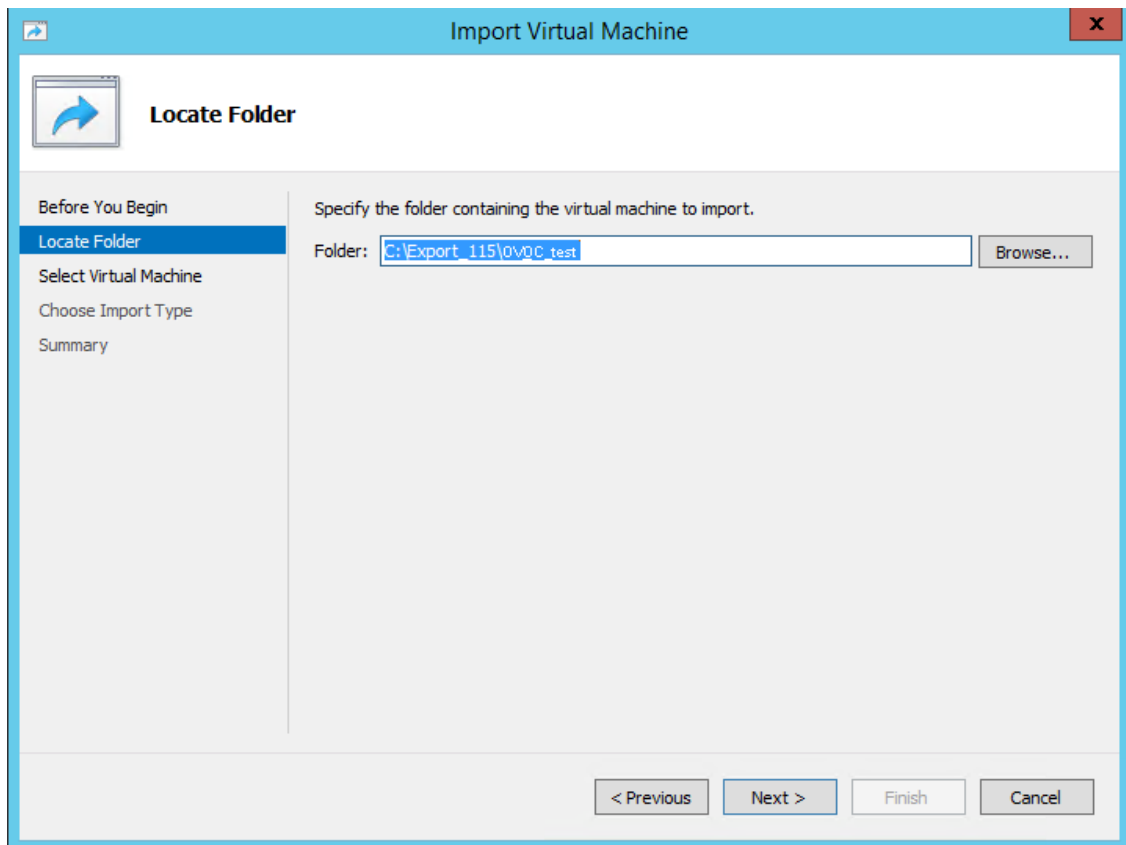
Figure 8-1: Installing the OVOC server on Hyper-V – Hyper-V Manager



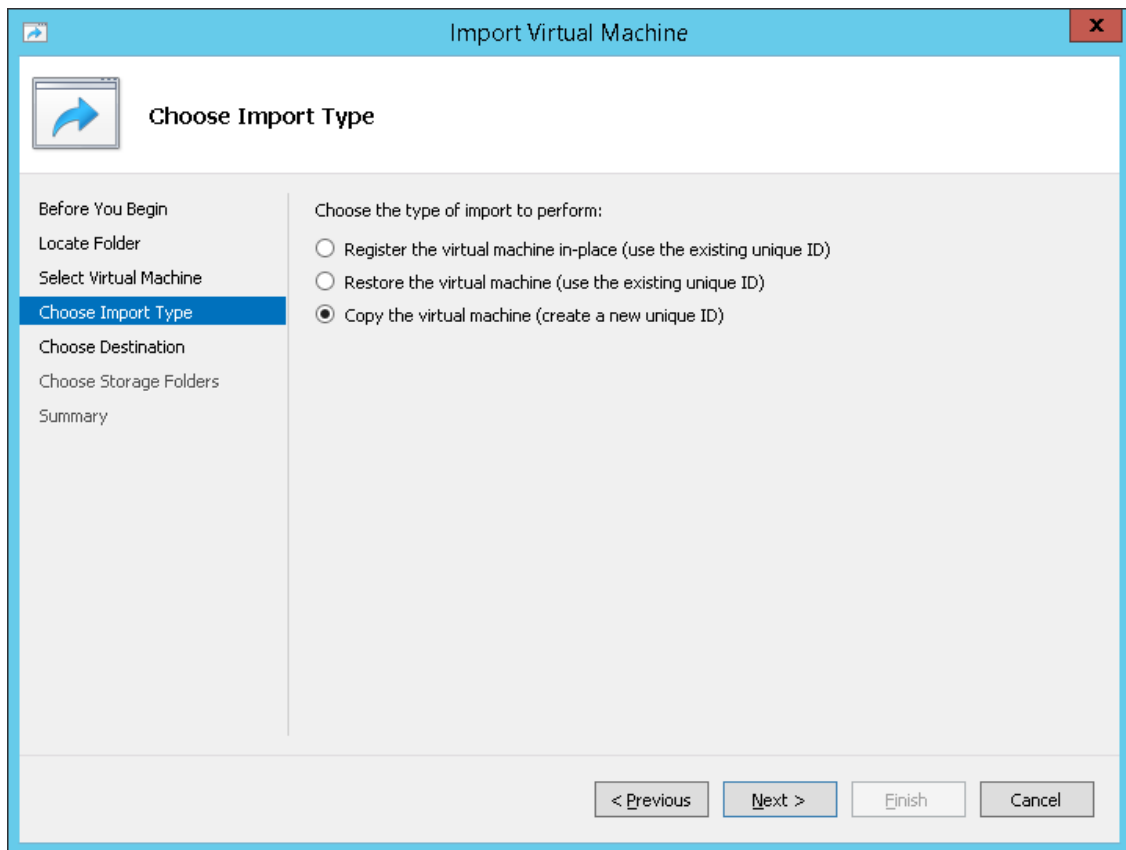
3. Start the Import Virtual Machine wizard: click the **Action** tab, and then select **Import Virtual Machine** from the menu; the Import Virtual Machine screen shown below opens:

Figure 8-2: Installing OVOC server on Hyper-V – Import Virtual Machine Wizard

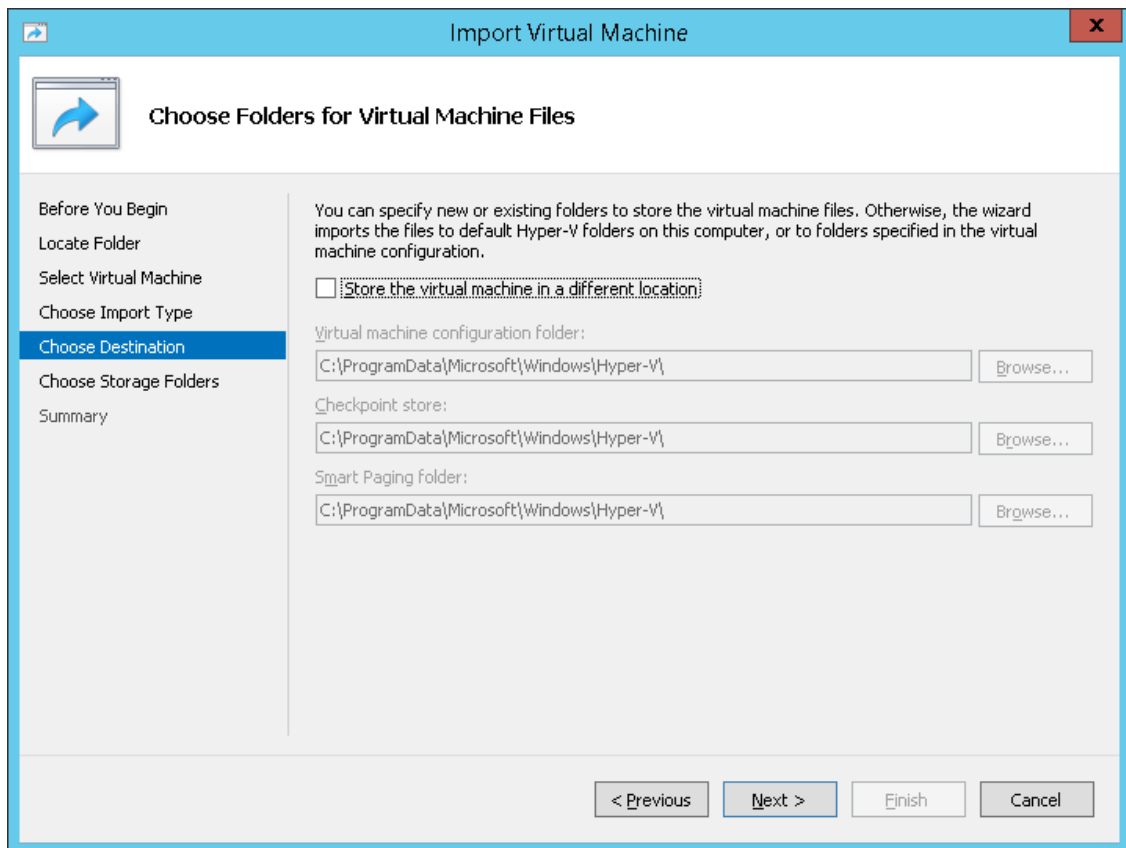
4. Click **Next**; the Locate Folder screen opens:

Figure 8-3: Installing OVOC server on Hyper-V – Locate Folder

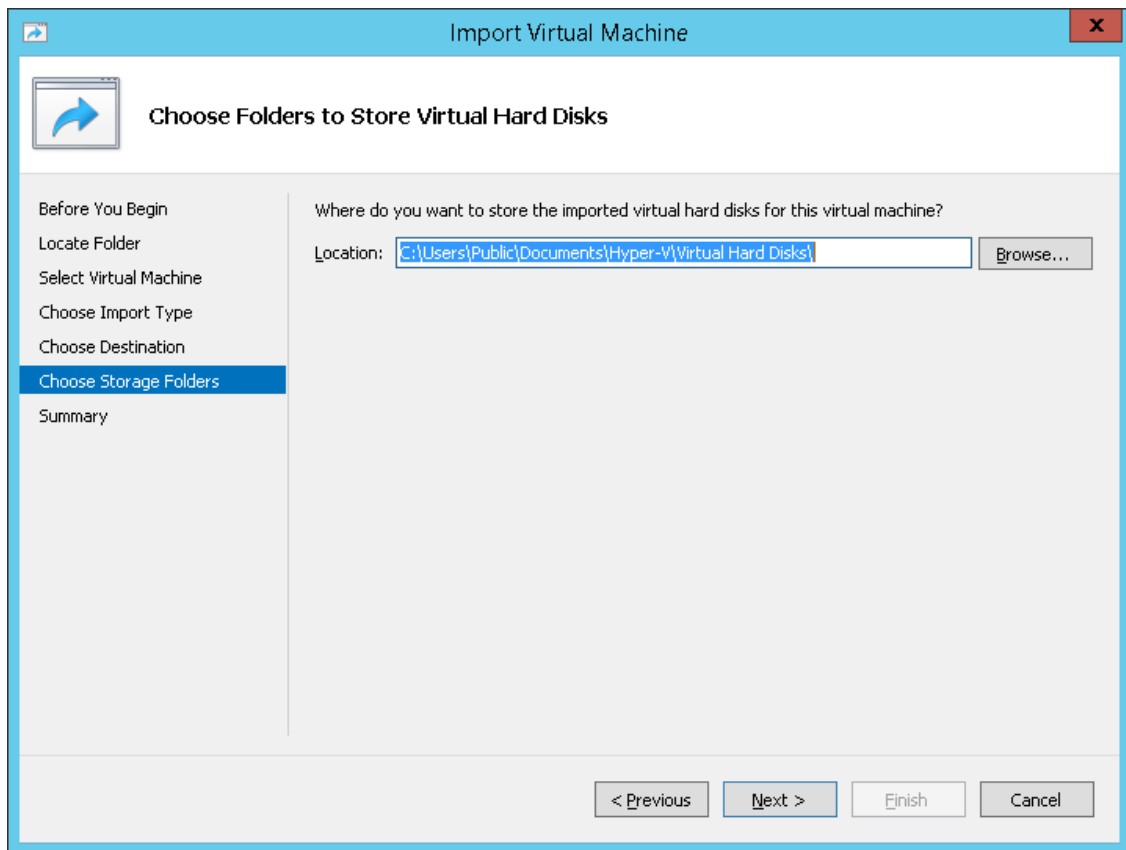
5. Enter the location of the VM installation folder (extracted from the ISO file), and then click **Next**; the Select Virtual Machine screen opens.
6. Select the virtual machine to import, and then click **Next**; the Choose Import Type screen opens:

Figure 8-4: Installing OVOC server on Hyper-V – Choose Import Type

7. Select the option "Copy the virtual machine (create a new unique ID)", and then click **Next**; the Choose Folders for Virtual Machine Files screen opens:

Figure 8-5: Installing OVOC server on Hyper-V – Choose Destination

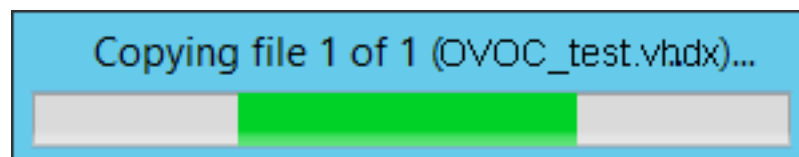
8. Select the location of the virtual hard disk, and then click **Next**; the Choose Storage Folders screen opens:

Figure 8-6: Installing OVOC server on Hyper-V – Choose Storage Folders

9. Select the Storage Folder for the Virtual Hard Disk, and then click **Next**; the Summary screen opens.
10. Click **Finish** to start the creation of the VM; a similar installation progress indicator is shown:

Figure 8-7: File Copy Progress Bar

This process may take approximately 30 minutes to complete.



11. Proceed to [Configuring the Virtual Machine Hardware Settings](#) below.

Configuring the Virtual Machine Hardware Settings

This section shows how to configure the Virtual Machine's hardware settings.

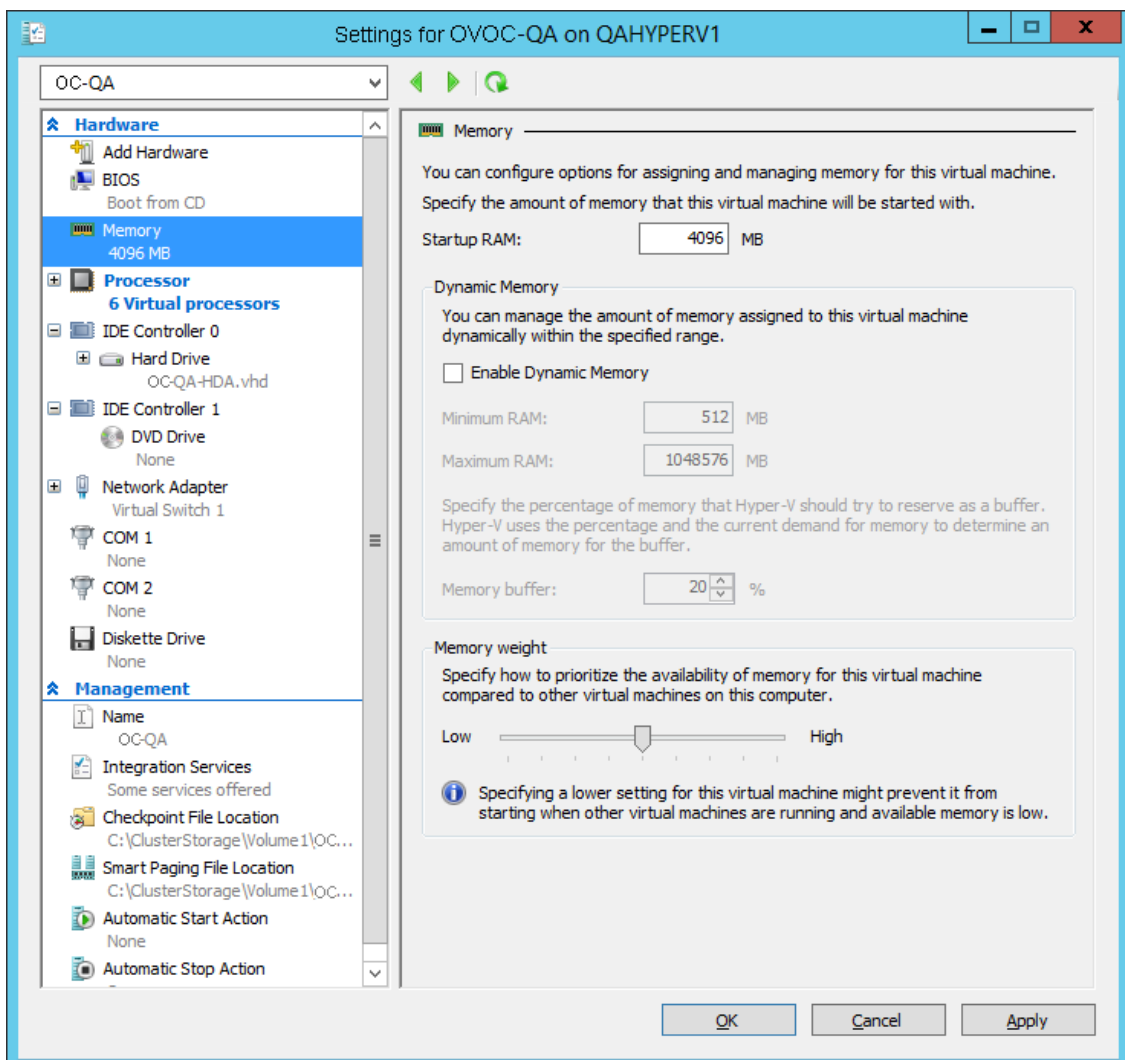
Before starting this procedure, select the required values for your type of installation (high or low profile) and note them in the following table for reference. For the required VMware Disk Space allocation, CPU, and memory, see Hardware and Software Requirements.

Table 8-1: Virtual Machine Configuration

Required Parameter	Value
Disk size	
Memory size	
CPU cores	

➤ **To configure the VM for OVOC server:**

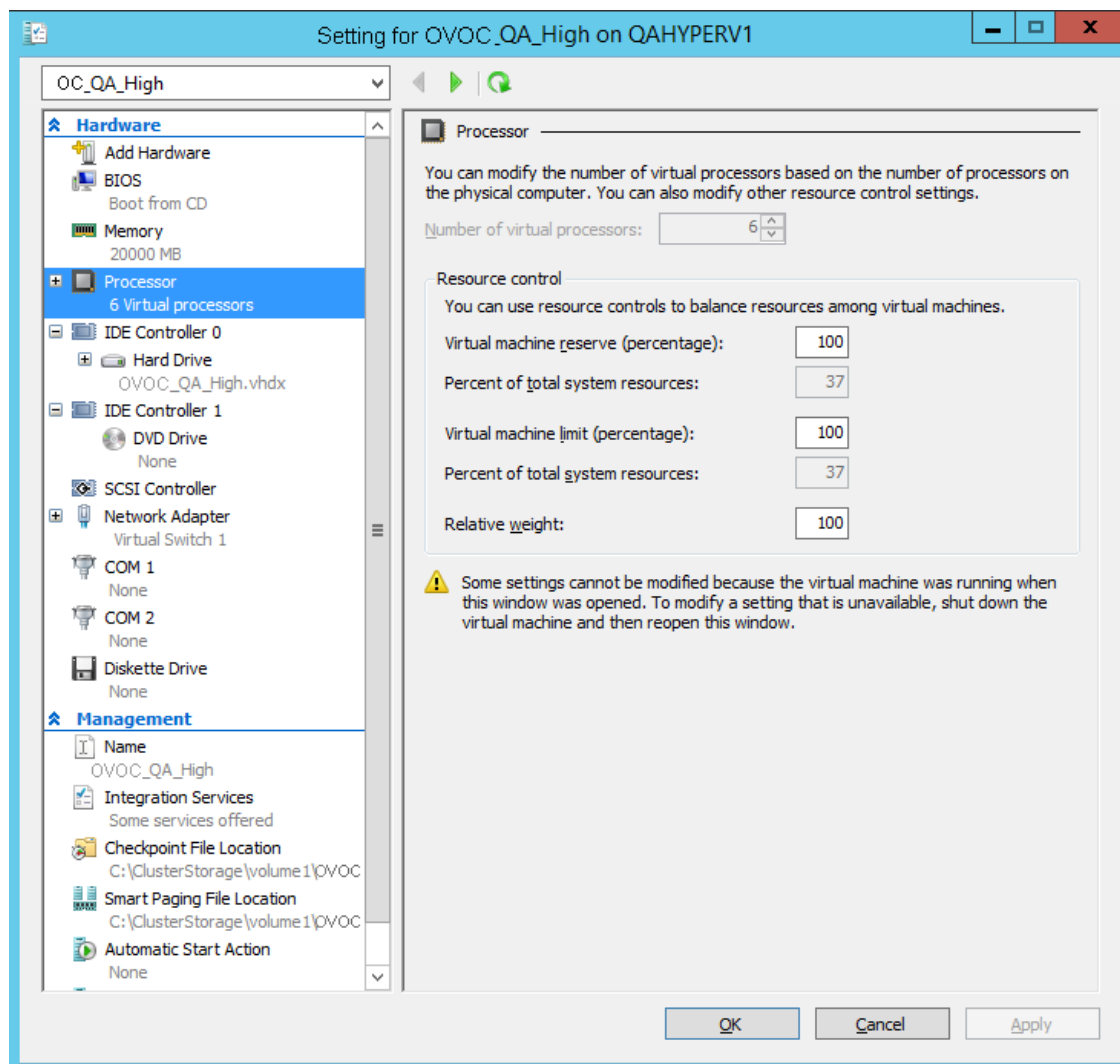
1. Locate the new OVOC server VM in the tree in the Hyper-V Manager, right-click it, and then select **Settings**; the Virtual Machine Settings screen opens:

Figure 8-8: Adjusting VM for OVOC server – Settings - Memory

2. In the Hardware pane, select **Memory**, as shown above, enter the 'Startup RAM' parameter as required, and then click **Apply**.

3. In the Hardware pane, select **Processor**; the Processor screen shown in the figure below opens.

Figure 8-9: Adjusting VM for OVOC server - Settings - Processor



4. Set the 'Number of virtual processors' parameters as required.
5. Set the 'Virtual machine reserve (percentage)' parameter to **100%**, and then click **Apply**.
 - Once the hard disk space allocation is increased, it cannot be reduced.
 - If you wish to create OVOC VMs in a Cluster environment that supports High Availability and you are using shared network storage, then ensure you provision a VM hard drive on the shared network storage on the cluster ([Configuring OVOC Virtual Machines in a Microsoft Hyper-V Cluster](#) on page 62).

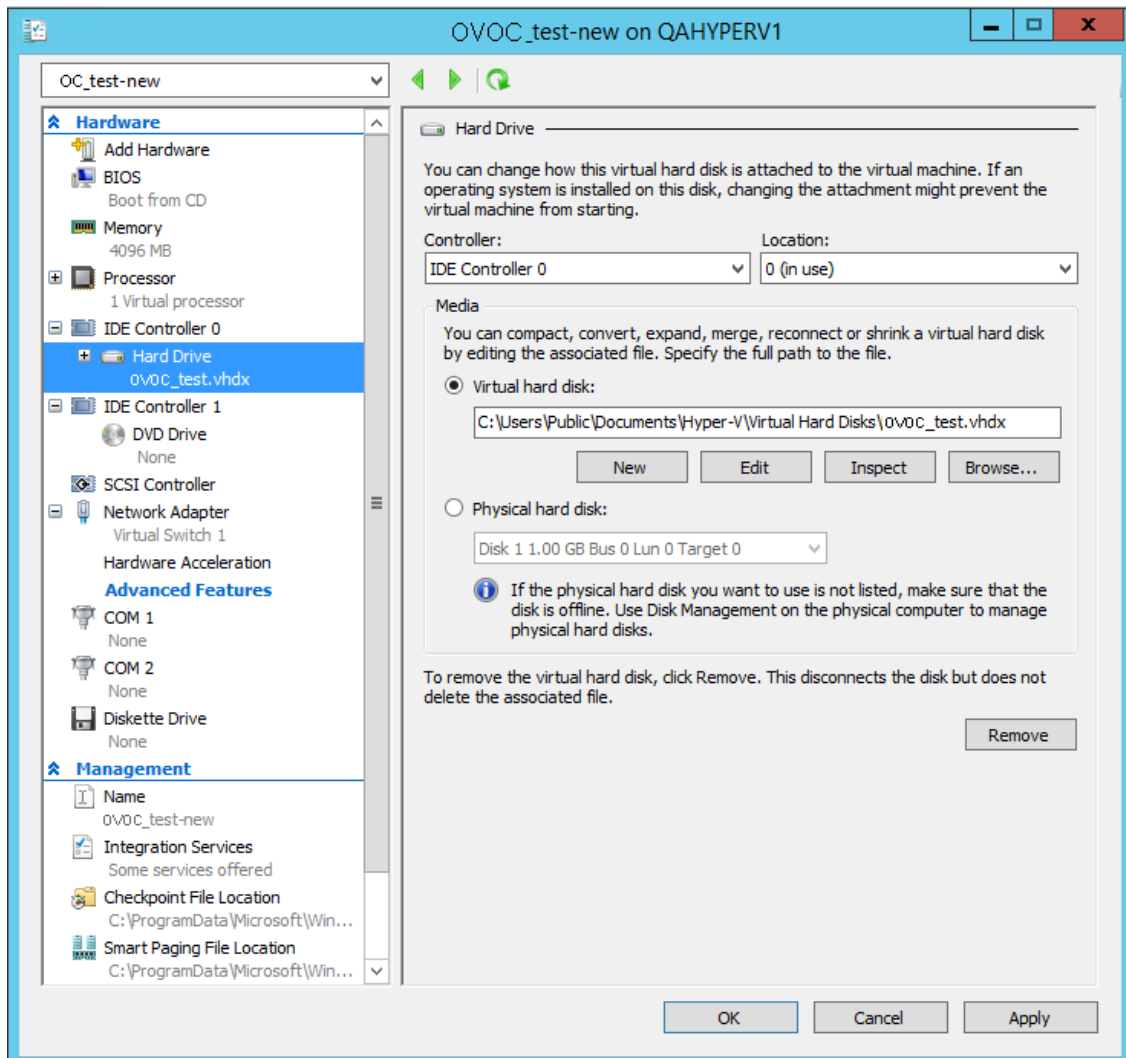
Expanding Disk Capacity

The OVOC server virtual disk is provisioned by default with a minimum volume. In case a higher capacity is required for the target OVOC server then the disk can be expanded.

➤ **To expand the disk size:**

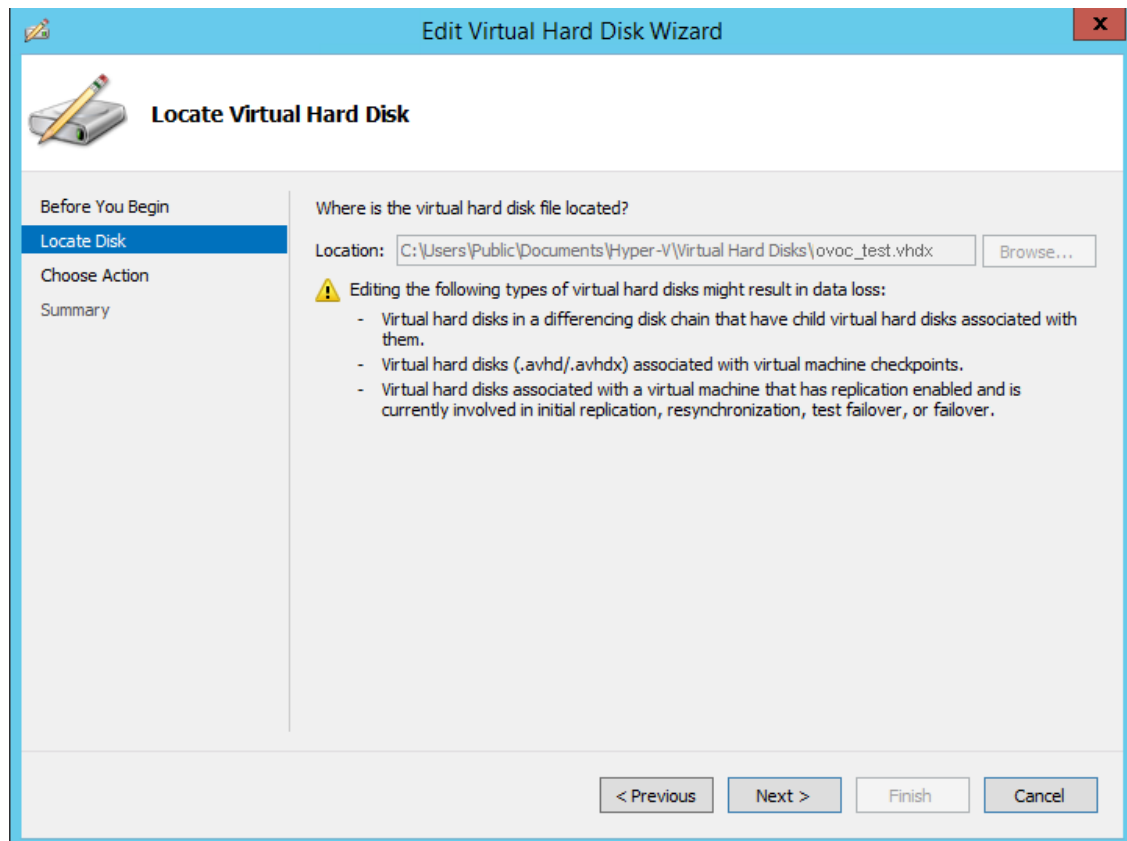
1. Make sure that the target OVOC server VM is not running - Off state.
2. Select the Hard Drive, and then click **Edit**.

Figure 8-10: Expanding Disk Capacity



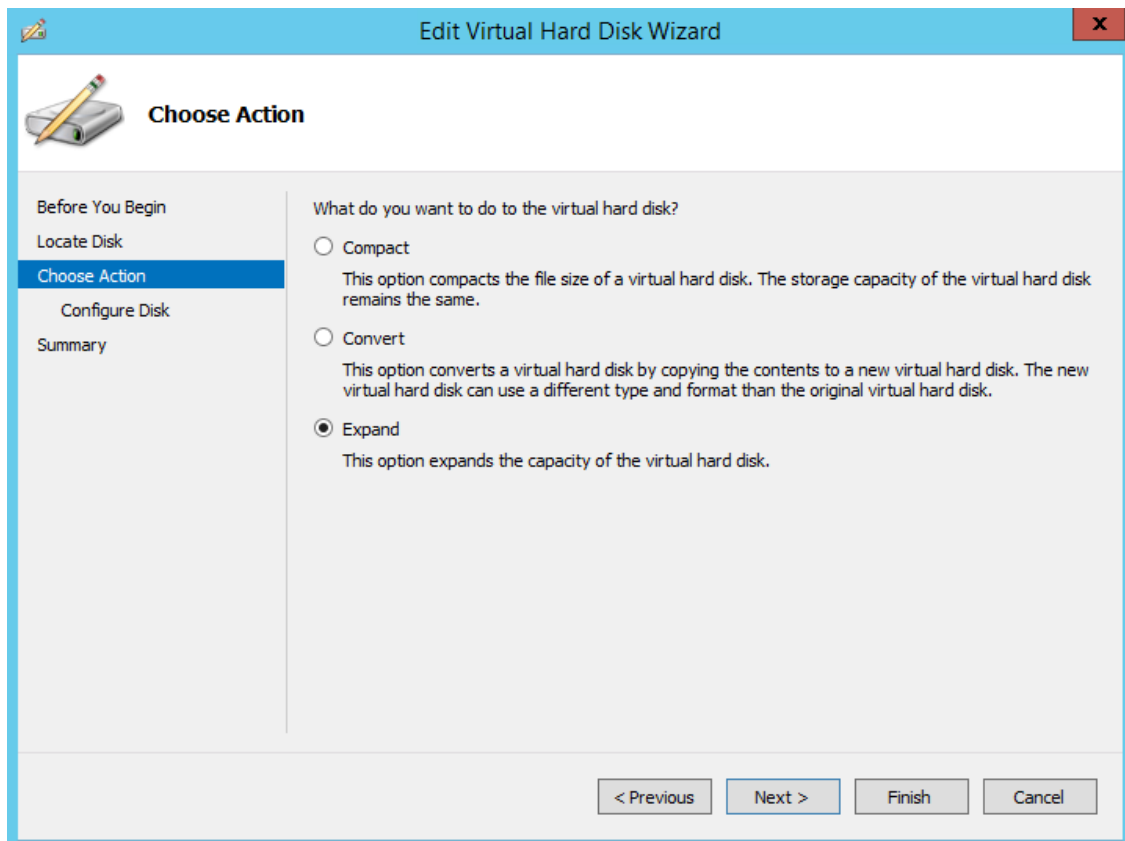
The Edit Virtual Disk Wizard is displayed as shown below.

Figure 8-11: Edit Virtual Hard Disk Wizard

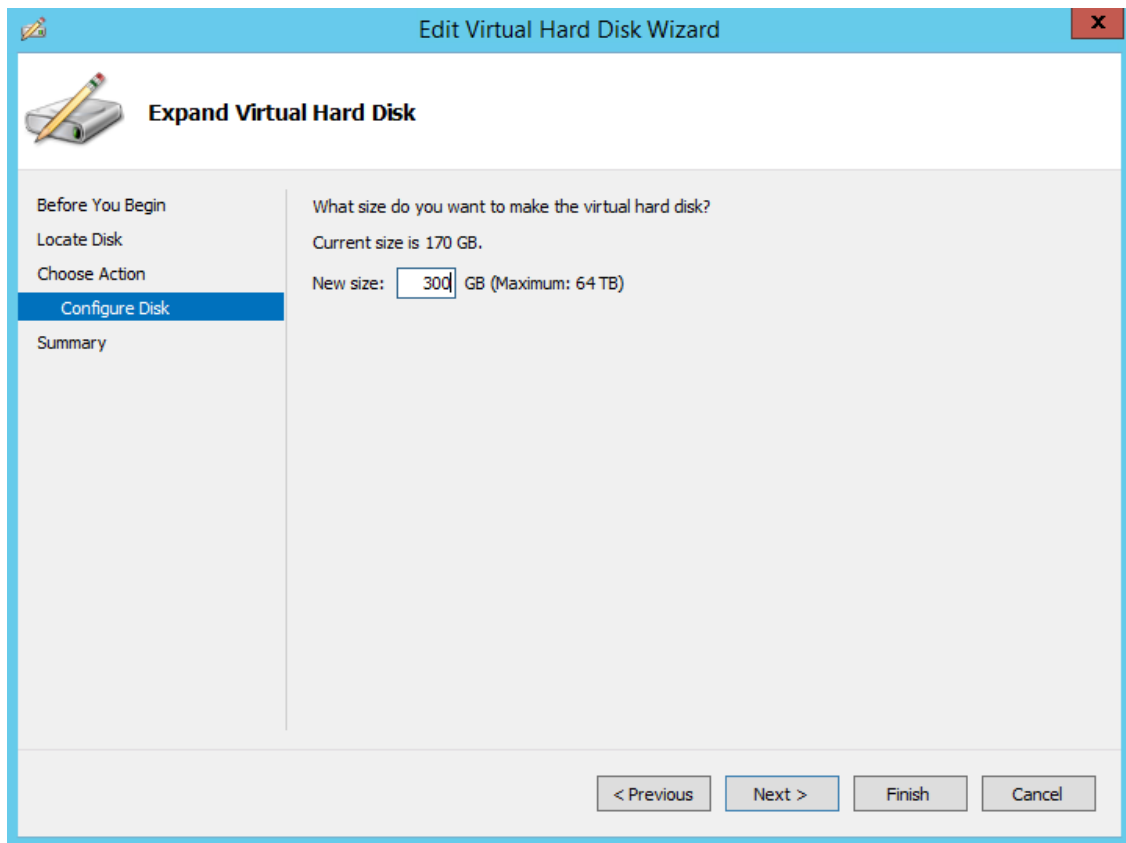


3. Click **Next**; the Choose Action screen is displayed:

Figure 8-12: Edit Virtual Hard Disk Wizard-Choose Action

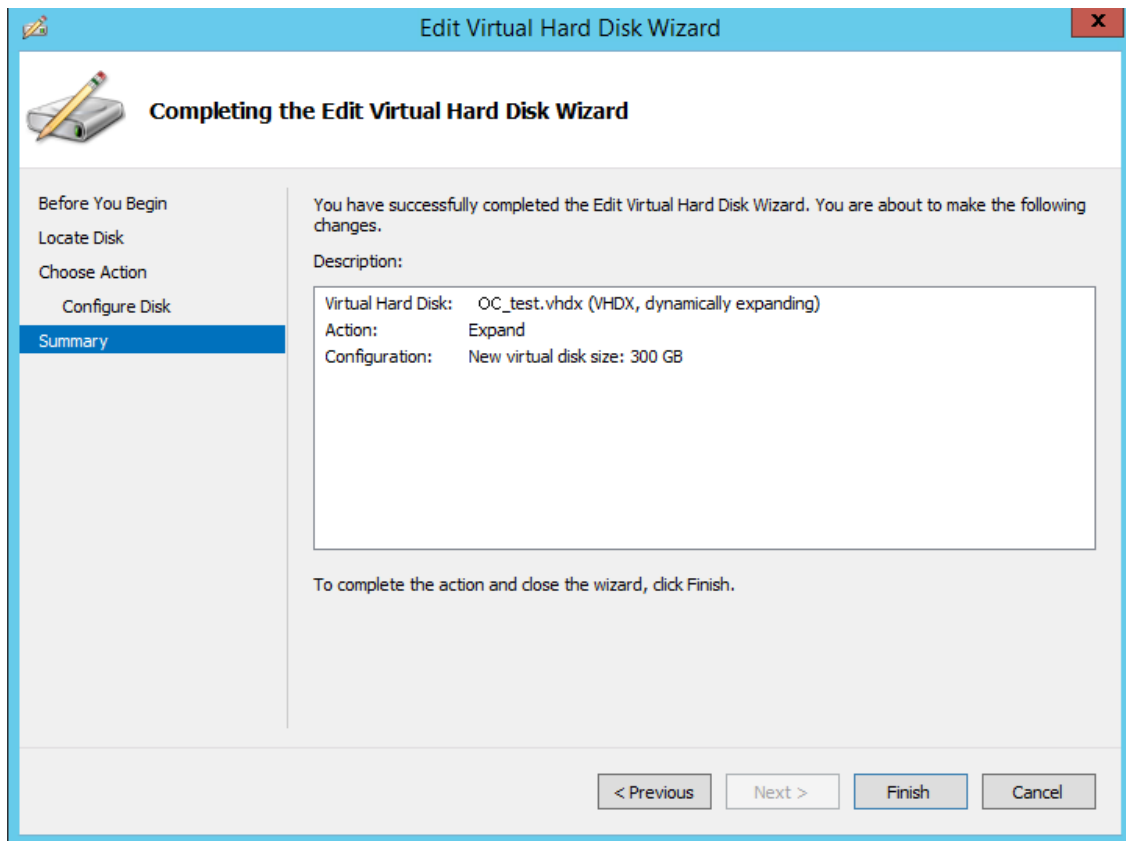


4. Select the **Expand** option, and then click **Next**; the Expand Virtual Hard Disk screen opens.

Figure 8-13: Edit Virtual Hard Disk Wizard-Expand Virtual Hard Disk

5. Enter the required size for the disk, and then click **Next**; the Summary screen is displayed.

Figure 8-14: Edit Virtual Hard Disk Wizard-Completion



6. Verify that all of the parameters have been configured, and then click **Finish**. The settings window will be displayed.
7. Click **OK** to close.

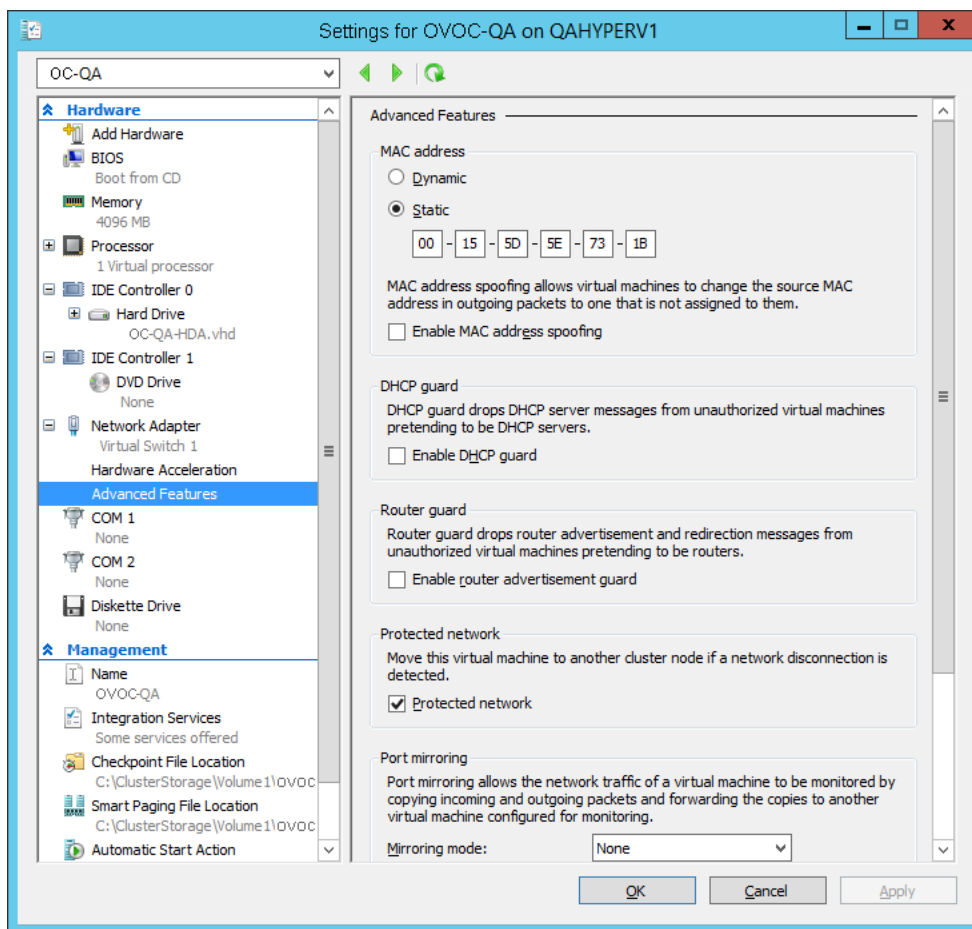
Changing MAC Addresses from 'Dynamic' to 'Static'

By default, the MAC addresses of the OVOC server Virtual Machine are set dynamically by the hypervisor. Consequently, they might be changed under certain circumstances, for example, after moving the VM between Hyper-V hosts. Changing the MAC address may lead to an invalid license.

To prevent this from occurring, MAC Addresses should be changed from 'Dynamic' to 'Static'.

➤ To change the MAC address to 'Static' in Microsoft Hyper-V:

1. Shutdown the OVOC server ([Shutdown the OVOC Server Machine](#) on page 233).
2. In the Hardware pane, select **Network Adapter** and then **Advanced Features**.
3. Select the MAC address 'Static' option.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 for each network adapter.

Figure 8-15: Advanced Features - Network Adapter – Static MAC Address

Configuring OVOC Virtual Machines in a Microsoft Hyper-V Cluster

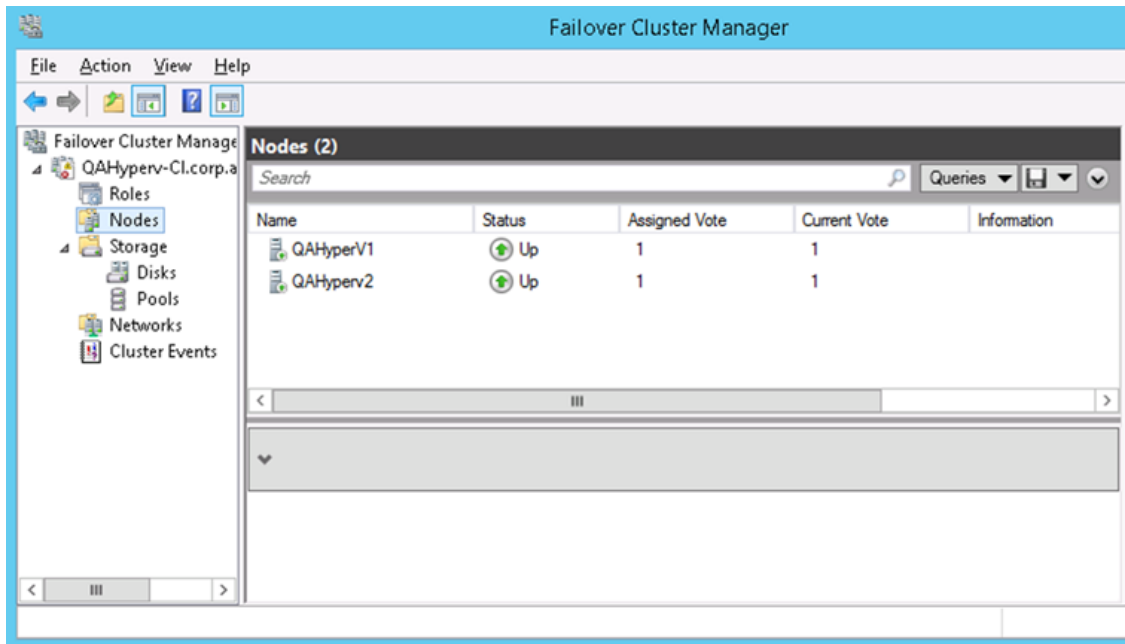
This section describes how to configure OVOC VMs in a Microsoft Hyper-V cluster for HA.

Hyper-V Cluster Site Requirements

Ensure that your Hyper-V cluster site meets the following requirements:

- The configuration process assumes that your Hyper-V failover cluster contains at least two Windows nodes with installed Hyper-V service.
- The cluster should be connected to a shared network storage of iSCSI type or any other supported type. For example, “QAHyperv” contains two nodes.

Figure 8-16: Hyper-V-Failover Cluster Manager Nodes



- The OVOC VM should be created with a hard drive which is situated on a shared cluster storage.

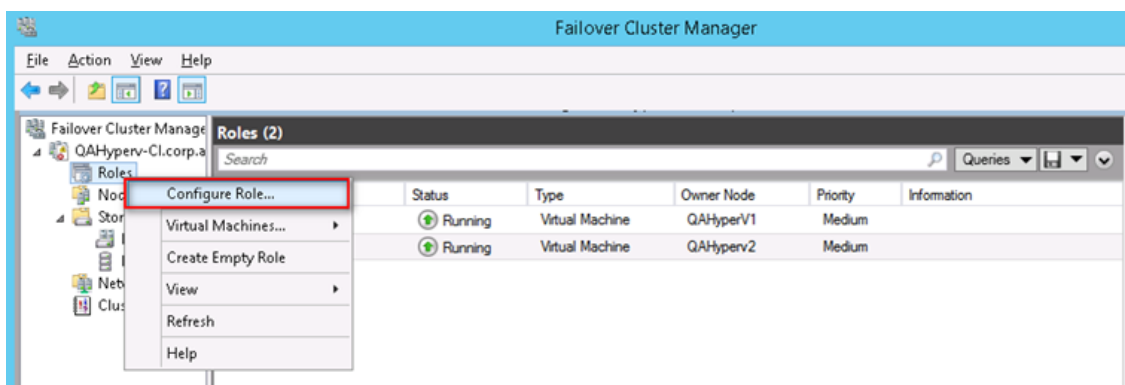
Add the OVOC VM in Failover Cluster Manager

After you create the new OVOC VM, you should add the VM to a cluster role in the Failover Cluster Manager.

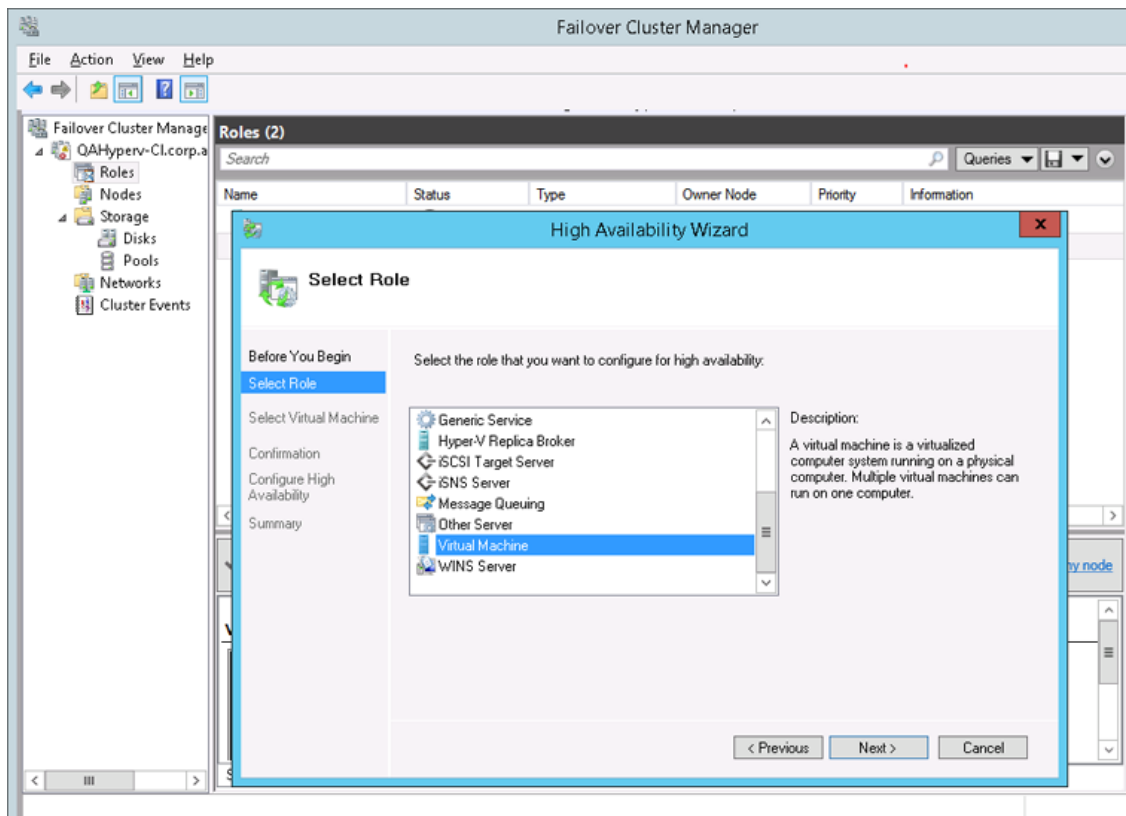
➤ To add the OVOC VM in Failover Cluster Manager:

1. Right-click “Roles” and in the pop up menu, choose **Configure Role**:

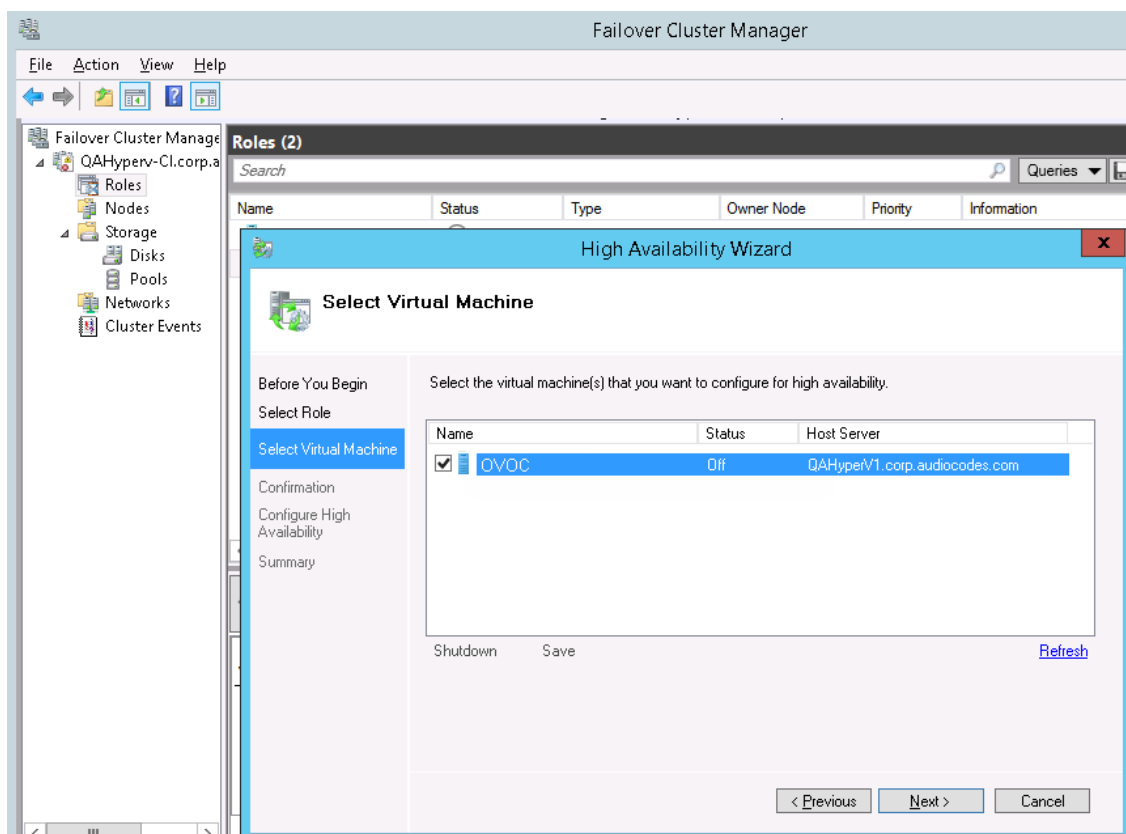
Figure 8-17: Configure Role



2. In the Select Role window, select the **Virtual Machine** option and then click **Next**.

Figure 8-18: Choose Virtual Machine

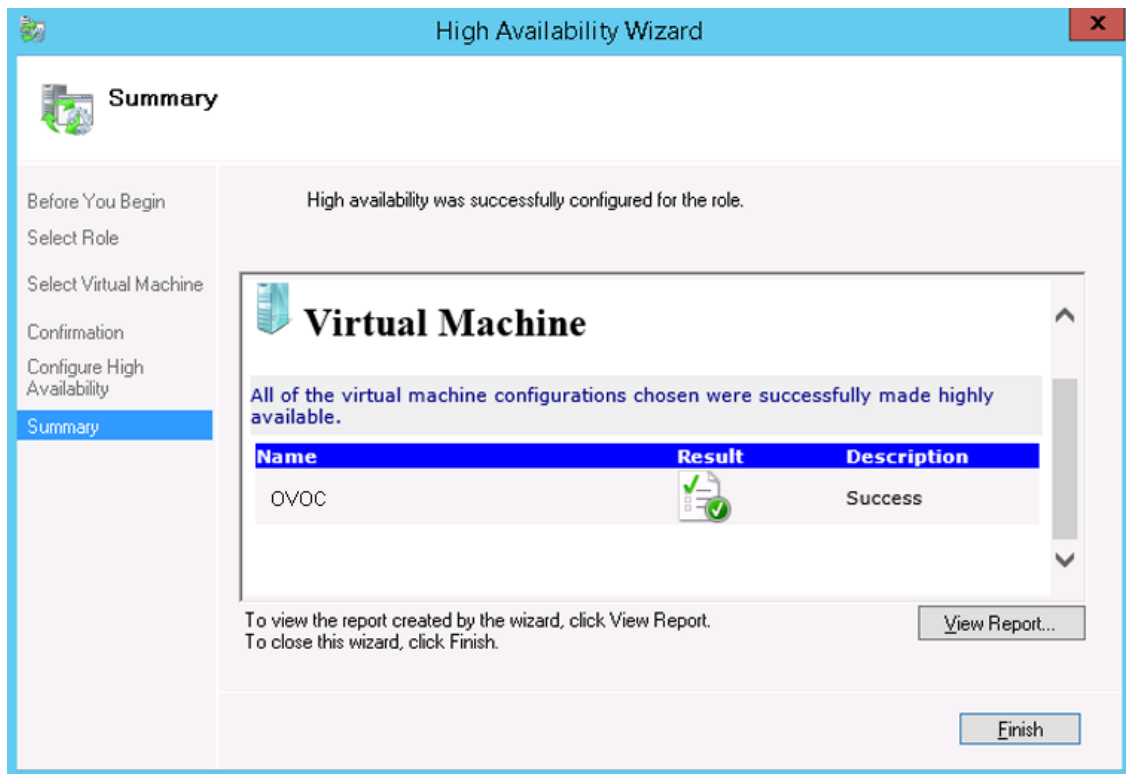
A list of available VMs are displayed; you should find the your new created OVOC VM:

Figure 8-19: Confirm Virtual Machine

3. Select the check box, and then click **Next**.

At the end of configuration process you should see the following:

Figure 8-20: Virtual Machine Successfully Added



4. Click **Finish** to confirm your choice.

Now your OVOC VM is protected by the Windows High Availability Cluster mechanism.



If you wish to manually move the OVOC VMs to another cluster node, see Appendix [Managing Clusters](#) on page 328.

Cluster Host Node Failure on Hyper-V

In case a host node where the VM is running fails, then the VM is restarted on the redundant cluster host node automatically.



When one of the cluster hosts fails, the OVOC VM is automatically moved to the redundant server host node. During this process, the OVOC VM is restarted and consequently any running OVOC process are dropped. The move process may take several minutes.

Connecting OVOC Server to Network on HyperV

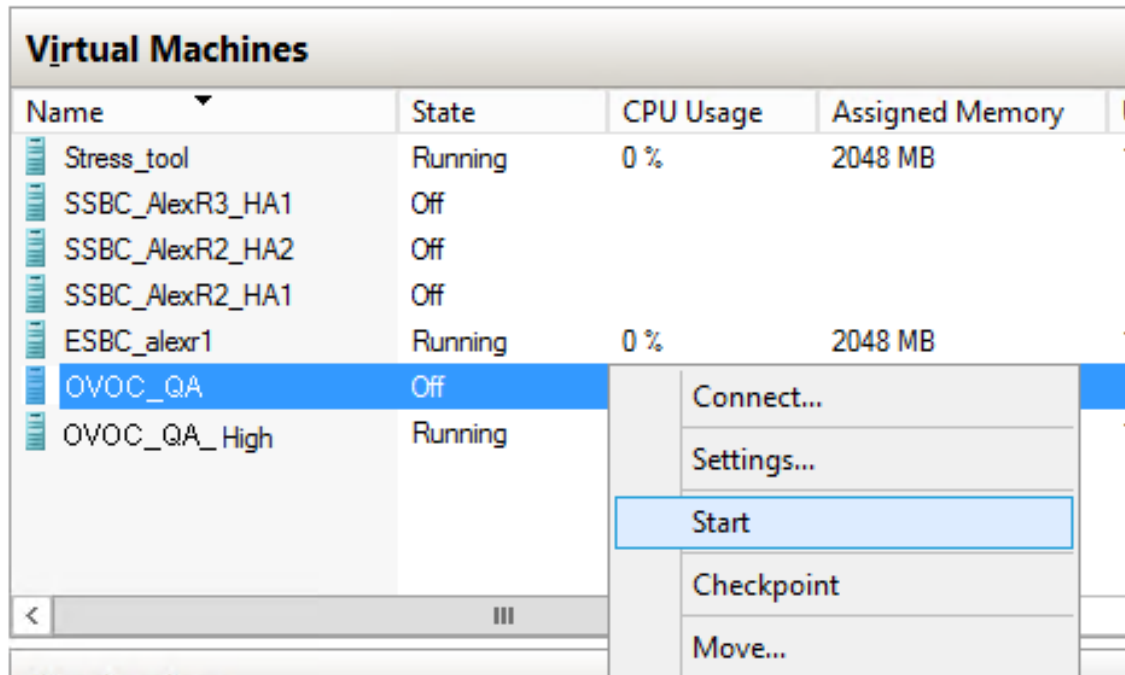
After installation, the OVOC server is assigned, a default IP address that will most likely be inaccessible from the customer's network. This address is assigned to the first virtual network

interface card connected to the 'trusted' virtual network switch during the OVOC server installation. You need to change this IP address to suit your IP addressing scheme.

➤ **To reconfigure the OVOC server IP address:**

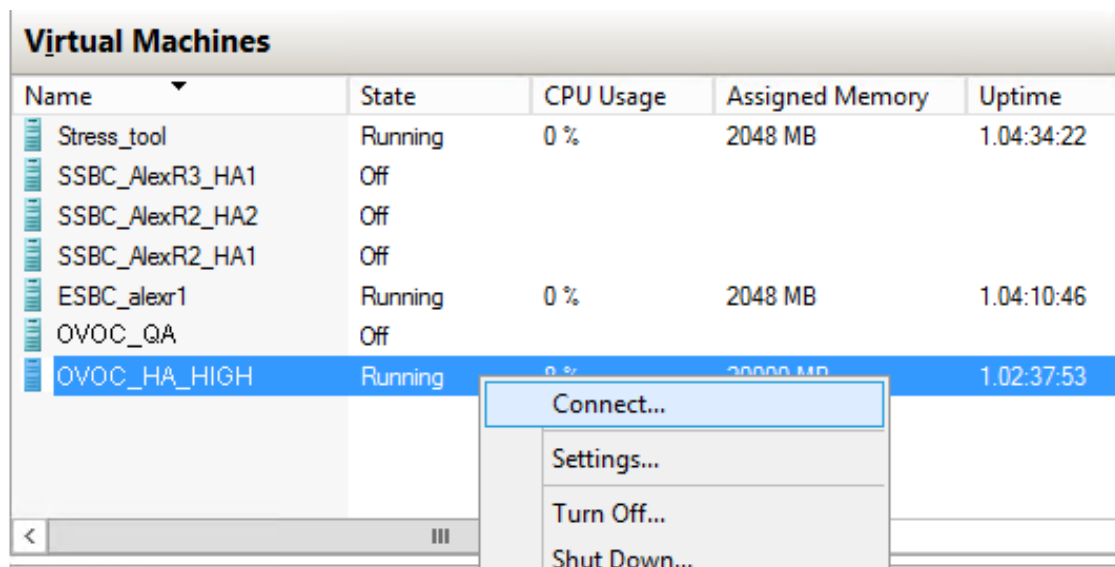
1. Start the OVOC server virtual machine, on the Hyper-V tree, right-click the OVOC server, and then in the drop-down menu, choose **Start**.

Figure 8-21: Power On Virtual Machine



2. Connect to the console of the running server by right-clicking the OVOC server virtual machine, and then in the drop-down menu, choose **Connect**.

Figure 8-22: Connect to OVOC server Console



3. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.

4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Start the OVOC Server Manager utility by specifying the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

6. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and verify login to OVOC Web client is successful.
7. Set the OVOC server network IP address to suit your IP addressing scheme ([Server IP Address](#) on page 235).
8. Perform other configuration actions as required using the OVOC Server Manager ([Getting Started](#) on page 201).

9 Installing OVOC Server on Dedicated Hardware

The OVOC server installation process supports the Linux platform. The installation includes four separate components, where each component is supplied on a separate DVD:

- **DVD1:** OS installation: OS installation DVD
- **DVD2:** Oracle Installation: Oracle installation DVD platform
- **DVD3:** OVOC application: OVOC server application installation DVD



- Ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). Failure to meet these requirements will lead to the aborting of the installation.
 - Installation of OVOC Version 7.8 and later must be performed on HP DL Gen10 machines. Installation on HP DL G8 machines is not supported.
 - For obtaining the installation files, see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15
- ✓ Note that you must verify this file, see [Files Verification](#) on page 18

DVD1: Linux CentOS

The procedure below describes how to install Linux CentOS. This procedure takes approximately 20 minutes.



Before commencing the installation, you must configure RAID-0 (see [Configuring RAID-0 for AudioCodes OVOC on HP ProLiant DL360p Gen10 Servers](#) on page 325).

➤ To perform DVD1 installation:

1. Insert the **DVD1** into the DVD ROM.
2. Connect the OVOC server through the serial port with a terminal application and login with 'root' user. Default password is *root*.
3. Perform OVOC server machine reboot by specifying the following command:

```
reboot
```

4. Press Enter; you are prompted whether you which to start the installation through the RS-232 console or through the regular display.
5. Press Enter to start the installation from the RS-232 serial console or type **vga**, and then press Enter to start the installation from a regular display.

Figure 9-1: Linux CentOS Installation

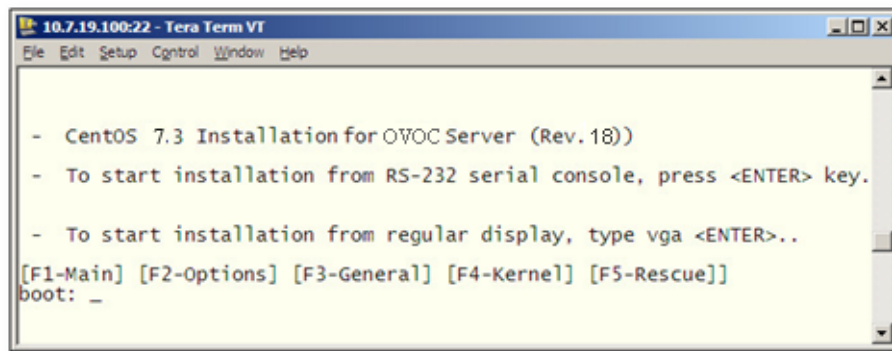
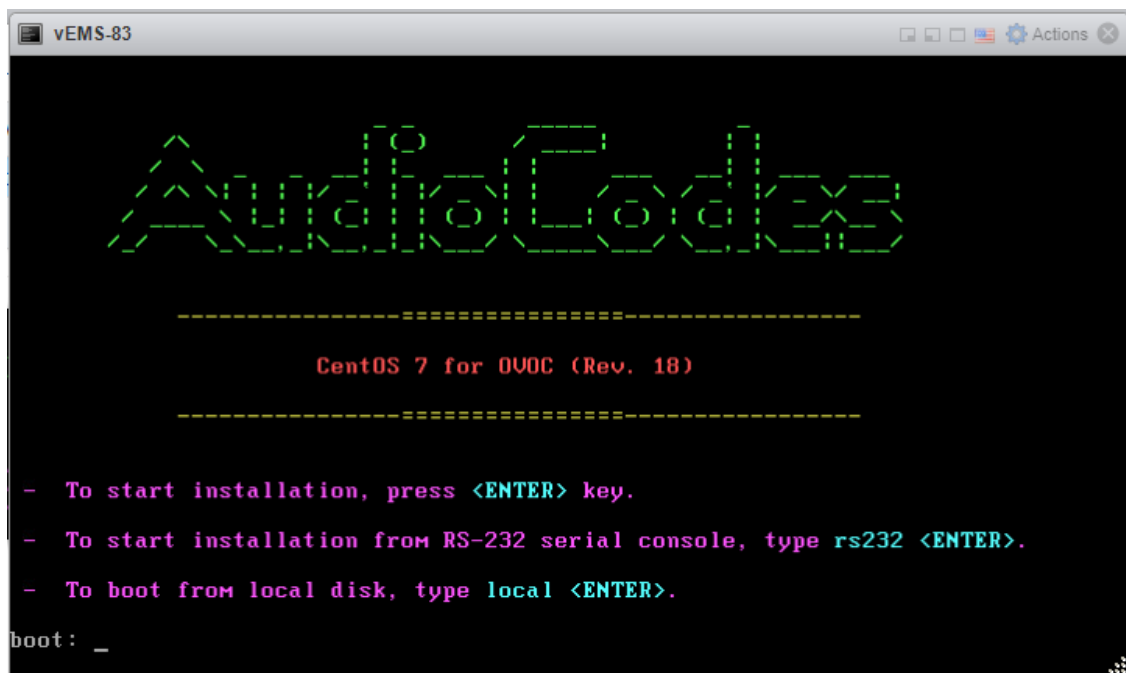
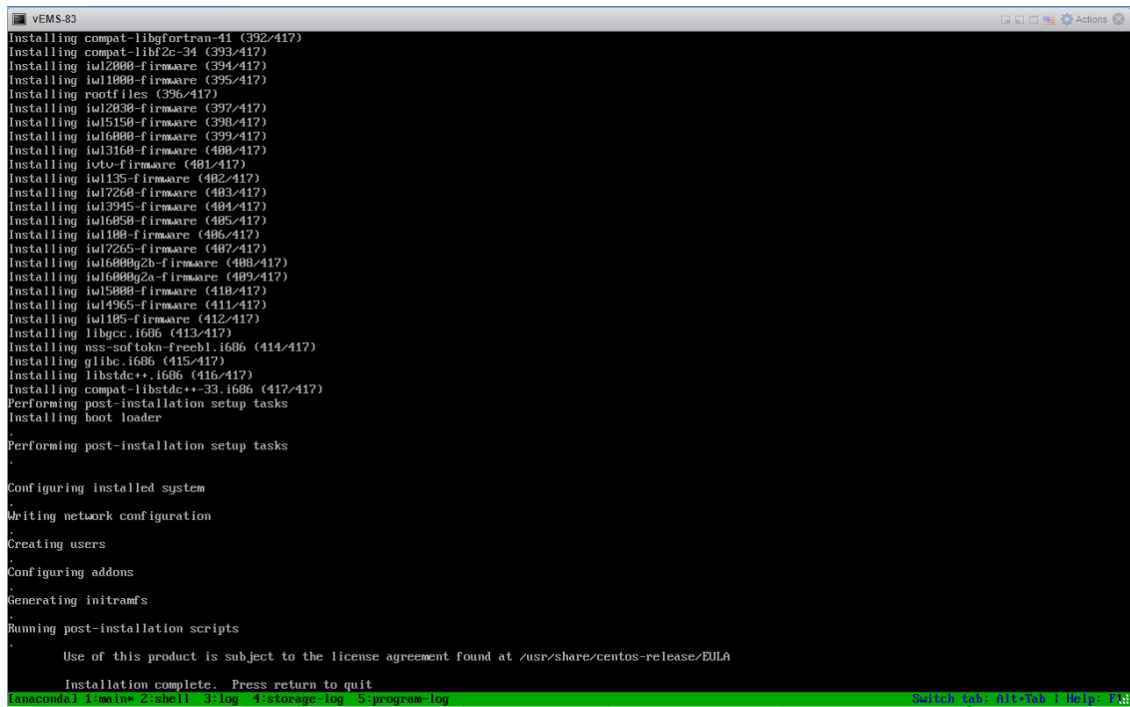


Figure 9-2: CentOS



6. Wait for the installation to complete.

Figure 9-3: CentOS Installation



```

vEMS-83
Installing compat-libgfortran-41 (392/417)
Installing compat-libf2c-34 (393/417)
Installing iwl2000-firmware (394/417)
Installing iwl1000-firmware (395/417)
Installing iwl2030-firmware (396/417)
Installing iwl2030-firmware (397/417)
Installing iwl5150-firmware (398/417)
Installing iwl6000-firmware (399/417)
Installing iwl3160-firmware (400/417)
Installing iwl3160-firmware (401/417)
Installing iwl135-firmware (402/417)
Installing iwl7260-firmware (403/417)
Installing iwl3945-firmware (404/417)
Installing iwl6050-firmware (405/417)
Installing iwl100-firmware (406/417)
Installing iwl7265-firmware (407/417)
Installing iwl6000g2b-firmware (408/417)
Installing iwl6000g2a-firmware (409/417)
Installing iwl5000-firmware (410/417)
Installing iwl4965-firmware (411/417)
Installing iwl185-firmware (412/417)
Installing libgcc.i686 (413/417)
Installing nss-softoken-freebl.i686 (414/417)
Installing glibc.i686 (415/417)
Installing libstdc++.i686 (416/417)
Installing compat-libstdc++-33.i686 (417/417)
Performing post-installation setup tasks
Installing boot loader
.
Performing post-installation setup tasks
.
Configuring installed system
.
Writing network configuration
.
Creating users
.
Configuring addons
.
Generating initramfs
.
Running post-installation scripts
.
Use of this product is subject to the license agreement found at /usr/share/centos-release/EULA
.
Installation complete. Press return to quit
lanacodal login~ Zsh shell 3/ log 4/storage-log 5/program-log
Switch light: Alt+Tab | Help: F3

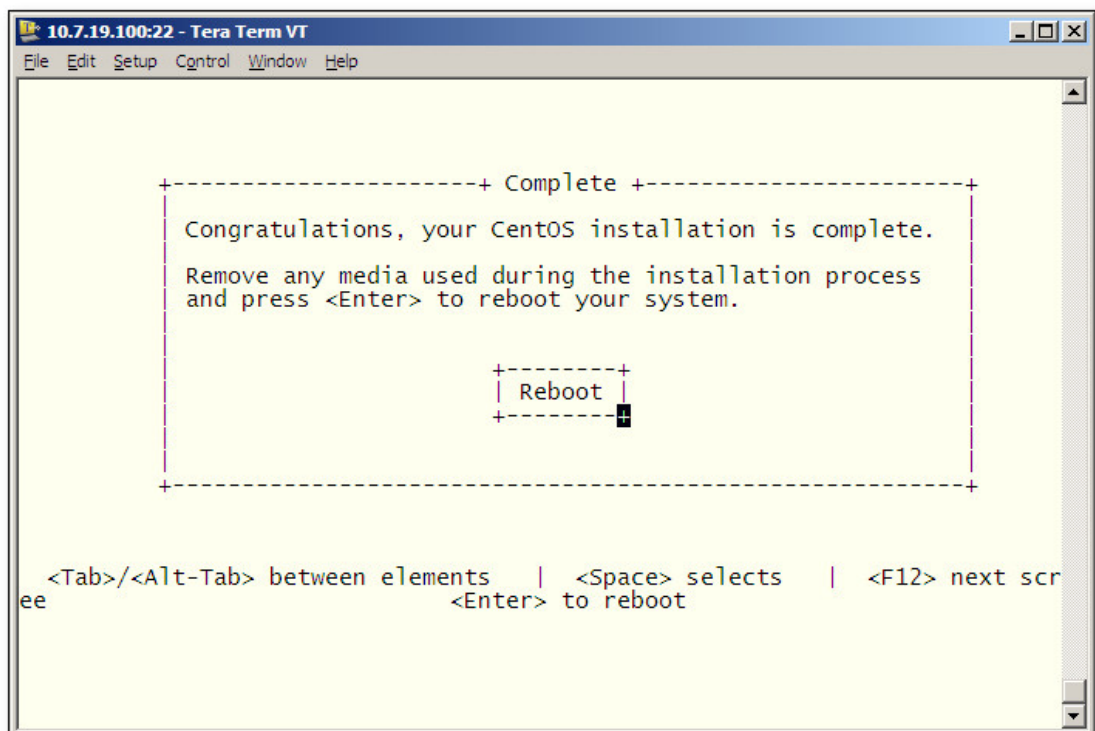
```

7. Reboot your machine by pressing **Enter**.



Do not forget to remove the Linux installation DVD from the DVD-ROM before rebooting your machine.

Figure 9-4: Linux CentOS Installation Complete



8. Login as 'root' user with password *root*.
9. Type **network-config**, and then press Enter; the current configuration is displayed:

Figure 9-5: Linux CentOS Network Configuration

```
[acems@OVOC-7 ~]$ su -
Password:
Last login: Thu Dec 14 12:08:24 GMT 2017 on pts/0
[root@OVOC-7 ~]# TMOUT=0
[root@OVOC-7 ~]# network-config
-----
Current network configuration:
-----
Hostname           : OVOC-7
IP Address          : 10.3.180.7
Prefix              : 16
Default Gateway     : 10.3.0.1

Do you wish to change it? (y/[n]) : y

Hostname           : ovoc-server-7
IP Address          : 10.3.180.7
Prefix              : 16
Default Gateway     : 10.3.0.1

Apply new configuration? ([y]/n) : y

-----

Activate the network configuration.
```



This script can only be used during the server installation process. Any additional Network configuration should later be performed using the OVOC Server Manager.

10. You are prompted to change the configuration; enter **y**.
11. Enter your Hostname, IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway.
12. Confirm the changes; enter **y**.
13. You are prompted to reboot; enter **y**.

Installing DVD1 without a CD-ROM

This section describes how to install DVD1 without a CD-ROM.

➤ **To install DVD1 without a CD-ROM:**

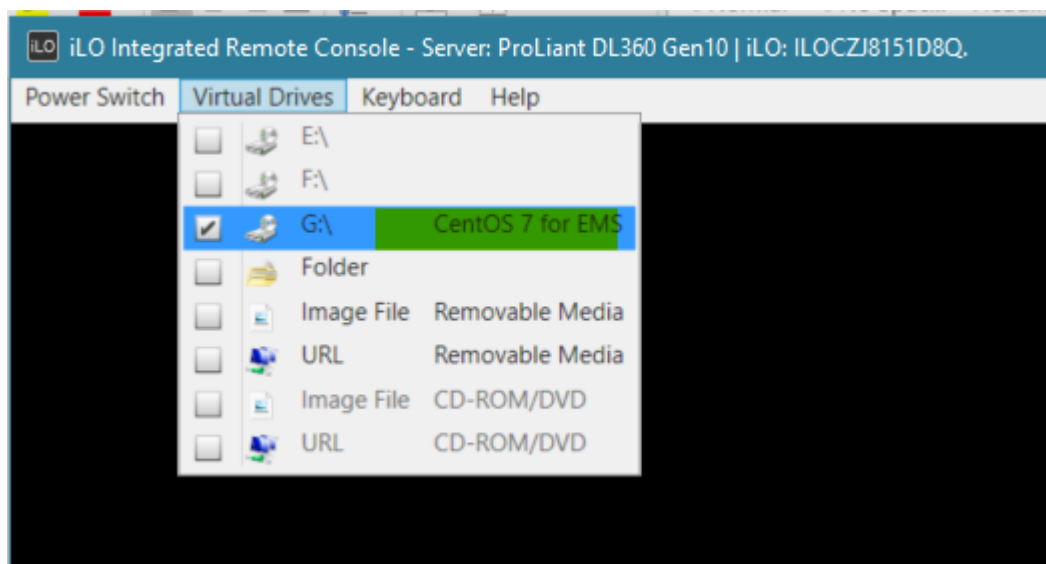
1. Login to ILO 5 with “Administrator” privileges.
2. Launch the Integrated Remote Console.

Figure 9-6: Information-iLO Overview

Information	
<u>Server Name</u>	
Product Name	ProLiant DL360 Gen10
UUID	39373638-3935-5A43-4A38-313531443851
Server Serial Number	CZJ8151D8Q
Product ID	867959-B21
System ROM	U32 v1.36 (02/14/2018)
System ROM Date	02/14/2018
Redundant System ROM	02/14/2018
Integrated Remote Console	HTML5 .NET Java Web Start
License Type	iLO Advanced
<u>iLO Firmware Version</u>	1.20 Feb 02 2018
IP Address	10.3.181.9
<u>Link-Local IPv6 Address</u>	FE80::EEEB:B8FF:FE93:CB08
iLO Hostname	ILOCZJ8151D8Q.

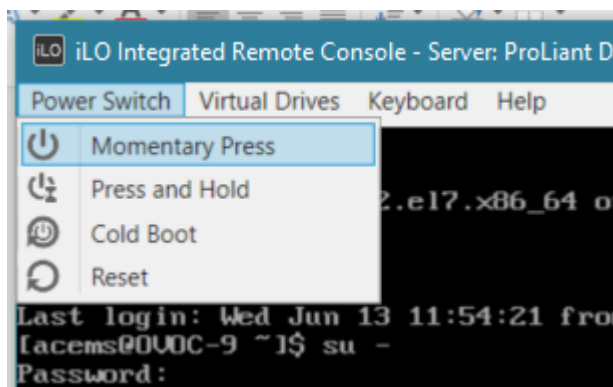
3. On your PC insert the OVOC DVD1 to the drive and note the drive letter.
4. From Integrated Remote Console, click Virtual Drives and select the appropriate drive letter.

Figure 9-7: iLO Integrated Remote Console



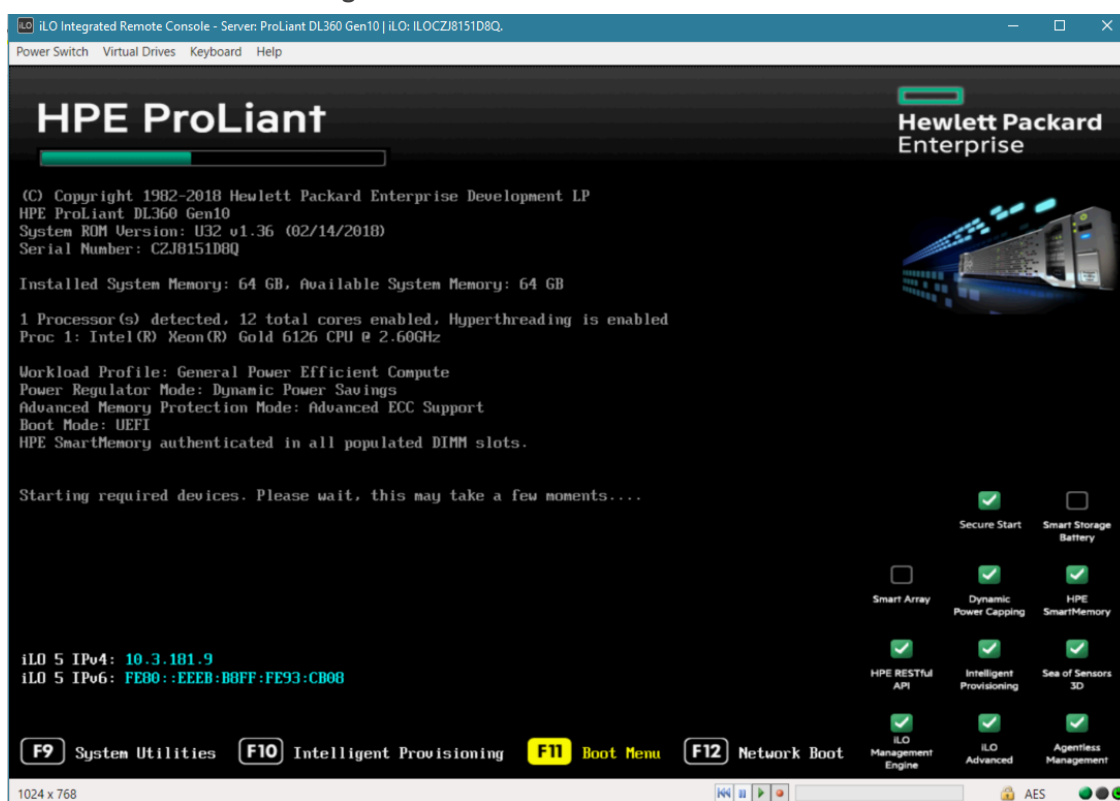
5. From Integrated Remote Console, click **Power Switch** > **Momentary Press**, the server is shutdown. Click **Momentary Press** to power the server back on.

Figure 9-8: Momentary Press



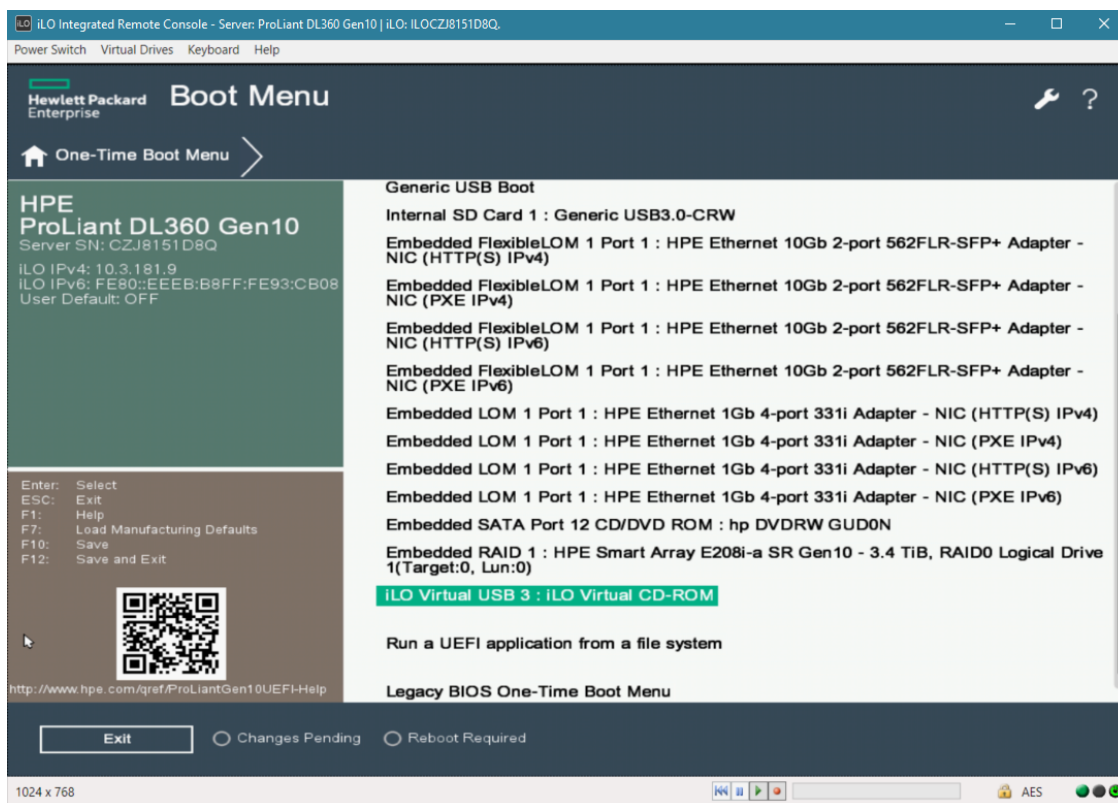
After server boot process has commenced, press F11 to enter the boot menu.

Figure 9-9: Boot Menu



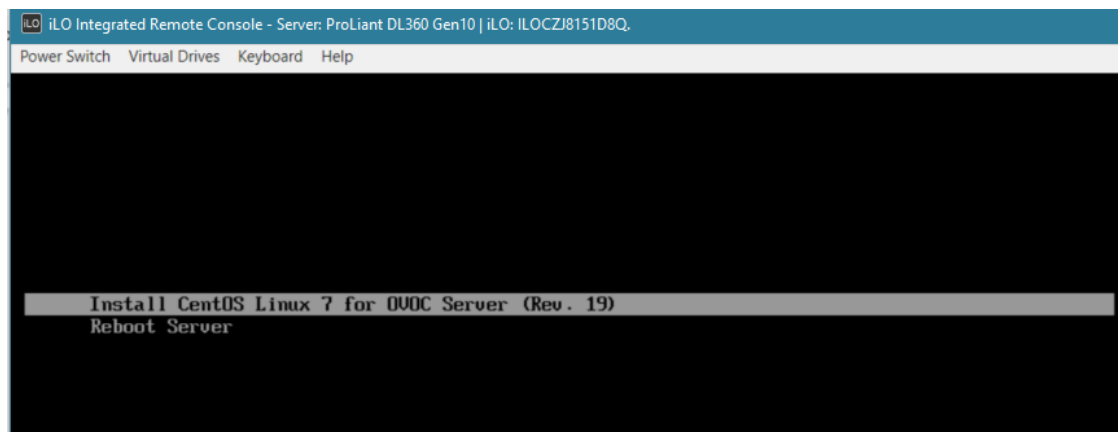
6. On boot menu, scroll down by mouse or arrows keys and select the “iLO Virtual USB 3 : iLO Virtual CD-ROM” to start the boot sequence.

Figure 9-10: Boot Sequence



- The following screen appears, select “Install CentOS ...” and press Enter.

Figure 9-11: Install CentOS



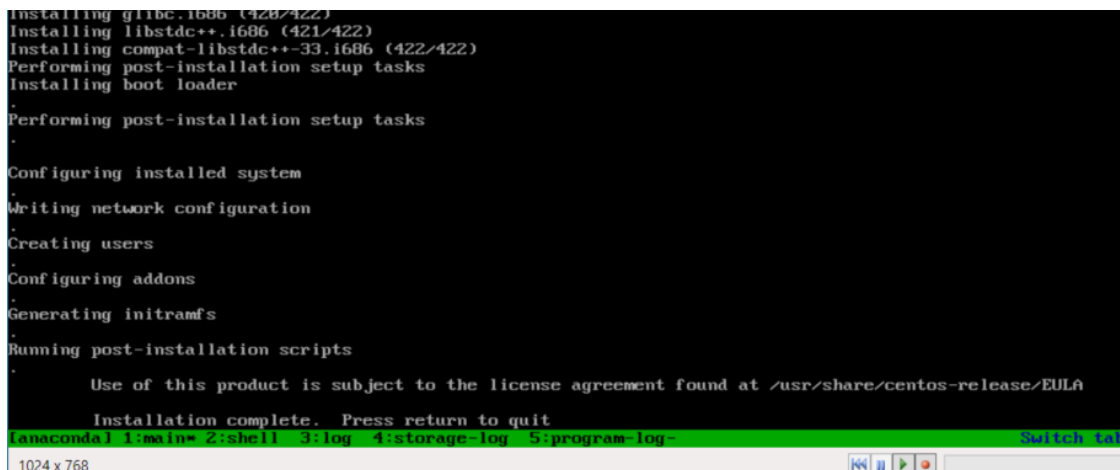
- After a while the CentOS installation commences:

Figure 9-12: Start CentOS



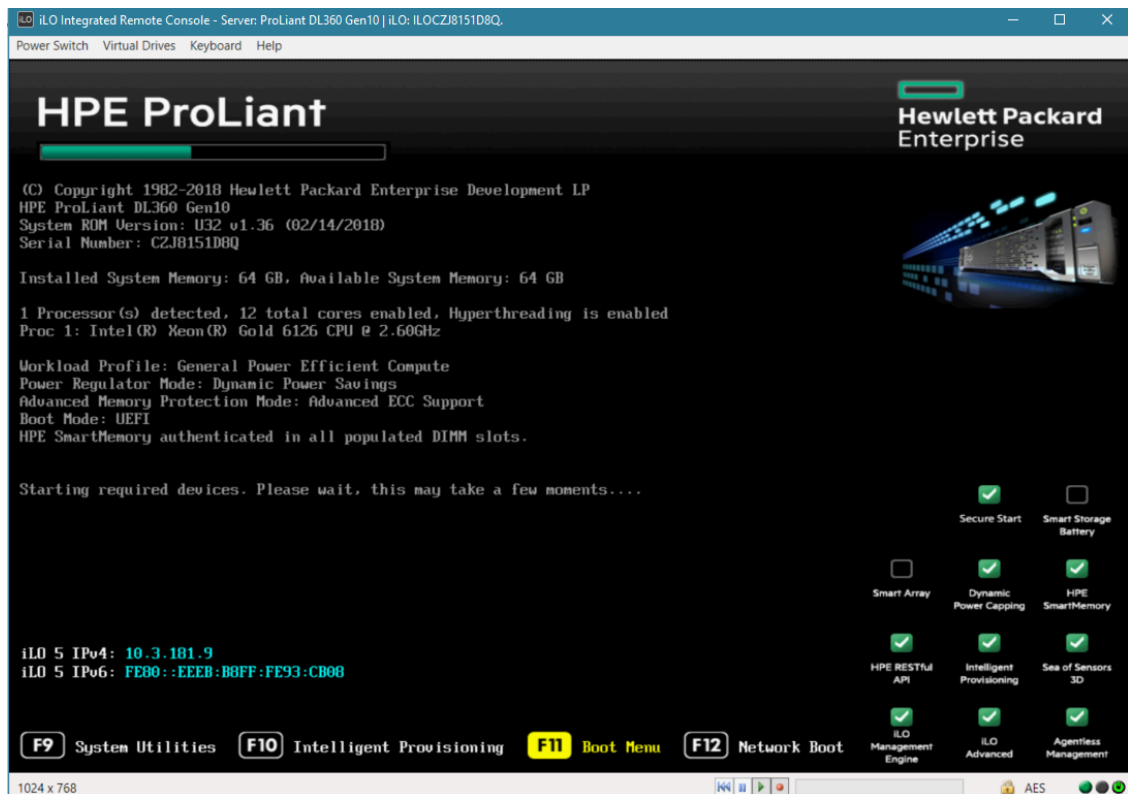
9. Wait for the installation to finish, from “Virtual Drives” menu deselect the selected drive and press Enter, the server is rebooted.

Figure 9-13: Server Rebooted



10. After server has restarted, press F11 to enter boot menu.

Figure 9-14: Boot Menu



DVD2: Oracle DB Installation

The procedure below describes how to install the Oracle database. This procedure takes approximately 30 minutes.



Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.

➤ To perform DVD2 installation:

1. Insert **DVD2-Oracle DB installation** into the DVD ROM.
2. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user, and enter password *acems*.
3. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

4. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD2_EMS_.iso /mnt
```

5. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install
```

Figure 9-15: Oracle DB Installation

```
[root@EMS-Linux145 /]#
[root@EMS-Linux145 /]# cd /misc/cd
[root@EMS-Linux145 cd]# ./install
Start installValues
Use of uninitialized value in concatenation (.) or string at installValues.pm line 279.
ls: /misc/cd/ac_ems_deploy/: No such file or directory
"my" variable $date masks earlier declaration in same scope at AllSystemChecks.pm line 1302.
Found = in conditional, should be == at ./FastOracleInstall.pl line 120.
Start executing User Login Check script at Sun Oct  3 12:00:19 BST 2010

Login Check Successfully Passed.

>>> Verifying OS version - Sun Oct  3 12:00:20 BST 2010

...

SOFTWARE EVALUATION LICENSE AGREEMENT

YOU SHOULD READ THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS SOFTWARE
EVALUATION AGREEMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE CLICKING "I ACCEPT"
CONVEYING YOUR ACCEPTANCE OF THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE
AGREEMENT FOR THE AUDIOCODES SOFTWARE (THE "PROGRAM") AND
THE ACCOMPANYING USER DOCUMENTATION (COLLECTIVELY, THE
```

6. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 9-16: Oracle DB Installation - License Agreement

8. NO WAIVER. The failure of either party to enforce any rights granted hereunder or to take action against the other party in the event of any breach hereunder shall not be deemed a waiver by that party as to subsequent enforcement of rights or subsequent actions in the event of future breaches.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n) y

7. Type the 'SYS' user password, type **sys** and then press Enter.

Figure 9-17: Oracle DB Installation (cont)

```
SQL> Connected to an idle instance.
SQL> ORACLE instance started.

Total System Global Area  321601536 bytes
Fixed Size                  2102168 bytes
Variable Size              251661416 bytes
Database Buffers           62914560 bytes
Redo Buffers                4923392 bytes
SQL>
File created.

SQL> Disconnected from Oracle Database 11g Enterprise Edition Release 11.1.0.7.0 - 64bit Production
>>> Restoring database File using RMAN...
...
RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN> RMAN>  >>>

Restore has finished successfully...
...
>>> Please enter a password for the SYS user: ...
sys
```

8. Wait for the installation to complete; reboot is not required at this stage.

Figure 9-18: Oracle DB Installation

```

...
>>> Start executing Create_DB_Listener_Startup_Scripts at - Thu Sep 16 18:59:07 IST 2010
...
chown: /ACEMS/orahome/network/log/listener.log: No such file or directory
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Remove Oracle demo directory: /ACEMS/orahome/xdk/demo/java ...
/ACEMS/orahome/xdk/demo/java: No such file or directory
>>> Remove Oracle demo directory: /ACEMS/orahome/xdk/demo ...
>>> !!!!!!!!!!!!!!! ORACLE INSTALL SUCCESSFULLY FINISHED !!!!!!!!!!!!!!! ...
EMS-Server40# █

```

DVD3: OVOC Server Application Installation

The procedure below describes how to install the OVOC server application. This procedure takes approximately 20 minutes.

➤ To perform DVD3 installation:

1. Insert **DVD3-OVOC Server Application Installation** into the DVD ROM.
2. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user, and enter the password *acems*.
3. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

4. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_EMS_.iso /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

5. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install
```


Figure 9-19: OVOC server Application Installation

```
[root@EMS-Linux2 ~]# cd /misc/cd/EmsServerInstall/
[root@EMS-Linux2 EmsServerInstall]# ./install
DIR Name /misc/cd/EmsServerInstall
Start installValues
>>> Start executing User Login Check script at Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

>>> Check CD Sequence - Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013

...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Verifying OS version - Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013

...
SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT
YOU SHOULD READ THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT CAREFULLY BEFORE CLICKING "I
ACCOMPANYING USER DOCUMENTATION (THE "LICENSED SOFTWARE"). THE LICENSED SOFTWARE IS LICENSED (N
CEPTING AND AGREEING TO THE TERMS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT. IF YOU ARE NOT WILLING TO BE BOUND
OF OF PURCHASE TO YOUR VENDOR FOR A FULL REFUND. THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT REPRESENTS THE ENTIRE AG
PRESENTATION, OR UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE PARTIES IN RELATION TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS LIC
```

6. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 9-20: OVOC server Application Installation – License Agreement

```
based upon the net income of Licensor.
11.4. Severability If any provision herein is ruled too broad in any respe
on shall be limited only so far as it is necessary to allow conformance to
shall be deleted from the Agreement, but the remaining provisions shall r
11.5. Assignment Neither this Agreement or any of Licensee's rights or obl
tten permission of Licensor and any attempt to do so shall be without effe
sferred to any person; (ii) the Licensee being merged or consolidated with
11.6. Export Licensee understands that the Licensed Software may be a regu
, and may require a license to export such. Licensee is solely responsible
11.7. Relationship of Parties Nothing herein shall be deemed to create an
the parties. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other to any o
11.8. Integration This Agreement is the complete and exclusive agreement b
ated hereto. Any Licensee purchase order issue for the software, documenta
erms hereof.
11.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original cou
ing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
```

7. When you are prompted to change the *acems* and *root* passwords, enter new passwords or enter existing passwords. You are then prompted to reboot the OVOC server machine; press Enter.

Figure 9-21: OVOC server Application Installation (cont)

```

udev.x86_64                095-14.20.e15_3          ems-local
wget.x86_64                1.11.4-2.e15_4.1        ems-local
wireshark.x86_64           1.0.11-1.e15_5.5        ems-local

Hardening Linux OS for DoD STIG compliancy

>>> Enter new password for user 'acems'
Changing password for user acems.
New UNIX password:
BAD PASSWORD: it is too short
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.

>>> Enter new password for user 'root'
Changing password for user root.
New UNIX password:
BAD PASSWORD: it is too short
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: all authentication tokens updated successfully.
+++++
EMS Server must be rebooted to proceed with the installation.

After the reboot completes, re-login to the EMS Server and
re-run the installation script to complete the installation.
+++++

Press Enter to reboot...

```

8. The installation process verifies whether CentOS that you installed from **DVD1** includes the latest OS patch updates; do one of the following:
 - If OS patches are installed, press Enter to reboot the server.
 - If there are no OS patches to install, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing `reboot`](#). below



After the OVOC server has rebooted, repeat steps [Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password acems \(or customer defined password\)](#). on page 185 to [Enter y](#), and then press Enter to accept the License agreement. on page 186.

Figure 9-22: OVOC server Installation Complete

```

Done
>>> ===== ...
>>> Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
>>> ===== ...
>>> Remove /tmp/EmsServerInstall ...
[root@EMS-Linux145 EmsServerInstall]#

```

9. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
10. When the OVOC server has successfully restarted, login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
11. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

- 12.** Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

- 13.** Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and verify login to the OVOC Web client is successful.
- 14.** Verify that the Date and Time are set correctly ([Date and Time Settings](#) on page 255).
- 15.** Configure other settings as required ([Getting Started](#) on page 201).

Part III

Post Installation

This part describes how to restore the OVOC server machine from a backup.

10 Registering OVOC Applications on Azure

The OVOC application on Azure can be registered under one of the following scenarios. For each procedure the corresponding OVOC setup is described:

- Allow access to operators from Single Organization tenant where operators are mapped to Azure groups ([Registering Single Tenant in Organizational Directory](#) below)
- Allow access to operators from multiple organizational tenants external where operators are assigned roles. ([Registering Multitenant Support](#) on page 96)
- Upgrade from Single Organization tenant to Multitenant ([Upgrading from Single Tenant to Multitenant](#) on page 114)

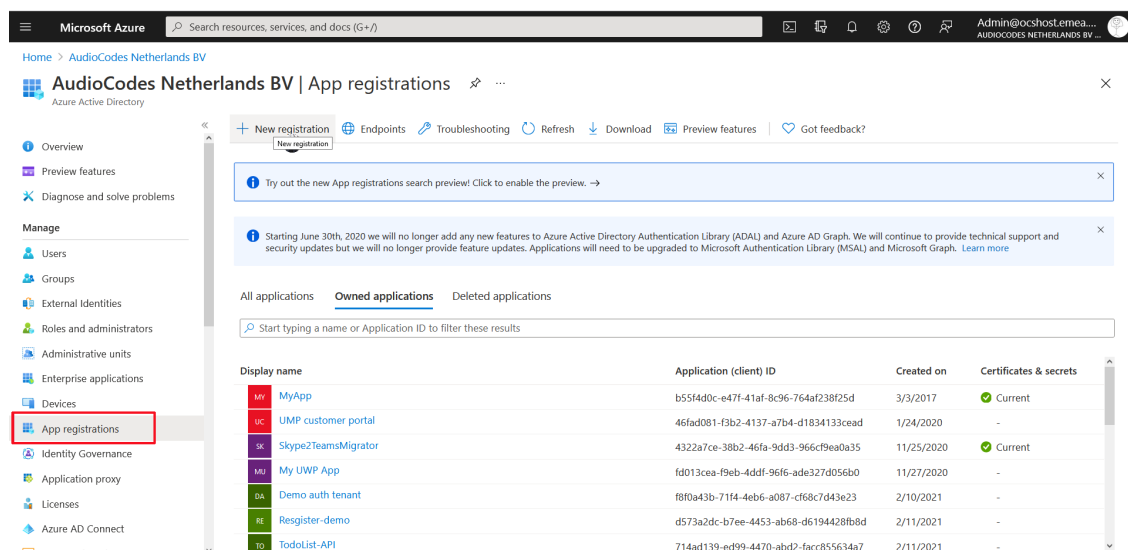
Registering Single Tenant in Organizational Directory

This section describes how to register access to OVOC for operators from a single organizational tenant in the Organizational directory. For this deployment operators retrieve their security level from OVOC through a mapped Azure security group. A security group must be defined on Azure for each required security level. You must then assign operators to the relevant group accordingly. After performing this procedure, add the Azure groups and their operator members (see [Create Azure Groups and Assign Members](#) on page 126). These groups are mapped to OVOC for retrieving the operators security levels.

➤ Do the following:

1. Login to the Azure portal with tenant admin permissions.
2. In the Navigation pane, select **App registrations** and then click **New registration**.

Figure 10-1: App registrations



3. Enter the name of the OVOC registration tenant.
4. Select **Accounts in this organizational directory only (Tenant name- Single tenant)**.

Figure 10-2: Single Organizational Tenant

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > AudioCodes Netherlands BV >

Register an application

* Name

The user-facing display name for this application (this can be changed later).

OVOCApplication ✓

Supported account types

Who can use this application or access this API?

- ☒ Accounts in this organizational directory only (AudioCodes Netherlands BV only - Single tenant)
- ☐ Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)
- ☐ Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
- ☐ Personal Microsoft accounts only

[Help me choose...](#)

Redirect URI (optional)

We'll return the authentication response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is optional and it can be

[By proceeding, you agree to the Microsoft Platform Policies](#)

Register

5. Enter the HTTPS Redirect URI (REST endpoint) for connecting to OVOC Web in the following format:

`https://x.x.x.x/ovoc/v1/security/actions/login`

Figure 10-3: Register an application

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > AudioCodes Netherlands BV >

Register an application

Supported account types

Who can use this application or access this API?

- ☒ Accounts in this organizational directory only (AudioCodes Netherlands BV only - Single tenant)
- ☐ Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)
- ☐ Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)
- ☐ Personal Microsoft accounts only

[Help me choose...](#)

Redirect URI (optional)

We'll return the authentication response to this URI after successfully authenticating the user. Providing this now is optional and it can be changed later, but a value is required for most authentication scenarios.

Web

Register an app you're working on here. Integrate gallery apps and other apps from outside your organization by adding from [Enterprise applications](#).

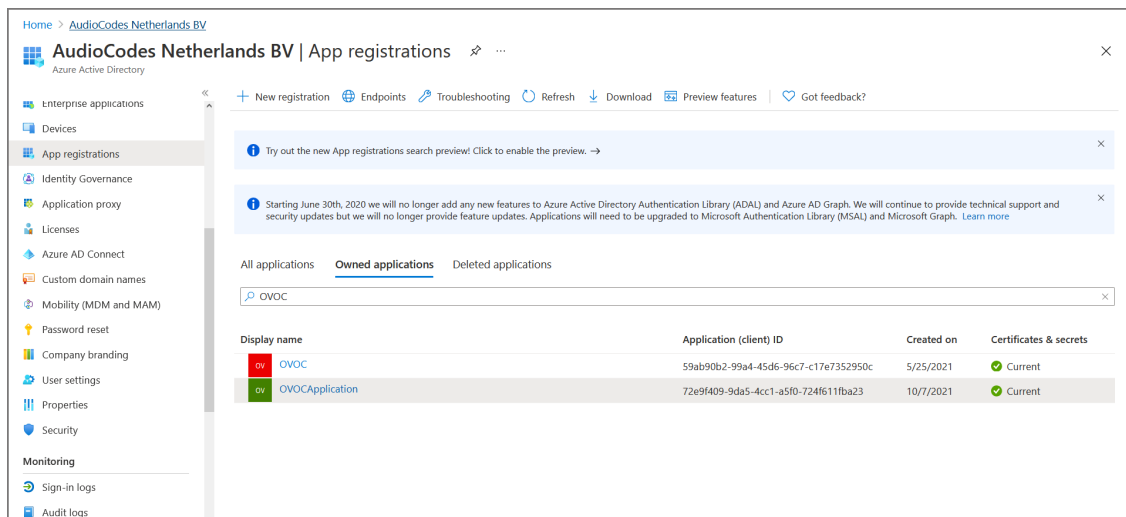
[By proceeding, you agree to the Microsoft Platform Policies](#)

Register

6. Click **Register**.

The new registered application is displayed.

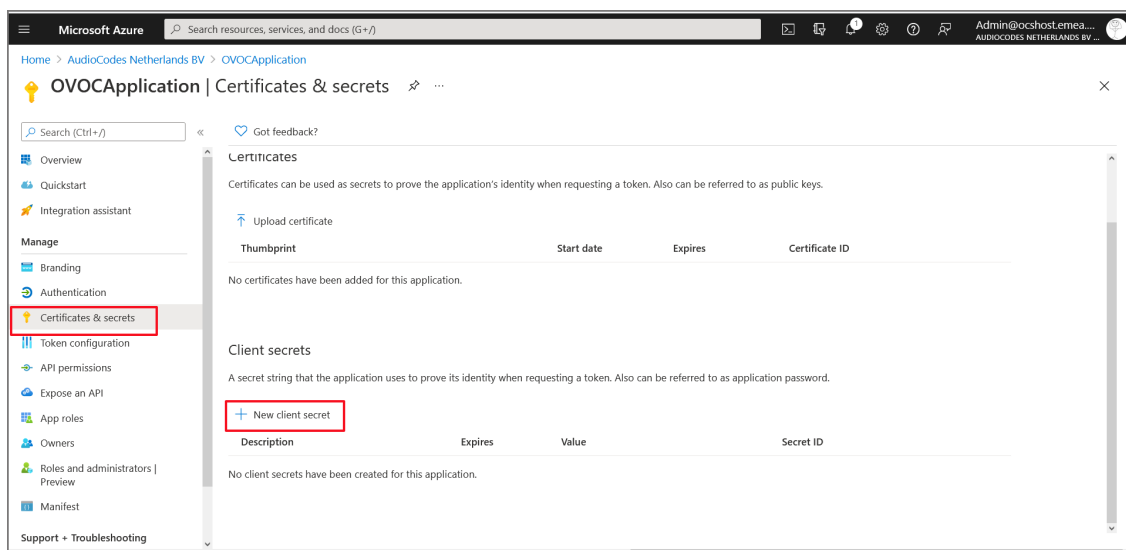
Figure 10-4: New Registered Application



7. Double-click the new application i.e. OVOCApplication (in this example) to configure it.

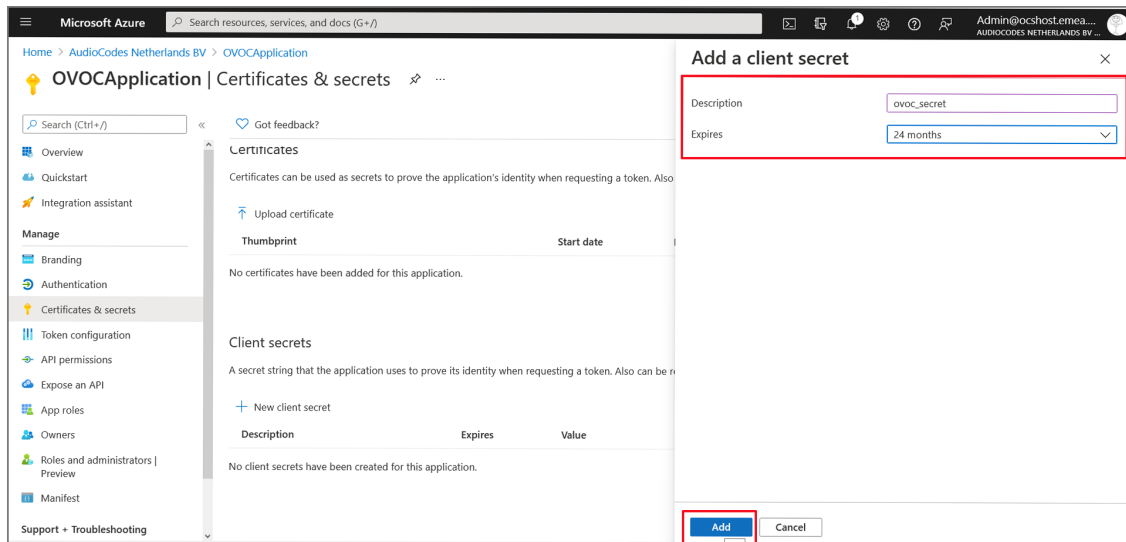
8. In the navigation pane, select **Certificates & secrets**.

Figure 10-5: Certificates & secrets



9. Click **New client secret**.

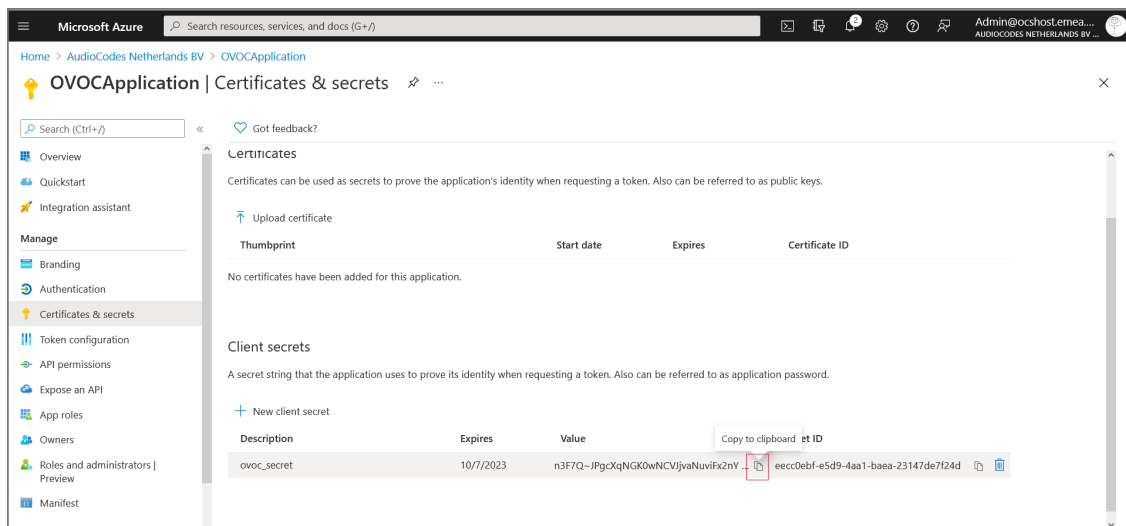
Figure 10-6: New client secret



10. Enter a description and from the drop-down list select **24 months**.

11. Click **Add**.

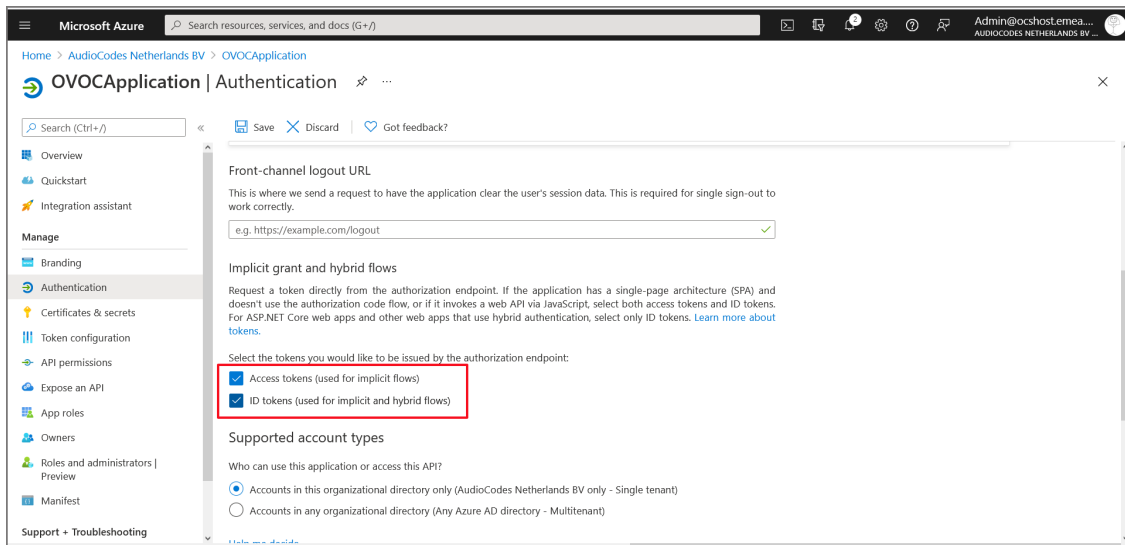
Figure 10-7: Client Secret Generated



12. Copy the secret Value to clipboard as its required in later configuration and cannot be retrieved once you leave this screen.

13. In the navigation pane, select **Authentication**.

Figure 10-8: Authentication



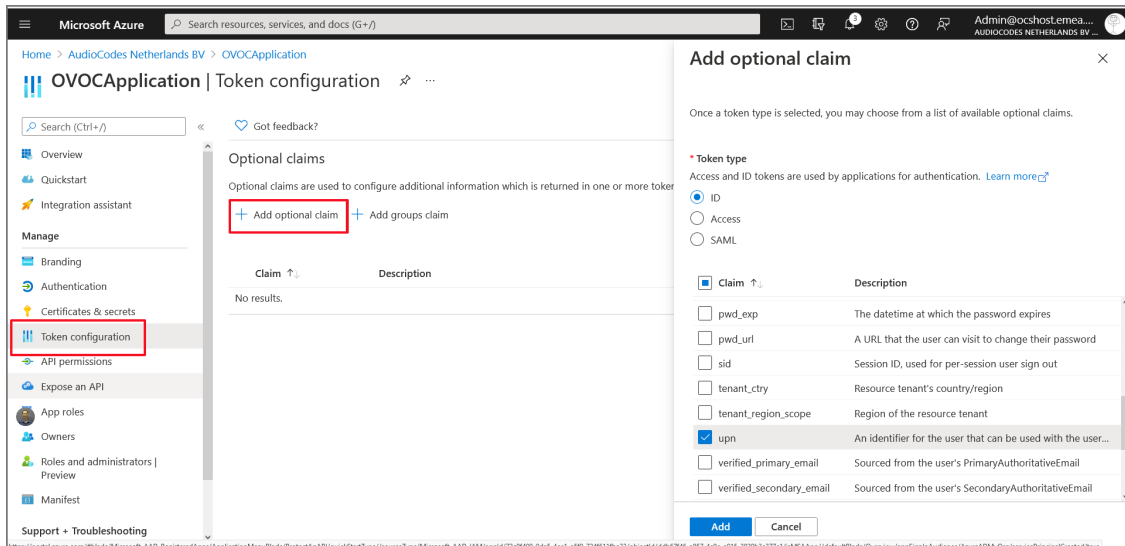
14. Under Implicit grant and hybrid flows select the following:

- Access tokens (used for implicit flows)
- ID tokens (used for implicit and hybrid flows)

15. Click **Save**.

16. In the navigation pane, select **Token configuration**.

Figure 10-9: Token configuration



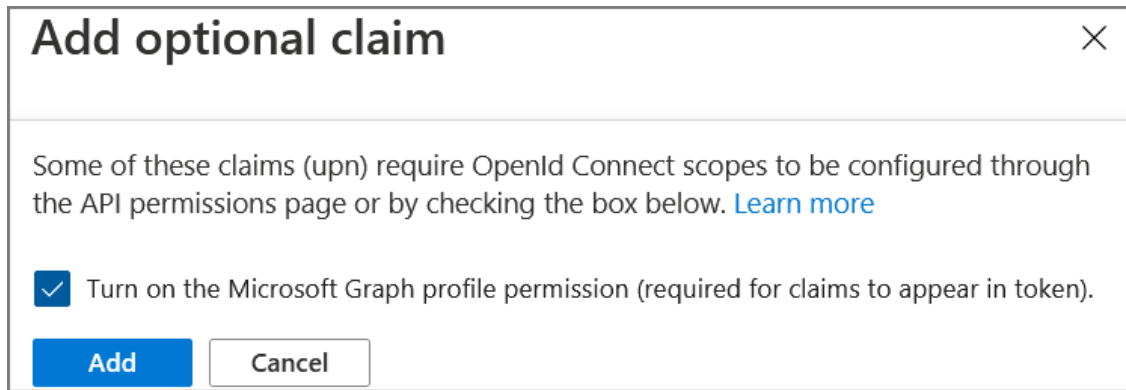
17. Select **Add optional claim**.

18. Under Token Type, select **ID**.

19. Under Claims, select the **upn** check box.

20. Click **Add**.

Figure 10-10: Add Optional claim



Add optional claim

Some of these claims (upn) require OpenId Connect scopes to be configured through the API permissions page or by checking the box below. [Learn more](#)

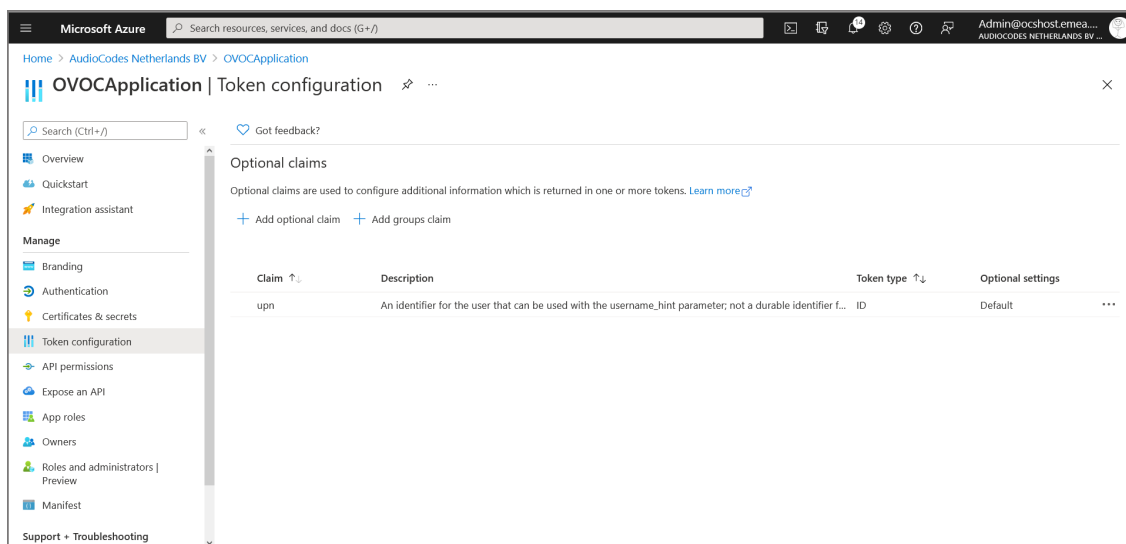
☒ Turn on the Microsoft Graph profile permission (required for claims to appear in token).

Add **Cancel**

21. Select the **Turn on the Microsoft Graph profile permission** check box and then click **Add**. This adds the Profile permission to the API permissions list.

The new claim is displayed.

Figure 10-11: New UPN Claim



Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+/I)

Home > AudioCodes Netherlands BV > OVOCApplication

OVOCApplication | Token configuration

Search (Ctrl+/) Got feedback?

Optional claims

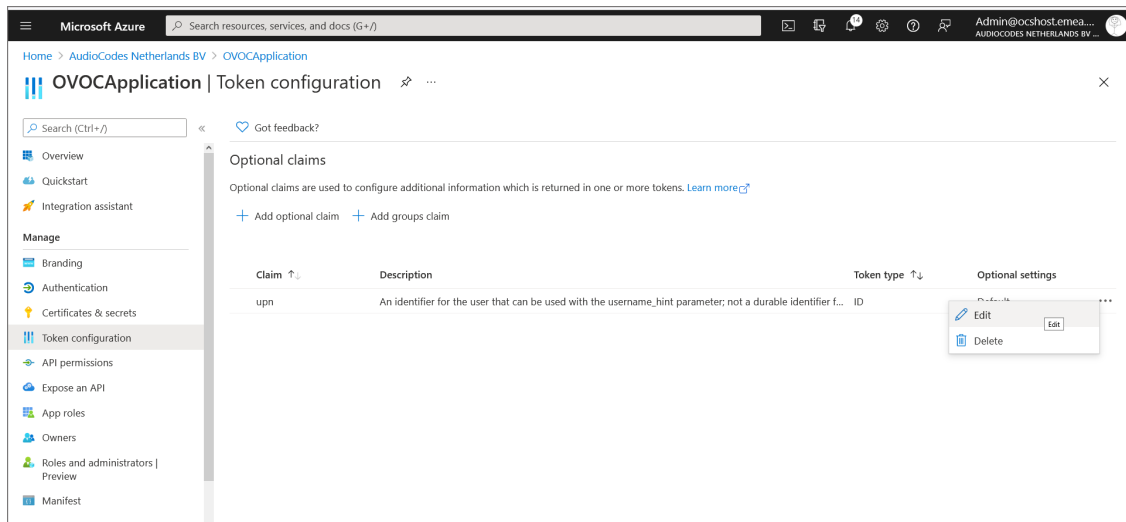
Optional claims are used to configure additional information which is returned in one or more tokens. [Learn more](#)

+ Add optional claim + Add groups claim

Claim ↑↓	Description	Token type ↑↓	Optional settings
upn	An identifier for the user that can be used with the username_hint parameter; not a durable identifier f...	ID	Default ...

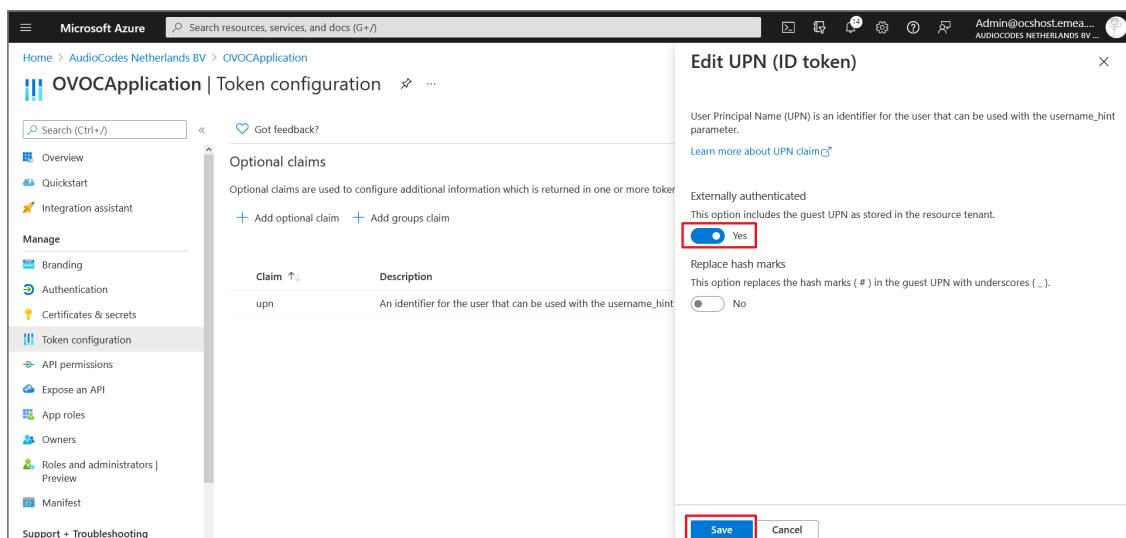
22. Right-click the newly added token and select **Edit**.

Figure 10-12: Edit Optional Claim



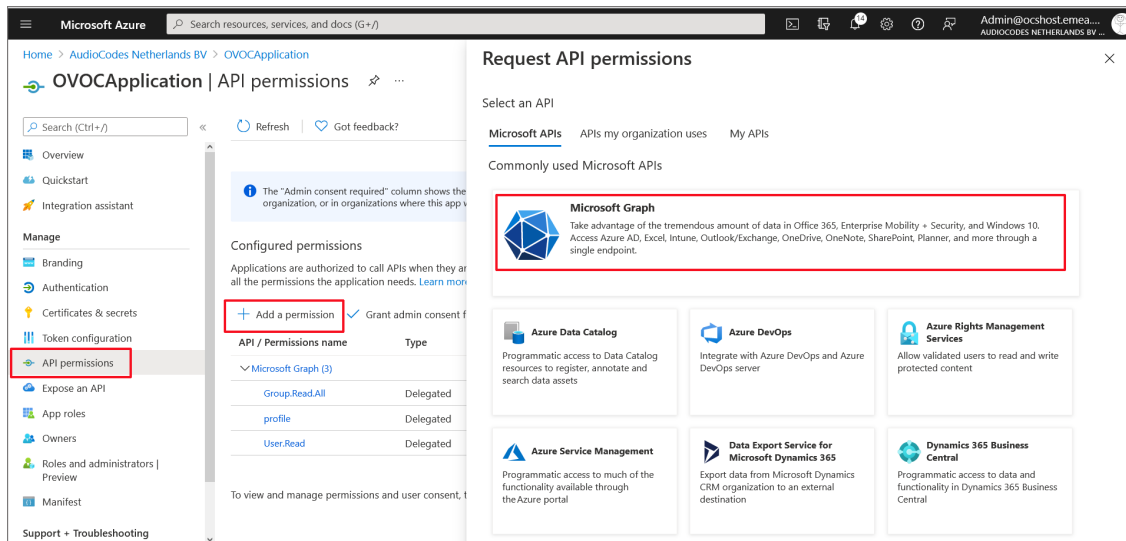
23. Under Edit UPN (ID token), select **Yes** to Externally authenticate guest users (users that are not members of the organization's Azure defined groups).

Figure 10-13: Edit UPN (ID token)



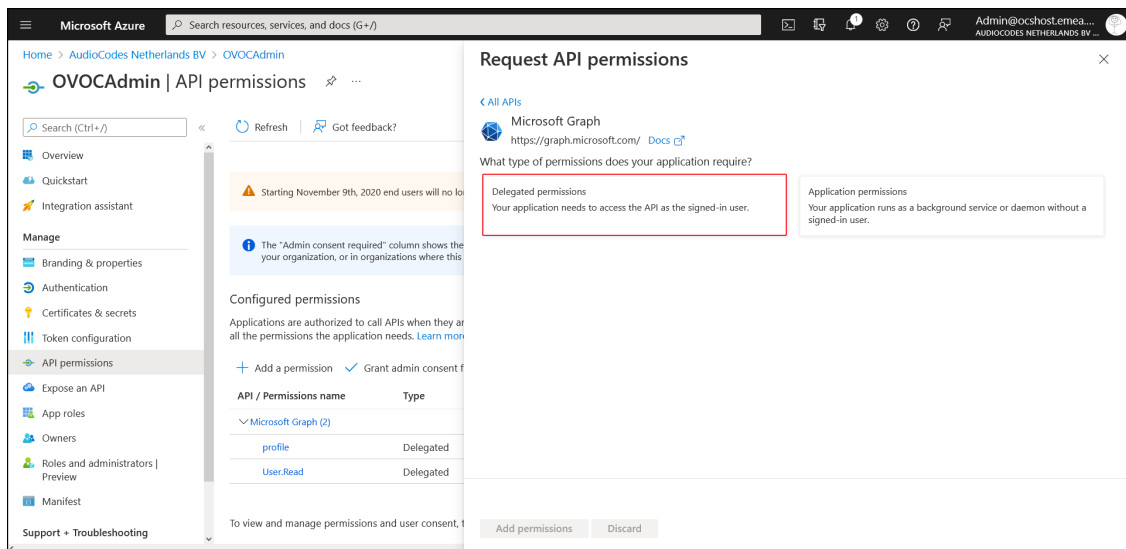
24. Click **Save**.
25. In the Navigation pane, select **API permissions**.

Figure 10-14: API Permissions



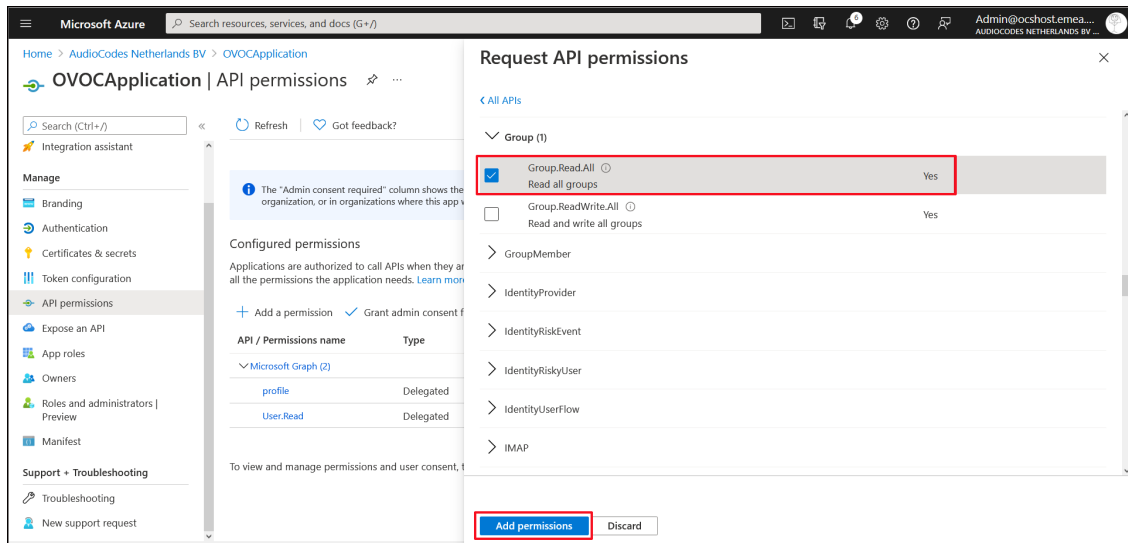
26. Click **Add a permission** and then click the **Microsoft Graph** link.

Figure 10-15: Delegated permissions



27. Click **Delegated permissions**.

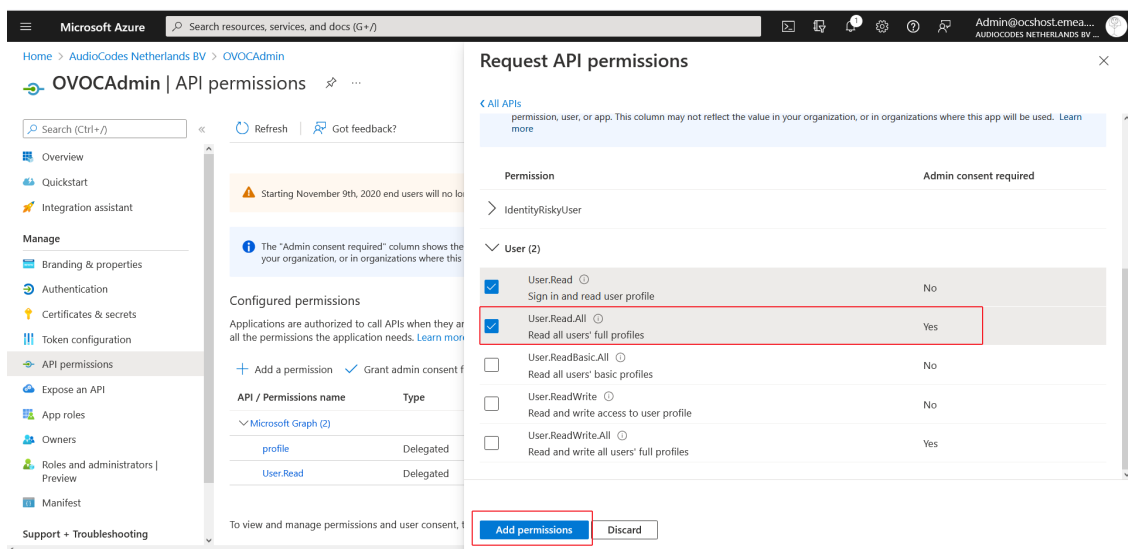
Figure 10-16: Microsoft Graph Permissions



28. Select **Group.Read.All** for OVOC to read permissions from all user groups defined for the tenant, and then click **Add permissions**.

29. Add another Delegated permission **User.Read.All** and then click **Add permissions**.

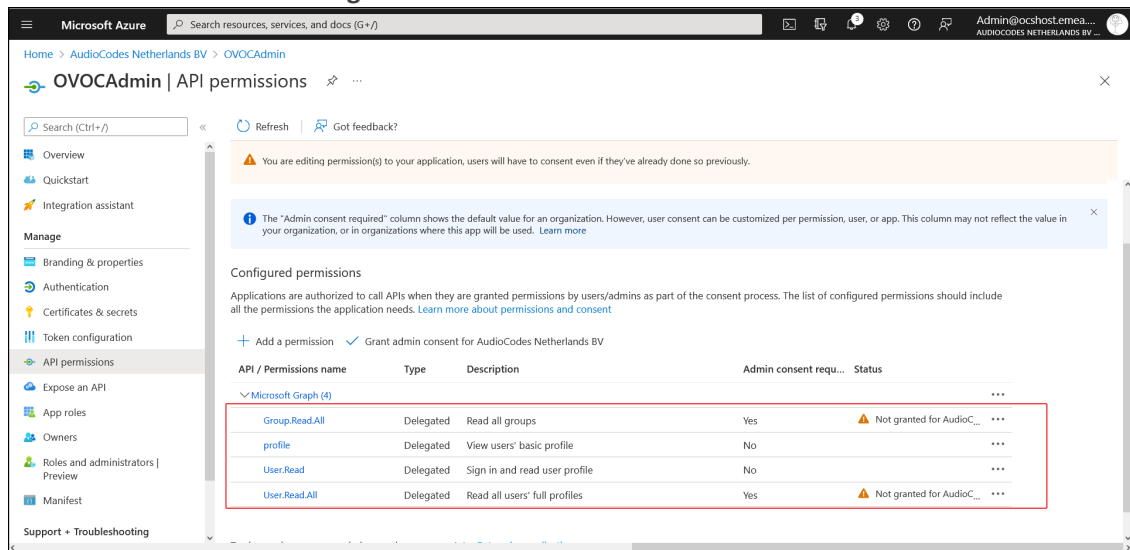
Figure 10-17: Delegated permissions



The configured API permissions are displayed.

Figure 10-18: Configured API Permissions

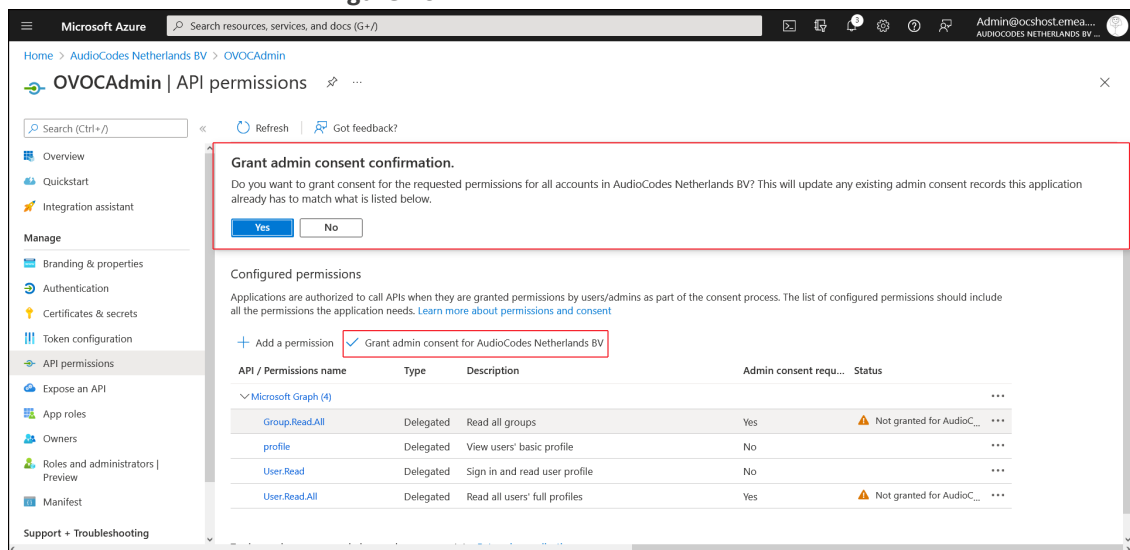
Figure 10-19:



30. Click **Grant admin consent for <Tenant_Name>** link to grant consent for the requested permissions for all accounts for this tenant, and then click **Yes** to confirm.

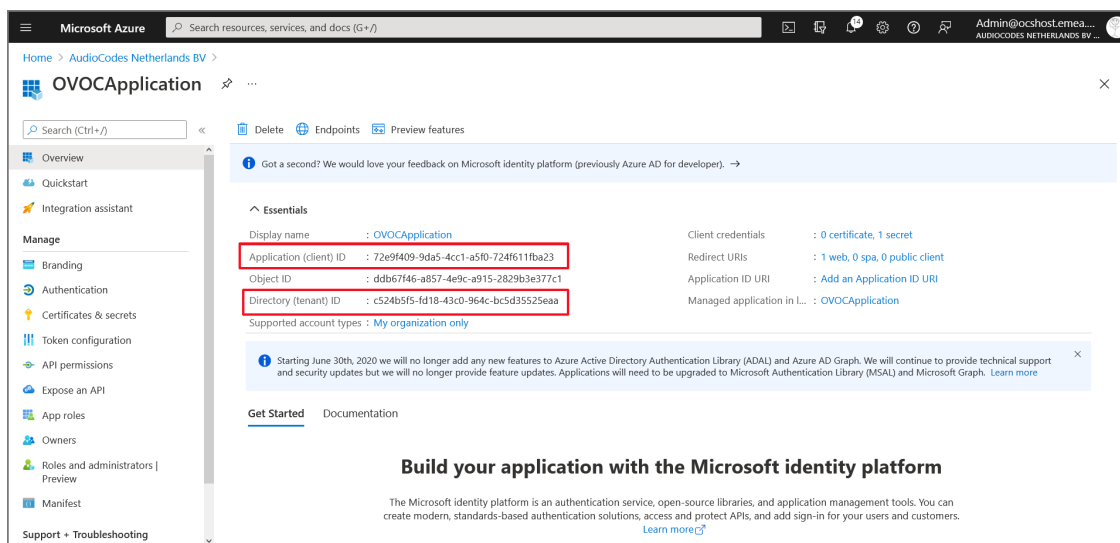
Figure 10-20: Grant Admin Consent for all Accounts

Figure 10-21:



31. In the Navigation pane, select the **Overview** page for the application.

Figure 10-22: Overview Page



32. Note the following values as they must later be configured in [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Single Tenant Setup](#) below
 - Application (client) ID
 - Directory (tenant) ID
33. Add Main Tenant Azure groups and add members as described in [Create Azure Groups and Assign Members](#) on page 126
34. Configure Azure settings in OVOC Web as described in [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Single Tenant Setup](#) below

Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Single Tenant Setup

This section describes how to configure Azure authentication in the OVOC Web interface for the Main Tenant. When an Azure-authenticated operator logs into the OVOC, they are assigned an OVOC security levels, e.g., 'Operator' based on their Group mapping on Azure.

➤ To configure OVOC operators :

1. In the OVOC Web, open the Authentication page (**System > Administration > Security > Authentication**), and then from the 'Authentication Type' drop-down, select **AZURE**.

Figure 10-23: Azure Main Tenant Authentication Settings

AZURE AUTHENTICATION SETTINGS		AUTHORIZATION LEVEL SETTINGS	
Security Azure Hostname	login.microsoftonline.com	System Administrator User Group Name	EMS_Admin
Azure AD Path Type File	Tenant	System Operator User Group Name	EMS_Operator
Azure Tenant ID*	tenant-id	System Monitor User Group Name	EMS_Monitor
Azure Client ID	client-id	Tenant Administrator User Group Name	EMS_Tenant_Admin
Change Azure Client Secret		Tenant Operator User Group Name	EMS_Tenant_Operator
		Tenant Monitor User Group Name	EMS_Tenant_Monitor
		Tenant Monitor Links User Group Name	EMS_Tenant_Monitor_Links
		Default Operator Type and Security Level	Reject
COMBINED AUTHENTICATION MODE		ENDPOINTS GROUP AUTHORIZATION LEVEL SETTINGS	
Enable combined authentication	<input type="checkbox"/>	Tenant Endpoints Group User Group Name	EMS_Tenant_Endpoints_Group
Authentication order	External First		
GW / SBC / MSBR AUTHENTICATION			
Use AD Credentials for Device Page Opening	<input type="checkbox"/>		

- From the 'Azure AD Path Type File' drop-down, select **Tenant**.
- Enter the 'Azure Tenant ID' field. Extract value from the Overview page in the application registration for your **Single Tenant**.
- In the 'Azure Client ID' field, enter the ID of the Azure AD client for your **Single Tenant**.
- In the 'Azure Client Secret' field, enter the shared secret (password) that you generated and saved for your **Single Tenant**.
- In the screen section 'GW / SBC / MSBR Authentication', select the option 'Use AD Credentials for Device Page Opening' for the OVOC to sign operators in to AudioCodes devices using the same credentials they used to sign in to OVOC. The AudioCodes device will then perform authentication with the Azure AD and login to the device is attempted with same AD user name / password instead of the local device user name / password. Note that the device must be also be configured to authenticate with the same AD.

When a Main Tenant operator attempts to connect to OVOC, OVOC verifies the mapped Azure User Group to which the operator is a member.

- In the Tenant Details screen under the **Operators** tab, the parameter **AD Authentication: Group Name** points to the Azure group which includes the Tenant operators who are authorized to login to OVOC using this method.
- If the Azure AD successfully validates that the operator belongs to the AD Authentication group (see highlighted group in the example below), its and allowed access.

Figure 10-24: AD Authentication Group Name

TENANT DETAILS

General SNMP HTTP **Operators** License

Local Authentication: Assigned Operators ▼ ⓘ

AD Authentication: Group Name

Figure 10-25: Matching Group on Azure

Home > audio-code >

Groups | All groups ...

audio-code - Azure Active Directory

New group Download groups Delete Refresh Columns Got feedback?

Search audio Filter

Search mode Contains

1 group found

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Object Id	Group Type	Membership 1
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	audio-code	e9f6095e-76e9-4568-a510-5ea730d0f317	Microsoft 365	Assigned

7. In the screen section Authorization Level Settings, configure the user group names exactly as defined on Azure in [Create Azure Groups and Assign Members](#) on page 126. When an operator is not assigned to a group on Azure, the parameter 'Default Operator Type and Security Level' is applied.

Figure 10-26: Authorization Level Settings

AUTHORIZATION LEVEL SETTINGS

System Administrator User Group Name

EMS_Admin

System Operator User Group Name

EMS_Operator

System Monitor User Group Name

EMS_Monitor

Tenant Administrator User Group Name

EMS_Tenant_Admin

Tenant Operator User Group Name

EMS_Tenant_Operator

Tenant Monitor User Group Name

EMS_Tenant_Monitor

Tenant Monitor Links User Group Name

EMS_Tenant_Monitor_Links

Default Operator Type and Security Level

Reject ▼

ENDPOINTS GROUP AUTHORIZATION LEVEL SETTINGS

Tenant Endpoints Group User Group Name

EMS_Tenant_Endpoints_Group

Figure 10-27: Matching Groups on Azure

Home > AudioCodes - SQA LIVE >
Groups | All groups
×

AudioCodes - SQA LIVE - Azure Active Directory
...

New group
Download groups
Delete
Refresh
Columns
Got feedback?

All groups

ems

Filter ▼

Deleted groups
Search mode: Contains

Diagnose and solve problems
6 groups found

Settings

General

Expiration

Naming policy

Activity

Privileged access groups (Preview)

Access reviews

Audit logs

Bulk operation results

Troubleshooting + Support

New support request

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Object Id	Group Type	Membership Type	Email
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMS_Tenant_Operator_Links	3a413504-47d2-40b3-a061-0edbf797d2e1	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMS_Tenant_Admin_Links	67741e92-d754-4e0b-b1ef-230dad8a730f	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMS_Tenant_Monitor_Links	c72c88a8-86d8-4c44-928d-0cdb7f584a9c	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMS_Operator	ca7cc0f2-5f27-478a-b1cd-4e3157141ab9	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMS_Monitor	ea9fb1b2-6283-4d4b-a3c7-ab4cc2b715e0	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	EMS_Admin	f5893124-7eeb-41cd-92d5-9ca6c6cf0282	Security	Assigned	

Registering Multitenant Support

This procedure describes how to allow access to OVOC for operators from multiple Azure tenants. This procedure describes how to register the Main Tenant which include the OVOC system operators that belong to mapped Azure Groups. After performing this procedure, add operators for external tenants and assign roles to those operators you wish to allow access to OVOC ([Add External Tenant Operators and Assign Roles](#) on page 131):

- Registered Service Provider Tenants

- Registered Channels
- Registered Customers



Guest user login is not supported for both Main Tenant and external tenant guest users once multitenancy is enabled in this procedure.

➤ **To configure OVOC multitenancy:**

1. Login to Azure portal as Global Administrator.
2. In the Navigation pane, select **App registrations** and then click **New registration**.

Figure 10-28: App Registrations

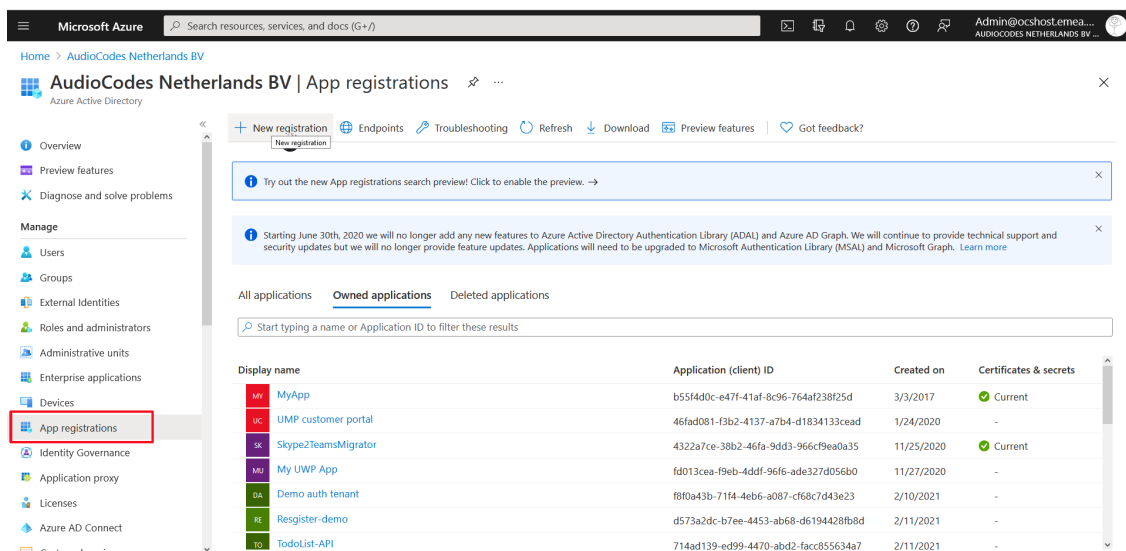
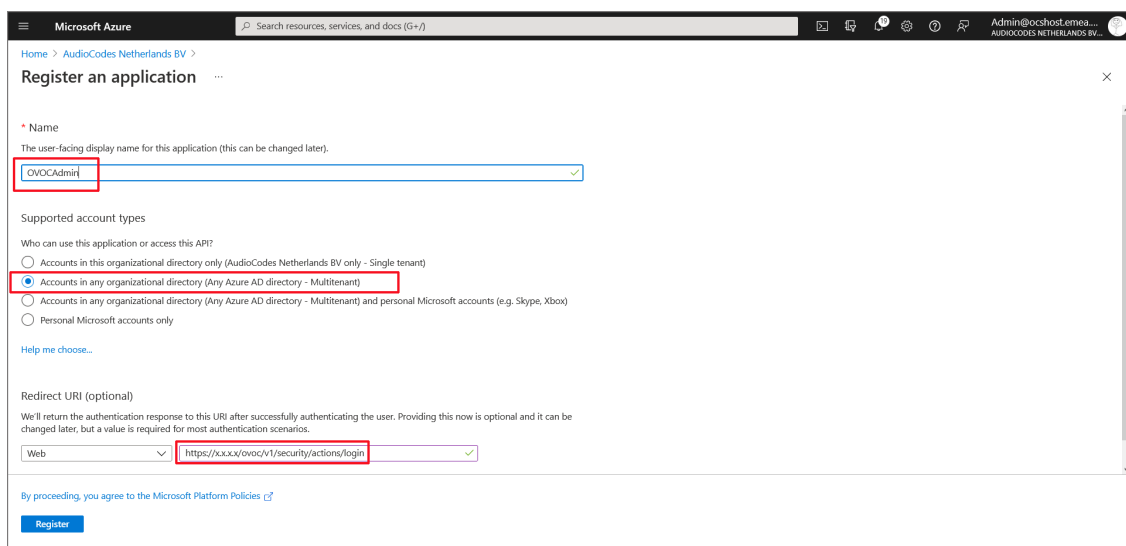


Figure 10-29: New Registration

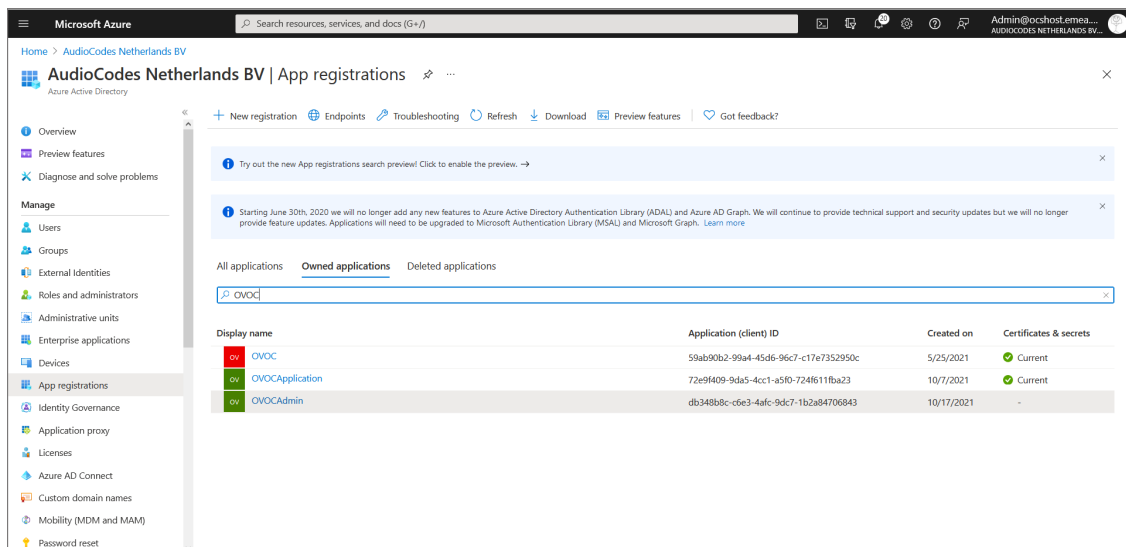


3. Enter the name of the OVOC registration tenant.
4. Under Implicit grant and hybrid flows, select **Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD Directory- Multitenant)**

5. Click Register.

The newly registered application is displayed.

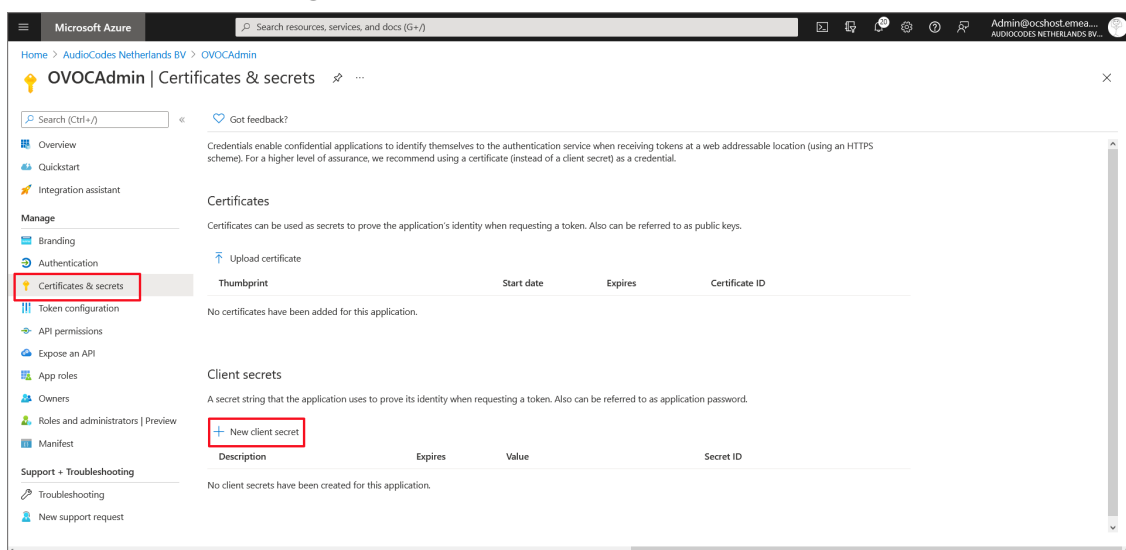
Figure 10-30: New Registered Application



6. Double-click the new application i.e. OVOCAdmin (in this example) to configure it.

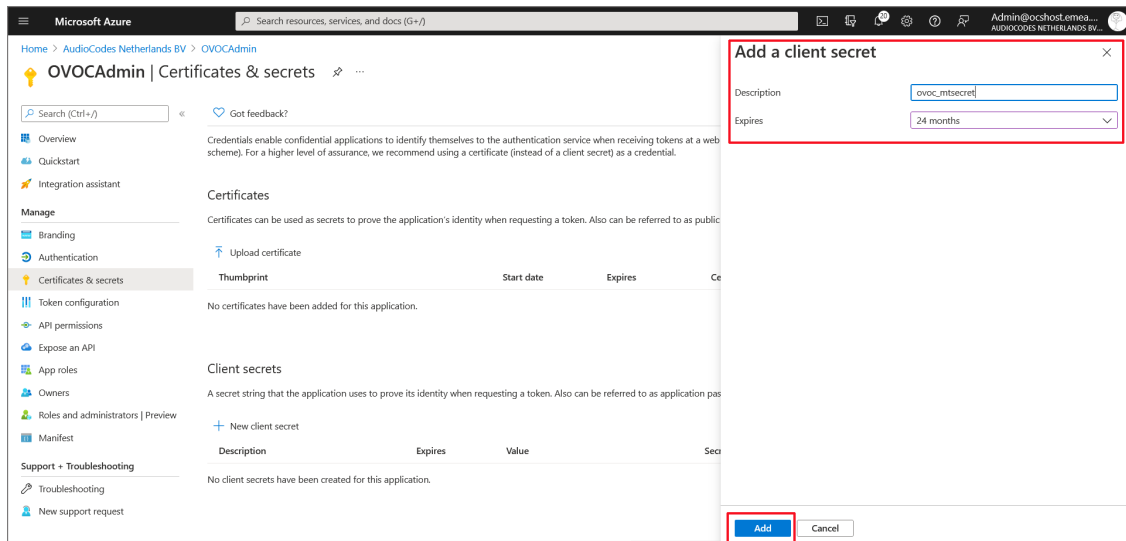
7. In the navigation pane, select **Certificates & secrets**.

Figure 10-31: Certificates & secrets



8. Click New client secret.

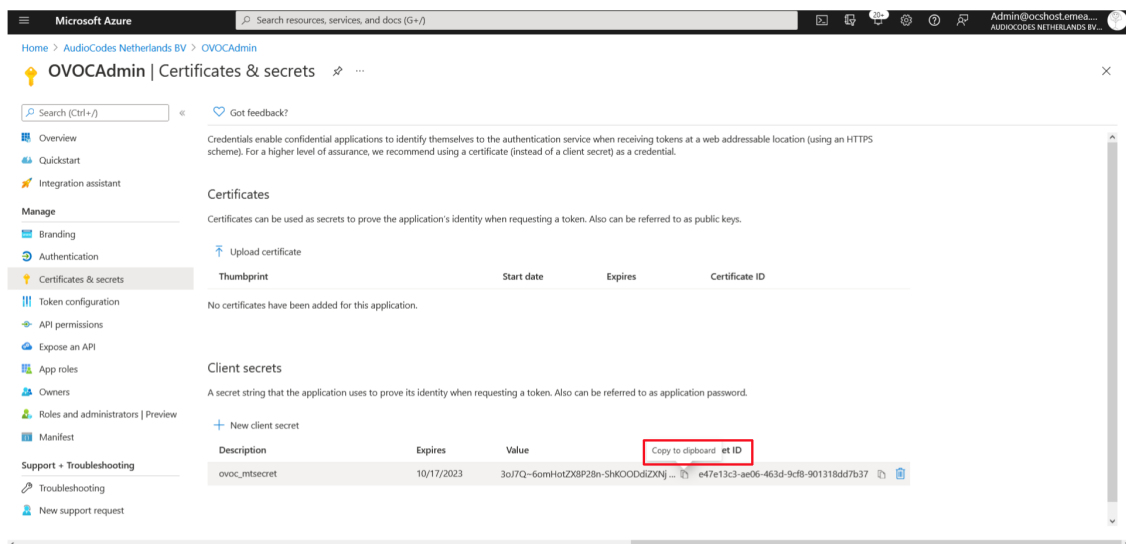
Figure 10-32: New client secret



9. Enter a description and from the drop-down list select **24 months**.

10. Click **Add**.

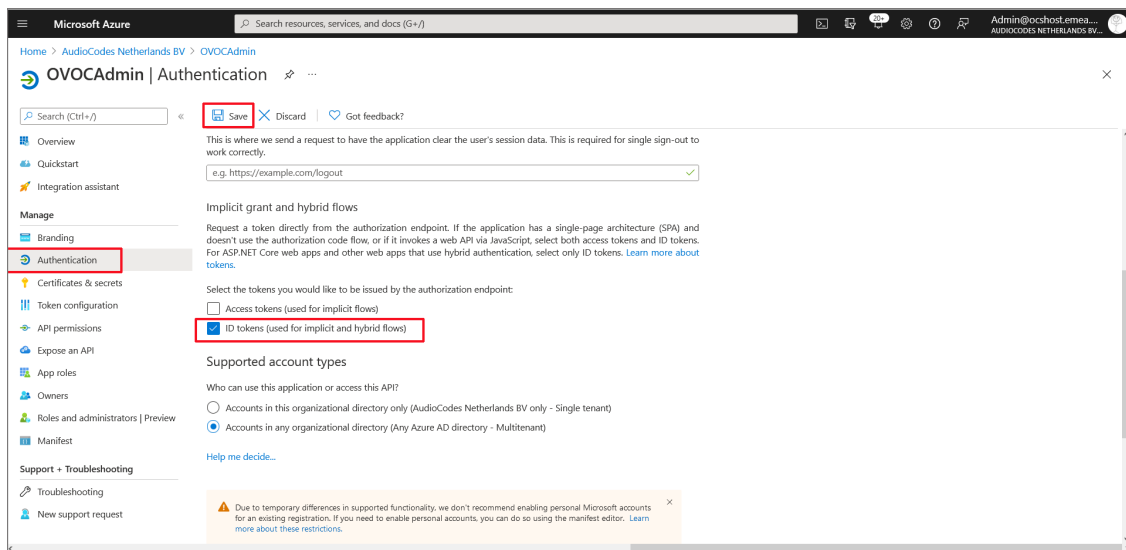
Figure 10-33: Client Secret Generated



11. Copy the secret Value to clipboard as its required in later configuration and cannot be retrieved once you leave this screen.

12. In the navigation pane, select **Authentication**.

Figure 10-34: Authentication

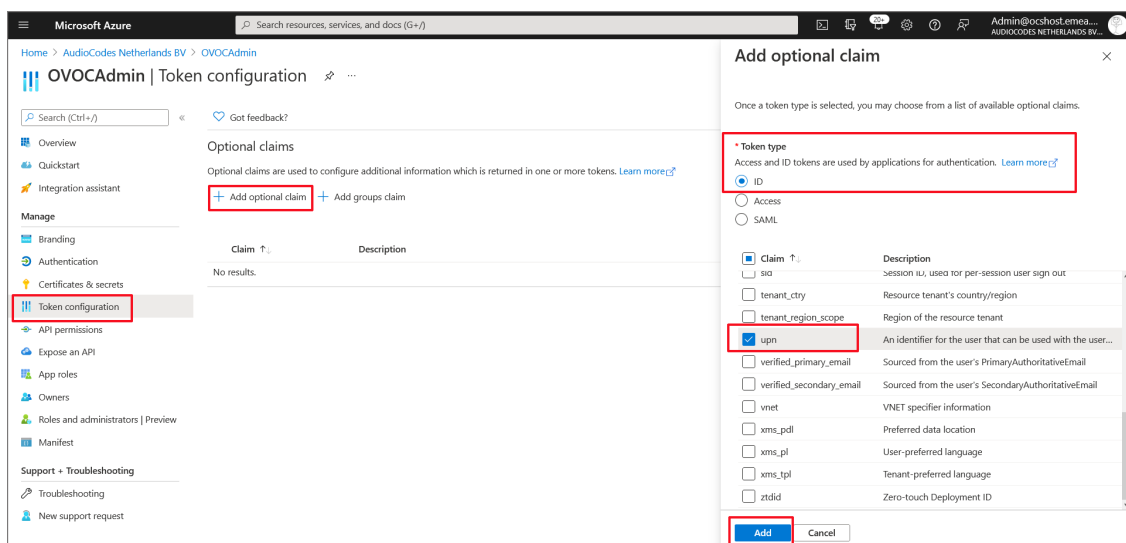


13. Under Implicit grant and hybrid flows, select “ID tokens”

14. Click **Save**.

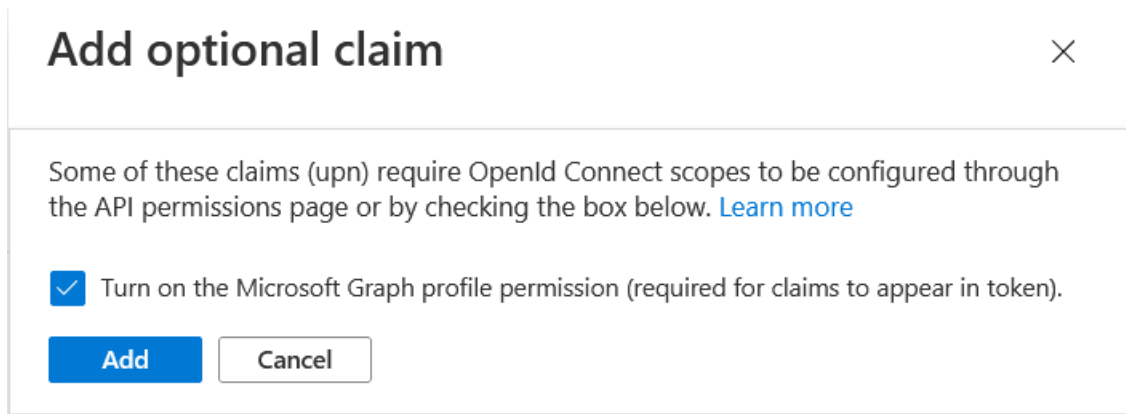
15. In the Navigation pane, select **Token configuration**

Figure 10-35: Token Configuration-Add



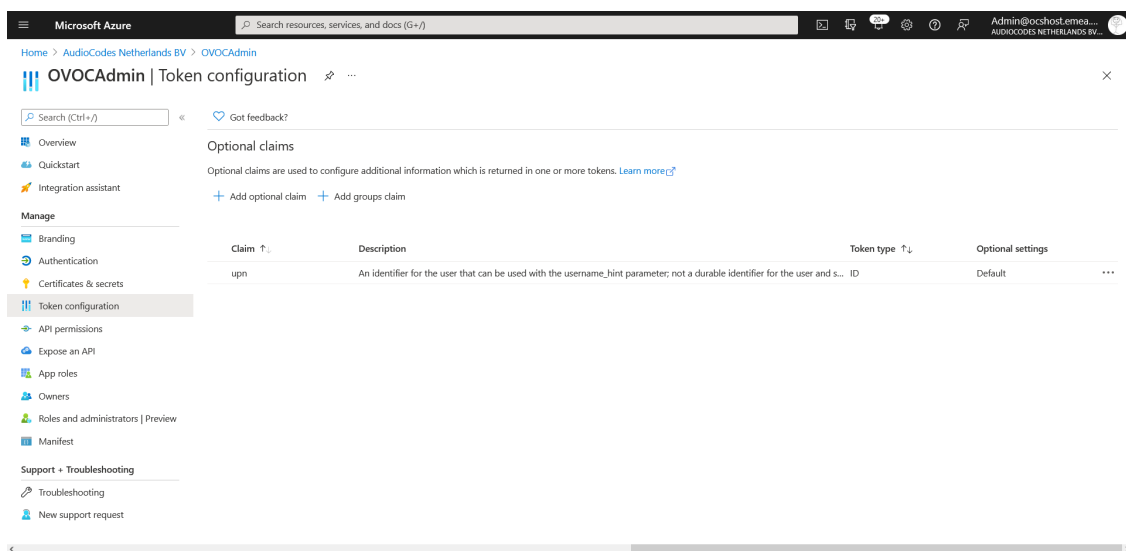
16. Click **Add optional claim**, choose **ID** type then **upn** optional claim and click **Add** to confirm.

Figure 10-36: Turn on Profile Permission



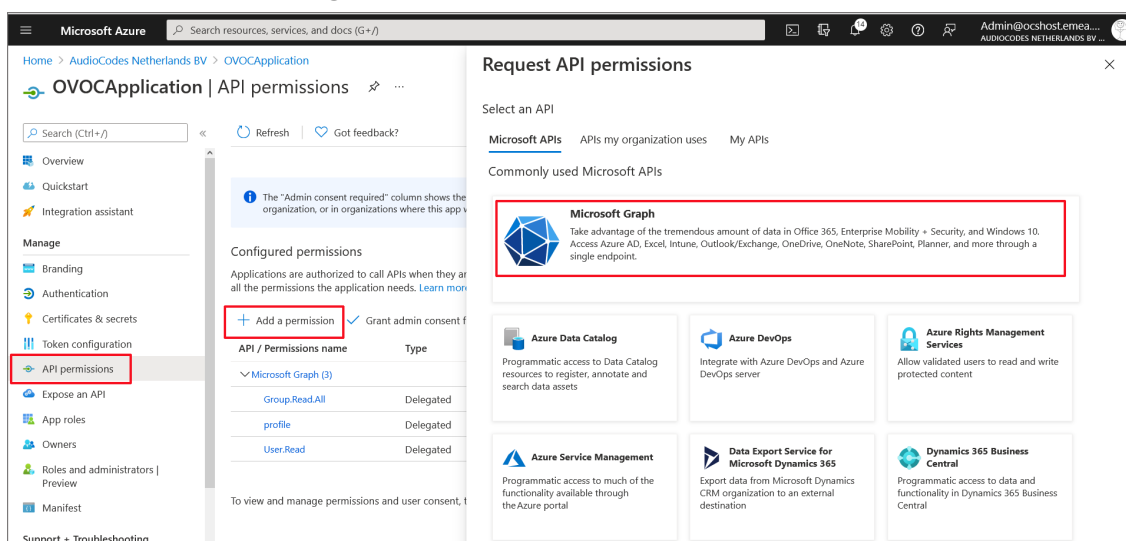
17. Select the **Turn on the Microsoft Graph profile permission** check box and then click **Add**. This adds the Profile permission to the API permissions list.

Figure 10-37: Optional claims Added



18. In the Navigation pane, select **API permissions**.

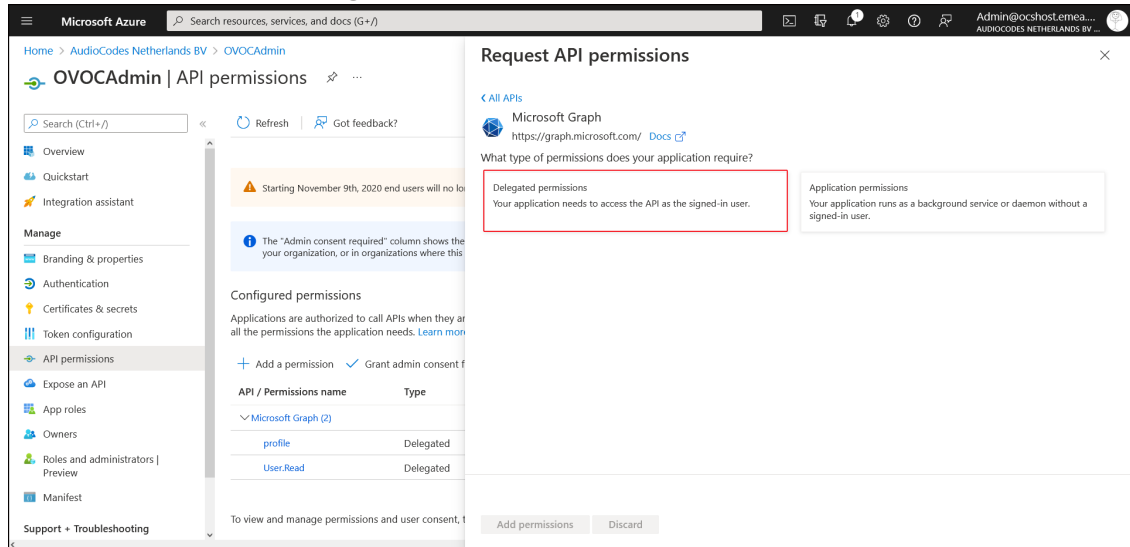
Figure 10-38: API Permissions



19. Click **Add a permission** and then click the **Microsoft Graph** link.

Figure 10-39: Delegated permissions

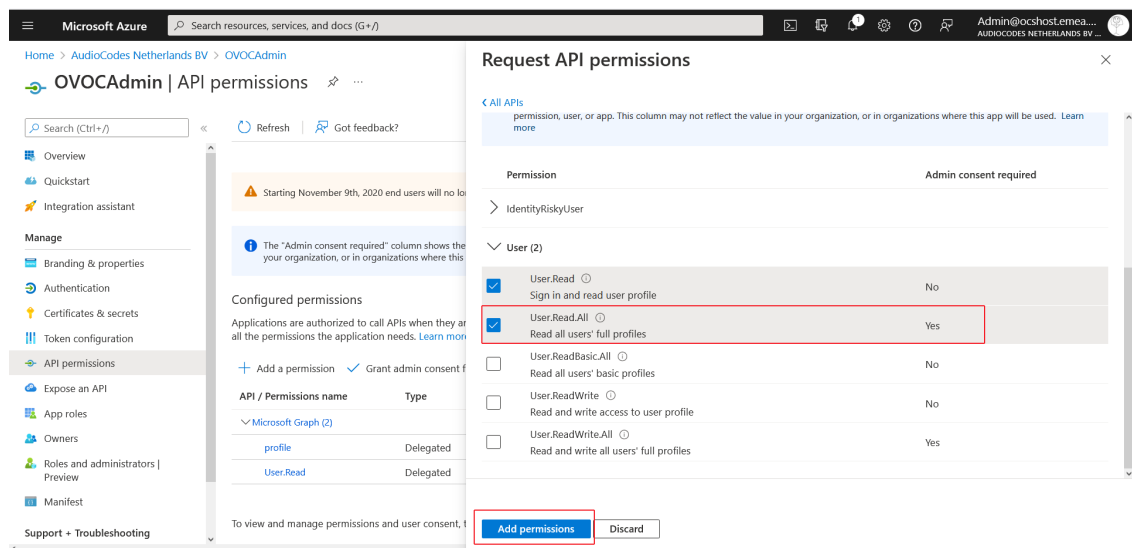
Figure 10-40:



20. Click **Delegated permissions**.

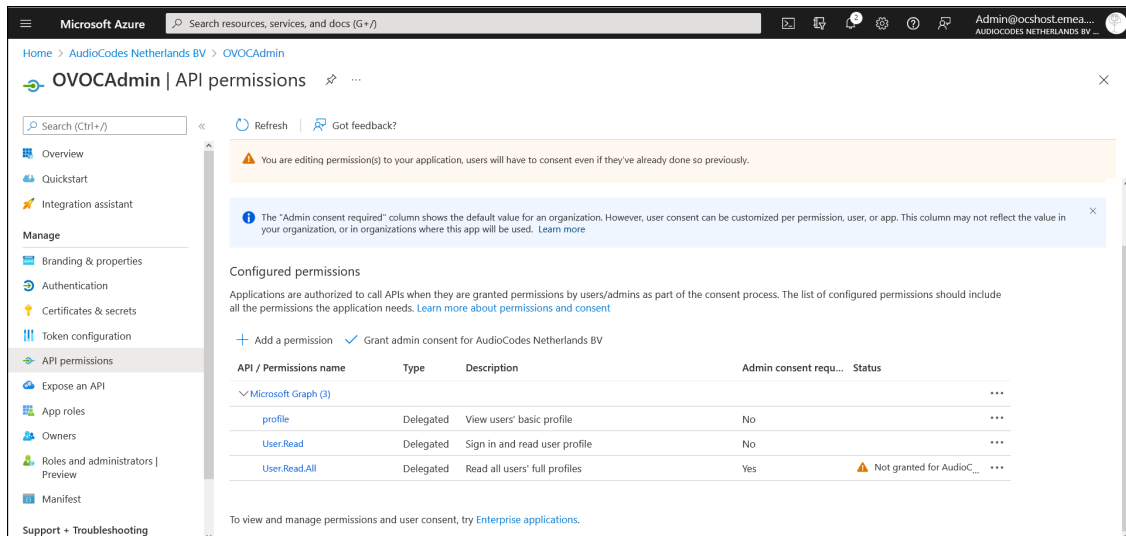
21. Select permission **User.Read.All** and then click **Add permissions**.

Figure 10-41: Delegated permissions



The configured API permissions are displayed.

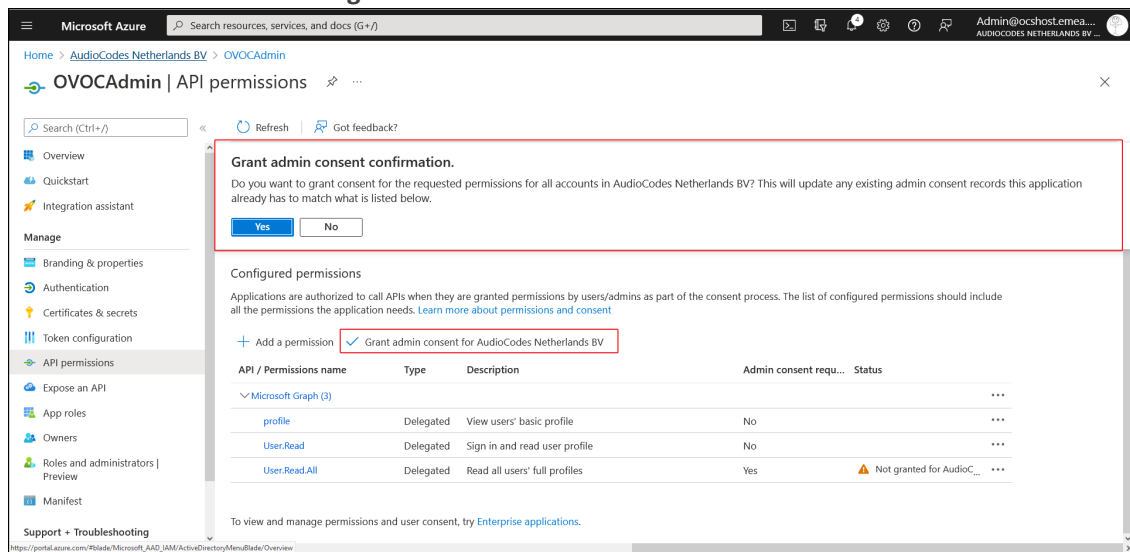
Figure 10-42: Configured API Permissions



22. Click **Grant admin consent for <Tenant_Name>** link to grant consent for the requested permissions for all accounts for this tenant, and then click **Yes** to confirm.

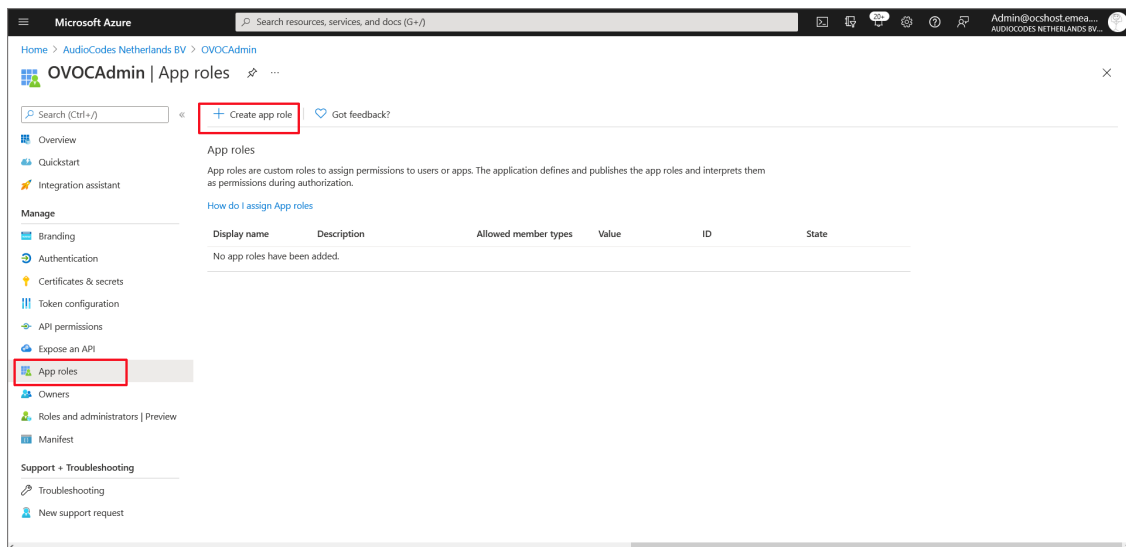
Figure 10-43: Grant Admin Consent for all Accounts

Figure 10-44:



23. In the Navigation pane, select the **Overview** page for the application.
24. In the Navigation pane, select **App roles**.

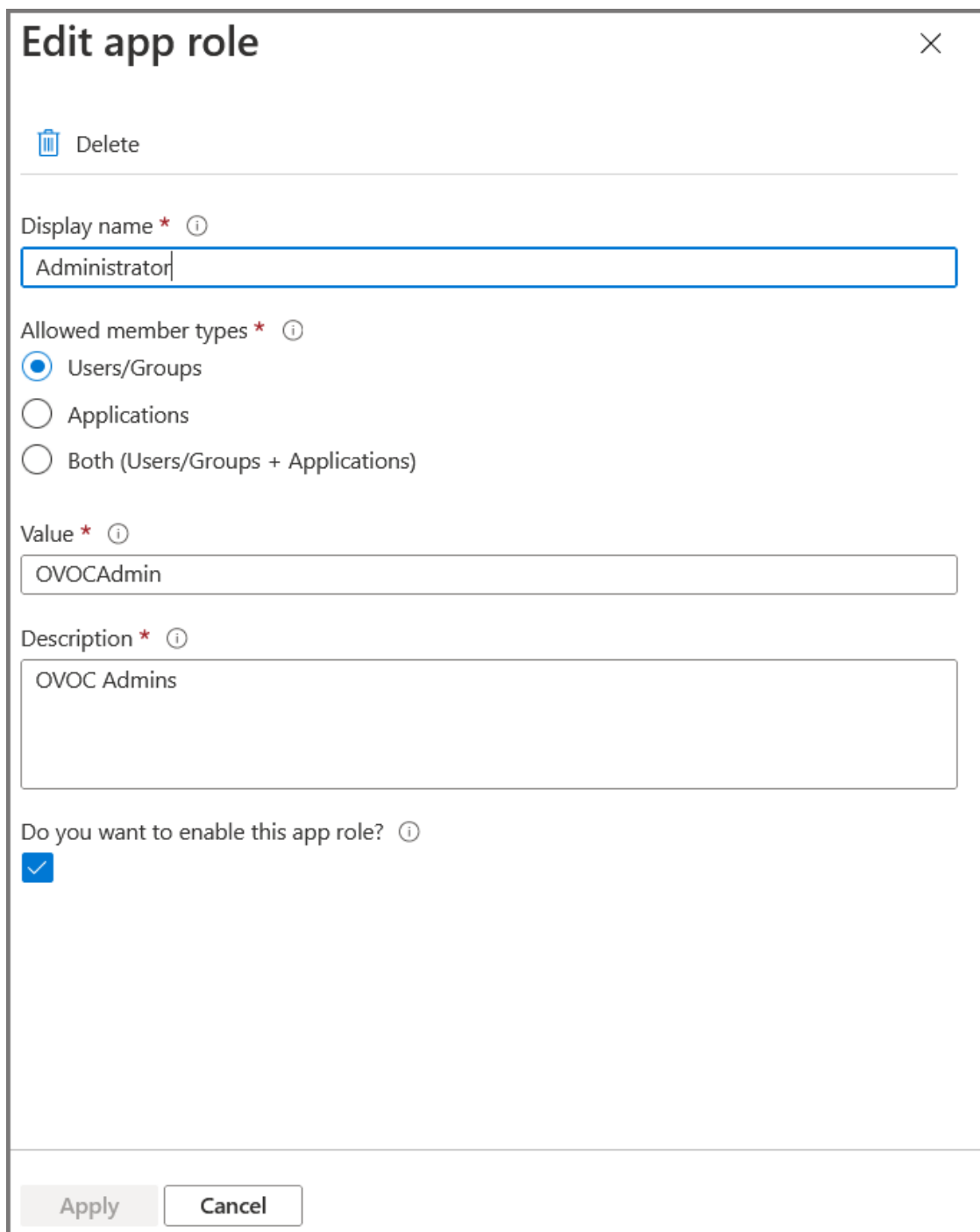
Figure 10-45: App roles




25. Create an app role with Admin permissions:

- a. In the Display Name field, enter "Administrators" or "Admins"
- b. Select Users/Groups check box
- c. Enter value "OVOCAdmin"
- d. Select the **do you want to enable this app role** check box.
- e. Click **Apply**

Figure 10-46: Admin Role



Edit app role ✕

 Delete

Display name * ⓘ

Administrator

Allowed member types * ⓘ

☒ Users/Groups

☐ Applications

☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

Value * ⓘ

OVOCAdmin

Description * ⓘ

OVOC Admins

Do you want to enable this app role? ⓘ

☒


Apply Cancel

26. Repeat the above steps to create an App role with Operator permissions with value 'OVOCOperator'.

Figure 10-47: Operator Role

Edit app role

×

 Delete

Display name * ⓘ

Allowed member types * ⓘ
☒ Users/Groups
☐ Applications
☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

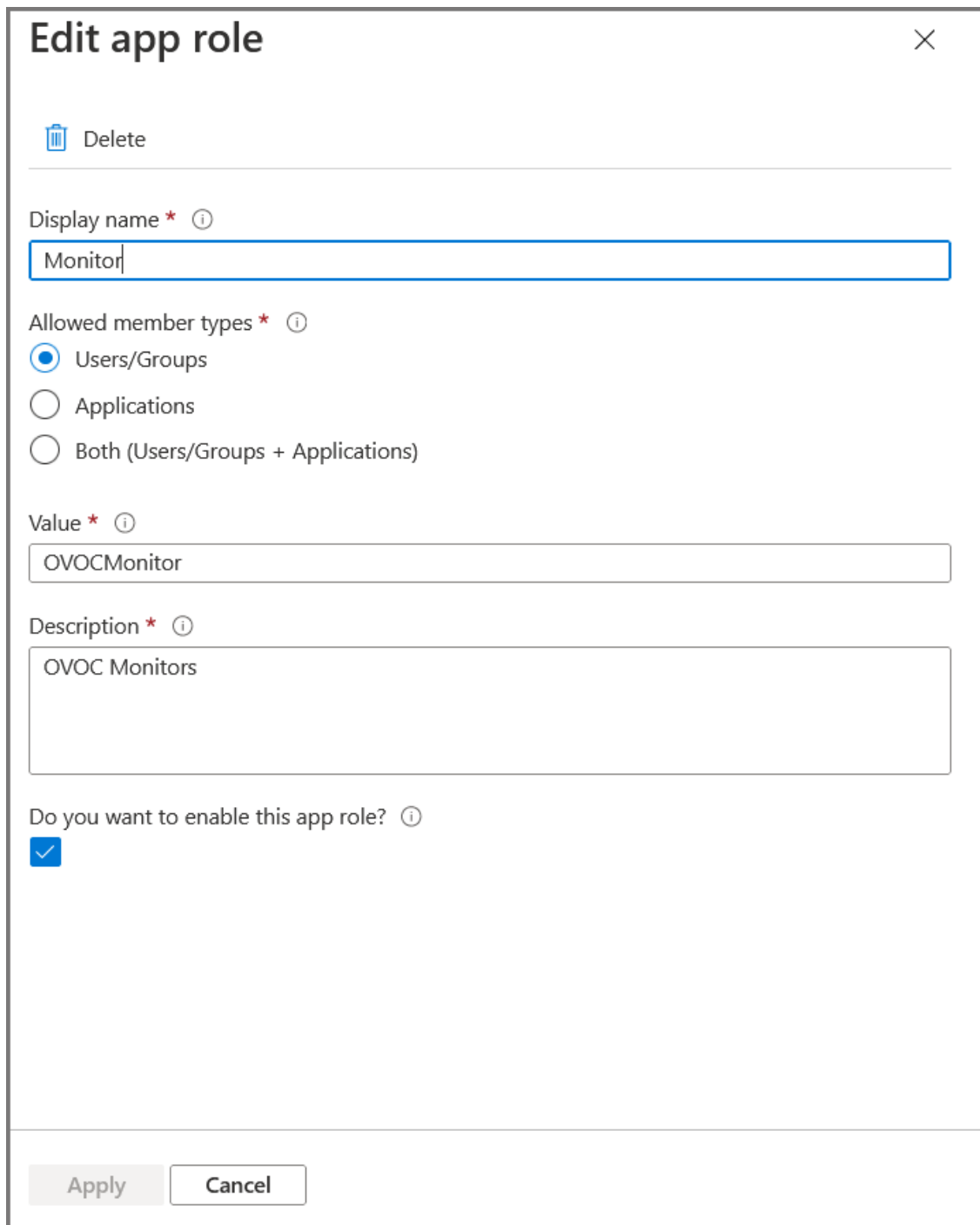
Value * ⓘ

Description * ⓘ


Do you want to enable this app role? ⓘ
☒

27. Repeat the steps described for adding "Admin" role above to create an app role with Monitor permissions with value "OVOCMonitor".

Figure 10-48: Operator Role



Edit app role ✕

 Delete

Display name * ⓘ

Monitor

Allowed member types * ⓘ

☒ Users/Groups

☐ Applications

☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

Value * ⓘ

OVOCMonitor

Description * ⓘ

OVOC Monitors

Do you want to enable this app role? ⓘ

☒

Apply Cancel

28. Repeat the steps described for adding "Admin" role above to create an app role with Monitor permissions with value "OVOCOperatorLite".

Figure 10-49: OVOC Operator Lite

Create app role ✕

Display name * ⓘ
OperatorLite ✓

Allowed member types * ⓘ
☒ Users/Groups
☐ Applications
☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

Value * ⓘ
OVOCOperatorLite ✓

Description * ⓘ
OVOC Lite Operators ✓

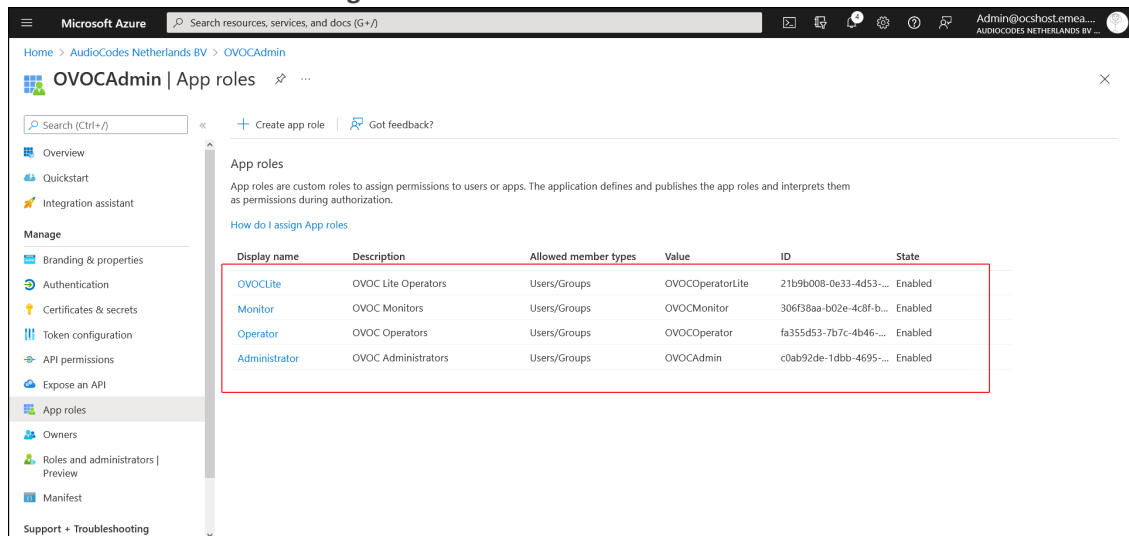
Do you want to enable this app role? ⓘ
☒

Apply Cancel

The new roles are displayed:

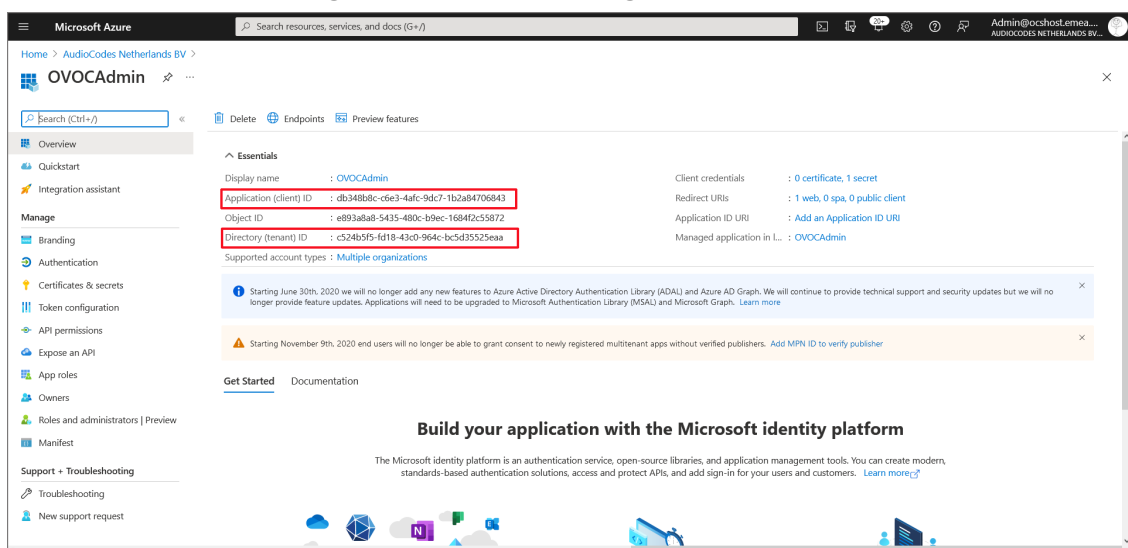
Figure 10-50: App roles

Figure 10-51:



29. In the Navigation pane, select the **Overview** page for the application.

Figure 10-52: Overview Page



30. Note the following values as they must later be configured in **Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Setup** on the next page

- Application (client) ID
- Directory (tenant) ID

31. Add Main Tenant Azure groups and add members as described in **Create Azure Groups and Assign Members** on page 126

32. Add operators of external tenants and assign them roles as described in **Add External Tenant Operators and Assign Roles** on page 131

33. Configure Azure settings in OVOC Web as described in **Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Setup** on the next page

Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Setup

This section describes how to configure Azure authentication in the OVOC Web interface for multitenant deployments. When operators login to OVOC, they're assigned with an OVOC security level, i.e. Admin, Operator or Monitor' based on their assigned role on Azure and their Tenant ID which reflects their tier permissions i.e. Tenant, Channel or Customer operator permissions. These details are sent to OVOC Azure via the Token authentication mechanism.

➤ To configure authentication of OVOC operators using Azure AD:

1. In the OVOC Web, open the Authentication page (**System > Administration > Security > Authentication**), and then from the 'Authentication Type' drop-down, select **AZURE**.

Figure 10-53: Azure Authentication

2. From the 'Azure AD Path Type File' drop-down, select **Organizations** (default). OVOC can access Azure AD in the enterprise network if a standard service is purchased.
3. In the 'Azure Tenant ID' field, enter the Tenant ID of the **Main Tenant**.
4. In the 'Azure Client ID' field, enter the ID of the Azure AD client of the **Main Tenant**.
5. In the 'Azure Client Secret' field, enter the client secret of the **Main Tenant**.
6. In the screen section 'GW / SBC / MSBR Authentication', select the option 'Use AD Credentials for Device Page Opening' for the OVOC to sign operators in to AudioCodes devices using the same credentials they used to sign in to OVOC. The AudioCodes device will then perform authentication with the Azure AD and login to the device is attempted with same AD user name / password instead of the local device user name / password. Note that the device must be also be configured to authenticate with the same AD.

When a Main Tenant operator attempts to connect to OVOC, OVOC verifies the mapped Azure User Group to which the operator is a member.

- In the Tenant Details screen under the **Operators** tab, the parameter **AD Authentication: Group Name** points to the Azure group which includes the **Main Tenant** operators who are authorized to login to OVOC using this method.

- If the Azure AD successfully validates that the operator belongs to the AD Authentication group (see highlighted group in the example below), its and allowed access.

Figure 10-54: AD Authentication Group Name

TENANT DETAILS

General SNMP HTTP **Operators** License

Local Authentication: Assigned Operators

AD Authentication: Group Name:

Figure 10-55: Matching Group on Azure**Figure 10-56:**

Home > AudioCodes - SQA LIVE > Groups >

hdvoip
Group

Overview
Diagnose and solve problems

Manage

- Properties
- Members
- Owners
- Roles and administrators
- Administrative units
- Group memberships
- Applications
- Licenses
- Azure role assignments

Activity

- Access reviews
- Audit logs
- Bulk operation results

Troubleshooting + Support

- New support request

Delete Got feedback?

hdvoip

Membership type: Assigned

Source: Cloud

Type: Security

Object Id: 9f5e30af-2391-420b-b011-86ac9f79921c

Creation date: 3/26/2020, 2:51:03 PM

Direct members

4 Total 4 User(s) 0 Group(s) 0 Device(s) 0 Other(s)

Group memberships **Owners** **Total members**

0 0 4

7. In the screen section Authorization Level Settings, configure the user group names exactly as defined on Azure in [Create Azure Groups and Assign Members](#) on page 126. When an operator is not assigned to a group on Azure, the parameter 'Default Operator Type and Security Level' is applied.

Figure 10-57: Authorization Level Settings

AUTHORIZATION LEVEL SETTINGS

System Administrator User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Admin"/>
System Operator User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Operator"/>
System Monitor User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Monitor"/>
Tenant Administrator User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Tenant_Admin"/>
Tenant Operator User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Tenant_Operator"/>
Tenant Monitor User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Tenant_Monitor"/>
Tenant Monitor Links User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Tenant_Monitor_Links"/>
Default Operator Type and Security Level	<input type="text" value="Reject"/>

ENDPOINTS GROUP AUTHORIZATION LEVEL SETTINGS

Tenant Endpoints Group User Group Name	<input type="text" value="EMS_Tenant_Endpoints_Group"/>
--	---

Figure 10-58: Matching Groups on Azure

Home > AudioCodes - SQA LIVE >







Groups | All groups ...

AudioCodes - SQA LIVE - Azure Active Directory

« New group Download groups Delete Refresh Columns Got feedback?

Search mode ☒ Contains

6 groups found

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Object Id	Group Type	Membership Type	Email
<input type="checkbox"/>	 EMS_Tenant_Operator_Links	3a413504-47d2-40b3-a061-0edbf797d2e1	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	 EMS_Tenant_Admin_Links	67741e92-d754-4e0b-b1ef-230dad8a730f	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	 EMS_Tenant_Monitor_Links	c72c88a8-86d8-4c44-928d-0cdb7f584a9c	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	 EMS_Operator	ca7cc0f2-5f27-478a-b1cd-4e3157141ab9	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	 EMS_Monitor	eaafb1b2-6283-4d4b-a3c7-ab4cc2b715e0	Security	Assigned	
<input type="checkbox"/>	 EMS_Admin	f5893124-7eeb-41cd-92d5-9ca6c6cf0282	Security	Assigned	

8. In the Tenant Details, enter the "Azure Tenant ID" of the **external managed tenant** as shown in the screen below.

Figure 10-59: Tenant Details

TENANT DETAILS

General

SNMP

HTTP

Operators

License

Tenant Name

hdvoip_net

Is Default

False

HTTP Operator (License Pool)

Description

Subnet (CIDR Notation)

Users URI Regexp

*

Azure Tenant ID

xxxxxxxxxx

Tenant Logo

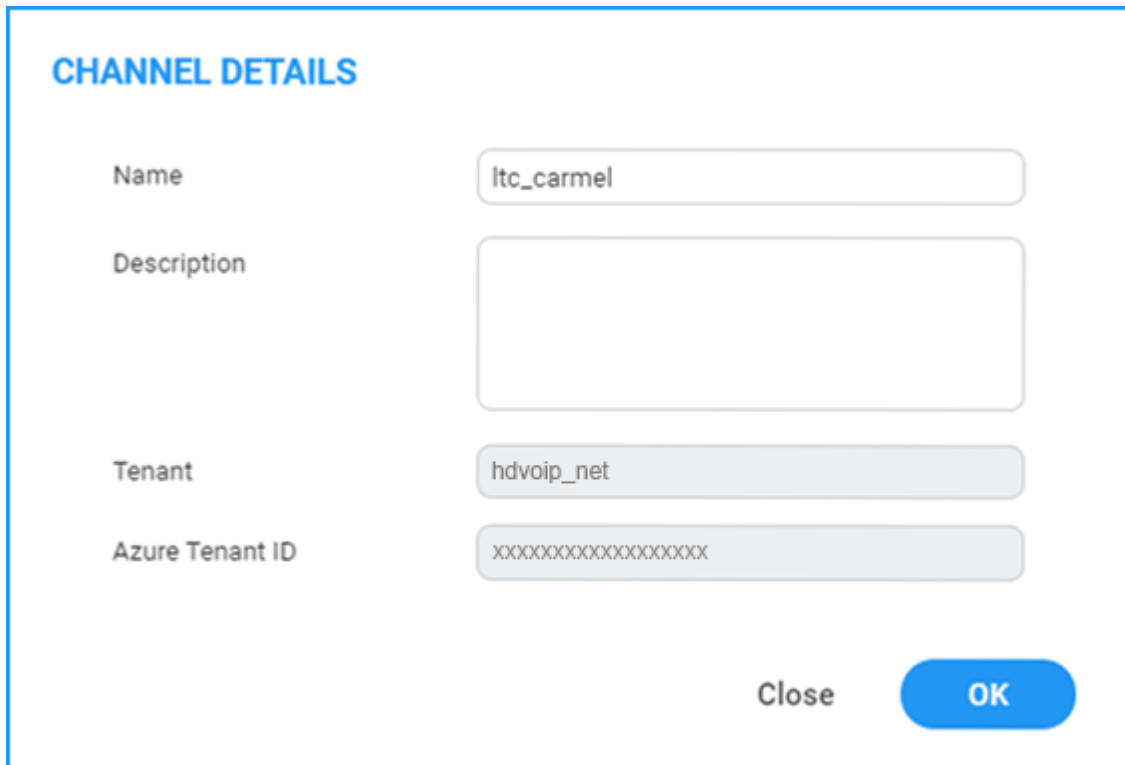
None

Close

OK

9. If you are managing channels, in the Channels Details, enter the "Azure Tenant ID" of the **external managed tenant** as shown in the screen below

Figure 10-60: Channel Details

A screenshot of a 'CHANNEL DETAILS' form. The form has a title 'CHANNEL DETAILS' in blue. It contains four input fields: 'Name' with the value 'lrc_carmel', 'Description' which is empty, 'Tenant' with the value 'hdvoip_net', and 'Azure Tenant ID' with a placeholder 'xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Close' and 'OK' (which is blue).

Upgrading from Single Tenant to Multitenant

This procedure describes how to upgrade from Single tenant to Multitenant setup.

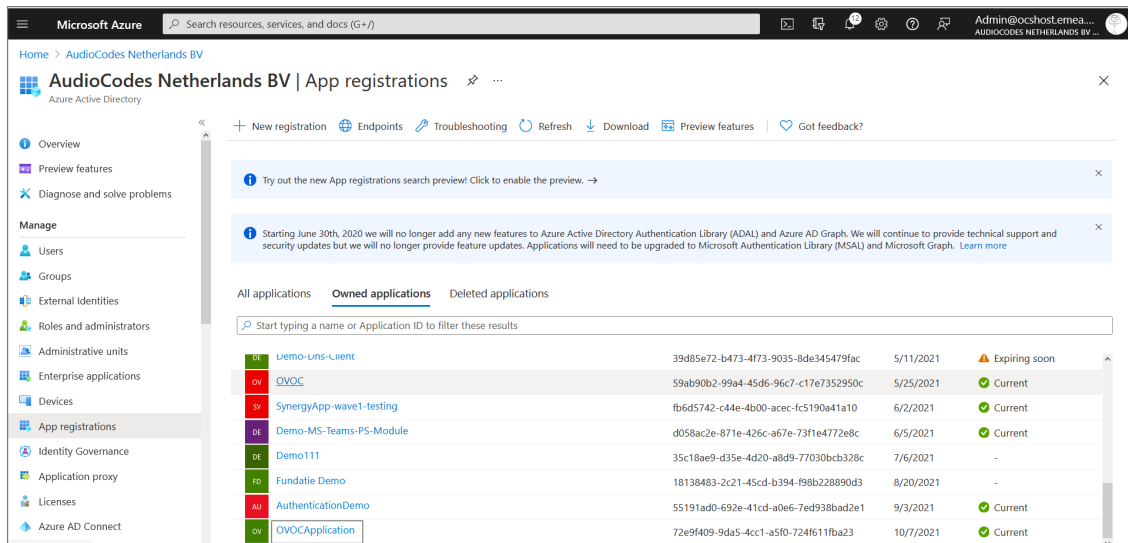


Guest user login is not supported for both Main Tenant and external tenant guest users once multitenancy is enabled in this procedure.

➤ **To reconfigure a single tenant setup to multitenant:**

1. Login to the Azure portal as Global Administrator.
2. In the Navigation pane, select **App registrations** and select the registered OVOC application (the example used in this section "OVOCApplication" is selected below).

Figure 10-61: App registrations



3. In the Navigation pane, select **Authentication**.

Figure 10-62: OVOC Application

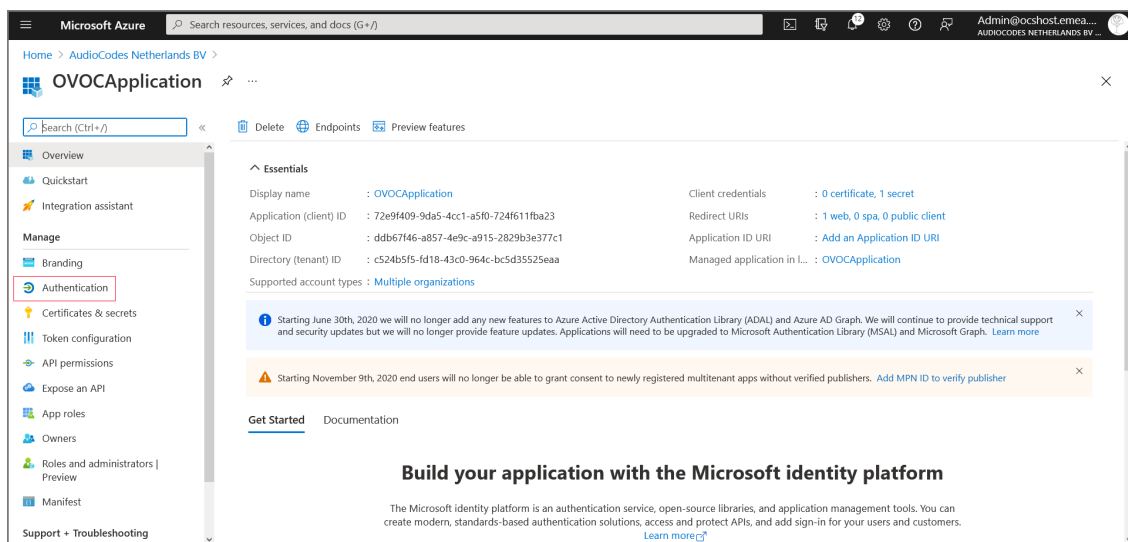
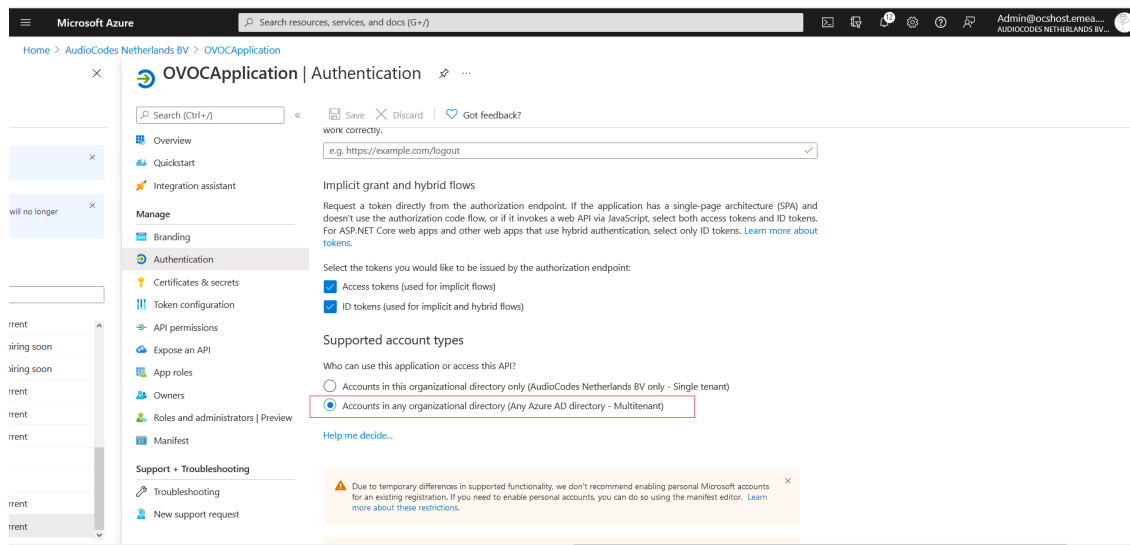


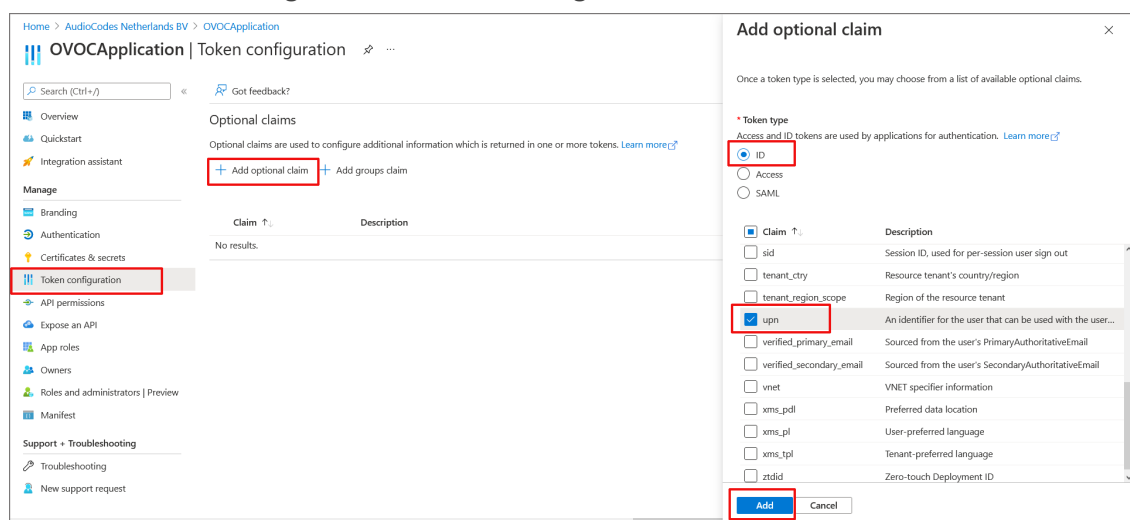
Figure 10-63: Authentication Screen



4. Under account types, select **Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)** and then click **Save**.

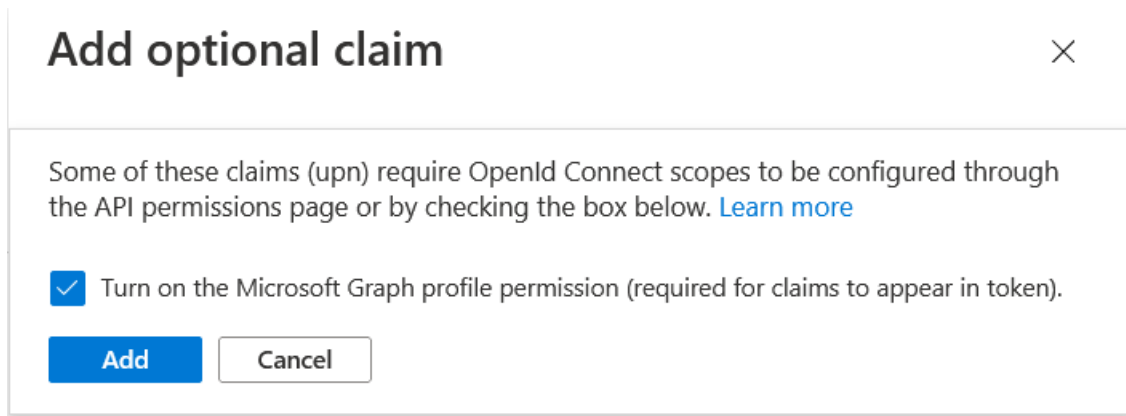
5. In the Navigation pane, select **Token configuration**

Figure 10-64: Token Configuration-Add



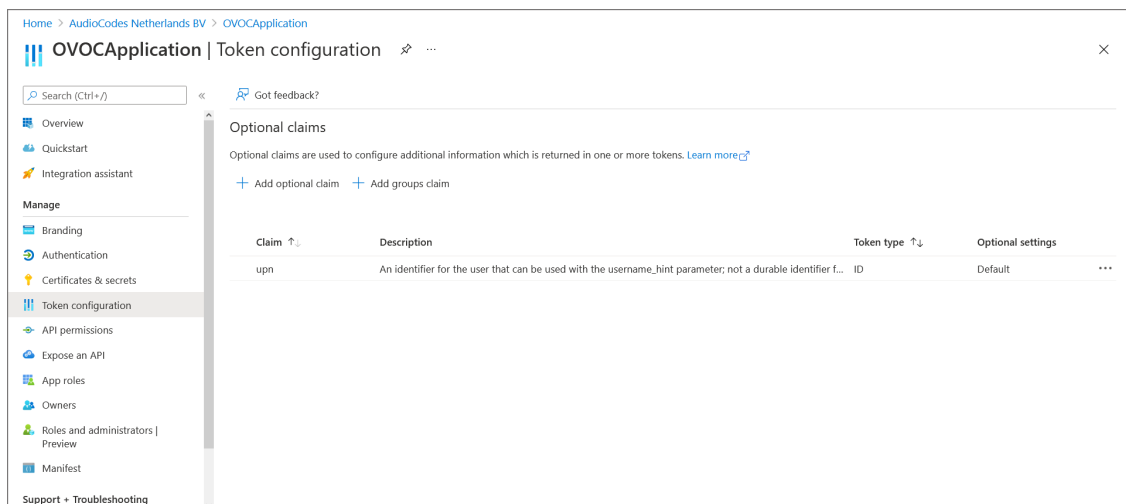
6. Click **Add optional claim**, choose **ID** type then **upn** optional claim and click **Add** to confirm.

Figure 10-65: Turn on Profile Permission



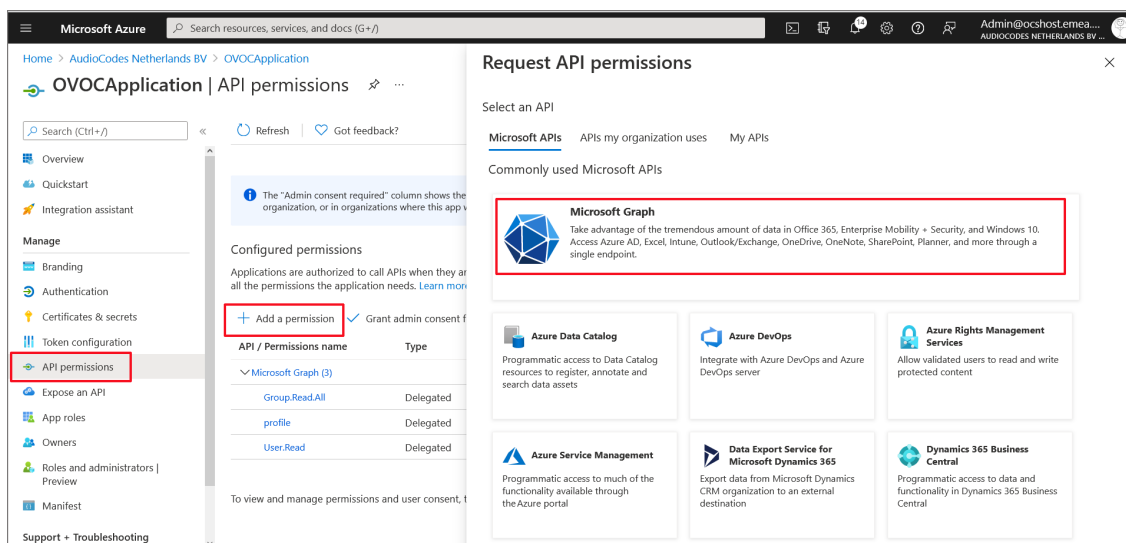
7. Select the **Turn on the Microsoft Graph profile permission** check box and then click **Add**. This adds the Profile permission to the API permissions list.

Figure 10-66: Optional claims Added



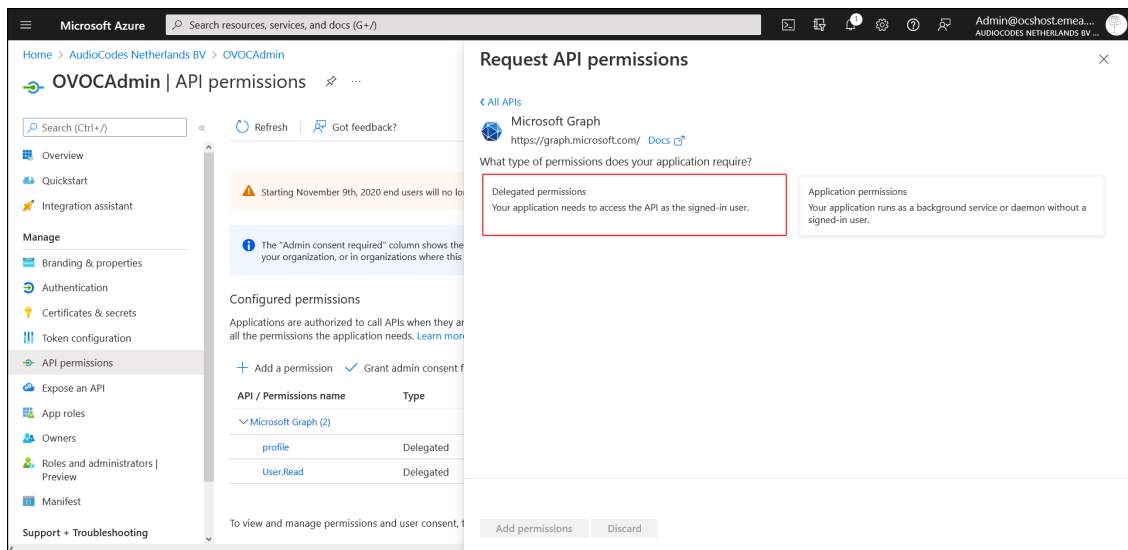
8. In the Navigation pane, select **API permissions**.

Figure 10-67: API Permissions



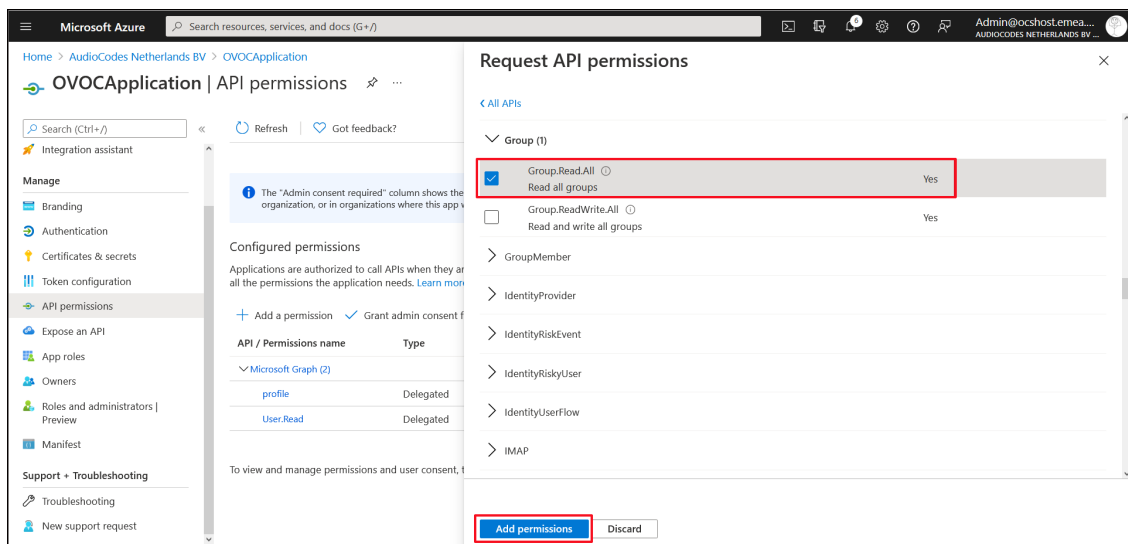
- Click **Add a permission** and then click the **Microsoft Graph** link.

Figure 10-68: Delegated permissions



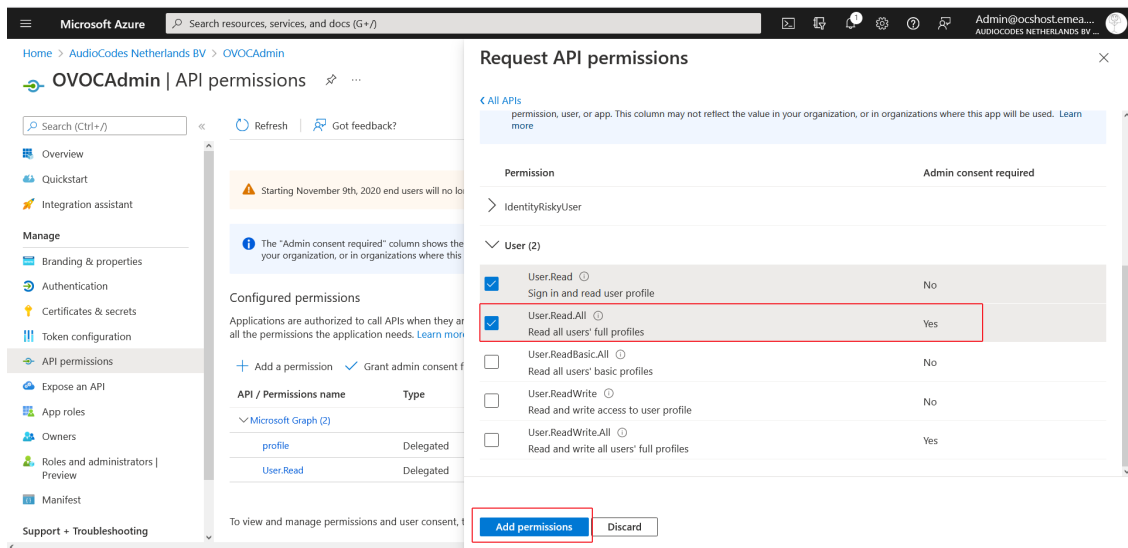
- Click **Delegated permissions**.

Figure 10-69: Microsoft Graph Permissions



- Select permission **Group.Read.All** and then click **Add permission**.
- Add another Delegated permission **User.Read.All** and then click **Add permissions**.

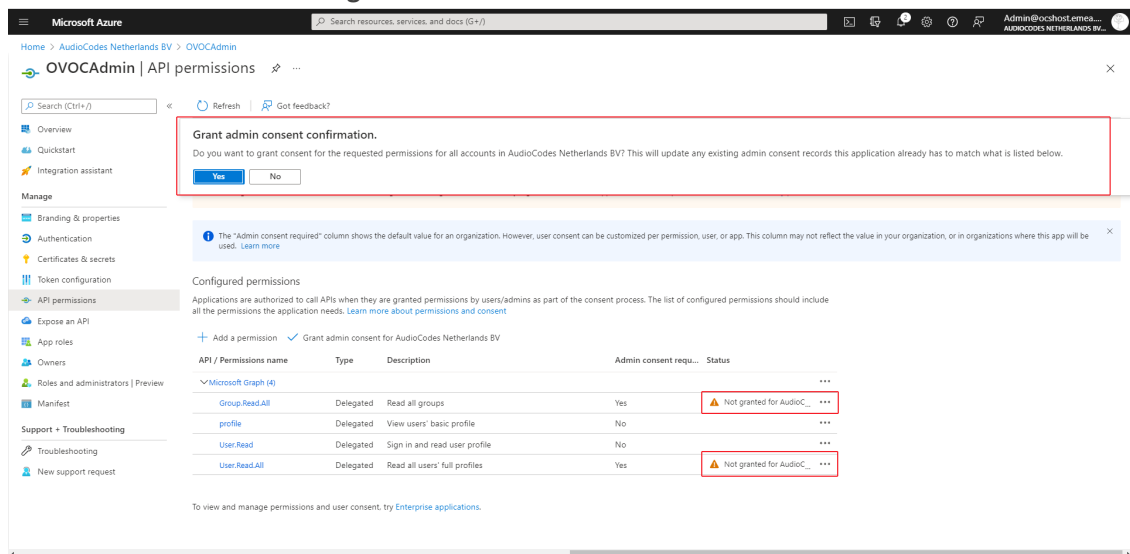
Figure 10-70: Delegated permissions



13. Click **Grant admin consent for <Tenant_Name>** link to grant consent for the requested permissions for all accounts for this tenant, and then click **Yes** to confirm.

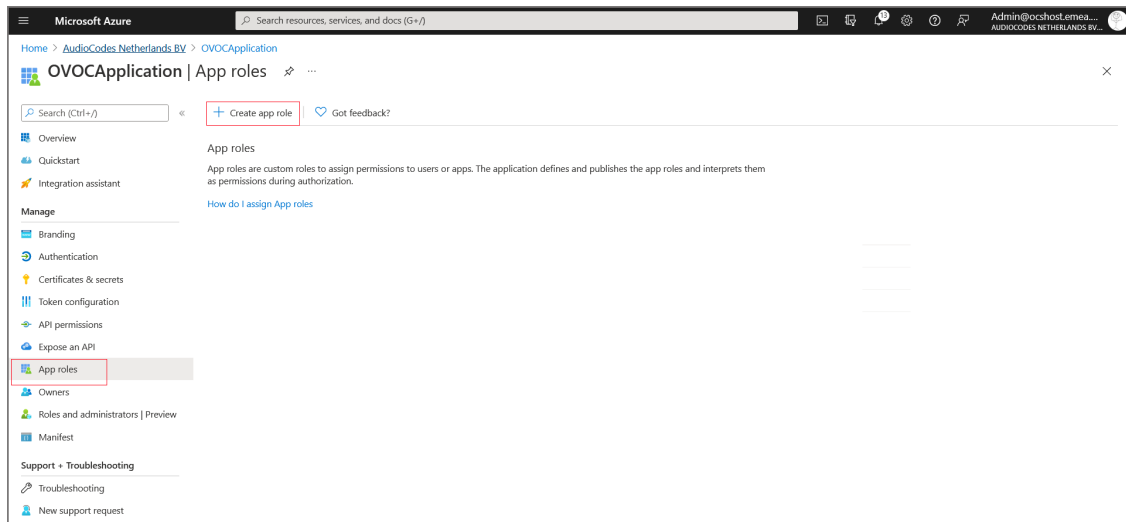
Figure 10-71: Grant Admin Consent for all Accounts

Figure 10-72:



14. In the Navigation pane, select **App roles** and then click **Create app role**.

Figure 10-73: Create App Roles




15. Create an app role with Admin permissions:

- a. In the Display Name field, enter "Administrators" or "Admins"
- b. Select Users/Groups check box
- c. Enter value "OVOCAdmin"
- d. Select the **do you want to enable this app role** check box.
- e. Click **Apply**

Figure 10-74: Admin Role

Edit app role ✕

 Delete

Display name * ⓘ

Allowed member types * ⓘ
☒ Users/Groups
☐ Applications
☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

Value * ⓘ

Description * ⓘ

Do you want to enable this app role? ⓘ
☒

16. Repeat the above steps to create an App role with Operator permissions with value 'OVOCOperator'.

Figure 10-75: Operator Role

Edit app role ×

Delete

Display name * ⓘ

Operator

Allowed member types * ⓘ

☒ Users/Groups

☐ Applications

☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

Value * ⓘ

OVOCOperator

Description * ⓘ

OVOC Operators

Do you want to enable this app role? ⓘ


☒

Apply Cancel

17. Repeat the steps described for creating "Admin" role above to create an app role with Monitor permissions with value "OVOCMonitor".

Figure 10-76: Operator Role

Edit app role ✕

 Delete

Display name * i

Allowed member types * i

☒ Users/Groups

☐ Applications

☐ Both (Users/Groups + Applications)

Value * i

Description * i

Do you want to enable this app role? i
☒

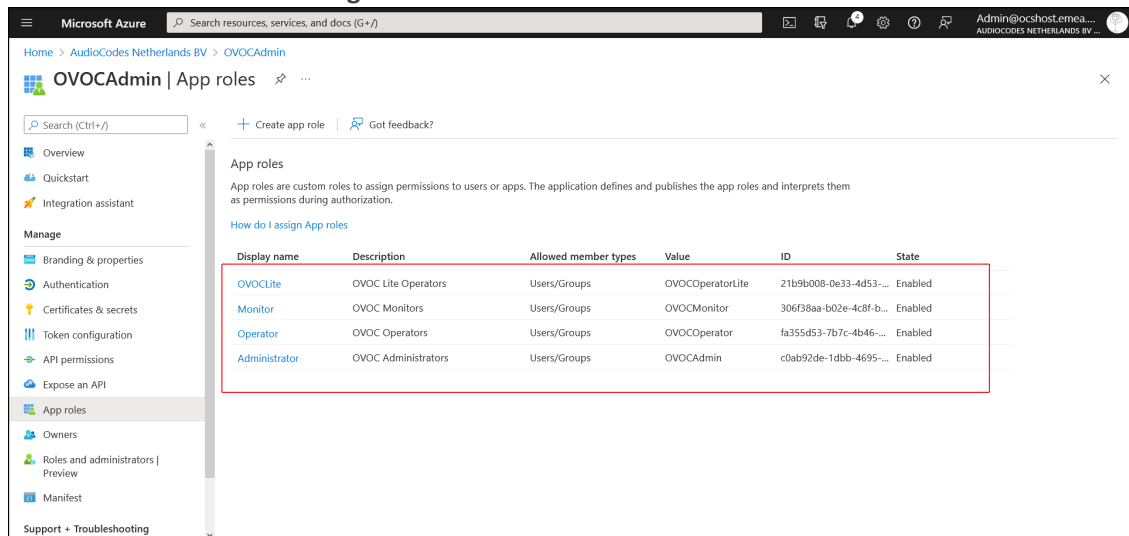
Apply

Cancel

The new roles are displayed:

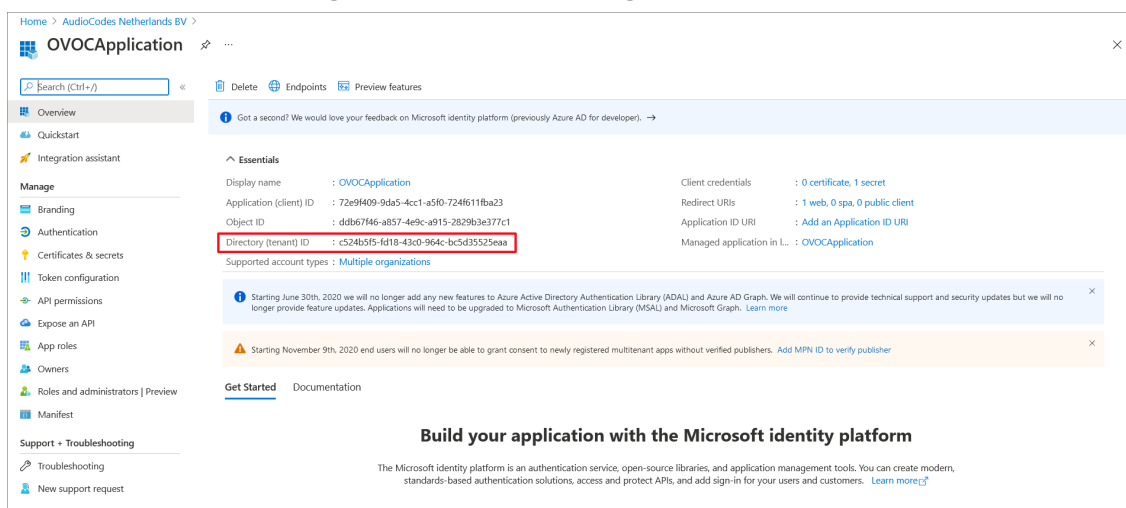
Figure 10-77: App roles Configured

Figure 10-78:



18. In the Navigation pane, select the **Overview** page for the application.

Figure 10-79: Overview Page



19. Note the Directory (tenant) ID value as it must later be configured in [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Upgrade](#) below
20. Add External tenant operators and assign roles as described in [Add External Tenant Operators and Assign Roles](#) on page 131
21. Configure Azure settings in OVOC Web as described in [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Upgrade](#) below

Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Upgrade

This section describes how to configure Azure settings in OVOC Web when upgrading from a Single Tenant configuration.

➤ **To upgrade from a Single Tenant configuration:**

1. In the Tenant Details, enter the "Azure Tenant ID" of the **external managed tenant** as shown in the screen below.

Figure 10-80: Tenant Details

TENANT DETAILS

General SNMP HTTP Operators License

Tenant Name:

Is Default:

HTTP Operator (License Pool):

Description:

Subnet (CIDR Notation):

Users URI Regexp:

Azure Tenant ID:

Tenant Logo:

Close **OK**

2. If you are managing channels, in the Channel Details, enter the "Azure Tenant ID" of the **external managed tenant** as shown in the screen below

Figure 10-81: Channel Details

Figure 10-82:

CHANNEL DETAILS

Name: lrc_carmel

Description:

Tenant: hdvoip_net

Azure Tenant ID: xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx

Close OK

Create Azure Groups and Assign Members

This section describes how to create groups on Azure and assign them member operators. You should define a separate group for each required security level. These group names are configured in OVOC Azure Authentication Settings screen from where they are mapped to the relevant security level; see the list of security groups that are defined below. Identical group names must be configured on Azure. For example, for System Administrator User Group Name, configure "OVOC_Admin" string in OVOC and as the group name on Azure.

Table 10-1: OVOC Security Groups

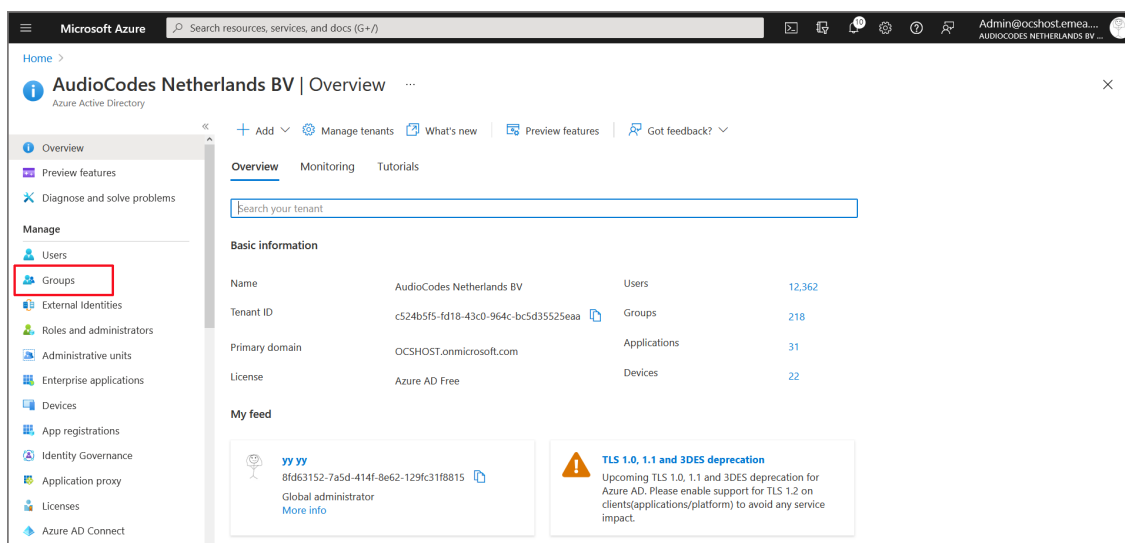
Security Group OVOC (Parameter Name)	Description
System Administrator User Group Name	The name of the User Group of the 'System' type operator whose security level is 'Administrator'.
System Operator User Group Name	The name of the User Group of the 'System' type operator whose security level is 'Operator'.
System Monitor User Group Name	The name of the User Group of the 'System' type operator whose security level is 'Monitor'.
Tenant Administrator	The name of the name of the User Group of the 'Tenant' type

Security Group OVOC (Parameter Name)	Description
User Group Name	operator whose security level is 'Administrator'.
Tenant Operator User Group Name	The name of the User Group of the 'Tenant' type operator whose security level is 'Operator'.
Tenant Monitor User Group Name	The name of the name of the User Group of the 'Tenant' type operator whose security level is 'Monitor'.
Tenant Monitor Links User Group Name	The name of the User Group of the 'Tenant' type operator whose security level is 'Monitor Links'.
Tenant Endpoints Group User Group Name	The name of the User Group of the 'Tenant' type operator

➤ **To assign groups on Azure:**

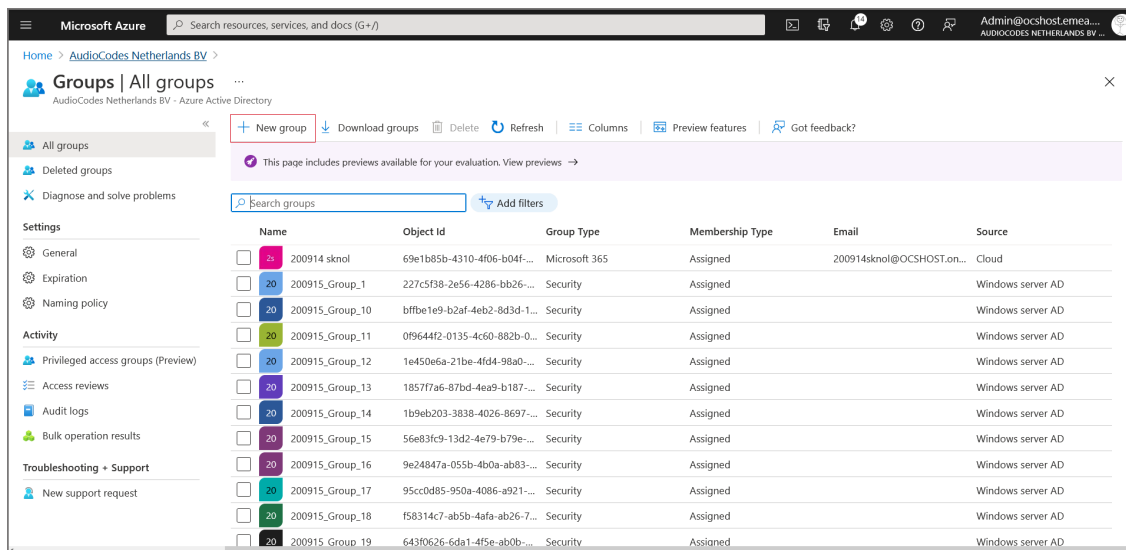
1. Login to the Azure portal as Global Administrator.
2. Navigate to the Tenant Overview page.

Figure 10-83: Tenant Overview Page



3. In the Navigation pane, select **Groups**.

Figure 10-84: Create New Group



4. Click New group.

Figure 10-85: New Group

Group type *

Group name *

Group description

Membership type

Owners
No owners selected

Members
No members selected

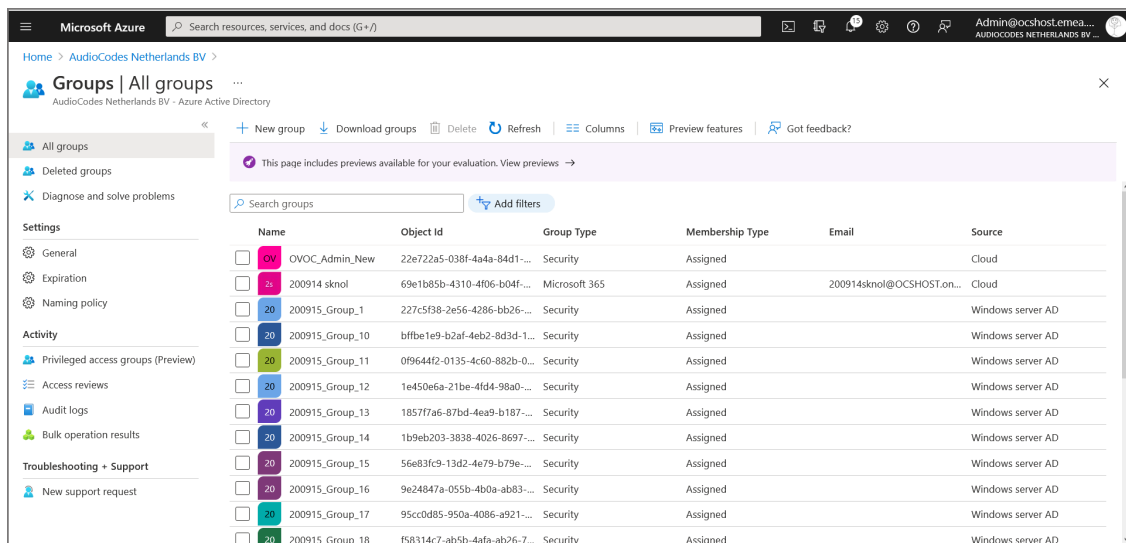
Create

5. Enter the details of the new group and then click **Create**.



The same groups that you define must be configured in OVOC in the Authentication screen (see [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Single Tenant Setup](#) on page 93)

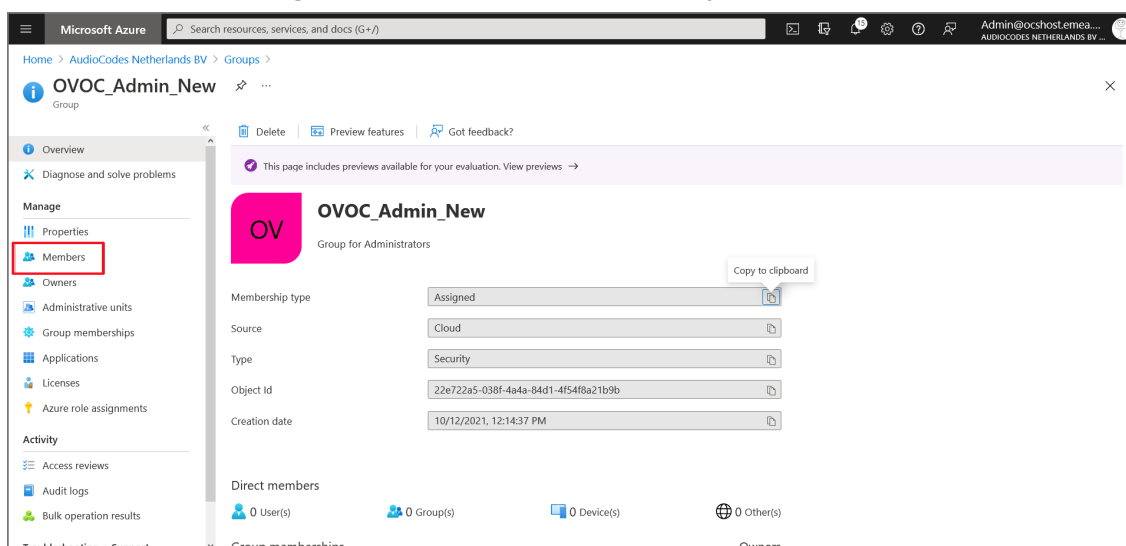
Figure 10-86: Created Group



Name	Object Id	Group Type	Membership Type	Email	Source
OVOC_Admin_New	22e722a5-038f-4a4a-84d1-...	Security	Assigned		Cloud
200914 sknol	69e1b85b-4310-4f06-b04f-...	Microsoft 365	Assigned	200914sknol@OCSHOST.on...	Cloud
200915_Group_1	227c5f38-2e56-4286-bb26-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_10	bffbe1e9-b2af-4eb2-8d3d-1...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_11	0f9644f2-0135-4c60-882b-0...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_12	1e450e6a-21be-4fda-98a0-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_13	1857f7a6-87bd-4ea9-b187-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_14	1b9eb203-3838-4026-8697-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_15	56e83fc9-13d2-4e79-b79e-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_16	9e24847a-055b-4b0a-ab83-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_17	95cc0d85-950a-4086-a921-...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD
200915_Group_18	f58314c7-ab5b-4afa-ab26-7...	Security	Assigned		Windows server AD

6. Select the new group.
7. In the Navigation pane, select **Members**.

Figure 10-87: Add Members to Group



OVOC_Admin_New
Group for Administrators

Membership type: Assigned

Source: Cloud

Type: Security

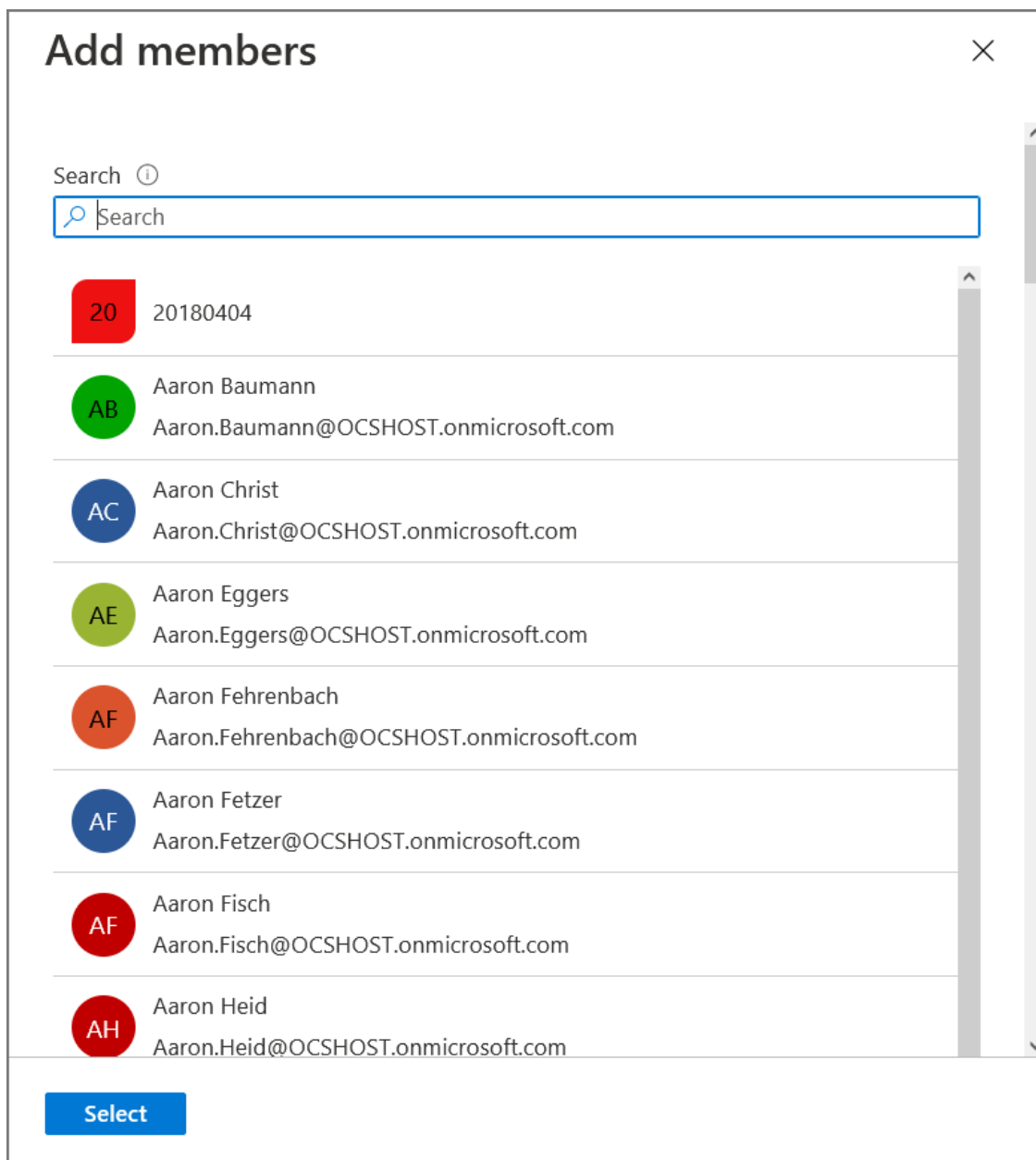
Object Id: 22e722a5-038f-4a4a-84d1-4f54f8a21b9b

Creation date: 10/12/2021, 12:14:37 PM

Direct members: 0 User(s), 0 Group(s), 0 Device(s), 0 Other(s)

8. Click **Add members** to add new members to the group.
9. Select the members to add to the Group.

Figure 10-88: Select Group Members



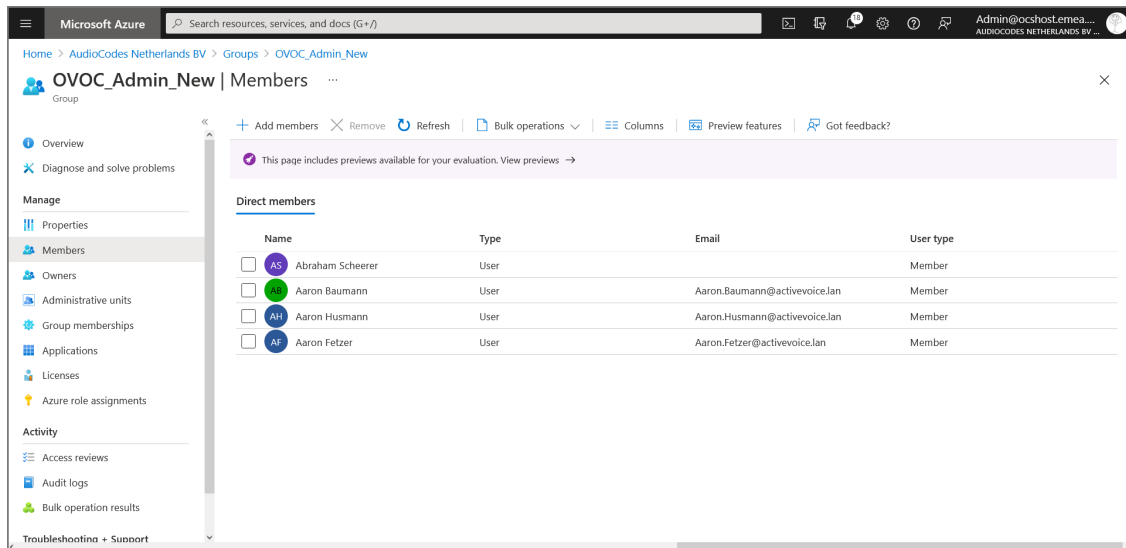
The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add members" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Below the title is a search bar with a magnifying glass icon and the text "Search". Below the search bar is a list of members, each with a circular profile picture containing initials, a name, and an email address. The members are:

- 20 20180404
- AB Aaron Baumann
Aaron.Baumann@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com
- AC Aaron Christ
Aaron.Christ@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com
- AE Aaron Eggers
Aaron.Eggers@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com
- AF Aaron Fehrenbach
Aaron.Fehrenbach@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com
- AF Aaron Fetzer
Aaron.Fetzer@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com
- AF Aaron Fisch
Aaron.Fisch@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com
- AH Aaron Heid
Aaron.Heid@OCSHOST.onmicrosoft.com

At the bottom of the dialog box is a blue button labeled "Select".

The new members are added to the group.

Figure 10-89: New Group Members



10. Proceed to [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Single Tenant Setup](#) on page 93.

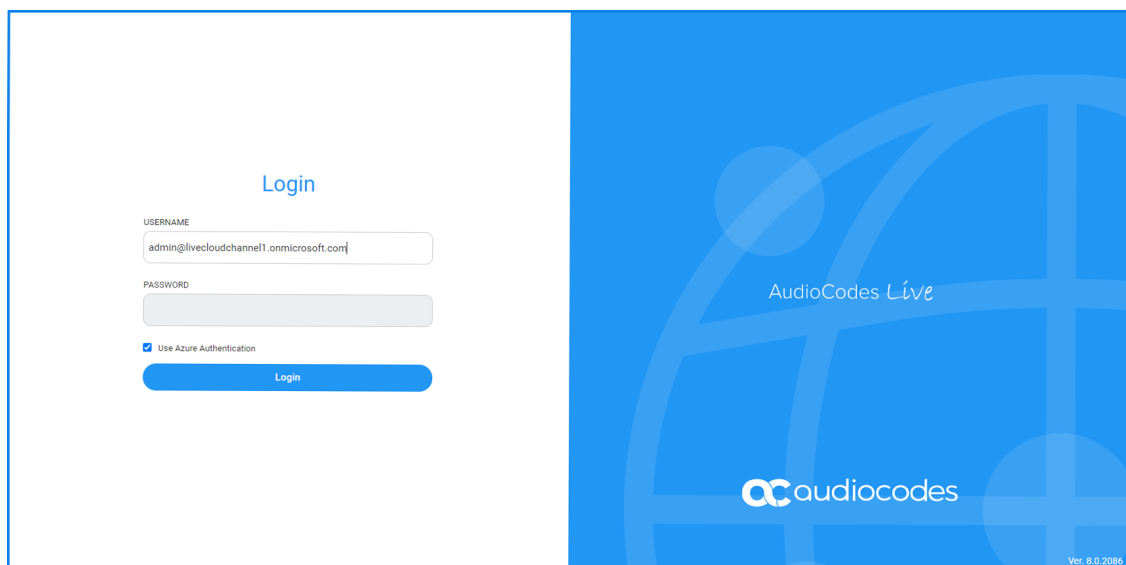
Add External Tenant Operators and Assign Roles

When you login to OVOC for the first time, a connection is established with Azure and the Application Registration for the main tenant, for example, 'OVAdmin' is added under the **Enterprise applications** for your registered tenant on Azure. You must then login to the Azure portal, navigate to this application and assign the 'admin' role to the designated operators. This procedure is relevant for adding non-system service provider operators to OVOC.

➤ Do the following:

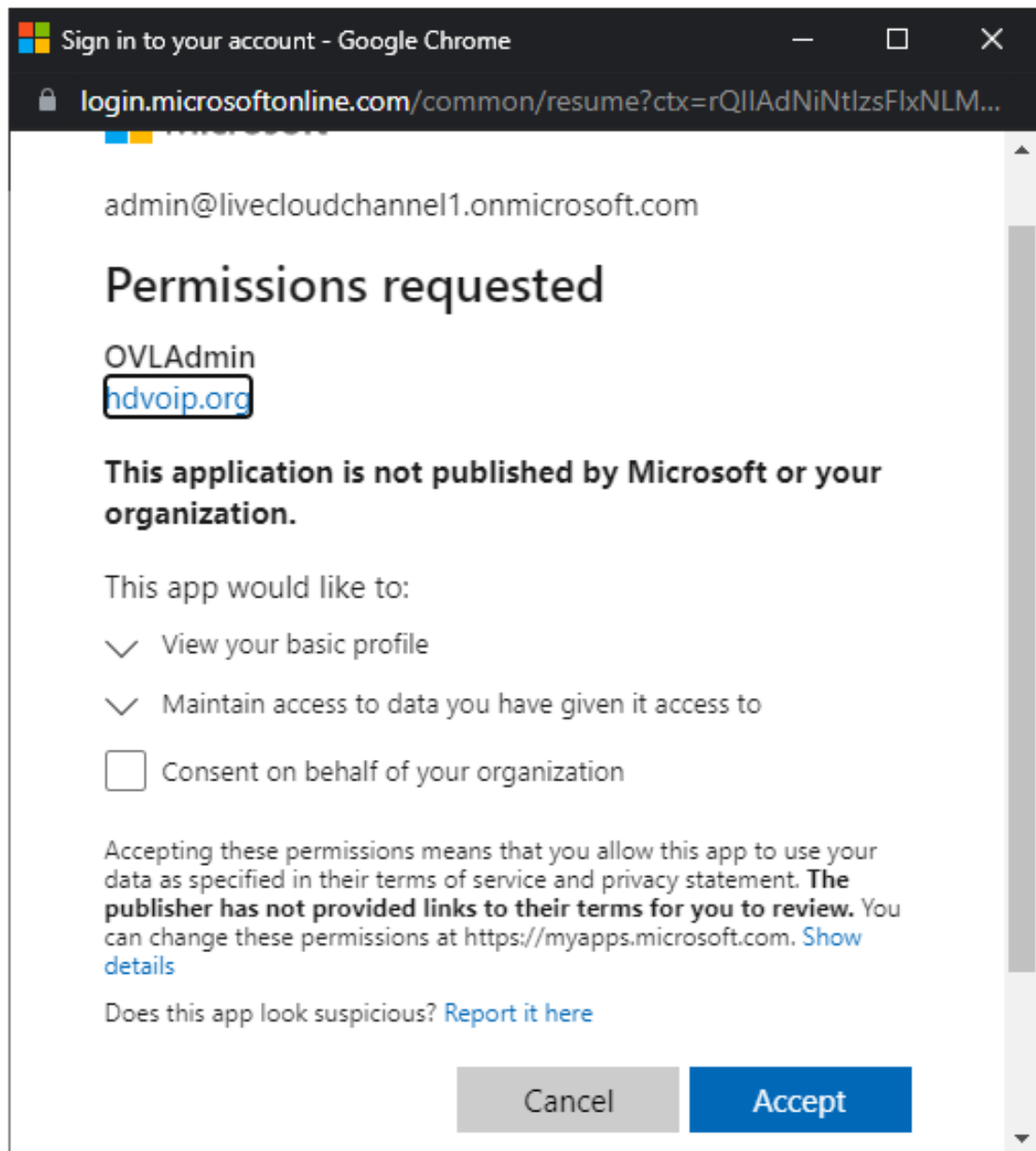
1. Login to OVOC interface with the appropriate Admin permissions for the Azure tenant (login with Admin operators that you defined in [Create Azure Groups and Assign Members](#) on page 126).

Figure 10-90: Initial Operator Login



The Azure authentication and Permissions request dialog is displayed:

Figure 10-91: Permissions requested



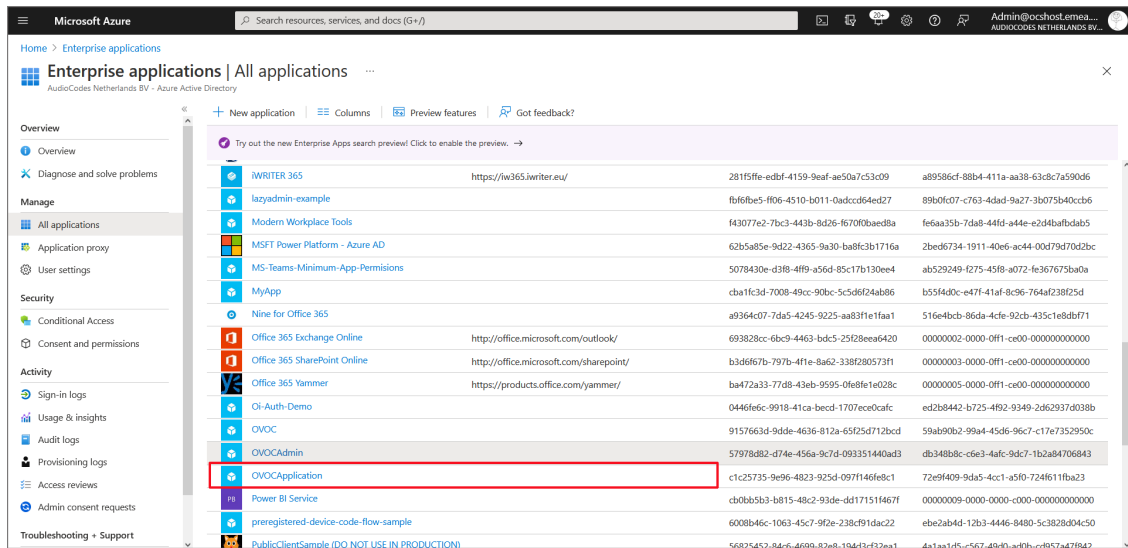
2. Select the **Consent on behalf of your organization** check box and then click **Accept**.



If for any reason, you did not select "Consent on behalf of your organization" or do not have 'Admin' permissions for this tenant, then this operation cannot be successfully applied until approved by Service Provider Admin, see [Troubleshooting - Granting Admin Consent](#) on page 137.

3. Login to the Azure portal with Tenant 'Admin' permissions and navigate to the newly created OVOC application (**Enterprise applications > OVOCApplication**).

Figure 10-92: OVOC Application



4. In the Navigation pane, select **Users and groups**.

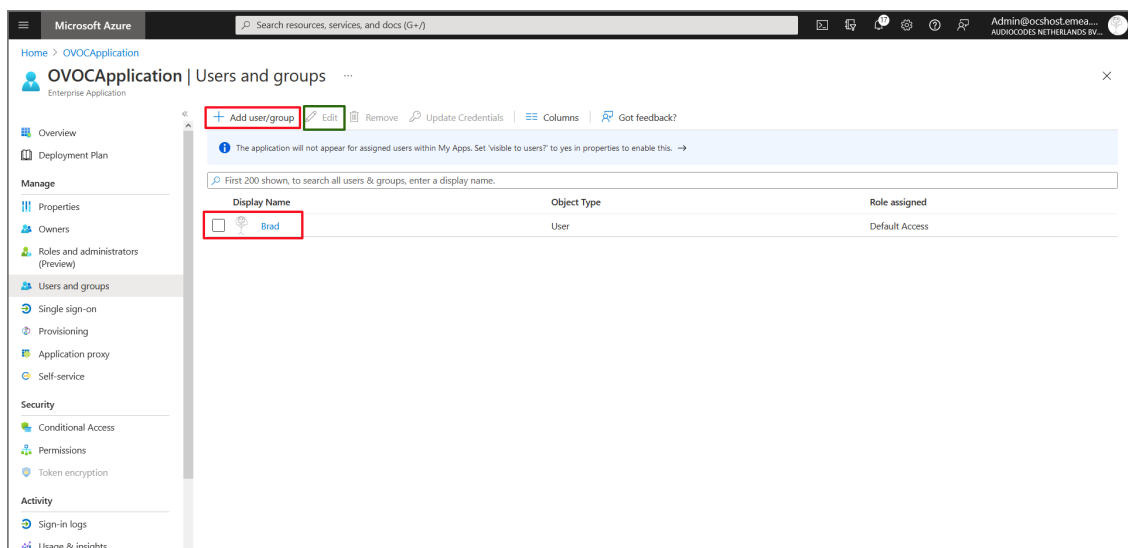
Figure 10-93: Users and Groups

Figure 10-94:

5. Do one of the following:

- Assign role to a new user
- Assign role to existing user

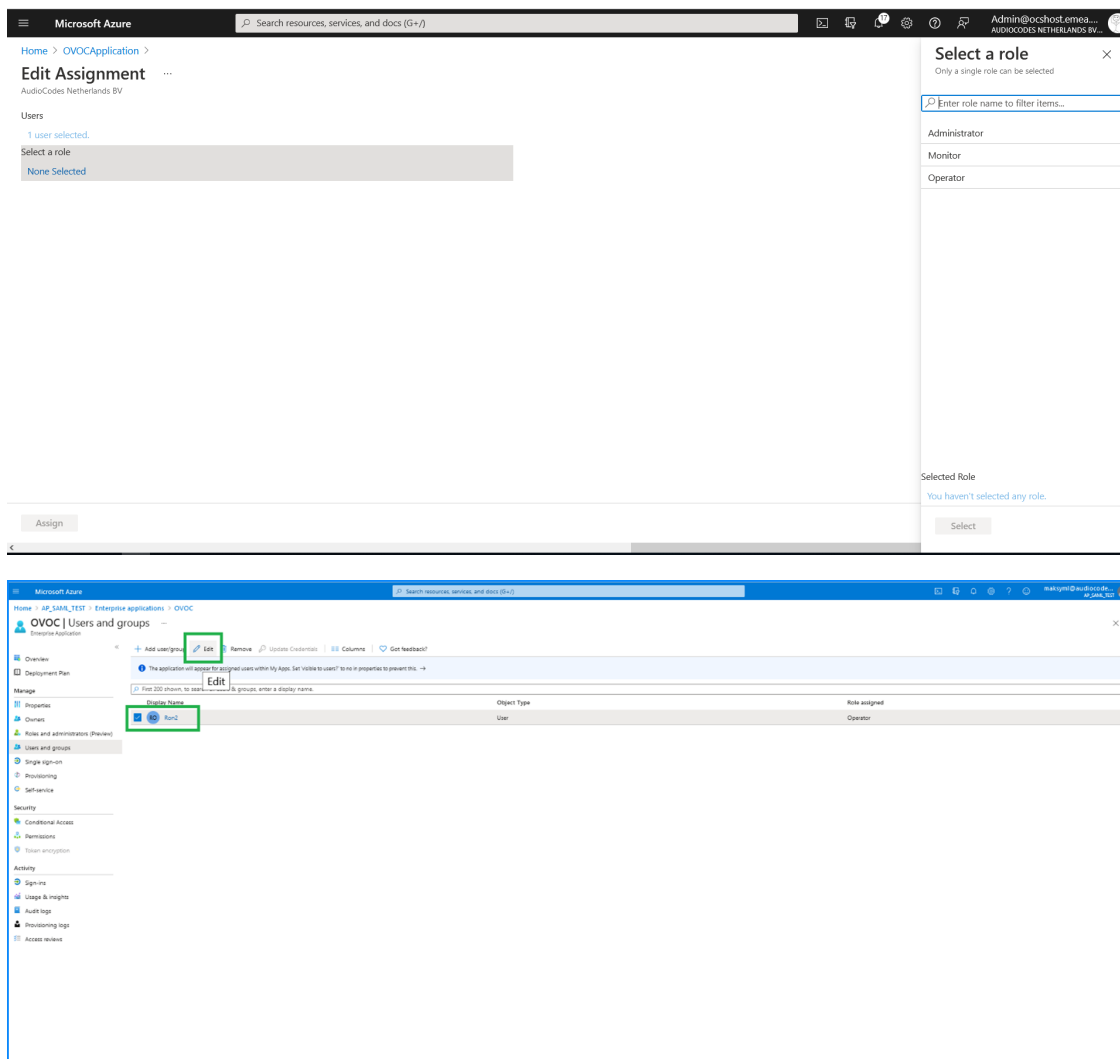
Figure 10-95: Assign Role to New User /Existing User



➤ To assign a role to an existing user:

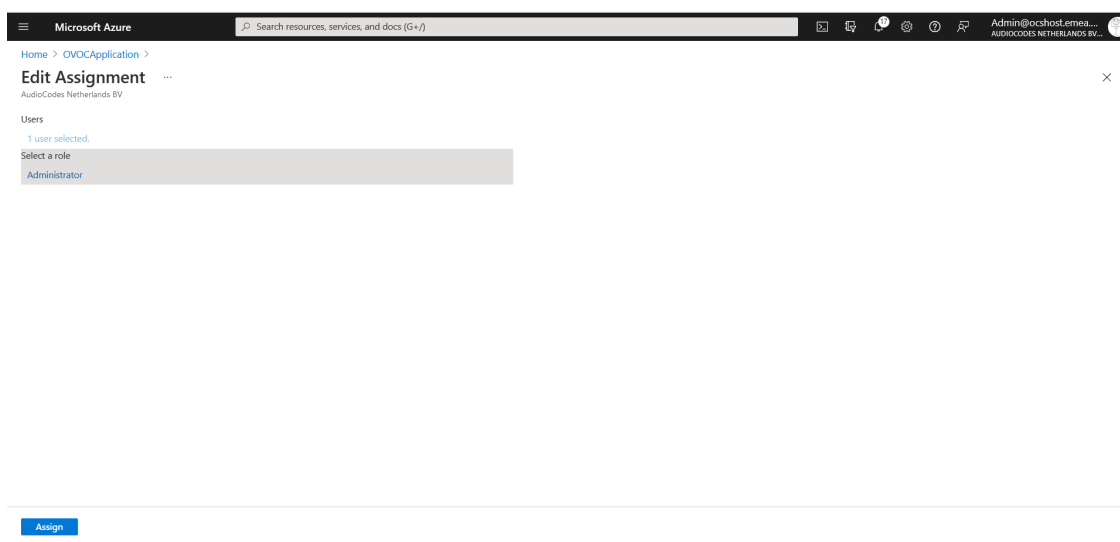
1. Choose a particular user in the list and then click **Edit**.

Figure 10-96: Edit Assignment



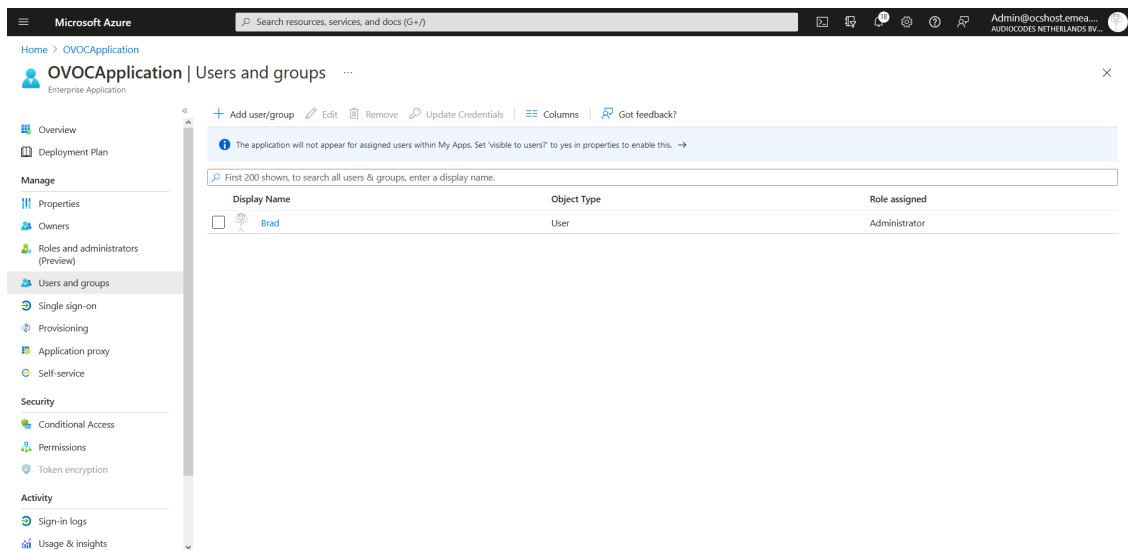
2. In the left pane, under “Select a role” click **None Selected**.
3. In the right pane, choose the relevant role and then click **Select**.

Figure 10-97: Add Assignment



4. Confirm by clicking **Assign**.

Figure 10-98: Existing User Defined with "Admin" Role



➤ To Assign a role to a new user:

1. In the left pane under Users, click **None Selected**.
2. In the right pane, choose the relevant user and then click **Select**.

Figure 10-99: Choose User

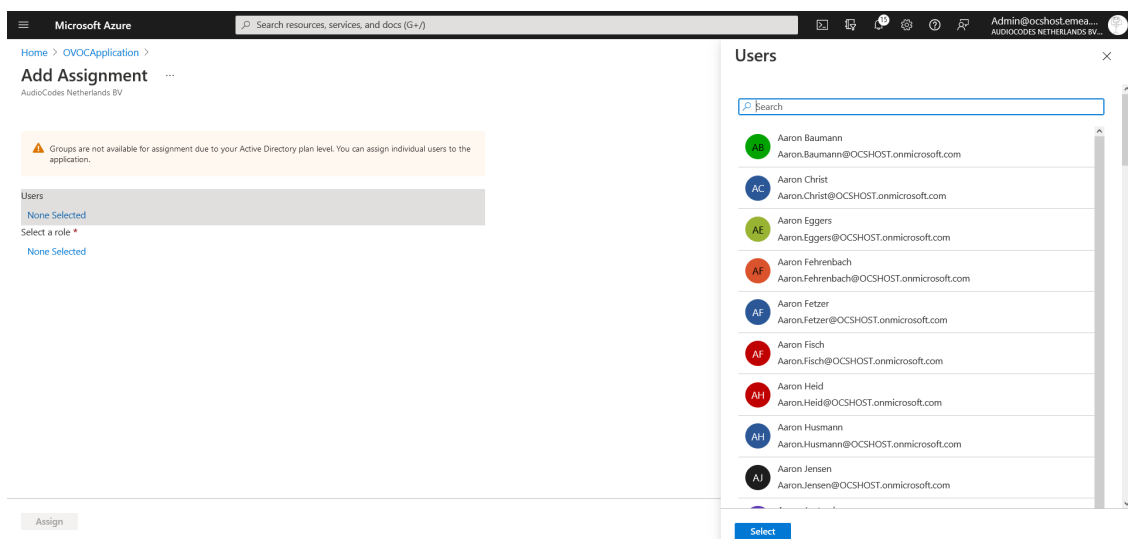
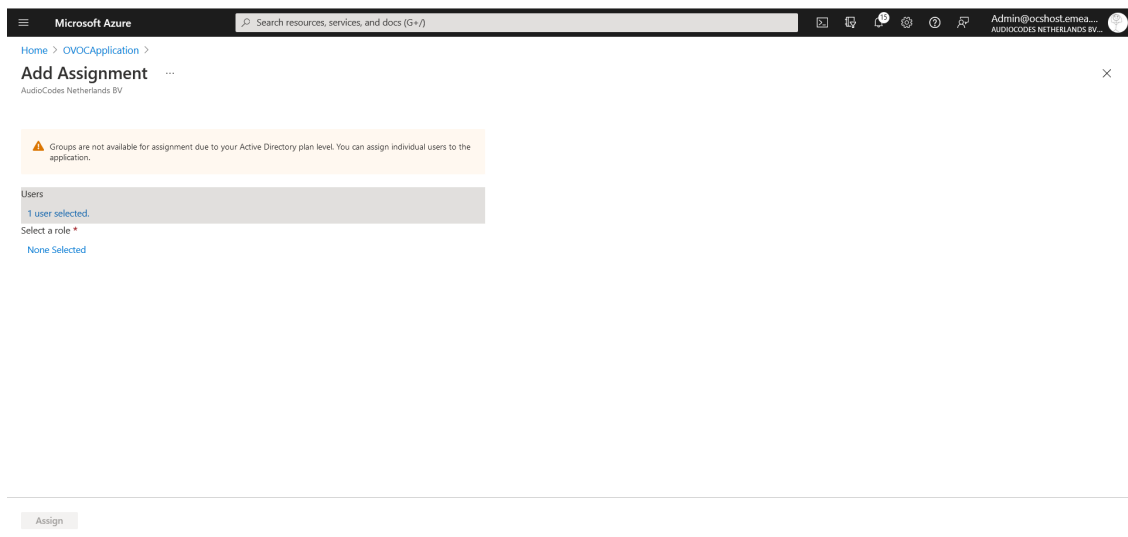
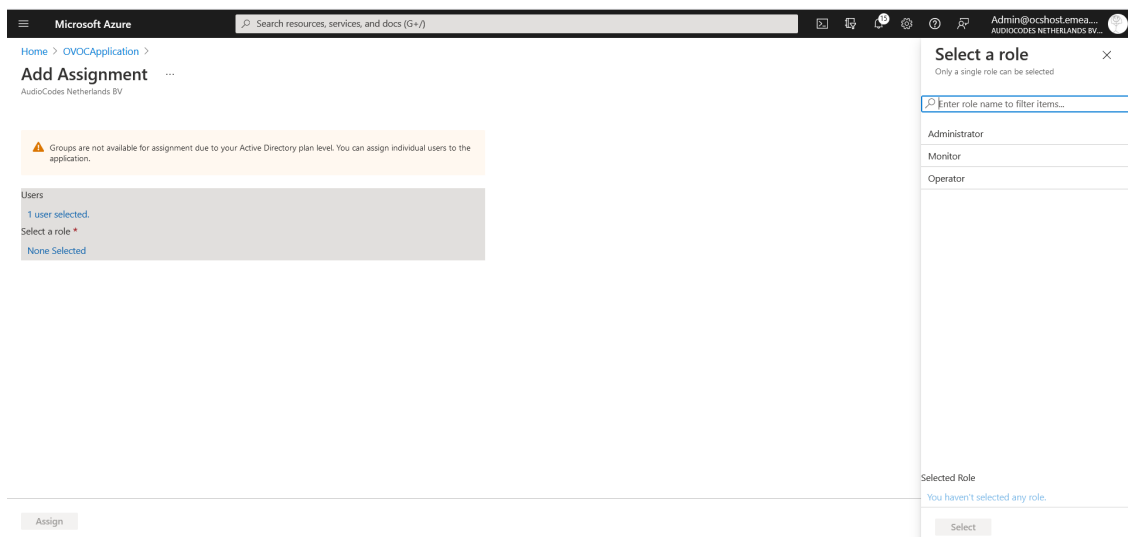


Figure 10-100 User Selected



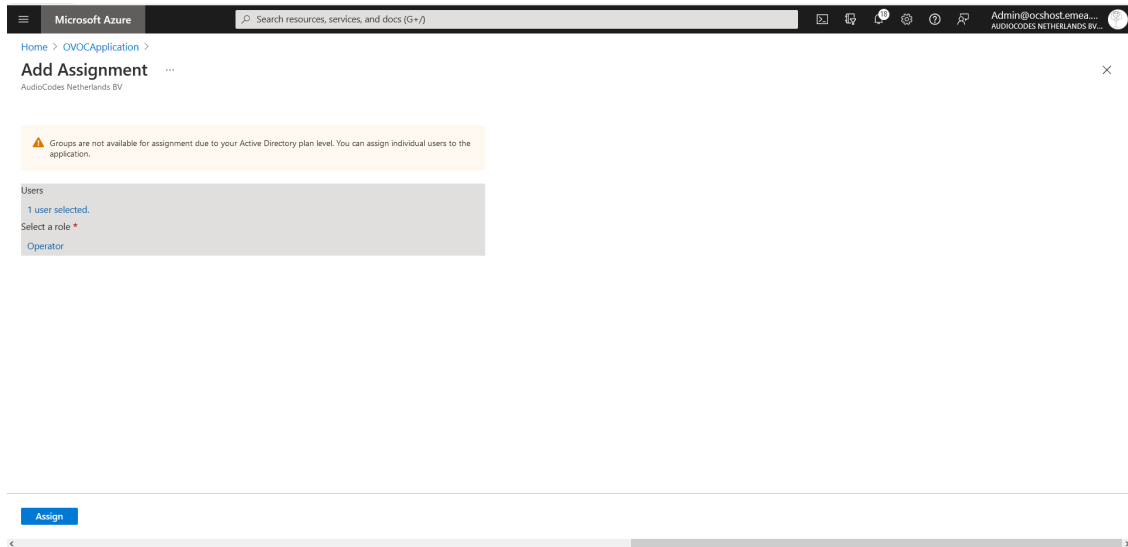
3. In the left pane under Select a role, click **None Selected**.

Figure 10-101 Select a Role



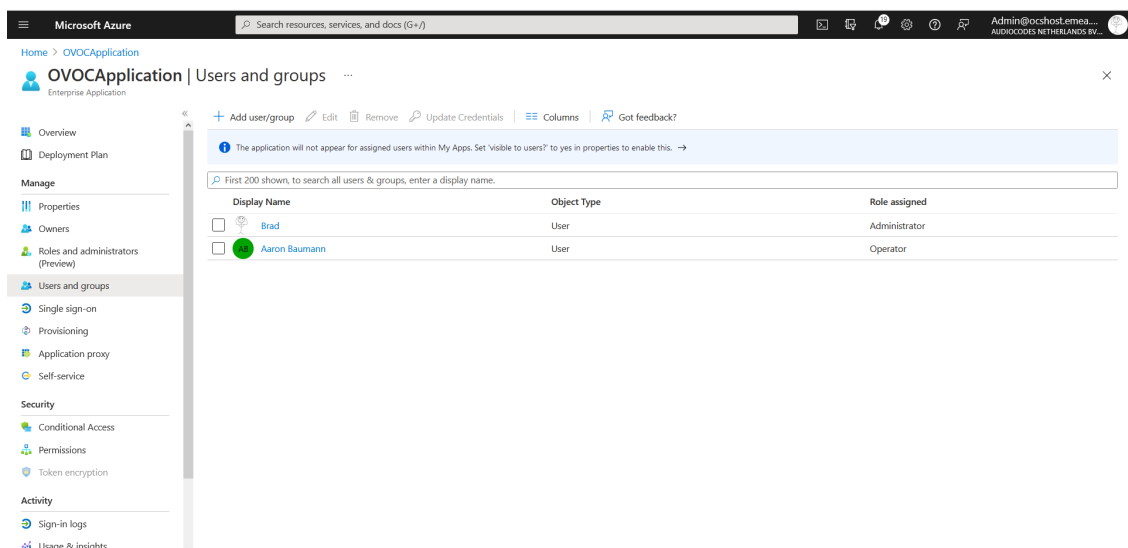
4. In the right pane, choose the relevant role and then click **Select**.

Figure 10-102 Assign Role to New User



5. Confirm by clicking **Assign**.

Figure 10-103 New User Assigned "Operator" Role



6. Do one of the following:

- If configuring a Multitenant setup for the first time proceed to [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Setup](#) on page 110.
- If upgrading from a Single Tenant setup proceed to [Configuring OVOC Web Azure Settings - Multitenant Upgrade](#) on page 124

Troubleshooting - Granting Admin Consent

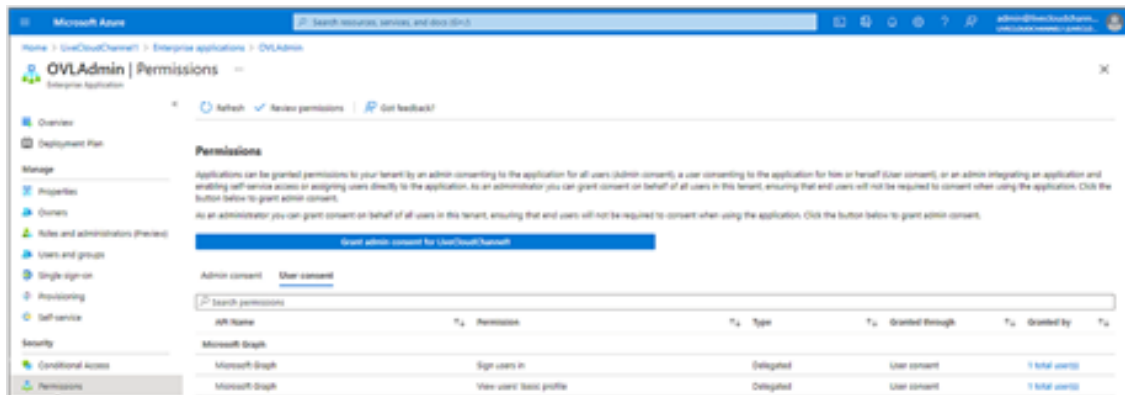
This procedure describes the actions required for granting admin consent for the OVOC application.

➤ To grant admin consent:

1. Login to Azure portal with “admin” of Azure channel tenant.

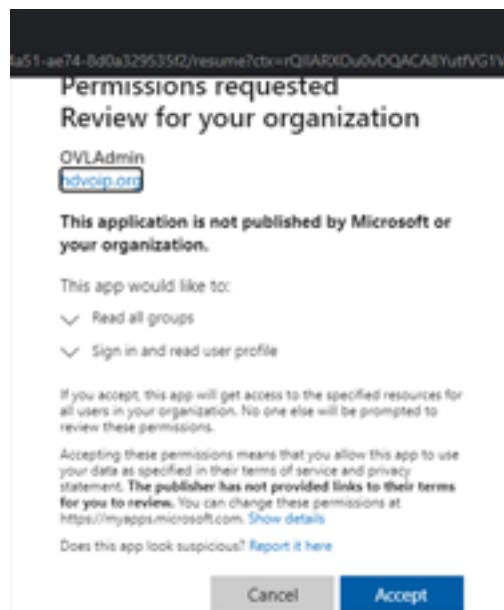
2. In the Navigation pane, select **Active Directory > Enterprise applications > OVOC Application**
3. Select **Security > Permissions**.

Figure 10-104 Permissions



4. Click **Grant admin consent for OVOC**. The following screen is displayed:

Figure 10-105 Permissions Requested



5. Click **Accept**.

11 Setting Up Microsoft Teams Subscriber Notifications Services Connection

This section describes how to setup the connection between the OVOC server and the Microsoft Teams Subscriber service on Office 365/Microsoft 365/Microsoft Azure. In order to connect to Teams, the OVOC server Public IP should be accessible from the Global Internet and the OVOC server should have access to the Global Internet. In addition, the Directory (tenant) ID and the Client (application) ID are required to establish the connection. This section includes the following procedures:

- [Register Microsoft Teams Application](#) below
- [Configure Microsoft Graph API Permissions](#) on page 143
- [Define OVOC FQDN and Load Certificate](#) on page 146

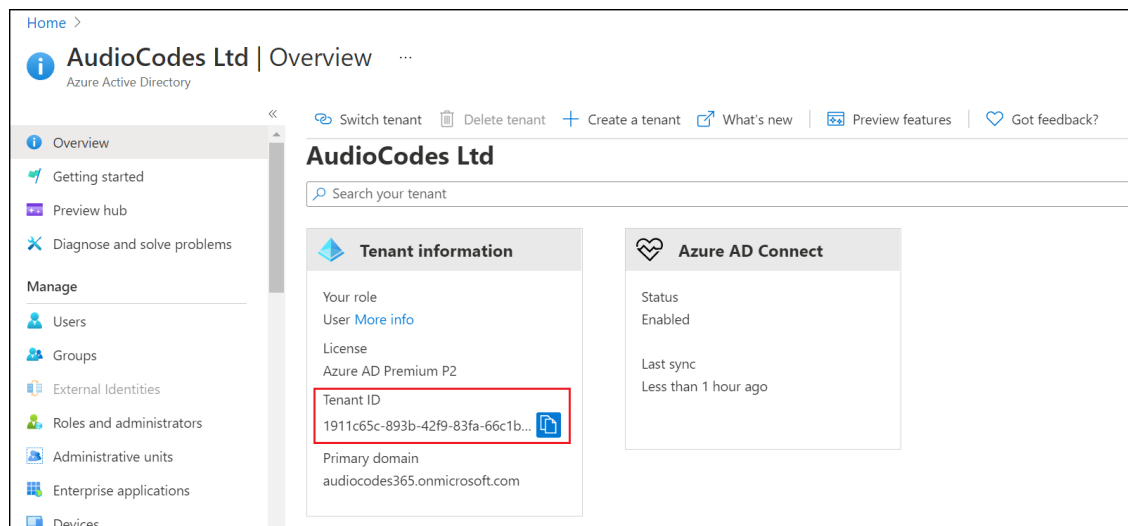
Register Microsoft Teams Application

This procedure describes how to register the Microsoft Teams application that is used for retrieving Call Notifications for the managed Microsoft Teams tenant.

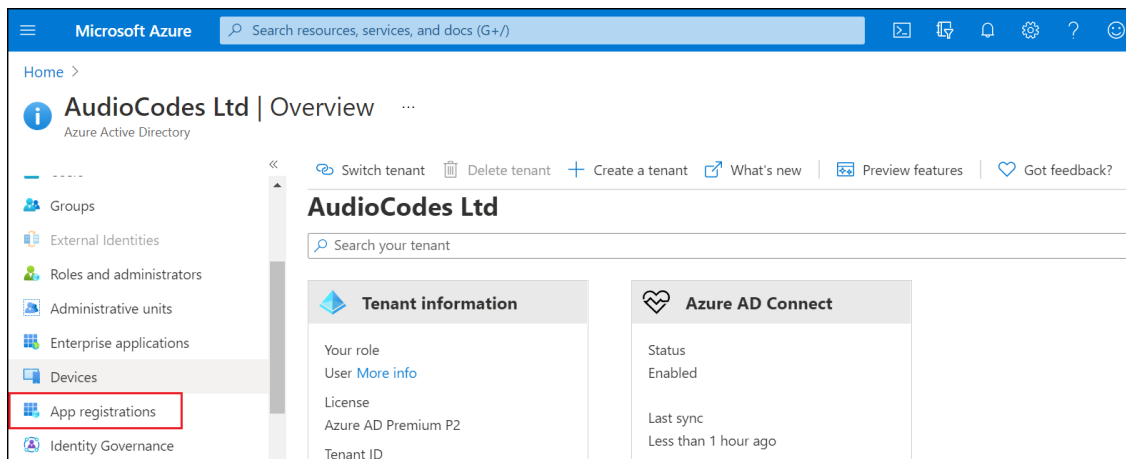
➤ To register the application:

1. Open the Azure Portal, the Overview page is displayed with the Tenant ID of the managed Teams tenant.

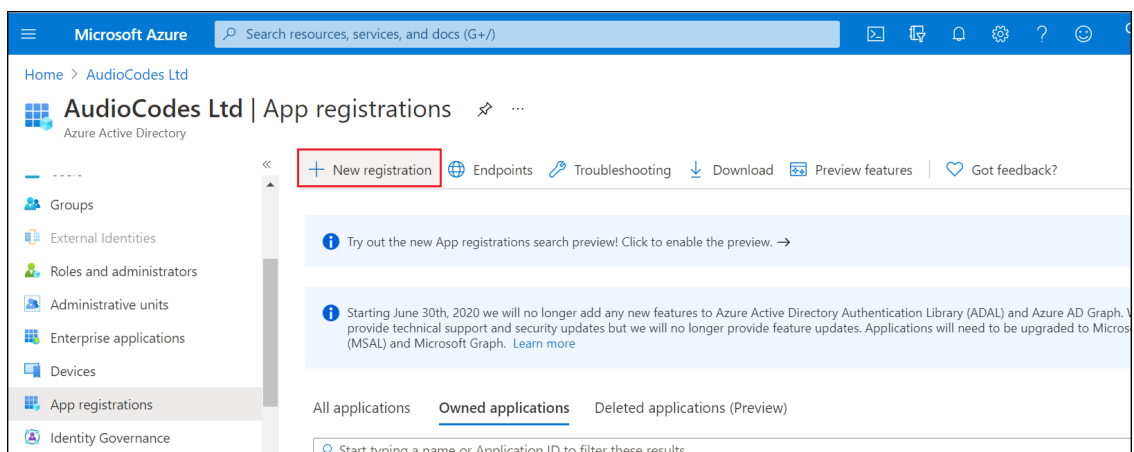
Figure 11-1: Tenant ID



2. In the Navigation pane, select **App registrations**.

Figure 11-2: App Registrations

3. Click **New registration**.

Figure 11-3: New registration

4. Enter the name of the application and then click **Register**.

Figure 11-4: Name the application

Home > AudioCodes Ltd >

Register an application ...

* Name

The user-facing display name for this application (this can be changed later).

OVOC_Teams ✓

Supported account types

Who can use this application or access this API?

☒ Accounts in this organizational directory only (AudioCodes Ltd only - Single tenant)

☐ Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant)

☒ Accounts in any organizational directory (Any Azure AD directory - Multitenant) and personal Microsoft accounts (e.g. Skype, Xbox)

☐ Personal Microsoft accounts only

By proceeding, you agree to the [Microsoft Platform Policies](#)

Register

Figure 11-5: Successful Registration

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > AudioCodes Ltd >

OVOC_Teams

Search (Ctrl+)

Delete Endpoints Preview features

Got a second? We would love your feedback on Microsoft identity platform (previously Azure AD for developer). →

Essentials

Display name
OVOC_Teams

Application (client) ID
4c252f59-59ef-40f0-a9e6-3675d494cdea

Directory (tenant) ID
1911c65c-893b-42f9-83fa-66c1b86dfd85

Object ID
416bc25f-6644-4758-b07d-ff37e0c4030d

Supported account types
My organization only

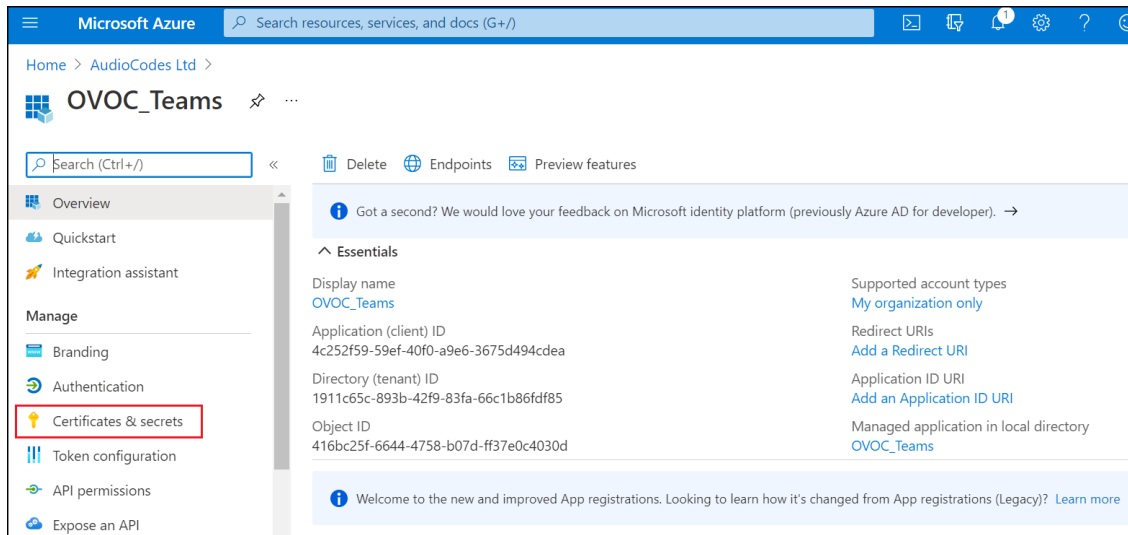
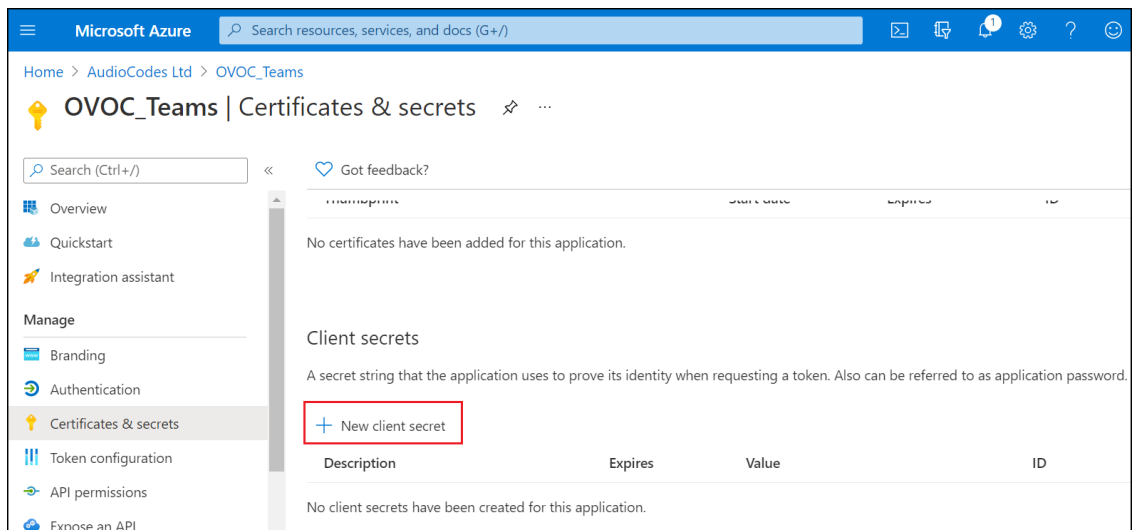
Redirect URIs
[Add a Redirect URI](#)

Application ID URI
[Add an Application ID URI](#)

Managed application in local directory
OVOC_Teams

Welcome to the new and improved App registrations. Looking to learn how it's changed from App registrations (Legacy)? [Learn more](#)

5. In the Navigation pane select **Certificate & Secrets**.

Figure 11-6: Certificate & Secrets**6. Click New client secret.****Figure 11-7: New Client Secret****7. Click Add.**

The newly added client secret is added as shown in the figure below.

Figure 11-8: Add a client secret

Microsoft Azure Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > AudioCodes Ltd > OVOC_Teams

OVOC_Teams | Certificates & secrets

Search (Ctrl+/) Got feedback?

Overview
Quickstart
Integration assistant

Manage

Branding
Authentication
Certificates & secrets
Token configuration

Add a client secret

Description

Expires

☒ In 1 year
☐ In 2 years
☐ Never

Add Cancel

- The client secret is added as shown in the screen below. Copy it to the clipboard as you will be required to enter it in later configuration.

Figure 11-9: Added Certificates & Secrets

Home > AudioCodes Ltd > OVOC_Teams

OVOC_Teams | Certificates & secrets

Search (Ctrl+/) Got feedback?

Overview
Quickstart
Integration assistant

Manage

Branding
Authentication
Certificates & secrets
Token configuration
API permissions
Expose an API
App roles | Preview

Copy the new client secret value. You won't be able to retrieve it after you perform another operation or leave this blade.

No certificates have been added for this application.

Client secrets

A secret string that the application uses to prove its identity when requesting a token. Also can be referred to as application password.

+ New client secret

Description	Expires	Value
Password uploaded on Mon Mar 08 2021	3/8/2022	EDvwCO2ucE-R6oi3zL4_hA_8BHDr5B-G... 716f73c1-dbc1-4b45-ae4a-9591ed5ee...

Copy to clipboard

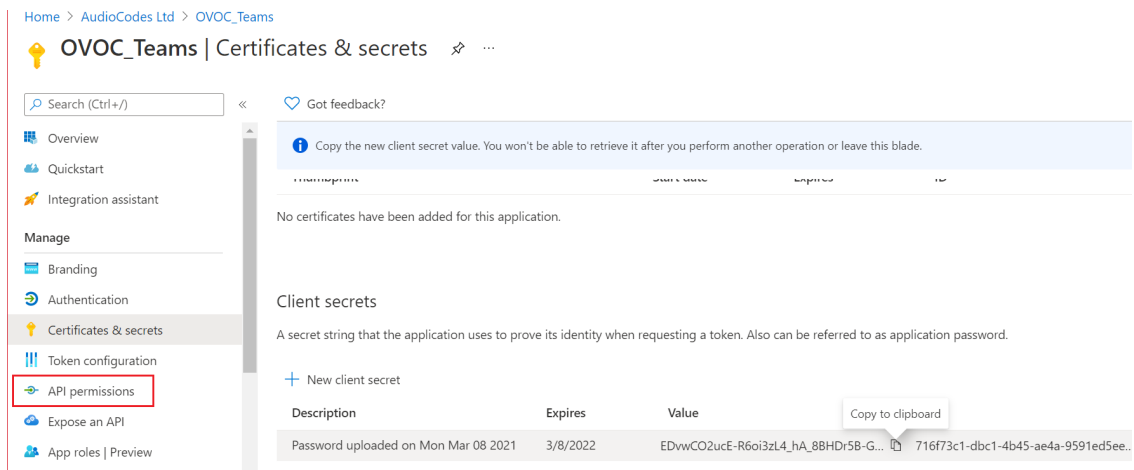
Configure Microsoft Graph API Permissions

This procedure describes how to configure the appropriate permissions to connect to Microsoft Graph API that is used to interface with Microsoft Teams to retrieve the Call Notifications.

➤ To configure Microsoft Graph permissions:

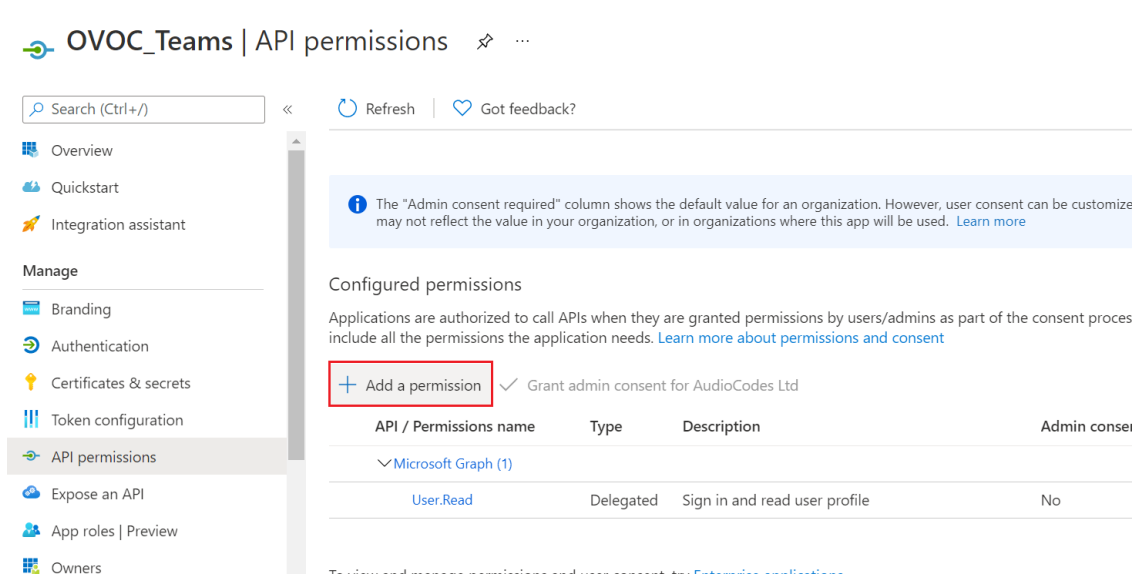
- In the Navigation pane, select **API permissions**.

Figure 11-10: API Permissions



2. Click **Add a permission**.

Figure 11-11: Add a permission



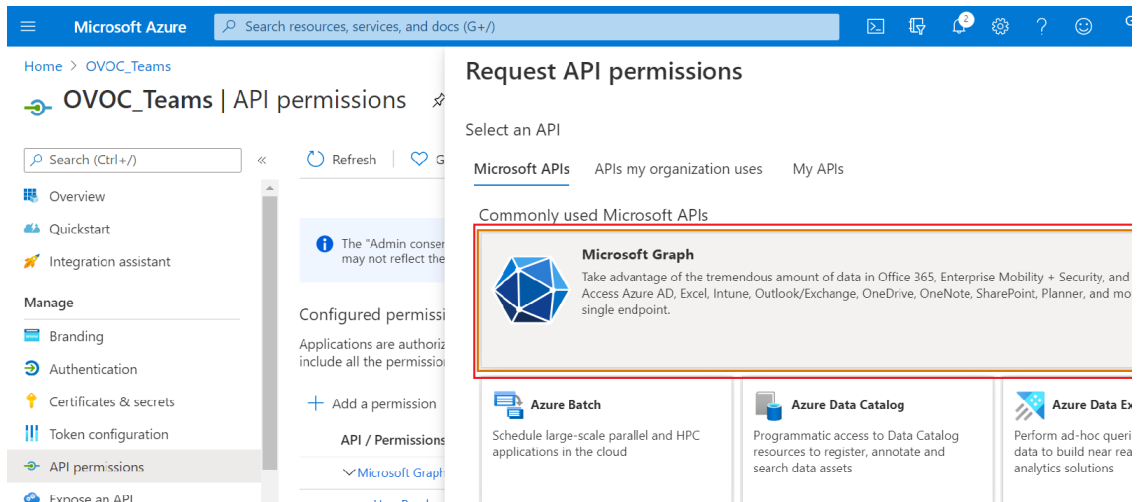
3. Select **Grant Admin Consent for** and select **Yes**.



If the App hasn't been granted admin consent, users are prompted to grant consent the first time they use the App.

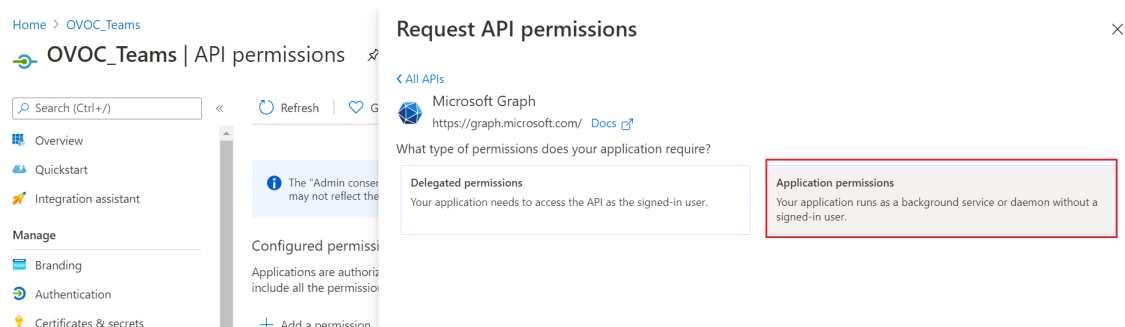
4. Select **Microsoft Graph**.

Figure 11-12: Request API Permissions



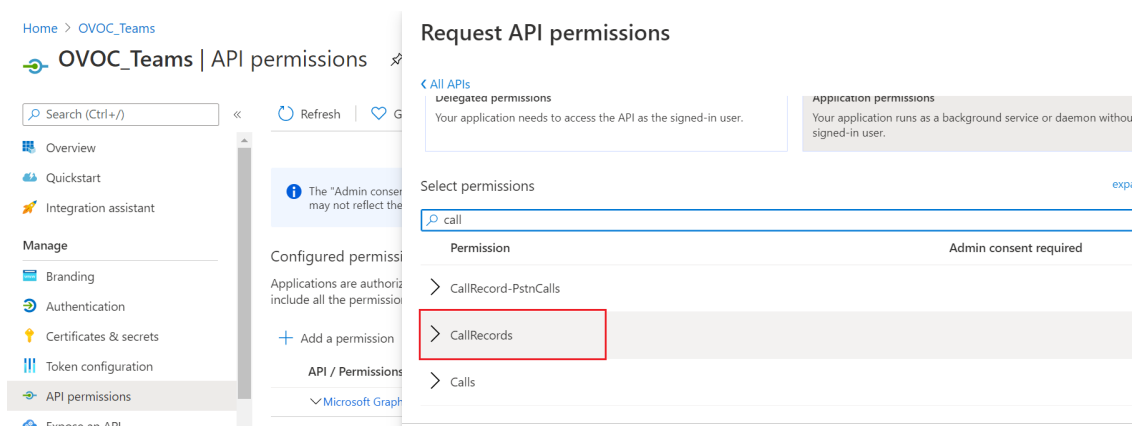
5. Select Application permissions.

Figure 11-13: Application permissions



6. Search for Permission Call Records.

Figure 11-14: Call Records



7. Set permission **CallRecords.Read.All** to enable access to retrieved call notifications.

Figure 11-15: API Permissions

Home > OVOC_Teams

OVOC_Teams | API permissions

Search (Ctrl+/) Refresh Got feedback?

Overview

Quickstart

Integration assistant

Manage

Branding

Authentication

Certificates & secrets

Token configuration

API permissions

Expose an API

App roles | Preview

You are editing permission(s) to your application, users will have to consent even if they've already done so previously.

Configured permissions

Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted permissions by users/admins as part of the consent process. The list include all the permissions the application needs. [Learn more about permissions and consent](#)

+ Add a permission ✓ Grant admin consent for AudioCodes Ltd

API / Permissions name	Type	Description	Admin consent req...
Microsoft Graph (2)			
CallRecords.Read.All	Application	Read all call records	Yes
User.Read	Delegated	Sign in and read user profile	No

8. You can optionally set permission **User.Read** to display caller details in retrieved call records.

Figure 11-16: User Read Permissions

Home > OVOC_Teams

OVOC_Teams | API permissions

Search (Ctrl+/) Refresh Got feedback?

Overview

Quickstart

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Authentication

Certificates & secrets

Token configuration

API permissions

Expose an API

App roles | Preview

You are editing permission(s) to your application, users will have to consent even if they've already done so previously.

Configured permissions

Applications are authorized to call APIs when they are granted permissions by users/admins as part of the consent process. The list include all the permissions the application needs. [Learn more about permissions and consent](#)

+ Add a permission ✓ Grant admin consent for AudioCodes Ltd

API / Permissions name	Type	Description	Admin consent req...
Microsoft Graph (2)			
CallRecords.Read.All	Application	Read all call records	Yes
User.Read.All	Application	Read all users' full profiles	Yes

Define OVOC FQDN and Load Certificate

You need to define the OVOC server with an FQDN that binds to the OVOC Server Public IP address. This FQDN should bind to the OVOC server public IP address and be defined in the public DNS server – each request from every PC connected to the internet should be able to reach the OVOC Public IP address from the FQDN.

➤ Do the following:

1. Verify that the DNS resolving for the OVOC FQDN is successful, for example Google.com (include example with OVOC Hostname):

```
C:\Users\enterprise1user>nslookup
www.google.com

Server:   tlc-ovoc.trunkpack.com

Address:  10.1.1.10

Non-authoritative answer:

Name:     www.google.com

Addresses: 2a00:1450:4006:801::2004

172.217.18.36
```

2. In the OVOC Web, open the OVOC Server Configuration screen (**System** menu > **Administration** tab > **OVOC Server** folder > **Configuration**)

Figure 11-17: OVOC Server Configuration

The screenshot displays the 'GENERAL SETTINGS' section of the OVOC Server Configuration interface. The 'OVOC Hostname' field is highlighted with a yellow border and contains the value 'tlc-ovoc.trunkpack.com'. Other fields include 'Description' (Audiocodes), 'SBC Devices Communication' (IP Based), 'Privacy Mode' (unchecked), 'Global Logo' (globalLogo.png), 'Service Request URL' (https://acext1-tst2.custhelp.com/ci/pta/login/redirect_to/app/account/q), and 'Service Request Password' (masked with dots). A 'Submit' button is located at the bottom right.

3. Generate a server certificate with a known Certificate Authority with the OVOC FQDN defined in the CN (or alternatively in SAN) and then import it to the OVOC server

(overriding default server certificate) using "Option 3 Import Server Certificates from Certificate Authority (CA)" in the Server Certificates Update menu (see [Server Certificates Update](#) on page 273

4. On the device Web interface, open the Network Settings screen (**Setup** menu > **IP Network** tab > **Advanced** folder).

Figure 11-18: Network Settings

Network Settings

GENERAL

Host Name: tfc-sbc.trunkpack.com

DHCP

Enable DHCP: Disable

ICMP

Send and Receive ICMP Redirect Messages: Disable

Don't Send ICMP Unreachable Messages: Disable

TCP

TCP Timestamp: Enable

OSN

OSN Native VLAN ID: 0

Block OSN Port: Enable

Cancel APPLY

5. Configure the Host Name of the SBC. This hostname is retrieved by the User Management Pack (in Live Cloud for Teams setup) and is used to secure the connection with Microsoft Teams.

12 Managing Device Connections

When the connections between the OVOC server and the managed devices traverse a NAT or firewall, direct connections cannot be established (both for OVOC > Device connections and for Device > OVOC connections). OVOC provides methods for overcoming this issue. These methods can be used for both initial setup and Second-Day management:

- [Establishing OVOC-Devices Connections](#) below
- [Establishing Devices - OVOC Connections](#) on page 153

The table below describes the different connection scenarios.

Table 12-1: Device Connection Scenarios

Configuration Option/Deployment Scenario	OVOC				Devices		
	AWS	Azure	On-Premises	Public Network	AWS	Azure	On-Premises
AudioCodes SBC Devices							
Cloud Architecture Mode	√	√		-	√	√	√
OVOC Server Configured with Public IP	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
Phones							
Device Manager Agent	-	-	√	-	-	-	√



- For OVOC Managed devices: All remote connections for OVOC managed devices require a configured WAN interface on the managed device.
- For more information for phone and Jabra/Third-party vendor device connections, refer to the *OVOC Security Guidelines* and to the *Device Manager Agent Installation and Configuration Guide/Device Manager for Third-Party Vendor Products Administrator's Manual*.

Establishing OVOC-Devices Connections

When OVOC is deployed behind a firewall or NAT in the cloud or in a remote network, it cannot establish a direct connection with managed devices using its private IP address. Consequently, you must configure the OVOC Server IP address as follows:

- For OVOC Cloud deployments: Configure the OVOC server public IP address.

- For OVOC deployments in a remote public network: Configure the IP address of the NAT router.

See [Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface](#) below

If your deployment implements multitenancy, separate NAT applicative interfaces can be configured for each tenant. See [Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Tenant](#) on the next page

Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface

This option configures the OVOC server with a physical NAT interface for connecting to devices that are deployed behind a NAT in a remote Enterprise or Cloud network.



- When the "Cloud Architecture" mode is enabled, this option is removed from the OVOC Server Manager "Network Configuration" menu.
- NAT configuration supports IPv4 only.

➤ To configure OVOC Server with Public IP address:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **NAT**, and then press Enter.

Figure 12-1: Configure NAT IP

```
Main Menu> Network Configuration> NAT Configuration
>1.NAT Per Interface Configuration
 2.NAT Per Tenant Configuration
 b.Back
 q.Quit to main Menu
```

2. Choose option **NAT Per Interface Configuration**.


Figure 12-2: NAT Per Interface Configuration

```
Main Menu> Network Configuration> NAT Configuration
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
-----
Type: IP6
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
Interface: ens256
IP: 10.10.10.10
Type: IP4
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
Interface: ens224
IP: 5.5.5.5
Type: IP4
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
>1.Add NAT      <OVOC Application will be restarted>
 2.Edit NAT     <OVOC Application will be restarted>
 3.Delete NAT   <OVOC Application will be restarted>
 b.Back
 q.Quit to main Menu
```

➤ To add a NAT interface:

1. Choose option 1.

Figure 12-3: Add NAT



```
ADD NAT action
1> ens160 IPv4
2> ens192 IPv6
3> ens256 IPv4
4> ens224 IPv4
5> Quit
: █
```

2. Enter the NAT interface that you wish to add.
3. Enter the NAT IP address, and then press Enter.
4. Type **y** to confirm the changes.
5. Stop and start the OVOC server for the changes to take effect.

➤ **To edit a NAT interface:**

1. Choose option 2.
2. Enter the NAT interface that you wish to edit.
3. Enter the IP address of the NAT interface, and then press Enter.
4. Type **y** to confirm the changes.
5. Stop and start the OVOC server for the changes to take effect.

➤ **To remove a NAT interface:**

1. Choose Option 3.
2. Enter the NAT interface that you wish to remove.
3. Type **y** to confirm the changes.
4. Stop and start the OVOC server for the changes to take effect.

Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Tenant

This option can be configured when OVOC is deployed behind a different NAT to customer tenants. It allows the configuration of an applicative level NAT interface for each tenant domain; Devices' incoming communication like SNMP traps, license reports and file upload/download will communicate via the tenants' NAT interface.

➤ **To configure NAT IP addresses per tenant:**

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **NAT**, and then press Enter.

Figure 12-4: NAT Configuration per Tenant

```
Main Menu> Network Configuration> NAT Configuration
>1. NAT Per Interface Configuration
2. NAT Per Tenant Configuration
b. Back
q. Quit to main Menu
```

2. Choose option **NAT Per Tenant Configuration**.

```
Choose a tenant Index:
0> T_4-6 NAT:
1> 1 NAT:
2> fg2 NAT:
3> Tenant1 NAT:
4> Tenant_Full_Tests NAT:
5> Tenant_Full2_Tests2 NAT:
6> Tenant2 NAT:
7> Tenant3 NAT:
8> ZOOM NAT:
9> OC NAT:
10> OC-JSON NAT:
11> OC_and_ZOOM NAT:
12> OC_no_T_Id NAT:
13> A NAT:
14> dddddddddd NAT:
15> a NAT:
16> Quit
: █
```

3. Enter the number corresponding to the tenant that you wish to configure.

Figure 12-5: NAT IP Address

NAT IP Address : []: █

4. Enter the NAT IP address of the Tenant. Restart is required to apply changes.

Figure 12-6: Configure WAN

```

Note: Restart will be needed to apply the changes.
0> T_4-6          NAT:
1> 1              NAT:
2> fg2            NAT:
3> Tenant_Full_Tests          NAT:
4> Tenant_Full2_Tests2       NAT:
5> Tenant2              NAT:
6> Tenant3              NAT:
7> ZOOM                NAT:
8> OC                 NAT:
9> OC-JSON              NAT:
10> OC_and_ZOOM         NAT:
11> OC_no_T_Id         NAT:
12> a                  NAT:
13> ddddddddddd       NAT:
14> a                  NAT:
15> Tenant1           NAT: 1.1.1.1

>1. Edit NAT Per Tenant
  2. Delete NAT Per Tenant
  3. Restart To Apply Changes    <OVOC Application will be restarted>
  b. Back
  q. Quit to main Menu

```

➤ to change the NAT IP address:

- Choose option 1.

➤ to delete the NAT IP address:

- Choose option 2

➤ To restart the server:

- Choose option 3.

Establishing Devices - OVOC Connections

When devices are deployed behind a firewall or NAT in the cloud or in a remote network, they cannot connect establish a direct connection with the OVOC server. Consequently, the following methods can be used to overcome this issue:

- **Automatic Detection:** devices are connected automatically to OVOC through sending SNMP Keep-alive messages. See [Automatic Detection](#) below.
- **OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode:** Communication between OVOC deployed in the AWS and Azure Cloud and devices deployed either in the AWS Cloud or in a remote network are secured over an HTTP/S tunnel overlay network. See [Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode \(WebSocket Tunnel\)](#) on the next page

Automatic Detection

The Automatic Detection feature enables devices to be automatically connected to OVOC over SNMP. When devices are connected to the power supply in the enterprise network and/or are rebooted and initialized, they're automatically detected by the OVOC and added by default to the AutoDetection region. For this feature to function, devices must be configured with the OVOC server's IP address and configured to send keep-alive messages. OVOC then connects to the devices and automatically determines their firmware version and subnet. Devices are then

added to the appropriate tenant/region according to the best match for subnet address. When a default tenant exists, devices that cannot be successfully matched with a subnet are added to an automatically created AutoDetection Region under the default tenant. When a default tenant does not exist and the device cannot be matched with a subnet, the device isn't added to OVOC.



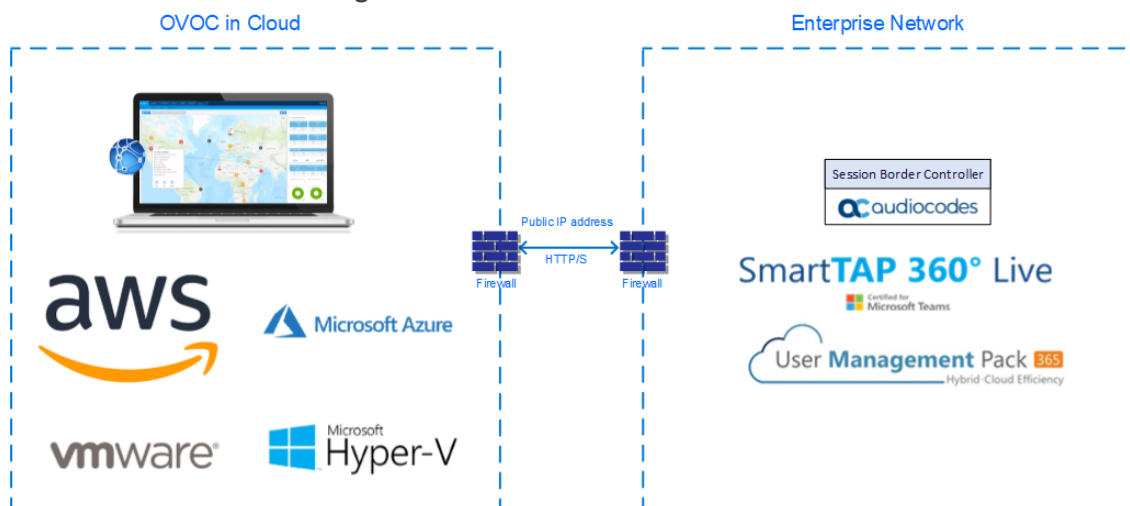
For more information, refer to Section "Adding AudioCodes Devices Automatically" in the *OVOC User's Manual*.

Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode (WebSocket Tunnel)

When OVOC is deployed in a public cloud and managed devices are either deployed in the Cloud or in an enterprise network, an automatic mechanism can be enabled to secure the OVOC server > SBC/UMP-365 Management Pack/SmartTAP 360° Live device communication through binding to a dedicated HTTP/S tunnel through a generic WebSocket server connection. This mechanism binds several different port connections including SNMP, HTTP, syslog and debug recording into an HTTP/S tunnel overlay network. This eliminates the need for administrators to manually manage firewall rules for these connections and to lease third-party VPN services. When operating in this mode, Single Sign-on can also be performed from the Devices Page link in the OVOC Web interface to devices deployed behind a NAT. The figure below illustrates the OVOC Cloud Architecture.

Figure 12-7: Cloud Architecture

Figure 12-8:



- This mode is supported on Microsoft Azure, Amazon AWS, VMware and HyperV platforms for all SBC devices Version 7.2.256 and later; SmartTAP Version 5.5 and later and UMP 365 Management Pack Version 8.0.220 and later.
- This mode is only supported for IPv4 networking addresses.

This section includes the following:

- **Before Enabling Cloud Architecture Mode** on the next page

- [Configuring Cloud Architecture Mode \(WebSocket Tunnel\)](#) on the next page
- [Change the Cloud Architecture Mode Service Password](#) on page 157

Before Enabling Cloud Architecture Mode

Before enabling Cloud Architecture mode, ensure the following:

- Ensure HTTP port 80 or HTTPS port 443 are open on the Enterprise firewall.



- For maximum security, its advised to implement this connection over HTTPS port 443 with One-way authentication. Mutual authentication is not supported for this mode.
- This connection can be secured using either AudioCodes certificates or custom certificates.
- Port 915 used for WebSocket Client and OVOC Server communication (internal) see [Configuring the Firewall](#) on page 297

- Ensure that all managed devices have been upgraded to the software version that supports this feature (refer to *SBC-Gateway Series Release Notes for Latest Release Versions 7.2*)



If devices are not appropriately upgraded then they cannot be managed in OVOC.

- Ensure that the following parameters have been configured for the managed devices (see [Configuring SBC for Tunnel Mode](#)):
- In the OVOC Web interface, the SBC Devices Communication parameter **must** be set to **IP Based** in the Configuration screen (**System** tab > **Administration** menu > **OVOC Server** folder > Configuration)

Configuring OVOC Web Interface for Tunnel Mode

This section describes how to configure the OVOC Web SBC device communication.

➤ To configure SBC devices communication:

1. Open the OVOC Server Configuration screen.

Figure 12-9: SBC Devices Communication

Figure 12-10:

The screenshot shows the OVOC Configuration interface. On the left is a sidebar menu with sections: ADMINISTRATION, CONFIGURATION, and TASKS. Under CONFIGURATION, there are sub-menus for LICENSE, SECURITY, and OVOC SERVER. The OVOC SERVER menu is expanded, showing options like Status, Info, Configuration (selected), Calls Storage, and Calls Status. The main content area is titled 'GENERAL SETTINGS' and contains the following fields:

- OVOC Hostname:** A text field containing 'xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx'.
- SBC Devices Communication:** A dropdown menu set to 'IP Based'.
- Privacy Mode:** An unchecked checkbox.
- globalLogo.png:** A field containing a logo image.
- Masked Digits Number:** A text field containing '4'.

At the bottom right of the main content area is a 'Submit' button. To the right of the main content area is a separate section titled 'OVOC INTERNAL MAIL SERVER SETTINGS' with the following fields:

- Internal Mail Server From Address:** A text field containing 'OVOC@audiocodes.com'.
- Internal Mail Server Real Name:** A text field containing 'OVOC'.

A 'Submit' button is also present at the bottom right of this section.

2. Set parameter SBC Devices Communication to **IP Based**.
3. Ensure that the OVOC Hostname is configured with IP address.

Configuring Cloud Architecture Mode (WebSocket Tunnel)

This option configures the OVOC server in a cloud topology. When configured, a "secure tunnel" overlay network" is established between the connected devices and the OVOC server. This connection is secured over a WebSocket connection. The Tunnel Status indicates the status for all sub-processes running for this architecture.

➤ To setup cloud architecture:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **Cloud Architecture**.

Figure 12-11: Cloud Architecture

```

Main Menu> Network Configuration> Cloud Architecture
-----
Cloud Architecture Status:    ENABLED
Tunnel Interface:            eth0 <main>
Tunnel Status:               UP
>1.Disable Cloud Architecture  <The server will be rebooted>
2.Add new user
3.Edit user password
b.Back
q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Select option **Enable Cloud Architecture**.
3. Select the IPv4 interface for which to enable this mode and then press Enter.

Figure 12-12: Choose IP Interface

```

Choose Interface:
1> ens160 <main> IPv4
2> ens192 IPv6
3> ens256 IPv4
4> ens224 IPv4
5> Quit
: █

```

The OVOC server is restarted.



When this option is configured, the NAT configuration option is disabled.

Add New Cloud Architecture Mode User

This option allows you to create new users for the Cloud Architecture mode.

➤ To create new users:

1. Select option **2 Add New User**

Figure 12-13: Create New Cloud Architecture User

```

Existing users:
1> UPN

Provide new Username:
UPN1

Please provide new password:
█

```

2. Enter the name of the new user and the password.

Change the Cloud Architecture Mode Service Password

This section describes how to change the password for a Cloud Architecture mode user.

➤ To change the password:

1. Select Option **3 Edit User Password**.

Figure 12-14: Edit User Password

```
Select user to change password:
1> UPN
g> cancel
```

2. Select **the desired user whose password you wish to change** and confirm.
3. Enter the new password and confirm.

Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) Devices on Azure

This section describes how to connect Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) devices to OVOC using one of the following options:

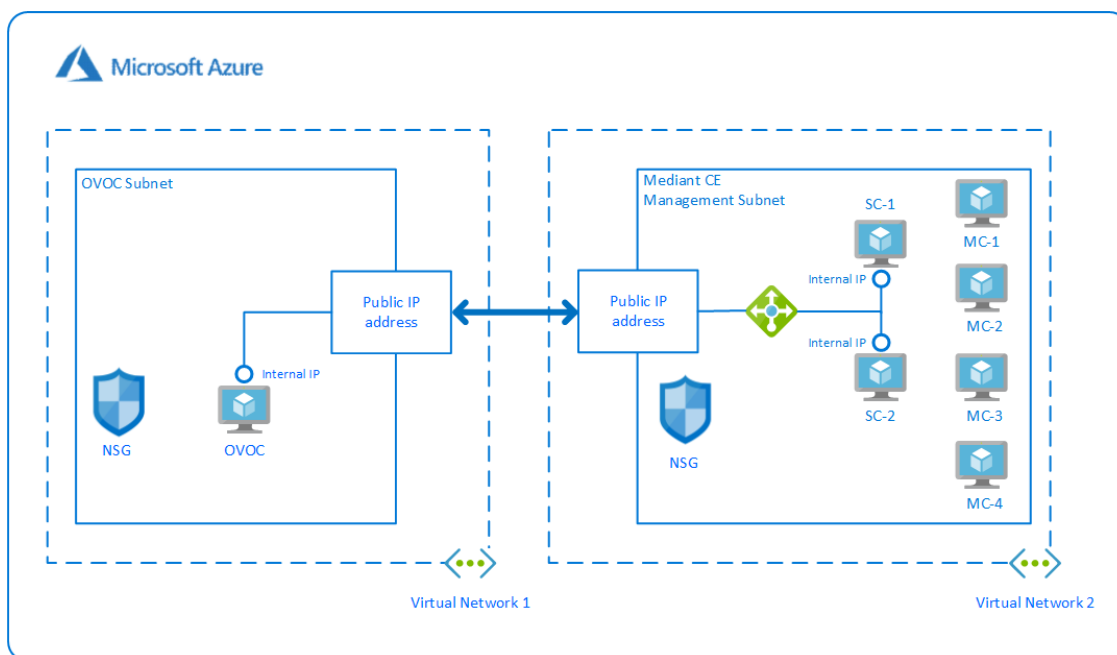
- [Option 1: Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition \(CE\) SBC Devices to OVOC on Azure using Public IP Address](#) below
- [Option 2 Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition \(CE\) Devices to OVOC on Azure using Internal IP Address](#) on page 162

Option 1: Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices to OVOC on Azure using Public IP Address

This section describes how to establish a secure connection between the OVOC server and Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC devices which are both deployed in the Azure Cloud in separate Virtual networks. Communication between OVOC and Mediant CE SBC devices is carried over the public IP addresses on both sides, requiring NAT translation from internal to public IP addresses. This is performed by configuring the OVOC server with the public IP address of the Azure platform where the OVOC server is installed (see [Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface](#) on page 150). The figure below illustrates this topology.



The Mediant CE SBC devices must be added to OVOC using Automatic Detection. Refer to Section "Adding AudioCodes Devices Automatically" in the *OVOC User's Manual*.

Figure 12-15: Microsoft Azure Topology

This section includes the following procedures:

1. [Configuring the OVOC Server Manager on Azure \(Public IP\)](#) below
2. [Configuring Mediant Cloud Edition \(CE\) SBC Devices on Azure \(Public IP\)](#) on the next page

Configuring the OVOC Server Manager on Azure (Public IP)

This section describes the required configuration actions on the OVOC server deployed in the Azure Cloud.



Restart the OVOC server where specified in the referenced procedures for changes to take effect.

➤ To configure the OVOC server:

1. Login to the OVOC Server Manager (see [Connecting to the OVOC Server Manager](#) on page 201).
2. Change the following default passwords:
 - acems OS user (see [OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)
 - root OS user (see [OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)



Unless you have made special configurations, the Azure instance is in the public cloud and therefore is accessible over the Internet. Consequently, it is highly recommended to change these default passwords to minimize exposure to password hacking.

3. Load the OVOC license (see [License](#) on page 221).

4. Configure the OVOC server with Azure Public IP address to enable devices deployed behind a NAT to connect to OVOC (see [Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface](#) on page 150). See the setup of the virtual machine to find the Azure Public IP (see [Creating OVOC Virtual Machine on Microsoft Azure](#) on page 28).
5. Configure the Azure IP address/Domain Name (where OVOC is installed) as the external NTP clock source (see [NTP](#) on page 250).



The same clock source should be configured on the managed devices (see [Configuring Mediant CE OVOC Public IP Connection Settings using Web Interface](#) on the next page).

Configuring Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices on Azure (Public IP)

This step describes the following configuration procedures on the Mediant CE to connect to the OVOC server that is deployed in the Azure Cloud:

1. [Configuring Mediant CE SNMP Public IP Connection using Stack Manager](#) below
2. [Configuring Mediant CE OVOC Public IP Connection Settings using Web Interface](#) on the next page

Configuring Mediant CE SNMP Public IP Connection using Stack Manager

This step describes how to configure the SNMP communication between the OVOC server deployed in the Azure Cloud and the Mediant CE using the Stack Manager.

➤ To configure the Stack Manager:

1. Log in to the Web interface of the Stack Manager that was used to create Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC. Refer to *Stack Manager for Mediant CE SBC User's Manual*.
2. Click the "Mediant CE stack".
3. Click the **Modify** button and append **161/udp port** (for SNMP traffic) to "Management Ports" parameter.
4. Click **Update** to apply the new configuration.

Figure 12-16: Modify Stack

Modify stack

Automatic scaling scale-out step: 1

Signaling Components

Number of network interfaces: 2

Interfaces with public IP: eth1

Interfaces with additional IP:

Management Ports: 22/tcp,80/tcp,443/tcp,161/udp

Signaling Ports: 5060/udp,5060/tcp,5061/tcp

Media Components

Number of network interfaces: 2

Interfaces with public IP: eth1

Interfaces with additional IP:

Network Subnets

Signaling 1 subnet:

Modify Cancel

Configuring Mediant CE OVOC Public IP Connection Settings using Web Interface

This section describes how to configure the communication settings between the Mediant CE device and the OVOC server deployed in the Azure Cloud.



The following procedure describes the required configuration for a single CE SBC device. For mass deployment, you can load configuration files to multiple devices using 'Full' or 'Incremental' INI file options (refer to the relevant *SBC User's Manual* for more information).

➤ To configure the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC :

1. Login to the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Web interface or connect from the Devices page in the OVOC Web interface.
2. Open the Quality of Experience Settings screen (**Setup** Menu > **Signaling & Media** tab > **Media** folder > **Quality of Experience** > **Quality of ExperienceSettings**).
3. Click **Edit** and configure the **Keep-Alive Time Interval** to **1**.
4. Click **Apply** to confirm the changes.

5. Open the TIME & DATE page (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab) and in the NTP Server Address field, set the Microsoft Azure site IP address/Domain Name(where the OVOC server is installed) as the NTP server clock source.
6. Click **Apply** to confirm the changes.
7. Open the SNMP Community Settings Page (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab > **SNMP** folder).
8. Set parameter SNMP Disable to **No** ('Yes' by default).
9. Click **Apply** to confirm changes.
10. Open the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC AdminPage (deviceIPAddress/AdminPage) and configure the following ini parameters:

```
HostName = <Load Balancer IP>
SendKeepAliveTrap = 1
KeepAliveTrapPort = 1161
SNMPManagerIsUsed_0 = 1
SNMPManagerTableIP_0 = <OVOC Public IP Address>
```

11. Reset the device for your settings to take effect (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab > **Maintenance** folder > **Maintenance Actions**).

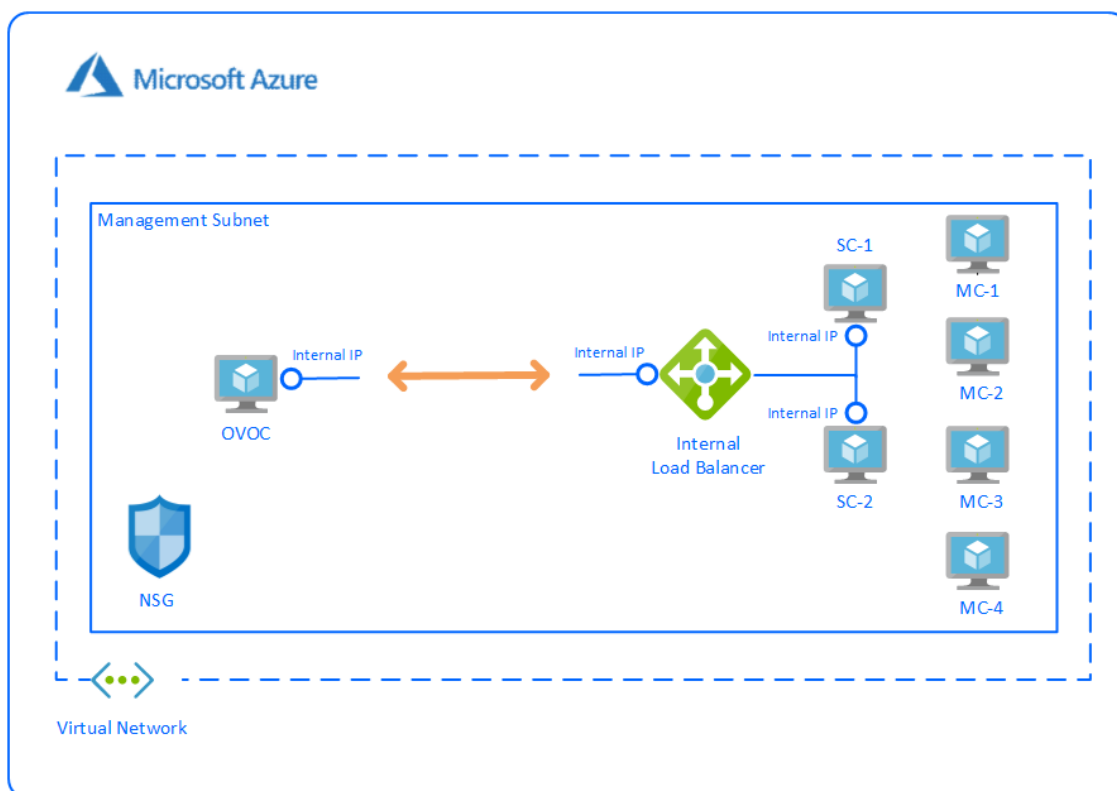
Option 2 Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) Devices to OVOC on Azure using Internal IP Address

This section describes how to establish a secure connection between the OVOC server and Mediant CE devices which are both deployed in the Azure Cloud in the same Virtual network. Communication between OVOC and Mediant CE SBC devices is carried over internal IP addresses (Private IP addresses) on both sides. The figure below illustrates this topology.



The Mediant CE SBC devices must be added manually to OVOC. Refer to Section "Adding AudioCodes Devices Manually " in the *OVOC User's Manual*.

Figure 12-17: Internal IP Connection



This section includes the following procedures:

- [Configuring the OVOC Server Manager on Azure \(Internal IP\)](#) below
- [Configuring Mediant Cloud Edition \(CE\) SBC Devices on Azure \(Internal IP\)](#) on the next page



The Mediant CE SBC devices must be added to OVOC manually. Refer to Section "Adding AudioCodes Devices Manually" in the *OVOC User's Manual*.

Configuring the OVOC Server Manager on Azure (Internal IP)

This section describes the required configuration actions on the OVOC server deployed in the Azure Cloud when CE devices are deployed in the same Virtual network.



Restart the OVOC server where specified in the referenced procedures for changes to take effect.

➤ To configure the OVOC server:

1. Login to the OVOC Server Manager (see [Connecting to the OVOC Server Manager](#) on page 201).
2. Change the following default passwords:
 - acems OS user (see [OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)
 - root OS user (see [OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)



Unless you have made special configurations, the Azure instance is in the public cloud and therefore is accessible over the Internet. Consequently, it is highly recommended to change these default passwords to minimize exposure to password hacking.

3. Load the OVOC license (see [License](#) on page 221).
4. Configure the OVOC server with its internal (private) IP address to enable devices deployed in the same Azure Virtual network to connect to OVOC (see [Server IP Address](#) on page 235). See the setup of the virtual machine Step 1: Creating Virtual Machine on Azure to find the Azure Internal IP.
5. Configure the Azure IP address/Domain Name (where OVOC is installed) as the external NTP clock source (see [NTP](#) on page 250).



The same clock source should be configured on the managed devices (see [Configuring Mediant CE OVOC Internal IP Connection Settings using Web Interface](#) on the next page

Configuring Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices on Azure (Internal IP)

This step describes the following configuration procedures on the Mediant CE to connect to the OVOC server that is deployed in the Azure Cloud in the same Virtual network by connecting through internal IP addresses on both sides:

- [Configuring Mediant CE SNMP Internal IP Connection with OVOC using Stack Manager](#) below
- [Configuring Mediant CE OVOC Internal IP Connection Settings using Web Interface](#) on the next page

Configuring Mediant CE SNMP Internal IP Connection with OVOC using Stack Manager

This step describes how to configure the SNMP communication between the OVOC server and Mediant CE devices using the Stack Manager when both are deployed in the same Azure Virtual network.

➤ To configure the Stack Manager:

1. Log in to the Web interface of the Stack Manager that was used to create Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC. Refer to *Stack Manager for Mediant CE SBC User's Manual*.
2. Click the "Mediant CE stack".
3. Click the **Modify** button and append **161/udp port** (for SNMP traffic) to "Management Ports" parameter.
4. Click **Update** to apply the new configuration.

Figure 12-18: Modify Stack

Modify stack

Number of network interfaces ⁽²⁾

Interfaces with public IP ⁽²⁾

Interfaces with additional IP ⁽²⁾

Management Ports ⁽¹⁾

Signaling Ports ⁽¹⁾

Instance Type ⁽²⁾

Media Components

Number of network interfaces ⁽²⁾

Interfaces with ⁽²⁾

Configuring Mediant CE OVOC Internal IP Connection Settings using Web Interface

This section describes how to configure the connection settings between the Mediant CE device and the OVOC server deployed in the Azure Cloud in the same Virtual network.



The following procedure describes the required configuration for a single CE SBC device. For mass deployment, you can load configuration files to multiple devices using 'Full' or 'Incremental' INI file options (refer to the relevant *SBC User's Manual* for more information).

➤ **To configure the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC:**

1. Login to the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Web interface or connect from the Devices page in the OVOC Web interface.
2. Open the TIME & DATE page (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab) and in the NTP Server Address field, set the Microsoft Azure site IP address/Domain Name(where the OVOC server is installed) as the NTP server clock source.
3. Click **Apply** to confirm the changes.
4. Open the SNMP Community Settings Page (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab > **SNMP** folder).
5. Set parameter SNMP Disable to **No** ('Yes' by default).
6. Click **Apply** to confirm changes.
7. Open the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC AdminPage (deviceIPAddress/AdminPage) and configure the following ini parameters:

```
HostName = <Load Balancer IP>
SNMPManagerIsUsed_0 = 1
SNMPManagerTableIP_0 = <OVOC Server Internal IP>
```

8. Reset the device for your settings to take effect (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab > **Maintenance** folder > **Maintenance Actions**).

Connecting Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices on AWS

This section describes the procedure for establishing a secure connection between the OVOC server which is installed in the AWS Cloud and Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC devices which are also deployed in the AWS Cloud. Communication between OVOC and Mediant CE SBC devices is carried over the public IP addresses on both sides, requiring NAT translation from internal to public IP addresses. This can be performed by either configuring the OVOC server with the public IP address of the AWS platform where the OVOC server is deployed (see [Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface](#) on page 150) or by configuring OVOC Cloud Architecture mode (see [Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode \(WebSocket Tunnel\)](#) on page 154



The Mediant CE SBC devices must be added to OVOC using Automatic Detection. Refer to Section "Adding AudioCodes Devices Automatically" in the *OVOC User's Manual*.

This section includes the following procedures:

- [Step 2-1 Configuring the OVOC Server \(OVOC Server Manager\) on AWS](#) on the next page
- [Step 2-2 Configuring Mediant Cloud Edition \(CE\) SBC Devices on AWS](#) on the next page

Step 2-1 Configuring the OVOC Server (OVOC Server Manager) on AWS

This section describes the required configuration actions on the OVOC server deployed in the AWS Cloud.



Restart the OVOC server where specified in the referenced procedures for changes to take effect.

➤ To configure the OVOC server:

1. Login to the OVOC Server Manager (see [Connecting to the OVOC Server Manager](#) on page 201).
2. Change the following default passwords:
 - acems OS user (see [OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)
 - root OS user (see [OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)



Unless you have made special configurations, the AWS instance is in the public cloud and therefore is accessible over the Internet. Consequently, it is highly recommended to change these default passwords to minimize exposure to password hacking.

3. Load OVOC license (see [License](#) on page 221).
4. Configure the OVOC server with AWS Public IP address to enable devices deployed behind a NAT to connect to OVOC server (see [Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface](#) on page 150). See the setup of the virtual machine [Launching Public Image on AWS](#) on page 20 to find the AWS Public IP.
5. Configure the AWS Public IP address/Domain Name (where OVOC is installed) as the external NTP clock source (see [NTP](#) on page 250).



The same clock source should be configured on the managed devices (see [Step 2-2-2 Configuring Mediant CE Communication Settings Using Web Interface](#) on the next page).

Step 2-2 Configuring Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Devices on AWS

This step describes the following configuration procedures on the Mediant CE SBC devices to connect them to the OVOC server that is deployed in the AWS Cloud:

- [Step 2-2-1: Configuring Mediant CE SNMP Connection with OVOC in Cloud using Stack Manager](#) on the next page
- [Step 2-2-2 Configuring Mediant CE Communication Settings Using Web Interface](#) on the next page

Step 2-2-1: Configuring Mediant CE SNMP Connection with OVOC in Cloud using Stack Manager

This step describes how to configure the SNMP communication between the OVOC server deployed in the Azure Cloud and the Mediant CE using the Stack Manager.

➤ **To configure the Stack Manager:**

1. Log in to the Web interface of the Stack Manager that was used to create Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC. Refer to *Stack Manager for Mediant CE SBC User's Manual*.
2. Click the "Mediant CE stack".
3. Click the **Modify** button and append **161/udp port** (for SNMP traffic) to "Management Ports" parameter.
4. Click **Update** to apply the new configuration.

Figure 12-19: Modify Stack

The screenshot displays the 'Modify stack' configuration window. It is divided into several sections:

- Automatic scaling**: A dropdown menu set to '1'.
- Signaling Components**:
 - Number of network interfaces**: A dropdown menu set to '2'.
 - Interfaces with public IP**: A text field containing 'eth1'.
 - Interfaces with additional IP**: An empty text field.
 - Management Ports**: A text field containing '22/tcp,80/tcp,443/tcp,161/udp'.
 - Signaling Ports**: A text field containing '5060/udp,5060/tcp,5061/tcp'.
- Media Components**:
 - Number of network interfaces**: A dropdown menu set to '2'.
 - Interfaces with public IP**: A text field containing 'eth1'.
 - Interfaces with additional IP**: An empty text field.
- Network Subnets**:
 - Signaling 1 subnet**: An empty text field.

At the bottom of the window, there are two buttons: 'Modify' (highlighted in blue) and 'Cancel'.

Step 2-2-2 Configuring Mediant CE Communication Settings Using Web Interface

This section describes how to configure the communication settings between the Mediant CE device and the OVOC server deployed in the AWS Cloud.



The following procedure describes the required configuration for a single CE SBC device. For mass deployment, you can load configuration files to multiple devices using 'Full' or 'Incremental' INI file options (refer to the relevant *SBC User's Manual* for more information).

➤ **To configure the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC for AWS:**

1. Login to the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC Web interface or connect from the Devices page in the OVOC Web interface.
2. Open the Quality of Experience Settings screen (**Setup** Menu > **Signaling & Media** tab > **Media** folder > **Quality of Experience** > **Quality of ExperienceSettings**).
3. Click **Edit** and configure the **Keep-Alive Time Interval** to **1**.
4. Click **Apply** to confirm changes.
5. Open the TIME & DATE page (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab) and configure the AWS site IP address/FQDN Domain Name(where the OVOC server is installed) as the NTP server clock source.
6. Click **Apply** to confirm changes.
7. Open the SNMP Community Settings Page (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab > **SNMP** folder).
8. Set parameter SNMP Disable to **No** ('Yes' by default).
9. Click **Apply** to confirm changes.
10. Open the Mediant Cloud Edition (CE) SBC AdminPage (deviceIPAddress/AdminPage) and configure the following ini parameters:

```
HostName = <Load Balancer IP>
SendKeepAliveTrap = 1
KeepAliveTrapPort = 1161
SNMPManagerIsUsed_0 = 1
SNMPManagerTableIP_0 = <OVOC Public IP Address>
```

11. Reset the device for your settings to take effect (**Setup** menu > **Administration** tab > **Maintenance** folder > **Maintenance Actions**).

Part IV

OVOC Server Upgrade

This part describes the upgrade of the OVOC server on dedicated hardware and on virtual and cloud platforms.

13 Upgrading OVOC Server on Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure

This section describes how to upgrade the OVOC server on the Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure platforms.



- Before proceeding, it is highly recommended to backup the OVOC server files to an external location (see [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194).
- Before proceeding, ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). Failure to meet these requirements will lead to the aborting of the upgrade.
- For obtaining the upgrade file, see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15
- ✓ Note that you must verify this file, see [Files Verification](#) on page 18
- For pre-upgrade actions, see [Before Upgrading on Microsoft Azure](#) below
- For post-upgrade actions, see [After Upgrading on AWS](#) on page 173

Before Upgrading on Microsoft Azure

This procedure describes the actions required before upgrading to OVOC version 8.0 instance with updated memory requirements.

➤ **Do the following:**

1. Stop your OVOC instance (see [Stop the Application](#) on page 220)
2. Change Instance type to the following:
 - Low Profile: D8ds_v4
 - High Profile: D16ds_v4
3. Start new OVOC instance.
4. Upgrade OVOC Software to the new OVOC software version as described in [Upgrading OVOC Server on Amazon AWS and Microsoft Azure](#) above.

Cloud Upgrade Procedure

This section describes how to upgrade OVOC on the Azure and AWS platforms.

➤ **To upgrade the OVOC server on Azure and AWS:**

1. Copy the **DVD3** ISO file that you received from AudioCodes to your PC.
2. Using WinSCP utility (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the .ISO file to the OVOC server acems user home directory: /home/acems
3. Open an SSH connection.

4. Login into the OVOC server as *acems* user with password *acems* (or customer defined password).
5. Switch to 'root' user

```
su - root
```

6. Mount the DVD3.iso file to the /mnt directory:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_EMS_8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

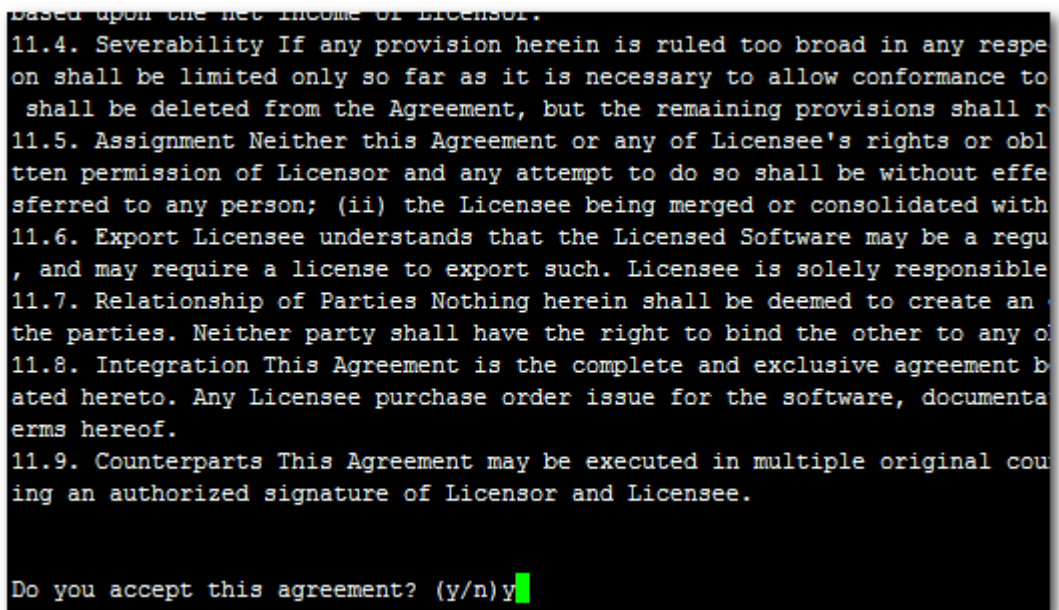
```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall
```

7. Run the installation script:

```
./install
```

8. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 13-1: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement



based upon the net income of Licensor.

11.4. Severability If any provision herein is ruled too broad in any respect, such provision shall be limited only so far as it is necessary to allow conformance to applicable law. If any provision is held invalid, the remaining provisions shall remain in full force and effect.

11.5. Assignment Neither this Agreement or any of Licensee's rights or obligations hereunder shall be assigned, in whole or in part, without the prior written permission of Licensor and any attempt to do so shall be without effect.

11.6. Export Licensee understands that the Licensed Software may be a regulated export item, and may require a license to export such. Licensee is solely responsible for obtaining any necessary export licenses.

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11.8. Integration This Agreement is the complete and exclusive agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof. No other oral or written agreements, terms, conditions, or representations shall be binding on the parties.

11.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original counterparts, each of which shall be deemed to be an original copy, and all of which together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y

9. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:
 - If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server and then repeat steps 4-9 (inclusive).
 - If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) on the next page

Figure 13-2: OVOC server Installation Complete

```
Done
>>> ===== ...
>>> Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
>>> ===== ...
>>> Remove /tmp/EmsServerInstall ...
[root@EMS-Linux145 EmsServerInstall]#
```

10. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
11. When the OVOC server has successfully restarted, login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
12. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

13. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

14. Verify that all processes are up and running (see [Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and that you can login to OVOC Web client.

After Upgrading on AWS

This procedure below describes the required actions on AWS following the upgrade to version OVOC Version 8.0.

➤ Do the following:

1. Run full OVOC backup (see [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194)
2. Create new AWS instance on m5.4xlarge (High Profile) machine with OVOC Software version 8.0.
3. Restore OVOC data from the backup (see [OVOC Server Restore](#) on page 196)



The OVOC version from where the backup is taken must be identical to the OVOC version on which the restore is run.

14 Upgrading OVOC Server on VMware and Microsoft Hyper-V Virtual Machines

This chapter describes how to upgrade the OVOC server on VMware and Microsoft Hyper-V Virtual machines.



- Before proceeding, it is highly recommended to backup the OVOC server files to an external location ([OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194).
- If you are upgrading from Version 7.2.3000, you can optionally migrate OVOC topology to Version 7.4 and later (see document *Migration from EMS and SEM Version 7.2.3000 to One Voice Operations Center*).
- Ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). Failure to meet these requirements will lead to the aborting of the upgrade.
- For obtaining the upgrade file, see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15
✓ Note that you must verify this file, see [Files Verification](#) on page 18
- VMware platform only: If you are installing the Service Provider Cluster mode, a separate upgrade image is provided for each of the following components: Management server, VQM server and PM server. Therefore, you must run the upgrade script separately for each of these images.

Run the Server Upgrade Script

This section describes how to run the OVOC server upgrade script:

- [Option 1: Standard Upgrade Script](#) below
- [Option 2: Service Provider Cluster Upgrade Scripts](#) on page 177

Option 1: Standard Upgrade Script

Once you have setup the virtual machines, you can run the OVOC Server upgrade script.



Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.

➤ To run the OVOC Server upgrade:

1. Using the WinSCP utility (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the **DVD3** .ISO file that you saved to your PC in Step 1: Setup the Virtual Machine to the OVOC server acems user home directory: /home/acems
2. Open an SSH connection or the VM console.
3. Login into the OVOC server as 'acems' user with password *acems* (or customer defined password).
4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

6. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install
```

Figure 14-1: OVOC server Installation Script

```
[root@EMS-server-17 ACEMS]# cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
[root@EMS-server-17 EmsServerInstall]# ./install
DIR Name /mnt/EmsServerInstall
>>> Check CD Sequence - Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Start executing User Login Check script at Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

>>> Verifying OS version - Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020
...

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THE ACCOMPANYING USER DOCUMENTATION (THE "LICENSED SOFTWARE"). THE LICENSED SOFTWARE IS LICENSED (NOT
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AGREEMENT BETWEEN YOU ("LICENSEE") AND AUDIOCODES LTD ("LICENSOR"), AND IT SUPERSEDES ANY PRIOR
PROPOSAL, REPRESENTATION, OR UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE PARTIES IN RELATION TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF
THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT.
```

7. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 14-2: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement

```

relationship between Licensor and Licensee, nor any agency, joint venture or partnership relationship
between the parties. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other to any obligation, nor have
the right to incur any liability on behalf of the other.
10.8. Integration This Agreement is the complete and exclusive agreement between the parties with
regard to the subject matter hereof and supersedes the prior discussions, negotiations and memoranda
related hereto. Any Licensee purchase order issue for the software, documentation, or services provided
hereunder shall be for the sole purposes of administrative convenience, and shall be subject to the
terms hereof.
10.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original counterparts, each of which
will be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same document if
bearing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
>>> Checking the operational environment
...
>>> Checking hardware spec - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking TCP/IP configuration - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
PING EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms

--- EMS-server-17 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.047/0.047/0.047/0.000 ms
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking amount of free space in temporary directory - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> Free Space in /var/tmp directory: 16190944
...

```

8. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:
 - If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server and then repeat steps 2-7 (inclusive).
 - If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) below

Figure 14-3: OVOC server Installation Complete

```

[Mon Sep 14 14:59:34 2020]      +++ systemctl restart httpd
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:35 2020]      >>>
=====
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:35 2020]      >>> OVOC Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
[

```

9. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
10. When the OVOC server has successfully restarted, login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
11. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

12. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

13. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and verify that login to OVOC Web client is successful.

Option 2: Service Provider Cluster Upgrade Scripts

Once you have setup the virtual machines, you can run the OVOC server upgrade scripts for the Management, VQM and PM servers; a separate script file for each of these cluster nodes is provided on DVD3-OVOC Server Application ISO file. Do the following:

1. Upgrade Management server (see [Upgrade Management Server](#) below)
2. Upgrade PM and VQM servers:
 - [Upgrade VQM Server on page 179](#)
 - [Upgrade PM Server on page 182](#)



- Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.
- Upgrade the Management server prior to upgrading the VQM and PM servers.

Upgrade Management Server

This section describes how to upgrade the Management server cluster node.

➤ To upgrade the Management Server cluster node:

1. Using the WinSCP utility (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the **DVD3** .ISO file that you saved to your PC in Step 1: Setup the Virtual Machine to the OVOC server acems user home directory: /home/acems
2. Open an SSH connection or the VM console.
3. Login into the OVOC server as 'acems' user with password *acems* (or customer defined password).
4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

6. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install
```

Figure 14-4: OVOC server Installation Script

```
[root@EMS-server-17 ACEMS]# cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
[root@EMS-server-17 EmsServerInstall]# ./install
DIR Name /mnt/EmsServerInstall
>>> Check CD Sequence - Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Start executing User Login Check script at Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.
>>> Verifying OS version - Thu Sep 10 11:01:16 IDT 2020
...
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PROPOSAL, REPRESENTATION, OR UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE PARTIES IN RELATION TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF
THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT.
```

7. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 14-5: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement

```
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between the parties. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other to any obligation, nor have
the right to incur any liability on behalf of the other.
10.8. Integration This Agreement is the complete and exclusive agreement between the parties with
regard to the subject matter hereof and supersedes the prior discussions, negotiations and memoranda
related hereto. Any Licensee purchase order issue for the software, documentation, or services provided
hereunder shall be for the sole purposes of administrative convenience, and shall be subject to the
terms hereof.
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will be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same document if
bearing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
>>> Checking the operational environment
...
>>> Checking hardware spec - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking TCP/IP configuration - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
PING EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms

--- EMS-server-17 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.047/0.047/0.047/0.000 ms
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking amount of free space in temporary directory - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> Free Space in /var/tmp directory: 16190944
...
```

8. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:

- If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server and then repeat steps 2-7 (inclusive).
- If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) below

Figure 14-6: OVOC server Installation Complete

```
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:34 2020]      +++ systemctl restart httpd
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:35 2020]      >>>
=====
[Mon Sep 14 14:59:35 2020]      >>> OVOC Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
[
```

9. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
10. When the Management server has successfully restarted, login into the Management server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
11. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

12. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

13. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses in Service Provider Cluster Mode](#) on page 208) and verify that login to OVOC Web client is successful.

Upgrade VQM Server

Once you have setup the virtual machines and installed the Management Server (see), you can run the **VQM** server upgrade script.



Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.

➤ To upgrade VQM server:

1. Using the WinSCP utility (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the **DVD3** .ISO file containing the VQM server installation that you saved to your PC in Step 1: Setup the Virtual Machine to the OVOC server acems user home directory: /home/acems
2. Open an SSH connection or the VM console.
3. Login into the OVOC server as 'acems' user with password *acems* (or customer defined password).
4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

6. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install_vqm
```

Figure 14-7: OVOC server Installation Script

```
[root@ovoc-server-7 EmsServerInstall]# ./install_vqm
DIR Name /mnt/EmsServerInstall
>>> Start executing User Login Check script at Mon Sep 14 14:50:12 IDT 2020 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

>>> Verifying OS version - Mon Sep 14 14:50:12 IDT 2020
...

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```

7. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 14-8: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement

```

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will be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same document if
bearing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
>>> Checking the operational environment
...
>>> Checking hardware spec - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking TCP/IP configuration - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
PING EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms

--- EMS-server-17 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.047/0.047/0.047/0.000 ms
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking amount of free space in temporary directory - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> Free Space in /var/tmp directory: 16190944
...

```

8. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:
 - If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server and then repeat steps 2-7 (inclusive).
 - If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) below

Figure 14-9: OVOC server Installation Complete

```

=====
[Thu Aug 20 17:43:58 2020] >>> OVOC VQM Server Installation Completed ...
[Thu Aug 27 09:31:23 2020] >>> Start executing User Login Check script at Thu Aug 27 09:31:23 BST
2020 ...
[Thu Aug 27 09:31:23 2020] Login Check Successfully Passed.
[Thu Aug 27 09:31:23 2020]

```

9. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
10. When the VQM server has successfully restarted, login to VQM server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
11. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

12. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

13. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses in Service Provider Cluster Mode](#) on page 208).

Upgrade PM Server

Once you have setup the virtual machines and installed the Management Server (see Step 2: Run the OVOC Server Upgrade Script), you can run the **PM** server upgrade script.



Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.

➤ To run the PM server upgrade:

1. Using the WinSCP utility(see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the **DVD3** .ISO file containing the VQM server installation that you saved to your PC in Step 1: Setup the Virtual Machine to the OVOC server acems user home directory: /home/acems.
2. Open an SSH connection or the VM console.
3. Login into the OVOC server as 'acems' user with password *acems* (or customer defined password).
4. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

5. Mount the CDROM to make it available:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall/
```

6. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install_pm
```

Figure 14-10: OVOC server Installation Script

```
[root@ovoc-server-7 EmsServerInstall]# ./install_pm
DIR Name /mnt/EmsServerInstall
>>> Start executing User Login Check script at Mon Sep 14 14:50:12 IDT 2020 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

>>> Verifying OS version - Mon Sep 14 14:50:12 IDT 2020

...

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THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT.
```

7. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 14-11: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement

```
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regard to the subject matter hereof and supersedes the prior discussions, negotiations and memoranda
related hereto. Any Licensee purchase order issue for the software, documentation, or services provided
hereunder shall be for the sole purposes of administrative convenience, and shall be subject to the
terms hereof.
10.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original counterparts, each of which
will be an original, but all of which taken together shall constitute one and the same document if
bearing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
>>> Checking the operational environment
...
>>> Checking hardware spec - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking TCP/IP configuration - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
PING EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from EMS-server-17 (10.3.180.17): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms

--- EMS-server-17 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.047/0.047/0.047/0.000 ms
>>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Checking amount of free space in temporary directory - Thu Sep 10 11:01:17 IDT 2020
...
>>> >>> Free Space in /var/tmp directory: 16190944
...
```

8. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:
 - If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server and then repeat steps 2-7 (inclusive).
 - If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) on the next page

Figure 14-12: OVOC server Installation Complete

```
>>> Remove /tmp all contents ...
>>> Remove /opt/ACEMS/oracle_hardening all contents but logs ...
>>> Remove /opt/ACEMS/opath all contents but logs ...
>>> Remove /oracle/orahome/OPatch ...
>>> =====
>>> OVOC PM Server Installation Completed ...
[root@ovoc-server-7 EmsServerInstall]# Connection closing...Socket close.

Connection closed by foreign host.

[END] 15/09/2020 11:54:38
```

9. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
10. When the PM server has successfully restarted, login into the PM server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
11. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

12. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

13. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses in Service Provider Cluster Mode](#) on page 208).

15 Upgrading OVOC Server on Dedicated Hardware

This section describes the upgrade of the OVOC server on dedicated hardware.



- Before proceeding, it is highly recommended to backup the OVOC server files to an external location (OVOC server Backup).
- If you are upgrading from Version 7.2.3000, you can optionally migrate topology to Version 7.4 and later (see document *Migration from EMS and SEM Version 7.2.3000 to One Voice Operations Center*).
- Before proceeding, ensure that the minimum platform requirements are met (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). Failure to meet these requirements will lead to the aborting of the upgrade.
- Upgrade of OVOC Version 7.8 and later must be performed on HP DL Gen10 machines. Upgrade on HP DL G8 machines is not supported.
- For obtaining the upgrade file, see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15
- ✓ Note that you must verify this file, see [Files Verification](#) on page 18

Upgrading the OVOC Server-DVD

This section describes how to upgrade the OVOC server from the AudioCodes supplied installation DVD. To upgrade the OVOC server, only **DVD3** is required (see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15). Verify in the OVOC Manager 'General Info' screen that you have installed the latest Linux revision (see [Hardware and Software Specifications](#) on page 8). If you have an older OS revision, a clean installation must be performed using all three DVDs (see Installing the OVOC server on Dedicated Hardware).



Before starting the installation, it is highly recommended to configure the SSH client (e.g. Putty application) to save the session output into a log file.

➤ To upgrade the OVOC server:

1. Insert **DVD3-OVOC Server Application Installation** into the DVD ROM.
2. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems* (or customer defined password).
3. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

4. Mount the CDROM to make it available (if required):

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_/mnt
```

5. Run the installation script from its location:

```
cd /misc/cd/EmsServerInstall/
```

```
./install
```

Figure 15-1: OVOC server Upgrade

```
[root@EMS-Linux2 ~]# cd /misc/cd/EmsServerInstall/
[root@EMS-Linux2 EmsServerInstall]# ./install
DIR Name /misc/cd/EmsServerInstall
Start installValues
  >>> Start executing User Login Check script at Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

  >>> Check CD Sequence - Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013

...
  >>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Verifying OS version - Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013

...
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```

6. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 15-2: OVOC server Upgrade – License Agreement

```
based upon the net income of Licensor.
11.4. Severability If any provision herein is ruled too broad in any respec
on shall be limited only so far as it is necessary to allow conformance to
shall be deleted from the Agreement, but the remaining provisions shall r
11.5. Assignment Neither this Agreement or any of Licensee's rights or obl
tten permission of Licensor and any attempt to do so shall be without effe
sferred to any person; (ii) the Licensee being merged or consolidated with
11.6. Export Licensee understands that the Licensed Software may be a regu
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the parties. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other to any o
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erms hereof.
11.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original cou
ing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
```

7. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:
 - If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server, and then repeat steps 2-7 (inclusive).

- If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot.](#) below

Figure 15-3: OVOC server Installation Complete

```
Done
>>> =====
>>> Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
>>> =====
>>> Remove /tmp/EmsServerInstall ...
[root@EMS-Linux145 EmsServerInstall]#
```

8. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
9. When the OVOC server has successfully restarted, login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
10. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

11. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

12. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and verify that login to OVOC Web client is successful.

Upgrading the OVOC Server using an ISO File

This section describes how to upgrade the OVOC server using an ISO file.

➤ To upgrade using an ISO file:

1. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems* (or customer defined password).
2. Using WinSCP utility (see [Transferring Files](#) on page 346), copy the .ISO file that you received from AudioCodes from your PC to the OVOC server acems user home directory: `/home/acems`
3. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

4. Specify the following commands:

```
mount /home/acems/DVD3_OVOC_ 8.0.3098.iso /mnt
```

```
cd /mnt/EmsServerInstall
```

5. Run the installation script from its location:

```
./install
```

Figure 15-4: OVOC server Upgrade

```
[root@EMS-Linux2 EmsServerInstall]# ./install
DIR Name /misc/cd/EmsServerInstall
Start installValues
  >>> Start executing User Login Check script at Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013 ...
Login Check Successfully Passed.

  >>> Check CD Sequence - Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013

...
  >>> >>> PASSED
...
>>> Verifying OS version - Wed Jun 12 12:24:42 BST 2013

...
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PRESENTATION, OR UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE PARTIES IN RELATION TO THE SUBJECT MATTER OF THIS LIC
```

6. Enter **y**, and then press Enter to accept the License agreement.

Figure 15-5: OVOC server Upgrade– License Agreement

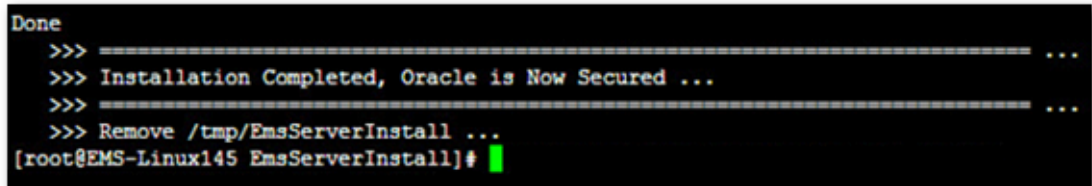
```
based upon the net income of Licensor.
11.4. Severability If any provision herein is ruled too broad in any respec
on shall be limited only so far as it is necessary to allow conformance to
shall be deleted from the Agreement, but the remaining provisions shall r
11.5. Assignment Neither this Agreement or any of Licensee's rights or obl
tten permission of Licensor and any attempt to do so shall be without effe
ferred to any person; (ii) the Licensee being merged or consolidated with
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the parties. Neither party shall have the right to bind the other to any o
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ated hereto. Any Licensee purchase order issue for the software, documenta
erms hereof.
11.9. Counterparts This Agreement may be executed in multiple original cou
ing an authorized signature of Licensor and Licensee.

Do you accept this agreement? (y/n)y
```

7. The upgrade process installs OS packages updates and patches. After the patch installation, reboot might be required:

- If you are prompted to reboot, press Enter to reboot the OVOC server, login as 'acems' user, enter password *acems* (or customer defined password) and then repeat steps 4-8 (inclusive).
- If you are not prompted to reboot, proceed to step [Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing reboot](#). below.

Figure 15-6: OVOC server Installation Complete



```
Done
>>> ===== ...
>>> Installation Completed, Oracle is Now Secured ...
>>> ===== ...
>>> Remove /tmp/EmsServerInstall ...
[root@EMS-Linux145 EmsServerInstall]#
```

8. Wait for the installation to complete and reboot the OVOC server by typing **reboot**.
9. When the OVOC server has successfully restarted, login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
10. Switch to 'root' user and provide *root* password (default password is *root*):

```
su - root
```

11. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

12. Verify that all processes are up and running ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206) and verify that login to OVOC Web client is successful.

16 Installation and Upgrade Troubleshooting of the Operational Environment

This section describes the different scenarios for troubleshooting the operational environment.

- If you attempted to upgrade and your system did not meet the minimum hardware requirements, the following message is displayed:

Figure 16-1: Minimum Hardware Requirements Upgrade

```
>>> Checking the operational environment
...
>>> Checking hardware spec - Tue Feb  5 13:14:36 IST 2019
...
*****
ERROR: Your system does not meet the minimal requirements for VM
Minimal requirements: CPU: 2.50 GHz 1 core, RAM: 16 GB, Disk: 500 GB
Actual setup:         CPU: 2.40 GHz 1 core, RAM: 15.60 GB, Disk: 536.9 GB
*****
+++++
FATAL ERROR: Could not install the application - the system does not meet minimal hardware requirements
+++++
```

- If the OVOC server hardware configuration is changed and then the server is restarted, the following message is displayed in the `/var/log/ems/nohup.out` file.

Figure 16-2: Minimum Hardware Requirements System Error

```
05 Feb 2019 13:12:13 Checking the system spec...
*****
ERROR: Your system does not meet the minimal requirements for VM
Minimal requirements: CPU: 2.50 GHz 1 core, RAM: 16 GB, Disk: 500 GB
Actual setup:         CPU: 2.40 GHz 1 core, RAM: 15.60 GB, Disk: 536.9 GB
Unable to start application
*****
█
```

- Whenever an upgrade or clean installation is performed, and then the hardware settings are changed, which results in the minimum requirements not being met, the following message is displayed in the OVOC Server ManagerStatus screen :

Figure 16-3: Status Screen Error

```

-----Application-----|---Status---
| Watchdog                | DOWN
| OVOC Server             | DOWN
| SEM CPEs Server         | DOWN
| SEM MS Lync Server      | DOWN
| SEM Endpoints Server    | DOWN
| Floating License Server | DOWN
| Pref Monitoring Server  | DOWN
| Tomcat Server           | DOWN
| Apache HTTP Server      | DOWN
| Oracle DB               | UP
| Oracle Listener         | UP
| Cassandra               | DOWN
| SNMP Agent              | DOWN
| NTP Daemon              | UP
|-----|-----

Your system does not meet the minimal requirements for VM
Minimal requirements: CPU: 2.50 GHz 1 core, RAM: 16 GB, Disk: 500 GB
Actual setup:         CPU: 2.40 GHz 1 core, RAM: 15.60 GB, Disk: 536.9 GB

Press 'Enter' key to go back to the main menu...

```

- Whenever an upgrade or clean installation is performed, and then the hardware settings are changed, which results in the minimum requirements not being met, the following message is displayed in the OVOC Server Manager General Info screen:

Figure 16-4: General Info Minimum Requirements

```

Collecting information...

Machine information
|Environment: Virtual(Manufacturer: VMware, Inc.)
|Product Name: VMware Virtual Platform
|Spec: Minimal system requirements not met. See Status screen for more details.
|CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2640 v4 @ 2.40GHz, total cores: 1
|Memory: 14877 MB
|Network:
|  VMware VMXNET3 Ethernet Controller (rev 01)
|ACEMS Usage: 11G
|Disk:
|NAME          MOUNTPOINT  SIZE FSTYPE      TYPE STATE  VENDOR
|fd0           4K          disk
|sda           500G        disk running VMware
|  -sda1       2G xfs       part
|  ~-sda2      498G LVM2_member part
|    |-vg-root /          20G xfs       lvm  running
|    |-vg-swap [SWAP]    7.8G swap      lvm  running
|    |-vg-data /data     254G xfs       lvm  running
|    |-vg-meta /meta     512M xfs       lvm  running
|    |-vg-opt  /opt      20G xfs       lvm  running
|    |-vg-oracle /oracle  25G xfs       lvm  running
|    |-vg-var  /var      20G xfs       lvm  running
|    ~-vg-home /home    150G xfs       lvm  running
|sr0           1024M       rom  running NECVMWar
|loop0         /misc/cd    2.1G iso9660  loop
|Data usage:
|/dev/mapper/vg-data      254G  179G  76G  71% /data
|10.3.180.50:/data1/7.6.1000/DVD3/7.6.1082 459G  281G  155G  65% /ins
-----
Versions
|OVOC Version      : 7.6.1075
|OS Version       : Linux 3.10.0-957.1.3.el7.x86_64 x86_64
|OS Revision      : CentOS 7 for EMS Server (Rev. 18)
|Java Version     : java full version "1.8.0_201-b09"
|Apache version   : Apache/2.4.6 (CentOS) Server built: Nov 5 2018 01:47:09
|Cassandra version: 3.11.2

```

Part V

OVOC Server Machine Backup and Restore

This part describes how to restore the OVOC server machine from a backup.

17 OVOC Server Backup Processes

There are four main backup processes that run on the OVOC server:

- **Weekly backup:** runs once a week at a pre-configured date & time (default is Saturday 02:00). In this process, the whole database is backed up into several “RMAN” files that are located in /data/NBIF/emsBackup/RmanBackup directory. For example, dailydbems_<time&date>_<randomstring>_<index>. In addition, several other configuration and software files are backed up to the archive file emsServerBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar in the /data/NBIF/emsBackup/RmanBackup directory. In general, this TAR file contains the entire /data/NBIF directory’s content, with the exception of the 'emsBackup' directory, OVOC Software Manager content and server_<xxx> directory content.

To change the weekly backup’s time and date, see [Change Schedule Backup Time](#) on the next page.

- **Daily backup:** runs daily except on the day scheduled for the weekly backup (see above). The daily backup process backs up the last 24 hours. There are no changes in the TAR file in this process.
- **Cassandra backup:** runs daily (runs prior to the above) and backs up the last 24 hours to the archive file cassandraBackup_<version>_<date>_<snapshotId>_<Role>_numberOfNodes.tar. When working in **Service Provider Cluster**, backup of the cluster node servers (VQM and PM) is performed on the Management server.
- **Configuration backup:** runs daily and backs up to the archive file ovocConfigBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar.gz

Daily and weekly backups run one hour after the Cassandra backup. For example, if the backup time is 2:00, the Cassandra backup runs at 2:00 and the Weekly/Daily and Configuration backups runs at 3:00.



- The Backup process does not backup configurations performed using OVOC Server Manager, such as networking and security.
- RmanBackup files are deleted during the OVOC server upgrade.
- It is highly recommended to maintain all backup files on an external machine. These files can be transferred outside the server directly from their default location by SCP or SFTP client using 'acems' user.

➤ Do the following:

1. Copy the following backup files to an external machine:
 - /data/NBIF/emsBackup/emsServerBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar
 - /data/NBIF/emsBackup/ovocConfigBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar.gz
 - /data/NBIF/emsBackup/cassandraBackup_<version>_<date>_<snapshotId>_<MGMT>_numberOfNodes.tar

- /data/NBIF/emsBackup/RmanBackup/daily_dbems_<time&date>_<randomstring>_<index>
- /data/NBIF/emsBackup/RmanBackup/weekly_dbems_<time&date>_<randomstring>_<index>
- /data/NBIF/emsBackup/RmanBackup/control.ctl
- /data/NBIF/emsBackup/RmanBackup/init.ora

Change Schedule Backup Time

This step describes how to reschedule the time to run the automatic backup of the following files:

- emsServerBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar
- RmanBackup
- ovocConfigBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar.gz
- cassandraBackup_<version>_<date>_<snapshotId>_<Role>_numberOfNodes.tar.

where:

- <time&date> is an example; replace this path with your filename.
- <version> is the version number of the OVOC server release

➤ To schedule backup time:

1. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **Change Schedule Backup Time**.
2. Choose the day of the week that you wish to perform the backup.

Figure 17-1: Backup Scheduling

```

---- Backup Scheduling ----
The following backup files and directories will be created in /data/NBIF/emsBackup:
emsServerBackup_7.8.94_xxx.tar
RmanBackup
ovocConfigBackup_7.8.94_xxx.tar.gz
cassandraBackup_7.8.94_xxx.tar.gz

These files should be backed up externally
Note: The backup can be restored only on the same OVOC version.

Current Schedule: Saturday at 2:00

Choose a day of the week to perform weekly backup (0-6) or 'q' to quit scheduling
0-Sunday, 1-Monday, 2-Tuesday, 3-Wednesday, 4-Thursday, 5-Friday, 6-Saturday (q-quit)

```

18 OVOC Server Restore

This section describes how to restore the OVOC server. This can be done on the original machine that the backup files were created from or on any other machine.



- If you're running the restore process on a different machine, its disk size should be the same as the original machine from which the backup files were taken.
- Restore actions can be performed only with backup files which were previously created in the same OVOC version.
- If you are restoring to a new machine, make sure that you have purchased a new license file machine ID. AudioCodes customer support will assist you to obtain a new license prior to the restore process.

➤ To restore the OVOC server:

1. Install (or upgrade) OVOC to the same version from which the backup files were created. The Linux version must also be identical between the source and target machines.
2. Use the OVOC server Management utility to perform all the required configurations, such as Networking and Security, as was previously configured on the source machine.
3. For more details, see [Getting Started](#) on page 201.
4. Make sure all server processes are up in OVOC Server Manager / Status menu and the server functions properly.
5. Copy all the files you backed up in [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194 to /data/NBIF directory by SCP or SFTP client using the 'acems' user. Overwrite existing files if required.
6. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose the **Restore** option.

Figure 18-1: Restore Menu

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Restore
-----
>1. Configuration Restore
  2. Full Restore
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu
  
```

7. Choose one of the following options:

- [Configuration Restore](#) below
- [Full Restore](#) on page 198

Configuration Restore

This option restores OVOC topology and OVOC Web configuration. The following data is restored:

- Network Topology

- License configuration
- Alarm Forwarding Rules
- Report Definitions
- PM Profiles
- QOE Thresholds
- QOE Status and Alarm definitions
- The entire configuration performed under System Configuration and System Administration menus

Data is restored from the following backup files:

- `emsServerBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar`
- `ovocConfigBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar.gz`



The restore process deletes all currently stored data as described above. Data that is retrieved from managed devices is not backed up, including: Alarms; Calls& SIP ladder; QoE & PM statistics; Users; Journals and Floating license reports.

➤ **To run the configuration restore operation:**

1. Select **Option 1: Configuration Restore**. A screen similar to the following is displayed:

Figure 18-2: Configuration Restore Prompt

```
After restoring OVOC server, client needs to be restarted, otherwise it might show incorrect info.
Restore can be performed only with backup of the same OVOC version.
To perform the restore procedure, please make sure that the following files exist in /data/NBIF/ directory:
emsServerBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar
ovocConfigBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar.gz
Note: Restore process will DELETE all the currently stored data!
Note: OVOC Server will be rebooted at the end of restore process.
Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n)
```

2. Type **y** to proceed. A screen similar to the following is displayed:

Figure 18-3: Configuration Restore-Confirm

```

After restoring OVOC server, client needs to be restarted, otherwise it might show incorrect info.
Restore can be performed only with backup of the same OVOC version.
To perform the restore procedure, please make sure that the following files exist in /data/NBIF/ directory:
emsServerBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar
ovocConfigBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar.gz

Note: Restore process will DELETE all the currently stored data!
Note: OVOC Server will be rebooted at the end of restore process.

Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n)y
Delete old backup files...
Start copying files...
Configuration Data Backup:      09/12/19 11:36
Server Backup:                  09/12/19 11:40
Proceed? (y/n)

```

3. Type **y** to proceed.
4. After the restore operation has completed, you are prompted to reboot the OVOC server.
5. If you installed custom certificates prior to the restore operation, you must reinstall these certificates (see [Supplementary Security Procedures](#) on page 333).

Full Restore

This option restores OVOC topology, OVOC Web configuration (as detailed in [Configuration Restore](#) on page 196) and data that is retrieved from managed devices including PMs, calls, alarms and journals. Data from the following backup files is restored:

- emsServerBackup_<version>_<time&date>.tar
- cassandraBackup_<version>_<date>_<snapshotId>_<MGMT>_numberOfNodes.tar
- daily_dbems__<time&date>_<randomstring>_<index>
- weekly_dbems__<time&date>_<randomstring>_<index>
- control.ctl
- init.ora



The restore process deletes all currently stored data including PMs, calls, alarms and journals.



When operating in Service Provider Cluster:

- The restore cluster should be defined with identical system specifications as the backed up server i.e. the same number of VQM/PM servers.
- Following restore, restart slaves and then wait up to 24 hours for Cassandra DB data(call details and PM details) to synchronize on all servers.

➤ **To run the full restore operation:**

1. Select **Option 2: Full Restore**. A screen similar to the following is displayed:

Figure 18-4: Full Restore Prompt

```
After restoring OVOC server, client needs to be restarted, otherwise it might show incorrect info.
Restore can be performed only with backup of the same OVOC version.
To perform the restore procedure, please make sure that the following files exist in /data/NBIF/ directory:
emsServerBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar
cassandraBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar.gz
daily_dbems_xxx
weekly_dbems_xxx
control.ctf
init.ora

Note: Restore process will DELETE all the currently stored data!
Note: OVOC Server will be rebooted at the end of restore process.
Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n)
```

2. Type **y** to proceed. A screen similar to the following is displayed:

Figure 18-5: Confirm Full Restore

```
After restoring OVOC server, client needs to be restarted, otherwise it might show incorrect info.
Restore can be performed only with backup of the same OVOC version.
To perform the restore procedure, please make sure that the following files exist in /data/NBIF/ directory:
emsServerBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar
cassandraBackup_7.8.84_xxx.tar.gz
daily_dbems_xxx
weekly_dbems_xxx
control.ctf
init.ora

Note: Restore process will DELETE all the currently stored data!
Note: OVOC Server will be rebooted at the end of restore process.
Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n)y
Delete old backup files...
Start copying files...
Oracle Backup: 09/12/19
Cassandra Backup: 09/12/19 11:39
Server Backup: 09/12/19 11:40
Proceed? (y/n)
```

3. Type **y** to proceed.
4. After the restore operation has completed, you are prompted to reboot the OVOC server.
5. If you installed custom certificates prior to the restore, you must reinstall these certificates (see [Supplementary Security Procedures](#) on page 333).

Part VI

OVOC Server Manager

This part describes the OVOC server machine maintenance using the OVOC server Management utility. The OVOC server Management utility is a CLI interface that is used to configure networking parameters and security settings and to perform various maintenance actions on the OVOC server.

Warning: Do not perform OVOC Server Manager actions directly through the Linux OS shell. If you perform such actions, OVOC application functionality may be harmed.

Note: To exit the OVOC Server Manager to Linux OS shell level, press q.

19 Getting Started

This section describes how to get started using the OVOC Server Manager.

Connecting to the OVOC Server Manager

You can either run the OVOC Server Manager utility locally or remotely:

- If you wish to run it remotely, then connect to the OVOC server using Secure Shell (SSH).
- If you wish to run it locally, then connect using the management serial port or keyboard and monitor.

➤ **Do the following:**

1. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
2. Switch to 'root' user and provide root password (default password is root):

```
su - root
```

3. Type the following command:

```
# EmsServerManager
```

The OVOC Server Manager menu is displayed:

Figure 19-1: OVOC Server Manager Menu





- Whenever prompted to enter Host Name, provide letters or numbers.
- Ensure IP addresses contain all correct digits.
- For menu options where reboot is required, the OVOC server automatically reboots after changes confirmation.
- For some of the configuration options, you are prompted to authorize the changes. There are three options: Yes, No, Quit (y,n,q). Yes implements the changes, No cancels the changes and returns you to the initial prompt for the selected menu option and Quit returns you to the previous menu.

Using the OVOC Server Manager

The following describes basic user hints for using the OVOC Server Manager:

- The screens displaying the Main menu options in the procedures described in this section are based on a Linux installation with 'root' user permissions.
- The current navigation command path is displayed at the top of the screen to indicate your current submenu location in the CLI menu. For example, **Main Menu > Network Configuration > Ethernet Redundancy**.
- You can easily navigate between menu options using the keyboard arrow keys or by typing the menu option number.
- Each of the menu options includes an option to return to the main Menu "Back to Main Menu" and in some cases there is an option to go back to the previous menu level by specifying either "Back" or "Quit".

OVOC Server Manager Menu Options Summary

The following describes the full menu options for the OVOC Server Management utility:

- **Status** – Shows the status of current OVOC processes ([Viewing Process Statuses](#) on page 206)
- **General Information** – Provides the general OVOC server current information from the Linux operating system, including OVOC Version, OVOC server Process Status, Oracle Server Status, Apache Server Status, Java Version, Memory size and Time Zone ([Viewing General Information](#) on page 211).
- **Collect Logs** – Collates all important logs into a single compressed file ([Collecting Logs](#) on page 216):
- **Application Maintenance** – Manages system maintenance actions ([Application Maintenance](#) on page 218):
 - Start / Restart the Application
 - Stop Application
 - Web Servers
 - Change Schedule Backup Time

- Restore
- License
- Analytics API
- Guacamole RDP Gateway
- Service Provider Cluster
- Shutdown the machine
- Reboot the machine

■ **Network Configuration** – Provides all basic, advanced network management and interface updates ([Network Configuration](#) on page 234):

- Server IP Address (The server is rebooted)
- Ethernet Interfaces (The server is rebooted)
- Ethernet Redundancy (The server is rebooted)
- DNS Client
- NAT
- Static Routes
- SNMP Agent
 - ◆ Configure SNMP Agent
 - SNMP Agent Listening Port
 - Linux System Traps Forwarding Configuration
 - SNMPv3 Engine ID
 - ◆ Start SNMP Agent
 - ◆ SNMPv3 Engine ID
- Cloud Architecture
- NFS

■ **Date & Time** – Configures time and date settings ([Date and Time Settings](#) on page 255):

- NTP
- Timezone Settings
- Date and Time Settings

■ **Security** – Manages all the relevant security configurations ([Security](#) on page 256):

- Add OVOC user
- SSH
- Oracle DB Password (OVOC server will be stopped)
- Cassandra DB Password (OVOC server will be stopped)

- OS Users Passwords
- HTTP Security Settings:
 - ◆ TLS Version 1.0
 - ◆ TLS Version 1.1
 - ◆ Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites
 - ◆ Edit SSL Cipher Suites Configuration String
 - ◆ Restore SSL Cipher Suites Configuration Default
 - ◆ Manage HTTP Service (Port 80)
 - ◆ Manage IPP Files Service (Port 8080)
 - ◆ Manage IPPs HTTP (Port 8081)
 - ◆ Manage IPPs HTTPS (Port 8082)
 - ◆ OVOC REST (Port 911)
 - ◆ Floating License REST (Port 912)
 - ◆ OVOC WebSocket (Port 915)
 - ◆ QoE Teams Server REST (Port 5010)
 - ◆ Trust Store Configuration
 - ◆ SBC HTTPS Authentication
 - ◆ Enable Device Manager client secured communication (Apache will be restarted)
 - ◆ Change HTTP/S Authentication Password for NBIF Directory
 - ◆ Disable Client's IP Address Validation
- File Integrity Checker
- Software Integrity Checker (AIDE) and Prelinking
- USB Storage
- Network Options
- Audit Agent Options (the server will be rebooted)
- Server Certificates Update
- OVOC Voice Quality Package - SBC Communication
- **Diagnostics** – Manages system debugging and troubleshooting ([Diagnostics](#) on page 288):
 - Server Syslog
 - Devices Syslog
 - Devices Debug
 - Server Logger Levels

- Network Traffic Capture

OVOC Server Manager Options for Service Provider Cluster

The following options are available in the OVOC Server Manager menu on the PM and VQM servers when the Service Provider Cluster feature is enabled:

- Status
- General Information
- Collect Logs
- Application Maintenance
 - Restart Application
 - Restore
 - Service Provider Cluster Configuration
 - Shutdown
 - Reboot
- Network Configuration
 - Server IP address
- Date & Time
 - NTP
 - Timezone Settings
 - Date & Time Settings
- Security
 - SSH
 - OS Users Passwords
 - File Integrity Checker
 - Software Integrity Checker (AIDE) and Prelinking
 - USB Storage
 - Network options
- Diagnostics
 - Logger Levels
 - Network Traffic Capture

20 Viewing Process Statuses

You can view the statuses of the currently running OVOC applications.

➤ **To view the statuses of the current OVOC applications:**

1. From the OVOC server Management root menu, choose **Status**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 20-1: Application Status in Stand-alone Mode

Application	Status
Watchdog	UP
OVOC Monitor	UP
OVOC Server	UP
QoE CPEs Master	UP
QoE CPEs Slave	UP
QoE Lync Server	UP
QoE Endpoints Server	UP
QoE Teams Server	UP
Floating License Server	UP
Performance Monitoring	UP
WebSocket Server	UP
Kafka	UP
Cassandra	UP
Oracle DB	UP
Oracle Listener	UP
Cloud Tunnel Service	DOWN
Apache HTTP Server	UP
SNMP Agent	UP
NTP Daemon	UP

Press 'Enter' key to go back to the main menu...

The following table describes the application statuses when OVOC runs in Stand-alone mode.

Table 20-1: Application Statuses in Stand-alone Mode

Application	Status
Watchdog	Indicates the status of the OVOC Watchdog process.
OVOC Monitor	Validates the local OVOC server connection, clock configuration and installed software version.
OVOC Server	Indicates the status of the OVOC server process.
QoE CPEs Master	Indicates the voice quality master process status on the local server
QoE CPEs Slave	Indicates the voice quality slave process status on the local server (identical to QoE CPEs Master process in Stand-alone mode)
QoE Lync Server	Indicates the status of the process that is responsible for retrieving Skype for Business calls and for monitoring connectivity status with Microsoft Lync server.
QoE Endpoints Server	Indicates the status of the Endpoint Server, which manages the UDP connection with the Endpoints (IP Phones) for Voice Quality Package

Application	Status
	SIP Publish RFC 6035 messages.
QoE Teams Server	Indicates the status of the OVOC process (QoE Teams Server – Up/Down) that is responsible for retrieving Teams Call Records from defined MS Teams Tenants and for monitoring connectivity status with MS Teams Tenants.
Floating License Server	Indicates the status of the connection between the OVOC server and the Floating License service.
Performance Monitoring Server	Indicates the status of the internal SNMP connection used by the OVOC server for polling managed devices.
WebSocket Server	Indicates the status of the internal connection between the WebSocket client (OVOC Web interface) and the OVOC server. This connection is used for managing the alarm and task notification mechanism.
Kafka	Indicates the status of the Kafka process for managing alarms retrieved from the VQM and PM servers.
Cassandra	Indicates the status of the Cassandra database that manages Call Details and SIP Ladder messages.
Oracle DB	Indicates the status of the Oracle Database process.
Oracle Listener	Indicates the status of the Oracle Listener process.
Cloud Tunnel Service	Indicates the status of the Cloud Tunnel Service (see Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode (WebSocket Tunnel) on page 154)
Apache HTTP Server	Indicates the status of the Apache server, which manages the following connections: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HTTP/S connection with the AudioCodes device ■ The OVOC server-Client connection. ■ The HTTP connection that is used by Endpoints for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server.
SNMP Agent	Indicates the status of the Linux SNMP Agent process. This agent is not responsible for the SNMPv2/SNMPv3 connection with the AudioCodes devices.
NTP Daemon	Indicates the status of the NTP Daemon process.

Viewing Process Statuses in Service Provider Cluster Mode

The figure below illustrates the process statuses in Service Provider Cluster mode.

➤ **To view the statuses of the current OVOC applications:**

1. From the OVOC server Management root menu, choose **Status**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 20-2: Application Statuses in Service Provider Cluster on Management Server

```

-----OVOC Server-----
-----Application-----|-----Status-----
Watchdog                |UP
OVOC Monitor             |UP
OVOC Server              |UP
QoE CPEs Master         |UP
QoE Lync Server          |UP
QoE Endpoints Server     |UP
Floating License Server  |UP
WebSocket Server         |UP
Kafka                   |UP
Cassandra                |UP
Oracle DB                |UP
Oracle Listener          |UP
Cloud Tunnel Service     |DOWN
Apache HTTP Server       |UP
SNMP Agent               |DOWN
NTP Daemon               |UP
-----

-----PM Server-----
Server IP: 10.3.180.7
Network Status: Connected
Server Status: UP
Last Status Time: 24/09/2020 13:13:22
-----Application-----|-----Status-----
Cassandra                |UP
Performance Monitoring   |UP
-----

-----UQM Server-----
Server IP: 10.3.180.8
Network Status: UNKNOWN
Server Status: UNKNOWN
-----

Press 'Enter' key to go back to the main menu...

```

Table 20-2: Application Statuses in Service Provider Cluster

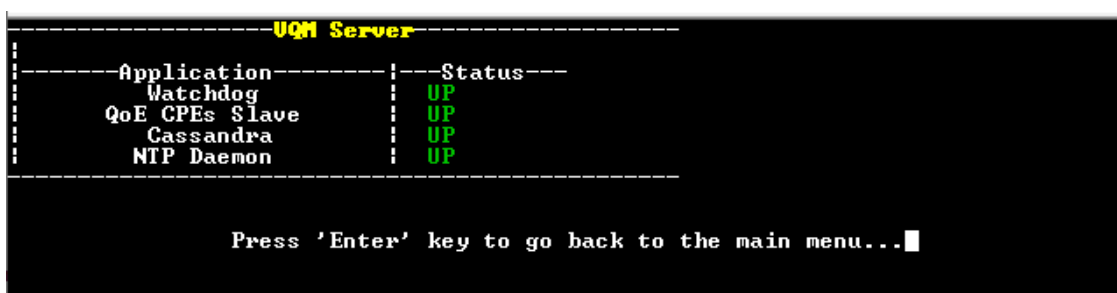
Application	Status
Watchdog	Indicates the status of the OVOC Watchdog process.
OVOC Monitor	Validates that all the cluster nodes are connected to the network, their clocks are synchronized with the Management server and are all nodes are installed with the same OVOC software version.
OVOC Server	Indicates the status of the OVOC server process.
QoE CPEs Master	Indicates the voice quality process status on the Management

Application	Status
	server.
QoE CPEs Slave	Indicates the voice quality process status on the VQM server node in the cluster.
QoE Lync Server	Indicates the status of the Skype for Business Server MS-SQL Server HTTP/S connection.
QoE Endpoints Server	Indicates the status of the Endpoint Server, which manages the UDP connection with the Endpoints (IP Phones) for Voice Quality Package SIP Publish RFC 6035 messages.
Floating License Server	Indicates the status of the connection between the OVOC server and the Floating License service.
Performance Monitoring Server	Indicate the PM process status on the PM server node in the cluster.
WebSocket Server	Indicates the status of the internal connection between the WebSocket client (OVOC Web interface) and the OVOC server. This connection is used for managing the alarm and task notification mechanism.
Kafka	Indicates the status of the Kafka process for managing alarms retrieved from the VQM and PM servers.
Cassandra	Indicates the status of the Cassandra database that manages Call Details and SIP Ladder messages.
QoE Teams Server	Indicates the status of the OVOC process (QoE Teams Server – Up/Down) that is responsible for retrieving Teams Call Records from defined MS Teams Tenants and for monitoring connectivity status with MS Teams Tenants.
Oracle DB	Indicates the status of the Oracle Database process.
Oracle Listener	Indicates the status of the Oracle Listener process.
Cloud Tunnel Service	Indicates the status of the Cloud Tunnel Service (see Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode (WebSocket Tunnel) on page 154)
Apache HTTP Server	<p>Indicates the status of the Apache server, which manages the following connections:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ HTTP/S connection with the AudioCodes device, ■ The OVOC server-Client connection.

Application	Status
	■ The HTTP connection that is used by Endpoints for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server.
SNMP Agent	Indicates the status of the Linux SNMP Agent process. This agent is not responsible for the SNMPv2/SNMPv3 connection with the AudioCodes devices.
NTP Daemon	Indicates the status of the NTP Daemon process.

The following figure displays the server status on the VQM node.

Figure 20-3: VQM Server Status



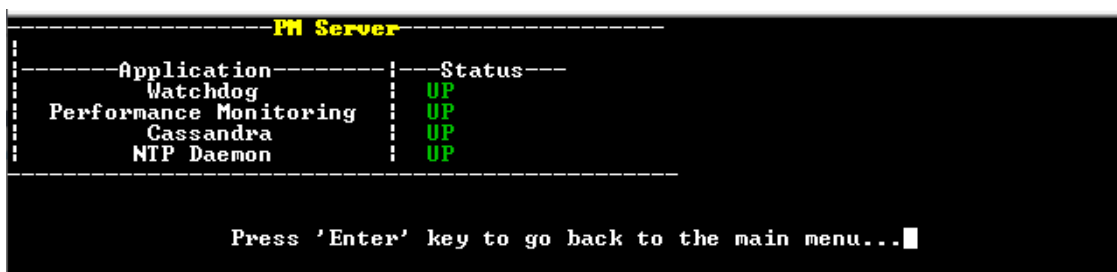
```

-----VQM Server-----
|-----Application-----|-----Status-----|
|      Watchdog           |      UP             |
|    QoE CPEs Slave       |      UP             |
|      Cassandra          |      UP             |
|      NTP Daemon         |      UP             |
|-----|-----|
|
| Press 'Enter' key to go back to the main menu...|

```

The following figure displays the status on the PM server.

Figure 20-4: PM Server Status



```

-----PM Server-----
|-----Application-----|-----Status-----|
|      Watchdog           |      UP             |
| Performance Monitoring   |      UP             |
|      Cassandra          |      UP             |
|      NTP Daemon         |      UP             |
|-----|-----|
|
| Press 'Enter' key to go back to the main menu...|

```

21 Viewing General Information

This section describes the General Information and Logs collection options. The General Information option provides detailed information about the OVOC server configuration and current status variables. The following information is provided:

- Components versions
- Components Statuses
- Memory size and disk usage
- Network configuration
- Time Zone and NTP configuration
- User logged in and session type

➤ **To view General Information:**

1. From the OVOC Server Manager root menu, choose **General Information**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 21-1: General Information

```
!sda1          2G xfs      part
!sda2          2T LVM2_member part
!vg-root      /          20G xfs      lvm running
!vg-swap      [SWAP]     23.5G swap    lvm running
!vg-data      /data      1.7T xfs      lvm running
!vg-meta      /meta      512M xfs      lvm running
!vg-opt       /opt        20G xfs      lvm running
!vg-oracle    /oracle    25G xfs      lvm running
!vg-var       /var        20G xfs      lvm running
!vg-home      /home      150G xfs      lvm running
sr0           1024M      rom running hp
loop0         5.7G iso9660 loop
!Data usage:
/dev/mapper/vg-data 1.7T 48G 1.7T 3% /data
-----
Versions
!OVOC Version   : 8.0.3098
!OS Version     : Linux 3.10.0-1160.49.1.el7.x86_64 x86_64
!OS Revision    : CentOS 7 for EMS Server (Rev. 18)
!Java Version   : java full version "1.8.0_311-b11"
!Apache version : Apache/2.4.6 (CentOS) Server built: Nov 10 2021 14:26:31
!Cassandra version: 3.11.9
<more>
```

2. Press **<more>** to view more information; the following is displayed:

Figure 21-2: General Information 1

```

IP Address      : 1.1.1.1
Subnet Mask     : 225.225.225.225
Network Address : 1.1.1.1
MAC             : 40:a8:f0:34:d7:09
MII IP Address  :
Interface: eno3
Not Defined
Date & Time Information
!Date & Time    : [02/01/2022 12:18:37]
!Time Zone     : Israel (IST, +0200)

Network Time Protocol
Server #1
Peer           : 10.3.180.8
Sync source    : .INIT.
Stratum        : 16
Type           : Unicast
Last response   : 529 seconds ago
Polling interval: 1024 seconds
Reach          : 0
Delay          : 0.000 ms.
Offset         : 0.000 ms.
Jitter         : 0.000 ms.
<more>

```

3. Press <more> again to view information on the second NTP server.

```

Sync source    : .INIT.
Stratum        : 16
Type           : Unicast
Last response   : 529 seconds ago
Polling interval: 1024 seconds
Reach          : 0
Delay          : 0.000 ms.
Offset         : 0.000 ms.
Jitter         : 0.000 ms.
<more>

Server #2
Peer           : 10.3.180.237
Sync source    : .XFAC.
Stratum        : 16
Type           : Unicast
Last response   : - seconds ago
Polling interval: 1024 seconds
Reach          : 0
Delay          : 0.000 ms.
Offset         : 0.000 ms.
Jitter         : 0.000 ms.
Press /Enter/ key to back to main menu

```

Viewing General Information in Service Provider Cluster Mode

The following shows general information that is displayed when the OVOC server is configured in Service Provider Cluster mode.

➤ To view General Information:

1. From the OVOC Server Manager root menu, choose **General Information**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 21-3: General Information Service Provider Cluster Node (PM/VQM servers)

```

NAME          MOUNTPOINT    SIZE FSTYPE    TYPE STATE  VENDOR
sda            1.8T
|-sda1         2G vfat      part
|-sda2         2G xfs       part
|-sda3         1.8T LVM2_member part
|-vg-data      /data         1.3T xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-meta      /meta         512M xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-opt       /opt          20G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-oracle    /oracle       25G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-var       /var          20G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-home      /home         150G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-swap      [SWAP]        188.7G swap     lvm  running
|-vg-root      /             20G xfs       lvm  running
sr0            1024M        rom      running hp
!Data usage:
/dev/mapper/vg-data 1.4T 767G 593G 57% /data
-----
Versions
!OVOC Version      : 7.8.2152
!OS Version        : Linux 3.10.0-1127.13.1.el7.x86_64 x86_64
!OS Revision       : CentOS 7 for EMS Server (Rev. 19)
!Java Version      : java full version "1.8.0_261-b12"
!Cassandra version: 3.11.6
<more>

Machine information
!Environment: Hardware
!Product Name: ProLiant DL360p Gen8
!Spec: Spec not verified
!CPU: Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5-2680 v2 @ 2.80GHz, total cores: 10
!Memory: 31969 MB
!Network:
Broadcom Limited NetXtreme BCM5719 Gigabit Ethernet PCIe (rev 01)
Broadcom Limited NetXtreme BCM5719 Gigabit Ethernet PCIe (rev 01)
Broadcom Limited NetXtreme BCM5719 Gigabit Ethernet PCIe (rev 01)
Broadcom Limited NetXtreme BCM5719 Gigabit Ethernet PCIe (rev 01)
!ACEMS Usage: 14G
!Disk:
NAME          MOUNTPOINT    SIZE FSTYPE    TYPE STATE  VENDOR
sda            2T
|-sda1         2G xfs       part
|-sda2         2T LVM2_member part
|-vg-root      /             20G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-swap      [SWAP]        23.5G swap     lvm  running
|-vg-data      /data         1.7T xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-meta      /meta         512M xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-opt       /opt          20G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-oracle    /oracle       25G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-var       /var          20G xfs       lvm  running
|-vg-home      /home         150G xfs       lvm  running
sr0            1024M        rom      running hp
!Data usage:
/dev/mapper/vg-data 1.7T 1.1T 642G 64% /data
-----
Versions
!OVOC Version      : 7.8.2185
!OS Version        : Linux 3.10.0-1127.13.1.el7.x86_64 x86_64
!OS Revision       : CentOS 7 for EMS Server (Rev. 18)
!Java Version      : java full version "1.8.0_261-b12"
!Apache version    : Apache/2.4.6 (CentOS) Server built: Apr 2 2020 13:13:23
!Cassandra version: 3.11.6
<more>
!Uptime: 37.077 ms.
Press 'Enter' key to back to main menu...

```

Figure 21-4: General Information Service Provider Cluster Node (PM/VQM servers)

```

Server's Network:
  Interface      : eno1
  Host Name      : Monster6
  IP Address     : 10.3.180.6
  Subnet Mask    : 255.255.0.0
  Network Address : 10.3.0.0

Date & Time Information
!Date & Time      : [31/08/2020 14:55:32]
!Time Zone       : Europe/London (BST, +0100)

Network Time Protocol
Server #1
Peer:            : *10.1.1.10
Sync source      : 40.81.94.65
Stratum:         : 4
Type             : Unicast
Last response    : 338 seconds ago
Polling interval: 1024 seconds
Reach : 377 (all attempts successful)
Delay : 0.649 ms.
Offset : -28.414 ms.
Jitter : 39.899 ms.

Press 'Enter' key to back to main menu...

Versions
!OVOC Version      : 7.8.2185
!OS Version        : Linux 3.10.0-1127.13.1.el7.x86_64 x86_64
!OS Revision       : CentOS 7 for EMS Server (Rev. 18)
!Java Version      : java full version "1.8.0_261-b12"
!Apache version    : Apache/2.4.6 (CentOS) Server built: Apr  2 2020 13:13:23
!Cassandra version: 3.11.6

<more>

!Server's NAT      : Not configured
!Server's Certificate : Default
-----
Network Configuration
Server's Network:
  Interface      : eno1
  Host Name      : EMS-server-17
  IP Address     : 10.3.180.17
  Subnet Mask    : 255.255.0.0
  Network Address : 10.3.0.0

Date & Time Information
!Date & Time      : [16/09/2020 11:15:53]
!Time Zone       : Israel (IDT, +0300)

Network Time Protocol
Server #1
Peer:            : *time.cloudflare
Sync source      : 10.149.8.4
Stratum:         : 3
Type             : Unicast
Last response    : 17 seconds ago
Polling interval: 128 seconds
Reach : 377 (all attempts successful)
Delay : 1.833 ms.
Offset : 2.844 ms.
Jitter : 0.978 ms.
<more>
Jitter : 37.877 ms.

Press 'Enter' key to back to main menu...

```

Figure 21-5: General Information Service Provider Cluster Node (PM/VQM servers)

```

Network Configuration
Server's Network:
  Interface      : eno1
  Host Name      : EMS-server-17
  IP Address     : 10.3.180.17
  Subnet Mask    : 255.255.0.0
  Network Address : 10.3.0.0

Date & Time Information
!Date & Time      : [16/09/2020 11:15:53]
!Time Zone       : Israel (IDT, +0300)

Network Time Protocol
Server #1
Peer:            : *time.cloudflare
Sync source      : 10.149.8.4
Stratum:         : 3
Type:            : Unicast
Last response    : 17 seconds ago
Polling interval: 128 seconds
Reach : 377 (all attempts successful)
Delay : 1.833 ms.
Offset : 2.844 ms.
Jitter : 0.978 ms.
<more>

Server #2
Peer:            : time.cloudflare
Sync source      : .INIT.
Stratum:         : 16
Type:            : Unicast
Last response    : - seconds ago
Polling interval: 1024 seconds
Reach : 0
Delay : 0.000 ms.
Offset : 0.000 ms.
Jitter : 0.000 ms.

Press 'Enter' key to back to main menu...
010000 - 37.077 ms.

Press 'Enter' key to back to main menu...

```


22 Collecting Logs

This option enables you to collect important log files. All log files are collected in a single file `log.tar` that is created under the user home directory.



When operating in the Service Provider Cluster Mode, logs are collected from all server nodes in the cluster (Management, VQM and PM servers)

The following log files are collected:

- OVOC server Application logs
- General Info logs
- Apache logs and configuration files
- Cassandra DB logs
- OS logs
- Oracle DB logs
- Hardware information (including disk)
- OS Configuration
- File Descriptors used by processes info
- Rman logs
- Installation logs
- Oracle Database logs
- Server's Syslog Messages
- Yafic scan files
- Topology file
- Topology export file
- License file and Decoded License file
- Relevant network configuration files (including static routes)

➤ **To collect logs:**

- From the OVOC server Management root menu, choose **Collect Logs**, and then press Enter; you are prompted if you wish to collect logs, enter **y** to proceed, the OVOC server commences the log collection process:

This process can take a few minutes. Once the file generation has completed, a message is displayed on the screen informing you that a Diagnostic tar file has been created and the location of the tar file:

Figure 22-1: Collecting Logs

```
Collecting logs from management server:
Collecting GeneralInfo logs...
Collecting Apache logs + configuration files...
Collecting Cassandra DB logs...
Collecting OS logs...
Collecting Tcpdump capture files...
Collecting Oracle DB logs...
Collecting hardware configuration...
Collecting OS configuration...
Collecting FD information...
Collecting Java dumps...
Collecting memory statistics...
Collecting Rman Log Files
Collecting Installation Log Files
Collecting Yafic Scan Files
Collecting Topology Export file
Collecting License File
Collecting ovoc_cluster File
Collecting ovoc_cluster_status File
Collecting Decoded License File
Packing TAR file...
  adding: logs.tar (deflated 96%)
```

23 Application Maintenance

This section describes the application maintenance.

➤ **To configure application maintenance:**

- From the OVOC Server Manager root menu, choose **Application Maintenance**; the following is displayed:

Figure 23-1: Application Maintenance

```
Main Menu> Application Maintenance
>1. Start/Restart Application
2. Stop Application
3. Web Servers
4. Change Schedule Backup Time
5. Restore
6. License
7. Analytics API
8. Guacamole RDP Gateway
9. Service Provider Cluster
10. Shutdown the Machine
11. Reboot the Machine
q. Quit to main Menu
```

This menu includes the following options:

- Start/Restart Application ([Start or Restart the Application](#) below)
- Stop Application ([Stop the Application](#) on page 220)
- Web Servers ([Web Servers](#) on page 220)
- Change Schedule Backup Time ([Change Schedule Backup Time](#) on page 195)
- Restore ([OVOC Server Restore](#) on page 196)
- License ([License](#) on page 221)
- Analytics API ([Analytics API](#) on page 226)
- Guacamole RDP Gateway ([Guacamole RDP Gateway](#) on page 227)
- Service Provider Cluster ([Service Provider Cluster](#) on page 228)
- Shutdown the Machine ([Shutdown the OVOC Server Machine](#) on page 233)
- Reboot the Machine ([Reboot the OVOC Server Machine](#) on page 233)

Start or Restart the Application

This section describes how to start or restart the application.

➤ **To start/restart the application:**

1. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **Start/Restart the Application**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 23-2: Start or Restart the OVOC server



2. Do one of the following:
 - Select **Yes** to start/restart the OVOC server
 - Select **No** to return to menu

Start and Restart in Service Provider Cluster Mode

When running in Service Provider Cluster, the processes statuses following start or restart of the OVOC server are shown in the figures below:



For VQM and PM servers, there is no option in the OVOC Server Manager to stop the server (only the "Restart" action is available).

Figure 23-3: PM Server

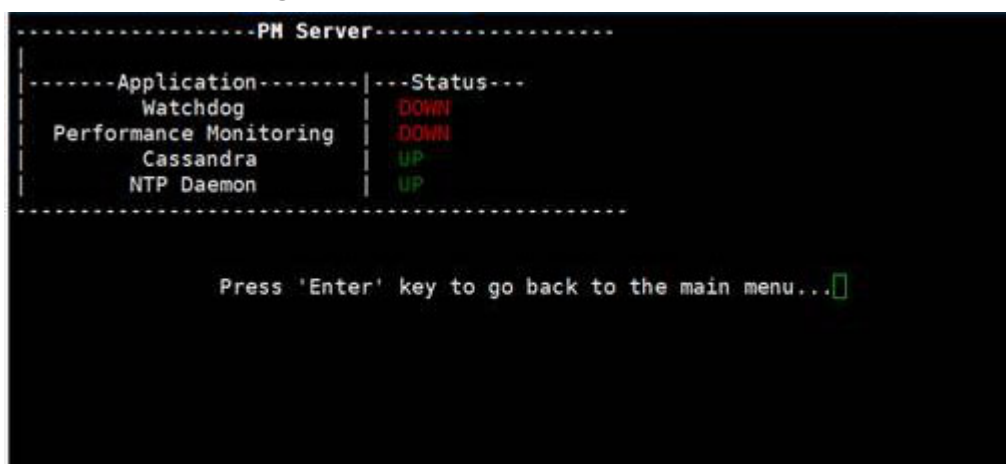


Figure 23-4: VQM Server

```
-----VQM Server-----
|
|-----Application-----|---Status---
|      Watchdog           |  DOWN
|    QoE CPEs Slave       |  UP
|      Cassandra          |  UP
|      NTP Daemon         |  UP
|
|-----

```

Press 'Enter' key to go back to the main menu...

Stop the Application

➤ **To stop the application:**

1. In the Application menu, choose option **Stop Application**.
2. You are prompted whether you wish to stop the OVOC server.

Figure 23-5: Stop OVOC server

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance
-----
Stop OUC Server?
>1. Yes
  2.No

```

Web Servers

This option enables you to stop and start the Apache HTTP Web server.

- **To stop/start the Apache HTTP Web server:**

1. From the Application maintenance menu, choose **Web Servers**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 23-6: Web Servers

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Web Servers
-----
!The Apache HTTP Server Process is: UP
>1. Stop the Apache HTTP Server
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Select option **Stop/Start the Apache HTTP Server**.

Change Schedule Backup Time

This option enables you to reschedule the time that you wish to back up the OVOC server (OVOC Server Backup Processes on page 194).

License

The License menu enables you to view the details of the existing license or upload a new license.

The OVOC server License (SBC License pool, IP Phones and Voice Quality) should have a valid license loaded to the server in order for it to be fully operational.

To obtain a valid license for your OVOC server License you should activate your product through License Activation tool at <http://www.AudioCodes.com/swactivation>. .

You will need your Product Key (see below) and the Server Machine ID (see below) for this activation process:

- **ProductKey:** the Product Key string is used in the customer order for upgrading the OVOC product. For more information, contact your AudioCodes partner.
- **Machine ID:** indicates the OVOC Machine ID that should be taken from the server as shown in the screen below (enter this ID in the Fingerprint field in the Activation form). This ID is also used in the customer order process when the product key is not known (for more information contact your AudioCodes representative).
- **License Status:** indicates whether the OVOC license is enabled (OVOC License on the next page below).
- **OVOC Advanced:** indicates whether the Voice Quality license is enabled (default-no). When this parameter is set to default, the following Voice Quality feature licenses are available:
 - Total Devices = 2
 - Total Endpoints = 10
 - Total Sessions = 10
 - Total Users = 10

When set to Yes, the above parameters can be configured according to the number of purchased licenses

- **Expiration Date:** indicates the expiration date of the OVOC time license. By default, this field displays 'Unlimited' (below).

The time zone is determined by the configured date and time in the Date & Time menu ([Timezone Settings](#) on page 253).



- When you order AudioCodes devices (MediantSBC and MediantGateway AudioCodes products), ensure that a valid feature key is enabled with the "OVOC" parameter for those devices that you wish to manage. Note that this feature key is a separate license to the OVOC server license.
- Licenses can be allocated to Tenants in the OVOC Web according to the license parameters displayed in the License screen (see example in [OVOC License](#) below).

OVOC License

The OVOC time license sets the time period for product use. When the time license is enabled and the configured license time expires, the connection to the OVOC server is denied. The time based license affects all the features in the OVOC including the SBC License Pool, Devices (entities managed by the Device Manager) and Voice Quality Management. When the OVOC server time license approaches or reaches its expiration date, the 'License alarm' is raised (Refer to the *One Voice Operations Center Alarms Guide*).

➤ To view the license details or upload a new license:

1. Copy the license file that you have obtained from AudioCodes to the following path on the OVOC server machine:

/home/acems/<License_File>
2. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **License** option, and then press Enter; the current License details are displayed:

Figure 23-7: License Manager

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> License

License Configuration Manager:
Server Machine ID: D520BF058C41
Product Key: D520BF058C41
License Status: ENABLED
OUOC Advanced: Yes
Expiration Date: 01-01-2140

Voice Quality
Total Devices: 100,000,000
Total Endpoints: 300,000,000
Total Sessions: 100,000,000
Total Users: 300,000,000
Total Reports: 1,000,000
Analytics Stats: ENABLED

Fixed License Pool
Managed Devices: 10,000,000
SBC Sessions: 10,000,000
SBC Registrations: 10,000,000
SBC Transcoding: 10,000,000
SBC Signaling: 10,000,000
CB Users: 10,000,000
CB PBX Users: 10,000,000
CB Analog Devices: 10,000,000
CB Voicemail Accounts: 10,000,000

Endpoints
Managed Endpoints: 300,000,000

>1. Load License
  b. Back
  q. Quit to main Menu

Cloud License Manager
Status: DISABLED
SBC Media: 10,000
SBC Registrations: 10,000
SBC Transcoding: 10,000
SBC Signaling: 10,000
WEB RTC Sessions: 10,000
SIP Rec Streams: 10,000



Flex License
Status: ENABLED
Managed Devices: 100
SBC Media: 100
SBC Registrations: 100
SBC Transcoding: 100
SBC Signaling: 100
WEB RTC Sessions: 50
SIP Rec Streams: 50
SBC Shutdown On Failure <Days>: 90

MasterScope License
Status: ENABLED

```

Table 23-1: License Pool Parameters

License Type	License Parameter
Voice Quality	
Total Devices	The maximum number of Voice Quality monitored devices.
Total Endpoints	The maximum number of Voice Quality monitored endpoints.
Total Sessions	The maximum number of concurrent Voice Quality monitored SBC call sessions.
Total Users	The maximum number of Voice Quality monitored users supported by the SBC.

License Type	License Parameter
	 <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A license value higher than 10 must be purchased to enable adding Skype for Business devices in the OVOC Web interface. • For customers with existing Skype for Business devices defined in OVOC with 10 or fewer licenses, there are no changes; however, new Skype for Business devices cannot be added.
Total Reports	<p>The maximum number of customized Voice Quality reports that can be generated in OVOC.</p>  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Template reports can be generated without purchasing licenses; however, to generate customized reports, licenses must be purchased. These licenses can be allocated to tenant or system operators in the OVOC Web interface. • For OVOC upgrades prior to version 7.8 releases: OVOC migrates old Scheduled reports as Custom reports even if there are insufficient licenses; however, the operator will not be able to add additional Custom reports even if they delete existing reports until the Custom Reports count is below the Total Reports license value.
Analytics Stats	Enables the Analytics API feature for retrieving Voice Quality data from Northbound Database access clients. By default disabled when OVOC Advanced package is enabled.
Cloud License Manager	
SBC Media	The maximum number of concurrent SBC media sessions.
SBC Registrations	The maximum number of SIP endpoints that can register with the SBC devices.
SBC Transcoding	The maximum number of SBC transcoding sessions.
SBC Signaling	The maximum number of SBC signaling sessions.
SIP Web RTC Sessions	The maximum number of SIP Web RTC Sessions.
SIP Rec Streams	The maximum number of SIP Rec streams.

License Type	License Parameter
Flex License	
Managed Devices	The maximum number of devices that can be managed by the Flex license. Default-250
SBC Media	The maximum number of concurrent SBC media sessions.
SBC Registrations	The maximum number of SIP endpoints that can register with the SBC devices
SBC Transcoding	The maximum number of SBC transcoding sessions.
SBC Signaling	The maximum number of SBC signaling sessions.
SIP Web RTC Sessions	The maximum number of SIP Web RTC Sessions.
SIP Rec Streams	The maximum number of SIP Rec streams.
SBC Shutdown on Failure (Days) Default:- 90 days	When an SBC device does not receive acknowledgment from the OVOC server that Usage reports have been received within the specified grace period, then service is shutdown for this SBC device. The SBC must then re-establish connection with the OVOC server.
Fixed License Pool	
SBC Managed Devices	The total number of SBC devices that can be managed by the Fixed License Pool.
SBC Sessions	The maximum number of concurrent license SBC call sessions
SBC Registrations	The number of SIP endpoints that can register with the SBC devices.
SBC Transcoding	The maximum number of SBC transcoding sessions.
SBC Signaling	The maximum number of SBC signaling sessions.
CB Users	The maximum number of CloudBond 365 users
CB PBX Users	The maximum number of PBX users. Currently not supported.
CB Analog Devices	The maximum number of CB Analog devices. Currently not supported.

License Type	License Parameter
CB Voicemail Accounts	The maximum number of CB Voicemail accounts. Currently not supported.
Endpoints	
Managed Endpoints	The maximum number of endpoints that can be managed by the Device Manager Pro.
Masterscope	
MasterScope License	Enables Single Sign-on to the MasterScope network equipment analysis application from the OVOC Web interface.

3. To load a new license, choose option **1**.
4. Enter the license file path and name.
5. Restart the OVOC server.

Analytics API

The Analytic API enables access to selected data from the OVOC database for the purpose of integration into Northbound third-party interfaces. Customers can connect to the OVOC Database using third-party DB access clients and retrieve topology and statistics. This data can then be used in management interfaces such as Power BI, Splunk and other Analytic tools to generate customized dashboards, reports and other representative management data. This may be particularly useful during management reporting periods. The following data can be retrieved:

- Network Topology including Tenants, Regions, Devices, Non-ACL Devices, Links
- QoE Statistics including Calls, Nodes and Links Summaries
- Active and History Alarms

A dedicated DB operator ("ANALYTICS") is used for securing connection to the OVOC server over port 1521. This port must be open on the customer firewall once this feature is enabled by the feature key (see [OVOC License](#) on page 222) and in the procedure described below.

For more information, refer to the *OVOC Northbound Integration Guide*.

➤ To manage the Analytics API:

1. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **Analytics API**.

The License status indicates whether the license feature is enabled and the Operational status indicates whether this option is enabled.

Figure 23-8: Analytics API

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Analytics API
-----
License Status: Supported
Operational status: Enabled
  1.Disable      (The server will be rebooted)
>2.Change DB User Password
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

Once enabled, an option "Change DB User Password" to change the default authentication password for the ANALYTICS user connection appears in the menu. Enter the desired password and confirm.

Guacamole RDP Gateway

This option supports the opening of an RDP connection from the UMP 365 Device page via the Apache Guacamole VPN gateway to the Windows server residing the UMP application. This feature supports 10 simultaneous Remote access sessions where the Administrator can view the list of active sessions and close (stop) sessions manually.

➤ To activate the Guacamole RDP gateway:

1. From the Application menu, choose **Guacamole RDP Gateway**.

Figure 23-9: Guacamole RDP Gateway

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Guacamole RDP Gateway
-----
Feature: DISABLED
Tomcat : NOT INSTALLED : DOWN
Server : NOT INSTALLED : DOWN
Client : NOT INSTALLED
>1.Enable
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Select Option 1 to enable the RDP Gateway.

The gateway is built and installed.

Figure 23-10: Building and Installing RDP Gateway

```

Installing server application...
  Installing guacamole dependencies...
    libpng-devel... OK
    cairo-devel... OK
    libjpeg-turbo-devel... OK
    uuid-devel... OK
    freerdp-devel... OK
  Extracting guacamole build... OK
  Building guacamole... OK
  Enabling guacamole service... OK
  Preparing guacamole configurations...
    extensions... OK
    guacamole.properties... Created
    user-mapping.xml... Created
  Starting guacamole... OK
Installing tomcat...
  Extracting tomcat files... OK
  Configuring CATALINA_HOME... OK
  Enabling tomcat service... OK
  Copying tomcat configuration... OK
Installing guacamole client... OK
Starting tomcat... OK
Operation was successful, press ENTER to continue

```

Figure 23-11: Enabled Guacamole RDP Gateway

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Guacamole RDP Gateway
-----
Feature: ENABLED
Tomcat : INSTALLED : UP
Server : INSTALLED : UP
Client : INSTALLED
>1.Disable
  2.Change password
  3.Restart Tomcat
  4.Restart Guacamole
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

3. Do one of the following:

- **Change password:** Select Option **2**, enter the current password, enter new password and confirm (default username *umppman*, default password: *umppass*)
- **Restart Tomcat:** Select Option **3** and confirm.
- **Restart Guacomole:** Select Option **4** and confirm.

Service Provider Cluster

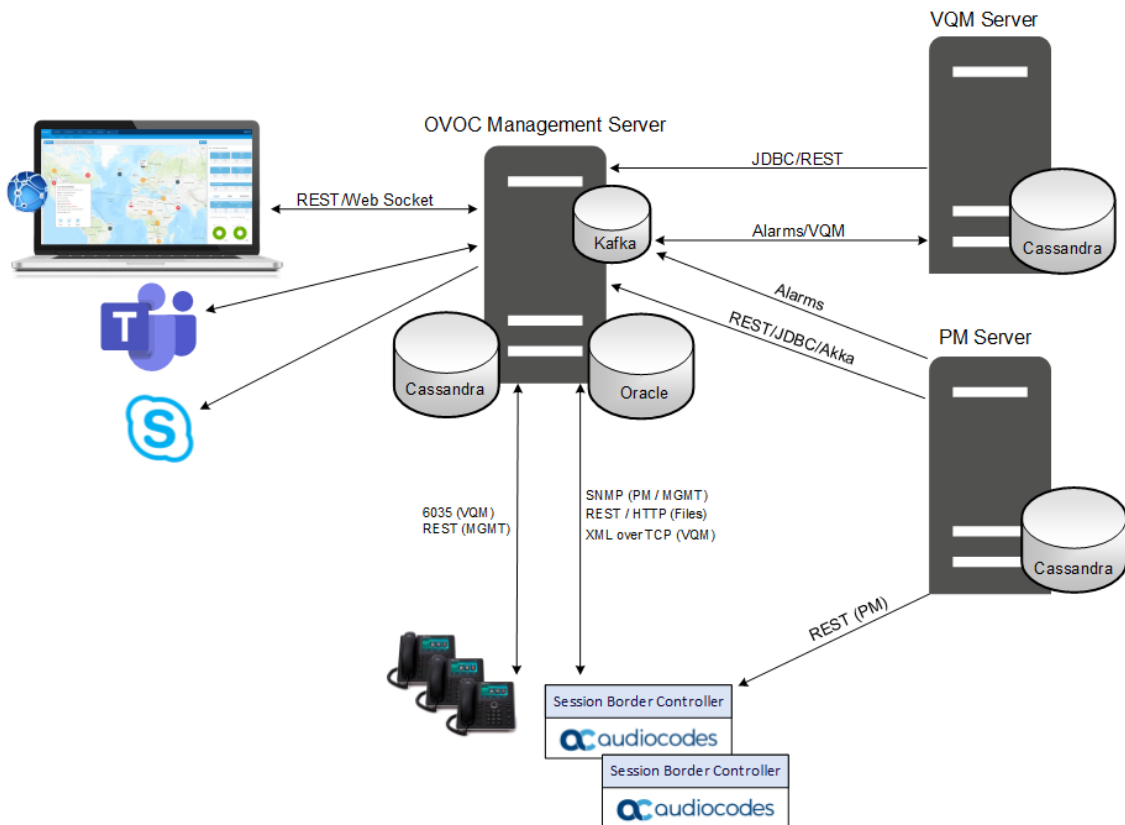
The Service Provider Cluster mode enables load sharing between Voice Quality and Performance Monitoring and General Management processes with a separate Virtual Machines for each process.



Service Provider Cluster setup is released in this version as a Controlled Introduction feature. When customers are ready to deploy this feature, contact the AudioCodes OVOC Product Manager to coordinate an initial interview session.

The figure below illustrates the topology.

Figure 23-12: Service Provider Cluster



- The Cassandra database for managing Call Details, SIP Ladder messages and PM Details runs in a Cluster mode on each of the following nodes: Management; VQM and PM servers.
- The QoE CPEs server process for managing the XML-based Voice Quality Package communication with managed devices runs as a sub-process on the VQM server.
- The Performance Monitoring process for polling managed devices runs as a sub-process on the Performance Monitoring Slave server.
- Alarms are sent from the node servers to the Management server using Kafka

The procedure below describes how to configure the cluster nodes and to perform synchronization between the configured cluster nodes and the management server.

➤ **To configure service provider cluster:**

1. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **Service Provider Cluster**.

Figure 23-13: Service Provider Cluster

```

Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Service Provider Cluster

State: Cluster

10.3.180.7      PM
10.3.180.17    Management
10.3.180.8      UQM

>1. Add VQM Server
2. Add PM Server
3. Remove Server
4. Synchronize Servers
h. Back
q. Quit to main Menu

```

2. Select option 'Add VQM Server' to add a virtual machine for a VQM Server:
 - Enter the server's IP address and confirm.
3. Select option 'Add PM Server' to add a virtual machine for a PM Server:
 - Enter the server's IP address and confirm.



- The server that you wish to add must be connected to the network
- The OVOC server must be pre-installed on the PM/VQM server (see [OVOC Software Deliverables](#) on page 15)
- The Management server clock must be synchronized with the PM/VQM clock.

Remove PM or VQM Server from Cluster

This section describes how to remove a PM or VQM server from the Service Provider Cluster. This scenario occurs when this server is connected to the cluster and needs to be removed (its data is synchronized with other servers in the network).



- Before performing this action, its recommended to backup from cluster (see [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194).
- The server removal process is time-consuming due mainly to the data redistribution process.
- Make sure that the PM/VQM server is connected and running before removing it.

➤ To remove PM or VQM server from the cluster:

1. From the Service Provider Cluster menu, choose **Remove Server**.

Figure 23-14: Removing PM/VQM Server

```
Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Service Provider Cluster

State: Cluster

10.3.180.7      PM
10.3.180.17     Management
10.3.180.8      UQM

1.Add UQM Server
2.Add PM Server
>3.Remove Server
4.Synchronize Servers
b.Back
q.Quit to main Menu
```

Force Remove PM or VQM Server from Cluster

This section describes how to force remove a PM or VQM server from the Service Provider Cluster. This scenario occurs when this server is not connected and its data cannot be synchronized and you wish to remove it from the cluster.



- Before performing this action, its recommended to backup from cluster (see [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194).
- Data may be lost since removed server data cannot be redistributed.

➤ To force remove a node from the service provider cluster:

1. From the Service Provider Cluster menu, choose **Force Remove Server**.

Figure 23-15: Removing Slave Server

```
Main Menu> Application Maintenance> Service Provider Cluster
-----
State: Cluster Unsynchronized
172.17.118.83 Management
Cluster is out of sync! No Add/Remove actions allowed!
>1. Force Remove Server
   b.Back
   q.Quit to main Menu
```

Synchronize Cluster Node Servers

The synchronization option performs sync on the shared files in the cluster configuration including DB passwords and server configurations.

➤ To synchronize cluster node servers:

1. From the Service Provider Cluster menu, choose **Synchronize Servers**.

Shared files in the cluster are updated.

Figure 23-16: Synchronize Cluster Mode

```
Starting to sync shared files
  Updating DB Passwords on PM server: 10.3.180.7... PASSED
  Updating Service Provider Cluster configuration on PM server: 10.3.180.7... PASSED
Finished syncing shared files, press ENTER to continue
```

Shutdown the OVOC Server Machine

This section describes how to shut down the OVOC server machine.



When operating in the Service Provider Cluster Mode, enabling this option shuts down the entire cluster.

➤ **To shut down the OVOC server machine:**

1. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **Shutdown the Machine**, and then press Enter.
2. Type **y** to confirm the shutdown; the OVOC server machine is shutdown.

Reboot the OVOC Server Machine

This section describes how to reboot the OVOC server machine.

➤ **To reboot the OVOC server machine:**

1. From the Application Maintenance menu, choose **Reboot the Machine**, and then press Enter.
2. Type **y** to confirm the reboot; the OVOC server machine is rebooted.

24 Network Configuration

This section describes the networking options in the OVOC Server Manager.

➤ **To run the network configuration:**

- From the OVOC Server Manager root menu, choose **Network Configuration**; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-1: Network Configuration

```
OVOC Server 8.0.1110 Management
-----
Main Menu > Network Configuration
-----
>1. Server IP Address      <The server will be rebooted>
 2. Ethernet Interfaces    <The server will be rebooted>
 3. Ethernet Redundancy    <The server will be rebooted>
 4. DNS Client
 5. NAT Configuration
 6. Static Routes
 7. Proxy Settings
 8. SNMP Agent
 9. Cloud Architecture
10. NFS
 q. Quit to main Menu
```

This menu includes the following options:

- Server IP Address (the server will be rebooted) ([Server IP Address](#) on the next page)
- Ethernet Interfaces (the server will be rebooted) ([Ethernet Interfaces](#) on page 236)
- Ethernet Redundancy (the server will be rebooted) ([Ethernet Redundancy](#) on page 240)
- DNS Client ([DNS Client](#) on page 243)
- NAT ([Configure OVOC Server with NAT IP per Interface](#) on page 150)
- Static Routes ([Static Routes](#) on page 243)
- OVOC Proxy Settings ([Proxy Settings](#) on page 245)
- SNMP Agent ([SNMP Agent](#) on page 246)
- Cloud Architecture ([Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode \(WebSocket Tunnel\)](#) on page 154)
- NFS ([NFS](#) on page 249)



- The following options are not applicable in Cloud deployments:
 - ✓ Server IP Address
 - ✓ Ethernet interfaces
 - ✓ Ethernet redundancy
- The following options support IPv6:
 - ✓ Ethernet Redundancy
 - ✓ DNS Client
 - ✓ Static Routes

Server IP Address

This option enables you to update the OVOC server's IP address. This option also enables you to modify the OVOC server host name.



- When this operation has completed, the OVOC automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.
- **When configuring PM and VQM servers:** this option can only be applied before adding these servers to the cluster.
- This option does not support IPv6 interfaces.

➤ To change Server's IP address:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose Server IP Address, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-2: OVOC Server Manager – Change Server's IP Address

```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help
Current OVOC Server IP Configuration (Server Network):
Host Name: OVOC-4
IP: 10.3.180.4
Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0
Network Address: 0.0.0.0
Default Gateway: 10.3.0.1

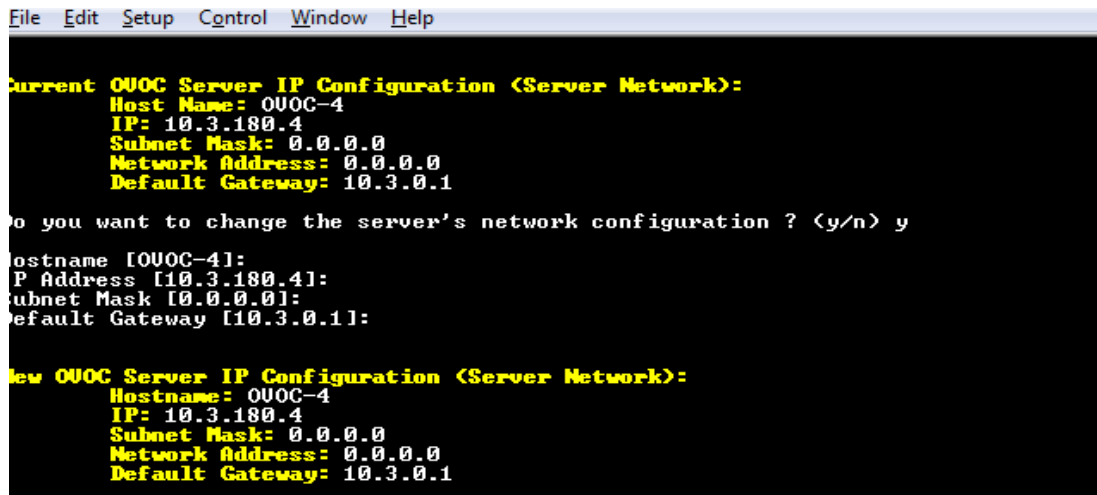
Do you want to change the server's network configuration ? (y/n)
  
```

2. Configure IP configuration parameters as desired.

Each time you press Enter, the different IP configuration parameters of the OVOC server are displayed. These parameters include the Server Host Name, IP address, Subnet Mask, Network Address and Default Gateway.

3. Type **y** to confirm the changes, and then press Enter.

Figure 24-3: IP Configuration Complete



```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help

Current OVOC Server IP Configuration <Server Network>:
Host Name: OVOC-4
IP: 10.3.180.4
Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0
Network Address: 0.0.0.0
Default Gateway: 10.3.0.1

Do you want to change the server's network configuration ? <y/n> y

Hostname [OVOC-4]:
IP Address [10.3.180.4]:
Subnet Mask [0.0.0.0]:
Default Gateway [10.3.0.1]:

New OVOC Server IP Configuration <Server Network>:
Hostname: OVOC-4
IP: 10.3.180.4
Subnet Mask: 0.0.0.0
Network Address: 0.0.0.0
Default Gateway: 10.3.0.1

```

Upon confirmation, the OVOC automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

Ethernet Interfaces

This section describes how to configure Ethernet interfaces. OVOC supports configuration of multiple IPv4 or IPv6 ethernet interfaces. This allows SBC devices to connect to OVOC from different subnets to different ethernet interfaces. .



- The OVOC Main Management interface only supports IPv4.
- Each IPv4 interface can be configured for NAT and one of the IPv4 interfaces can be configured to work in the Cloud Architecture mode

In case gateways are located in different subnets, static routes should be provisioned to allow the connection from 'Southbound network interfaces' to each one of the subnets. For Static Routes configuration, [Static Routes](#) on page 243.

➤ To configure Ethernet Interfaces:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose Ethernet Interfaces, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-4: OVOC Server Manager – Configure Ethernet Interfaces

```

Main Menu> Network Configuration> Ethernet Interfaces
-----
>1. Add Interface
  2. Remove Interface
  3. Modify Interface
  b. Back
  q. Quit to main Menu

```

2. Choose from one of the following options:

- **Add Interface** – Adds a new interface to the OVOC server ([Add Interface](#) below).
- **Remove Interface** – Removes an existing interface from the OVOC server ([Remove Interface](#) on the next page).
- **Modify Interface** – Modifies an existing interface from the OVOC server ([Type y to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.](#) on page 239).

Add Interface

This section describes how to add a new Ethernet interface.

➤ To add a new Interface:

1. From the Ethernet Interfaces menu, choose option **1**; a list of currently available interfaces (not yet configured) is displayed.

Figure 24-5: Add Interface

```

Add Interface:
Choose Interface:
1> eno4
2> eno2
3> eno3
4> Quit
: 1

New Interface Parameters:
IP Type <4 or 6>: 

```

2. Enter the number of the IP interface that you wish to modify (on HP machines the interfaces are called 'eno1', 'eno2', etc) and then press Enter.
3. Choose the IP interface type and then press Enter:
 - Enter 4 for IPv4
 - Enter 6 for IPv6

Figure 24-6: Add Interface

```

Add Interface:

Choose Interface:
1> eno4
2> eno2
3> eno3
4> Quit
: 1

New Interface Parameters:

IP Type <4 or 6>: 6
IP Address : 2000::1
Hostname : OVOCazure
Network Prefix <1..128>: 64

```

4. Enter the IP Address, Hostname and Network Prefix and confirm; the new interface parameters are displayed.

Figure 24-7: Confirm Update

```

Add Interface:

Choose Interface:
1> eno4
2> eno2
3> eno3
4> Quit
: 1

New Interface Parameters:

IP Type <4 or 6>: 6
IP Address : 2000::1
Hostname : OVOCazure
Network Prefix <1..128>: 64

Note: Reboot will be performed immediately at the end of configuration process.
Are you sure that you want to continue? <y/n/q> 

```

5. Type **y** to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

Remove Interface

This section describes how to remove an Ethernet Interface.

➤ **To remove an existing interface:**

1. From the Ethernet Interfaces menu, choose option **2**; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-8: Remove Ethernet Interface

```
Remove Interface:
Choose Interface:
1> ens192
2> ens256
3> ens224
4> Quit
: █
```

2. Enter the number corresponding to the interface that you wish to remove.
3. Type **y** to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

Modify Interface

This section describes how to modify an existing Ethernet Interface.

➤ **To modify an existing interface:**

1. From the Ethernet Interfaces menu, choose option **3**.

Figure 24-9: Modify Interface

```
Modify Interface:
Choose Interface:
1> ens192
2> ens256
3> ens224
4> Quit
: █
```

2. Enter the number corresponding to the interface that you wish to modify.
3. Change the interface parameters as required.

4. Type **y** to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

Ethernet Redundancy

This section describes how to configure Ethernet Redundancy. Physical Ethernet Interfaces Redundancy balances traffic between multiple network interfaces that are connected to the same IP link and provides a failover mechanism.



When the operation is finished, the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

➤ To configure Ethernet Redundancy:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **Ethernet Redundancy** option, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-10: Ethernet Redundancy Configuration

```

NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
Main Menu> Network Configuration> Ethernet Redundancy
-----
Type: IP6
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
Interface: ens256
IP: 10.10.10.10
Type: IP4
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
Interface: ens224
IP: 5.5.5.5
Type: IP4
NAT: Not Defined
Redundancy: Not Defined
>1. Add Redundant Interface
2. Remove Redundant Interface
3. Modify Redundant Interface
b. Back
q. Quit to main Menu

```

2. This menu includes the following options:
 - Add Redundant Interface ([Add Redundant Interface](#) below).
 - Remove Redundant Interface ([Remove Ethernet Redundancy](#) on page 242).
 - Modify Redundant Interface ([Modify Redundant Interface](#) on page 242).

Add Redundant Interface

➤ To add a redundant interface:

1. From the Ethernet Redundancy menu, choose option **1**.

Figure 24-11: Add Redundant Interface

```

Add Redundant Interface:

Choose Master Interface:
1> ens160
2> ens192
3> ens256
4> ens224
5> Quit
: █

```

2. Choose the Master Interface for which to create a new redundant interface (for example, 'OVOC Client-Server Network').

Figure 24-12: Ethernet Redundancy Mode

```

1> eno1
2> Quit
: 1

Choose Redundant Interface:
1> eno2
2> eno3
3> eno4
4> Quit
: 1
eno2

Ethernet Redundancy Settings:

Ethernet Redundancy Mode:
0> balance-rr <round-robin load balancing>
1> active-backup - recommended
2> balance-xor <XOR-policy load balancing>
3> broadcast
4> 802.3ad <IEEE 802.3ad dynamic link aggregation>
5> balance-tlb <transmit load balancing>
6> balance-alb <adaptive load balancing>
: █

```

3. Enter the number corresponding to the interface in the selected network that you wish to make redundant (for example, 'eno', 'eno1', 'eno2').
4. Enter the number corresponding to the desired Ethernet Redundancy Mode (for example 'active-backup').

Figure 24-13: Confirm Ethernet Redundancy Update

```

Choose Redundant Interface:
1> eno2
2> eno3
3> eno4
4> Quit
: 1
eno2

Ethernet Redundancy Settings:

Ethernet Redundancy Mode:
0> balance-rr <round-robin load balancing>
1> active-backup - recommended
2> balance-xor <XOR-policy load balancing>
3> broadcast
4> 802.3ad <IEEE 802.3ad dynamic link aggregation>
5> balance-tlb <transmit load balancing>
6> balance-alb <adaptive load balancing>
: 1

Note: Reboot will be performed immediately at the end of configuration process.
Are you sure that you want to continue? <y/n/q> █

```

5. Type **y** to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for changes to take effect.

Remove Ethernet Redundancy

Remove a redundant interface under the following circumstances:

- You have configured at least one redundant Ethernet interface ([Remove Ethernet Redundancy](#) above).
- Your default router can respond to a 'ping' command, due to a heartbeat procedure between interfaces and the default router (to verify activity).

➤ To remove the Ethernet Redundancy interface:

1. From the Ethernet Redundancy menu, choose option **2**.
2. Choose the Master Redundant Interface.
3. Enter the number corresponding to the interface in the selected network that you wish to make remove (for example, 'eno', 'eno1', 'eno2').
4. Type **y** to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

Modify Redundant Interface

This section describes how to modify a redundant interface.

➤ To modify redundant interface and change redundancy settings:

1. From the Ethernet Redundancy, choose option **3**.
2. Choose the Master Redundant Interface to modify.
3. Enter the number corresponding to the interface in the selected network that you wish to make modify (for example, 'eno', 'eno1', 'eno2').

4. Type **y** to confirm the changes; the OVOC server automatically reboots for the changes to take effect.

DNS Client

Domain Name System (DNS) is a [database](#) system that translates a computer's [fully qualified domain name](#) into an [IP address](#). If a DNS server cannot fulfill your request, it refers the request to another DNS server - and the request is passed along until the domain-name-to-IP-address match is made.

This option enables you to configure the client side (Resolver). If there is no existing DNS configuration, the option **Configure DNS** is displayed. If already configured, the option **Modify DNS** is displayed.

➤ To Configure the DNS Client:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose DNS Client, press Enter, and then in the sub-menu, choose Configure DNS; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-14: DNS Setup

```
Do you want to specify the local domain name ? <y/n>y
Local Domain Name: Brad
Do you want to specify a search list ? <y/n>y
Search List <use "," between domains names>: Brad

DNS IP Address 1: 10.1.1.10
DNS IP Address 2: 10.1.1.11
DNS IP Address 3: 10.1.1.12

New DNS Configuration:
Domain Name: Brad
Search List: Brad
DNS IP 1: 10.1.1.10
DNS IP 2: 10.1.1.11
DNS IP 3: 10.1.1.12

Are you sure that you want to continue? <y/n/q> █
```

2. Specify the location domain. Type **y** to specify the local domain name or type **n**, and then press Enter.
3. Specify a search list; type **y** to specify a list of domains (use a comma delimiter to separate search entries in the list) or type **n**, and then press Enter.
4. Specify DNS IP addresses **1**, **2** and **3**.
5. Type **y** to confirm your configuration; the new configuration is displayed.

Static Routes

This option enables you to add or remove static route rules. Static routes are usually only used in conjunction with /etc/defaultrouter. Static routes may be required for network topology, where you don't want to traverse your default Gateway/Router. In this case, you will probably

wish to make the routes permanent by adding the static routing rules. Static routes can be added with both IPv4 and IPv6 addresses.

➤ **To configure static routes:**

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **Static Routes**, and then press Enter; the Static Routes Configuration is displayed:

Figure 24-15: Routing Table and Menu

OVOC Server 8.0.1110 Management							
Main Menu> Network Configuration> Static Routes							
Static Routes Configuration							
Kernel IP routing table							
Destination	Gateway	Genmask	Flags	MSS	Window	irtt	Iface
0.0.0.0	172.17.140.1	0.0.0.0	UG	0	0	0	ens160
5.5.5.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	ens224
10.10.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.0.0	U	0	0	0	ens256
169.254.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.0.0	U	0	0	0	ens160
169.254.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.0.0	U	0	0	0	ens192
169.254.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.0.0	U	0	0	0	ens224
169.254.0.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.0.0	U	0	0	0	ens256
172.17.140.0	0.0.0.0	255.255.255.0	U	0	0	0	ens160
Kernel IPv6 routing table							
Destination	Next Hop		Flag	Met	Ref	Use	If
2000::/64	2172:17::140:1		UG	1024	0	0	ens1
92							
2172:17::/64	::		U	256	1	25	ens19
2							

2. From the Static Routes configuration screen, choose one of the following options:

- Add a Static Route
- Remove a Static Route

➤ **To add a static route:**

1. From the Static Routes menu, choose option 1.

Figure 24-16: Add Static Route

```

Destination Network Address :
Please specify value in format ip4/1..32 or ip6[/1..128]: 2000::1/64
Router IP Address : 2172:17::140:1

Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n/q) ☐

```

2. Enter the Router IP address in appropriate IPv4 or IPv6 format.

Figure 24-17: Confirm Static Route

```

Adding static route...
Press 'q' and 'Enter' to exit
Destination Network Address :
Please specify value in format ip4/1..32 or ip6/1..128:

```

3. Type **y** to confirm the changes.

➤ **To remove a static route:**

1. From the Static Routes menu, choose option 2.

Figure 24-18: Remove Static Route

```

Remove Static Route:

Choose Static Route
1> 0.0.0.0 via 172.17.140.1 netmask 0.0.0.0 dev ens160
2> 5.5.5.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 dev ens224
3> 10.10.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0 dev ens256
4> 169.254.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0 dev ens160
5> 169.254.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0 dev ens192
6> 169.254.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0 dev ens224
7> 169.254.0.0 netmask 255.255.0.0 dev ens256
8> 172.17.140.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 dev ens160
9> 2172:17::/64 dev ens192
10> 2172:17:140::/64 dev ens256
11> fe80::/64 dev ens192
12> fe80::/64 dev ens224
13> fe80::/64 dev ens256
14> fe80::/64 dev ens160
15> ff00::/8 dev ens192
16> ff00::/8 dev ens224
17> ff00::/8 dev ens256
18> ff00::/8 dev ens160
19> Quit
: █

```

2. Enter the number of the static route that you wish to remove.

Proxy Settings

This option enables the configuration of a proxy server connection that is used to connect to between OVOC and a remote platform such as AudioCodes Floating License. The connection is configured over HTTP/HTTP/FTP .

➤ **To configure proxy settings:**

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **Proxy Settings**.
2. Select **Configure Proxy**, and confirm that you wish to configure the HTTP/HTTPS/FTP Proxy server.
3. Enter the FQDN (without underscores), IP address and port of the proxy server.
4. Enter the Proxy username and password.
5. Enter "No Proxy" addresses (a list of IP addresses for connecting directly from OVOC and not through a proxy server).

Figure 24-19: Proxy Settings

```
Current HTTP/HTTPS/FTP Proxy configuration:
URL: http://165.72.196.27:8080
No password
No proxy for URLs: 127.0.0.1,localhost
Would you like to change Proxy Settings? (y/n)
Would you like to change Proxy Settings? (y/n) y
Enter Proxy server address (incl. port number), blank to disable Proxy:
http://165.72.196.27:8080
Enter Proxy username (leave blank if no username and password authentication needed):
Enter addresses to access directly, comma-separated (NO PROXY):
127.0.0.1,localhost
```



HTTPS Proxy server is currently not supported.

SNMP Agent

The SNMP Management agent enables access to system inventory and monitoring and provides support for alarms using the industry standard management protocol: Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP). This agent serves OVOC, NMS, or higher level management system synchronization. This menu includes the following options:

- Stop and start the SNMP agent
- Configure the SNMP agent including:
 - Configure the SNMP agent listening port ([SNMP Agent Listening Port](#) on the next page)
 - Configure the northbound destination for linux system traps forwarding ([Linux System Trap Forwarding Configuration](#) on page 248).
 - Configure the SNMPv3 Engine ID ([Server SNMPv3 Engine ID](#) on page 248)

➤ **To configure SNMP Agent:**

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **SNMP Agent**, and then press Enter.

Figure 24-20: SNMP Agent

```
Main Menu> Network Configuration> SNMP Agent
-----
SNMP Agent Status: DOWN
>1. Configure SNMP Agent
  2. Start SNMP Agent
  b. Back
  q. Quit to main Menu
```

The SNMP Agent status is displayed.

➤ **To start the SNMP Agent:**

- Choose option 2.

➤ **To configure SNMP Agent:**

1. Choose option 1.

Figure 24-21: Configure SNMP Agent

```
Main Menu> Network Configuration> SNMP Agent> Configure SNMP Agent
-----
>1. SNMP Agent Listening Port
  2. Linux System Traps Forwarding Configuration
  3. SNMPv3 Engine ID
  b. Back
  q. Quit to main Menu
```

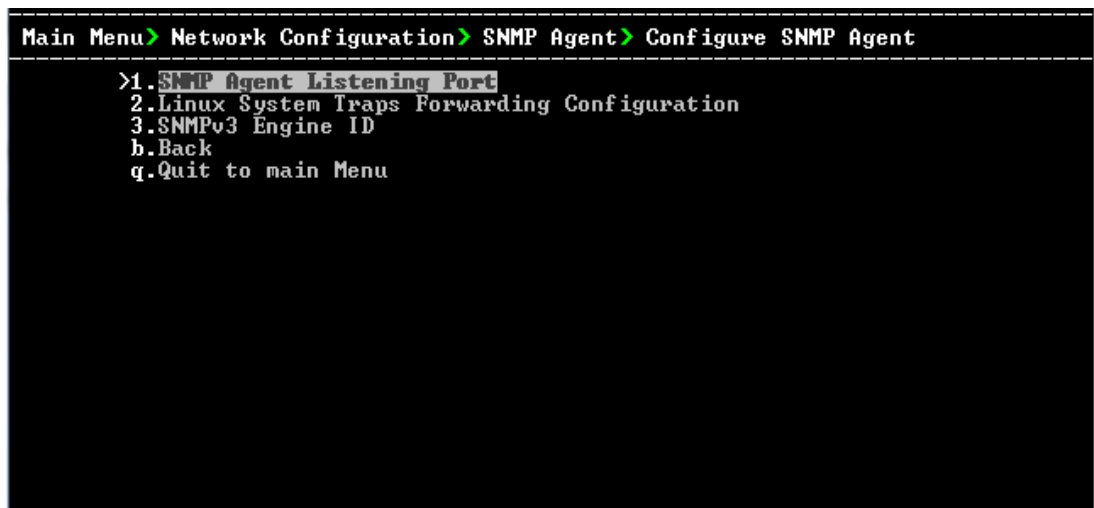
SNMP Agent Listening Port

The SNMP Agent Listening port is a bi-directional UDP port used by the SNMP agent for listening for traps from managed devices. You can change this listening port according to your network traffic management setup.

➤ **To configure SNMP Agent Listening port**

1. Choose option 1.

Figure 24-22: SNMP Agent Listening Port



2. Configure the desired listening port (default 161).

Linux System Trap Forwarding Configuration

This option enables you to configure the northbound interface for forwarding Linux system traps.

➤ To configure the Linux System Traps Forwarding Configuration:

1. Choose option 2.
2. Configure the NMS IP address.
3. Enter the Community string; the new configuration is applied.

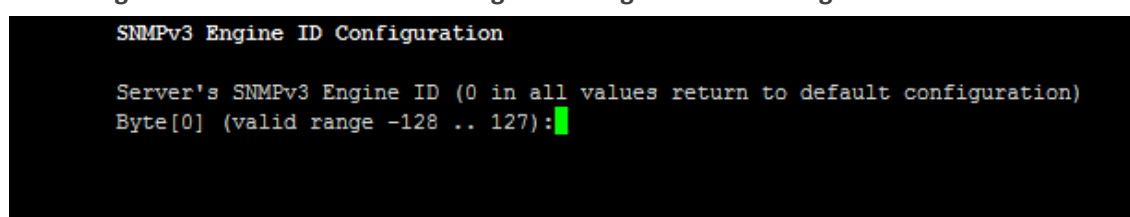
Server SNMPv3 Engine ID

The OVOC server Engine ID is used by the SNMPv3 protocol when alarms are forwarded from the OVOC to an NMS. By default, the OVOC server SNMPv3 Engine ID is automatically created from the OVOC server IP address. This option enables the user to customize the OVOC server Engine ID according to their NMS configuration.

➤ To configure the SNMPv3 Engine ID:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **SNMPv3 Engine ID**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 24-23: OVOC Server Manager – Configure SNMPv3 Engine ID



2. Enter '12' separate bytes ranges of the Engine ID (each valid range from between -128 to 127). In each case, press Enter to confirm the current value insertion and then proceed to the next one.
3. When all Engine ID bytes are provided, type **y** to confirm the configuration. To return to the root menu of the OVOC Server Manager, press **q**.

Figure 24-24: SNMPv3 Engine ID Configuration – Complete Configuration

```

SNMPv3 Engine ID Configuration

Server's SNMPv3 Engine ID (0 in all values return to default configuration)
Byte[0] (valid range -128 .. 127):21
Byte[1] (valid range -128 .. 127):23
Byte[2] (valid range -128 .. 127):2
Byte[3] (valid range -128 .. 127):5
Byte[4] (valid range -128 .. 127):3
Byte[5] (valid range -128 .. 127):78
Byte[6] (valid range -128 .. 127):-17
Byte[7] (valid range -128 .. 127):-56
Byte[8] (valid range -128 .. 127):121
Byte[9] (valid range -128 .. 127):117
Byte[10] (valid range -128 .. 127):-111
Byte[11] (valid range -128 .. 127):127

Engine ID: 21.23.2.5.3.78.-17.-56.121.117.-111.127
Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n/q) █

```

NFS

This section describes how to configure Network File System (NFS). This installs the NFS-utils package which enables OVOC to access an external storage system via NFS.

➤ To enable NFS Utils package:

1. From the Network Configuration menu, choose **NFS**.

Figure 24-25: Network File System (NFS)

```

OVOC Server 8.0.1091 Management
-----
Main Menu> Network Configuration> NFS
-----

NFS Utils: DISABLED

>1.Enable NFS Utils
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Select **Enable NFS Utils**. You are prompted to enable the package, enter **Y**.

25 NTP & Clock Settings

This chapter describes how to configure the NTP clock source and the OVOC server system clock.



OVOC can be configured as an NTP server using either its IPv4 or IPv6 interface.

1. From the OVOC server Manager menu, choose **Date & Time**.

Figure 25-1: Date & Time Settings

```
Main Menu> Date & Time
-----
>1.NTP
2.Timezone Settings      (Apache Server will be restarted)
3.Date & Time Settings
q.Quit to main Menu
```

This menu includes the following options:

- NTP ([NTP](#) below)
- Timezone Settings ([Timezone Settings](#) on page 253)
- Date & Time Settings ([Date and Time Settings](#) on page 255)

NTP

Network Time Protocol (NTP) is used to synchronize the time and date of the OVOC server and all its components with connected devices in the IP network. This option enables you to do the following:

- Configure the OVOC server to obtain its clock from an external NTP clock source. Other devices that are connected to the OVOC server in the IP network can synchronize with this clock source. These devices may be any device containing an NTP server or client.
- Configure the OVOC server as the NTP server source (Stand-alone NTP server) and allow other clients and subnets in the IP network to synchronize to this source.



- It is recommended to configure the OVOC server to synchronize with an external clock source because the OVOC server clock is less precise than other NTP devices. For example, for Cloud deployments, it is recommended to configure the Microsoft Azure or Amazon AWS platforms as the external clock source.
- Configure the same NTP server IP address/domain name and other relevant settings on both the OVOC server and on the the AudioCodes device (Setup > Administration > Time & Date).
- When connecting OVOC to Skype For Business, ensure that the same NTP server clock source is configured on both ends.

➤ **To configure NTP:**

1. From the Date & Time menu, choose **NTP**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 25-2: OVOC Server Manager - Configure NTP

```

OVOC Server 7.8.1102 Management
-----
Main Menu> Date & Time> NTP
-----
Current NTP status: ON
Allow/Restrict access to NTP clients: Allow

=====
remote          refid          st t when poll reach  delay  offset  jitter
=====
+time.cloudflare 10.21.8.251    3 u 1002 1024  377   68.029   0.412   7.951
*time.cloudflare 10.21.8.251    3 u  424 1024  377   68.090  -0.502   5.292
>1.Configure NTP
  2.Stop NTP
  3.Restrict access to NTP clients
  4.Deactivate DDoS protection
  5.Add authorized subnet to sync by NTP
  6.Remove authorized subnet from NTP rules
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. From the NTP menu, choose **Configure NTP**.
3. At the prompt, do one of the following:
 - Type **y** for the OVOC server to act as both the NTP server and NTP client. Enter the IP address or domain name of the NTP servers to serve as the clock reference source for the NTP client (Up to four NTP servers can be configured). The NTP process daemon starts and the NTP status information is displayed on the screen.

Figure 25-3: External Clock Source

```

Main Menu> Date & Time> NTP
-----
Current NTP status: ON
Allow/Restrict access to NTP clients: Allow

remote      refid      st t when poll reach  delay  offset  jitter
-----
+aclads05.corp.a 52.148.114.188  4 u  825 1024 377    4.789    7.527    5.710
+aclads01.corp.a 10.1.1.10        5 u  272 1024 377    4.639   14.480   21.590

>1. Configure NTP
2. Stop NTP
3. Restrict access to NTP clients
4. Activate DDoS protection
5. Add authorized subnet to sync by NTP
6. Remove authorized subnet from NTP rules
b. Back
q. Quit to main Menu

```

- Type **n** for the OVOC server to function as a Stand-alone NTP server. The NTP process daemon starts and the NTP status information is displayed on the screen.

Figure 25-4: Local Clock Source

```

Main Menu> Date & Time> NTP
-----
Current NTP status: ON
Allow/Restrict access to NTP clients: Allow

remote      refid      st t when poll reach  delay  offset  jitter
-----
*LOCAL(0)    .LOCL.      13 l  1    64    1    0.000    0.000    0.000

>1. Configure NTP
2. Stop NTP
3. Restrict access to NTP clients
4. Activate DDoS protection
5. Add authorized subnet to sync by NTP
6. Remove authorized subnet from NTP rules
b. Back
q. Quit to main Menu

```

Stopping and Starting the NTP Server

This section describes how to stop and start the NTP server.

➤ **To start NTP services:**

- From the NTP menu, choose option **2**, and then choose one of the following options:

- If NTP Service is on: **Stop NTP**
- If NTP Service is off: **Start NTP**

The NTP daemon process starts; when the process completes, you return to the NTP menu.

Restrict Access to NTP Clients

When the OVOC server is configured as a Stand-alone NTP server, you configure NTP rules to authorize which clients can synchronize with the OVOC NTP clock.

➤ **To allow access to NTP clients:**

- From the NTP menu, choose option **Restrict Access to NTP Clients** to allow or restrict access to NTP clients; the screen is updated accordingly.

Activate DDoS Protection

This option enables you to activate DDoS protection for preventing Distributed Denial of Service attacks on the OVOC server. For example, attacks resulting from security scans. This is relevant for both when the OVOC server is configured as a Stand-alone clock source and when an external clock source is used.

➤ **To activate DDoS protection:**

- From the NTP menu, select **Activate/Deactivate DDoS Protection**.

Authorizing Subnets to Connect to OVOC NTP

When the OVOC server is configured as a Stand-alone NTP server, you can configure NTP rules to authorize which subnets can synchronize with the OVOC NTP clock.

➤ **To authorize subnets:**

- From the NTP menu, select **Add Authorized Subnet to Sync by NTP**

➤ **To remove authorized subnet from NTP rules:**

- From the NTP menu, select **Remove Subnet from NTP Rules**.

Timezone Settings

This option enables you to change the timezone of the OVOC server.



The Apache server is automatically restarted after the timezone changes are confirmed.

➤ **To change the system timezone:**

1. From the Date & Time menu, choose Time Zone Settings, and then press Enter.
2. Enter the required time zone.
3. Type y to confirm the changes; the OVOC server restarts the Apache server for the changes to take effect.

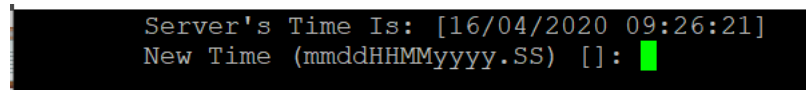
Date and Time Settings

You can set the date and time for the OVOC server system clock.

➤ **To configure data and time:**

1. From the Date & Time menu, select **Date & Time Settings**, and then press Enter.

Figure 26-1: New Server Time



```
Server's Time Is: [16/04/2020 09:26:21]  
New Time (mmddHHMMyyyy.SS) []: █
```

2. Enter the new time as shown in the following example:

```
mmddHHMMyyyy.SS : month(08),day(16),Hour(16),Minute(08),year(2007),"."  
Second.
```


27 Security

The OVOC Management security options enable you to perform security actions, such as configuring the SSH Server Configuration Manager, and user's administration.

➤ **To configure security settings:**

- From the OVOC Server Manager root menu, choose **Security**, and then press Enter, the following is displayed:

Figure 27-1: Security Settings

```

Main Menu > Security
-----
>1. Add OVOC User
2. SSH
3. Oracle DB Password <OVOC Server will be stopped>
4. Cassandra DB Password <OVOC Server will be stopped>
5. OS Users Passwords
6. HTTP Security Settings
7. File Integrity Checker
8. Software Integrity Checker <AIDE> and Prelinking
9. USB Storage
10. Network options
11. Audit Agent Options
12. Server Certificates Update
13. OVOC Voice Quality Package - SBC Communication
q. Quit to main Menu
  
```

This menu includes the following options:

- Add OVOC User ([OVOC User](#) on the next page)
- SSH ([SSH](#) on the next page)
- Oracle DB Password ([Oracle DB Password](#) on page 264)
- Cassandra Password ([Cassandra Password](#) on page 265)
- OS Users Password ([OS Users Passwords](#) on page 266)
- HTTP Security Settings ([HTTPS SSL TLS Security](#) on page 272)
 - ◆ Server Certificate Update ([Server Certificates Update](#) on page 273)
- File Integrity Checker ([File Integrity Checker](#) on page 269)
- Software Integrity Checker (AIDE) and Pre-linking ([Software Integrity Checker \(AIDE\) and Pre-linking](#) on page 270)
- USB Storage ([USB Storage](#) on page 270)
- Network options ([Network Options](#) on page 271)
- Audit Agent Options ([Auditd Options](#) on page 272)
- OVOC Voice Quality Package ([OVOC Voice Quality Package - SBC Communication](#) on page 278)

OVOC User

This option enables you to add a new administrator user to the OVOC server database. This user can then log into the OVOC client. This option is advised to use for the operator's definition only in cases where all the OVOC application users are blocked and there is no way to perform an application login.

➤ **To add an OVOC user:**

1. From the Security menu, choose Add OVOC User, and then press Enter.
2. Enter the name of the user you wish to add.
3. Enter a password for the user.
4. Type **y** to confirm your changes.



Note and retain these passwords for future access.

SSH

This section describes how to configure the OVOC server SSH connection properties using the SSH Server Configuration Manager.

➤ **To configure SSH:**

1. From the Security menu, choose **SSH**; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-2: SSH Configuration

```
Main Menu> Security> SSH
-----
>1. Configure SSH Log Level
2. Configure SSH Banner
3. Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces
4. Disable SSH Password Authentication
5. Enable SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts parameter
6. Configure SSH Allowed Hosts
b.Back
q.Quit to main Menu
```

This menu includes the following options:

- Configure SSH Log Level ([SSH Log Level](#) on the next page).
- Configure SSH Banner ([SSH Banner](#) on the next page).
- Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces ([SSH on Ethernet Interfaces](#) on page 259).

- Disable SSH Password Authentication ([Enable/Disable SSH Password Authentication](#) on page 261).
- Enable SSH Ignore User Known Hosts Parameter ([Enable SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts Parameter](#) on page 261).
- Configure SSH Allowed Hosts ([SSH Allowed Hosts](#) on page 262).

SSH Log Level

You can configure the log level of the SSH daemon server. The log files are found at the location '/var/log/secure' (older records are stored in secure.1, secure.2 etc.).

➤ To configure the SSH Log Level:

1. From the SSH menu, choose option **1**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed.

Figure 27-3: SSH Log Level Manager

```

Main Menu> Security> SSH> Configure SSH Log Level
-----
LogLevel DEFAULT
Note: Changing LogLevel will restart SSH
>1. FATAL
2. FATAL
3. ERROR
4. INFO
5. VERBOSE
6. DEBUG
7. DEBUG1
8. DEBUG2
9. DEBUG3
10. DEFAULT
b. Back
q. Quit to main Menu
  
```

2. To configure the desired log level, choose the number corresponding to the desired level from the list, and then press Enter.

The SSH daemon restarts automatically.

The Log Level status is updated on the screen to the configured value.

SSH Banner

The SSH Banner displays a pre-defined text message each time the user connects to the OVOC server using an SSH connection. You can customize this message. By default this option is disabled.

➤ To configure the SSH banner:

1. From the SSH menu, choose option **2**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-4: SSH Banner Manager

```

Main Menu> Security> SSH> Configure SSH Banner
-----
Current Banner State: DISABLED
To change SSH Banner, please, change /etc/issue file.
Note: Changing Banner state will restart SSH

>1. Enable SSH Banner
   b.Back
   q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Edit a '/etc/issue' file with the desired text.
3. Choose option **1** to enable or disable the SSH banner.

Whenever you change the banner state, SSH is restarted.

The 'Current Banner State' is displayed in the screen.

SSH on Ethernet Interfaces

You can allow or deny SSH access separately for each network interface enabled on the OVOC server.

➤ To configure SSH on Ethernet interfaces:

- From the SSH menu, choose option **3**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-5: Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces

```

Main Menu> Security> SSH> Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces
-----
Ethernet Interfaces – SSH Manager:
SSH Listener Statuses:
  ALL – SSH enabled on all the Interfaces
  Yes – SSH enabled on specific Interface
  No – SSH disabled on specific Interface

Interface : SSH Listener Status : IP Address : Host Name
eth0 : ALL : 10.3.180.7 : G8-Linux?

>1. Add SSH to All Ethernet Interfaces
   2. Add SSH to Ethernet Interface
   3. Remove SSH from Ethernet Interface
   b.Back
   q.Quit to main Menu

```

This menu includes the following options:

- Add SSH to All Ethernet Interfaces ([Add SSH to All Ethernet Interfaces](#) on the next page).
- Add SSH to Ethernet Interface ([Add SSH to Ethernet Interface](#) on the next page).

- Remove SSH from Ethernet Interface ([Remove SSH from Ethernet Interface](#) below).

Add SSH to All Ethernet Interfaces

This option enables SSH access for all network interfaces currently enabled on the OVOC server.

➤ To add SSH to All Ethernet Interfaces:

- From the Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces menu, choose option **1**, and then press Enter.

The SSH daemon restarts automatically to update this configuration action.

The column 'SSH Listener Status' displays ALL for all interfaces.

Add SSH to Ethernet Interface

This option enables you to allow SSH access separately for each network interface.

➤ To add SSH to Ethernet Interfaces:

1. From the Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces menu, choose option **2**, and then press Enter.

After entering the appropriate sub-menu, all the interfaces upon which SSH access is currently disabled are displayed.

2. Enter the appropriate interface number, and then press Enter.

The SSH daemon restarts automatically to update this configuration action.

The column 'SSH Listener Status' displays 'YES' for the configured interface.

Remove SSH from Ethernet Interface

This option enables you to deny SSH access separately for each network interface.

➤ To deny SSH from a specific Ethernet Interface:

1. From the Configure SSH on Ethernet Interfaces menu, choose option **3**, and then press Enter.

All the interfaces to which SSH access is currently enabled are displayed.

2. Enter the desired interface number, and then press Enter.

The SSH daemon restarts automatically to update this configuration action.

The column 'SSH Listener Status' displays 'No' for the denied interface.



If you attempt to deny SSH access for the only enabled interface, a message is displayed informing you that such an action is not allowed.

Enable/Disable SSH Password Authentication

This option enables you to disable the username/password authentication method for all network interfaces enabled on the OVOC server.

➤ To disable SSH Password Authentication:

1. From the SSH menu, choose option **4**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-6: Disable Password Authentication

```
Disable SSH Password Authentication:

Current SSH Password Authentication is ENABLED.

Note: Changing Password Authentication mode will restart SSH
Are you sure you want to Disable SSH Password Authentication? (y/n) █
```

2. Type **y** to disable SSH password authentication or **n** to enable, and then press Enter.

The SSH daemon restarts automatically to update this configuration action.



Once you perform this action, you cannot reconnect to the OVOC server using User/Password authentication. Therefore, before you disable this authentication method, ensure that you provision an alternative SSH connection method. For example, using an RSA keys pair. For detailed instructions on how to perform such an action, see www.junauza.com or search the internet for an alternative method.

Enable SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts Parameter

This option enables you to disable the use of the '\$HOME/.ssh/known_host' file with stored remote servers fingerprints.

➤ To enable SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts parameter:

1. From the SSH menu, choose option **5**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-7: SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts Parameter - Confirm

```
Enable SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts parameter:

Current SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts parameter value is NO.

Are you sure you want to Change SSH IgnoreUserKnownHosts value to YES? (y/n) y █
```

2. Type **y** to change this parameter value to either 'YES' or 'NO' or type **n** to leave as is, and then press Enter.

SSH Allowed Hosts

This option enables you to define which hosts are allowed to connect to the OVOC server through SSH.

➤ To Configure SSH Allowed Hosts:

- From the SSH menu, choose option **6**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-8: Configure SSH Allowed Hosts

```
Main Menu> Security> SSH> Configure SSH Allowed Hosts
-----
SSH Allowed for ALL Hosts.
>1.Deny ALL Hosts
2.Add Host/Subnet to Allowed Hosts
b.Back
q.Quit to main Menu
```

This menu includes the following options:

- Allow ALL Hosts ([Allow ALL Hosts](#) below).
- Deny ALL Hosts ([Deny ALL Hosts](#) below).
- Add Host/Subnet to Allowed Hosts ([Add Hosts to Allowed Hosts](#) on the next page).
- Remove Host/Subnet from Allowed Hosts ([Remove Host/Subnet from Allowed Hosts](#) on page 264).

Allow ALL Hosts

This option enables all remote hosts to access this OVOC server through the SSH connection (default).

➤ To allow ALL Hosts:

1. From the Configure SSH Allowed Hosts menu, choose option **1**, and then press Enter.
2. Type **y** to confirm, and then press Enter.

The appropriate status is displayed in the screen.

Deny ALL Hosts

This option enables you to deny all remote hosts access to this OVOC server through the SSH connection.

➤ **To deny all remote hosts access:**

1. From the Configure SSH Allowed Hosts menu, choose option **2**, and then press Enter.
2. Type **y** to confirm, and then press Enter.

The appropriate status is displayed in the screen.



When this action is performed, the OVOC server is disconnected and you cannot reconnect to the OVOC server through SSH. Before you disable SSH access, ensure that you have provisioned alternative connection methods, for example, serial management connection or KVM connection.

Add Hosts to Allowed Hosts

This option enables you to allow different SSH access methods to different remote hosts. You can provide the desired remote host IP, subnet or host name in order to connect to the OVOC server through SSH.

➤ **To add Hosts to Allowed Hosts:**

1. From the Configure SSH Allowed Hosts menu, choose option **3**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:

Figure 27-9: Add Host/Subnet to Allowed Hosts

```

Main Menu> Security> SSH> Configure SSH Allowed Hosts> Add Host/Subnet to Allowed Hosts
-----
>1. Add IP Address (x.x.x.x)
2. Add Subnet (n.n.n.n/m.m.m.m - network/netmask)
3. Add Host Name (without "/" or "," characters)
b. Back
q. Quit to main Menu
  
```

2. Choose the desired option, and then press Enter.
3. Enter the desired IP address, subnet or host name, and then press Enter.



When adding a Host Name, ensure the following:

- Verify your remote host name appears in the DNS server database and your OVOC server has an access to the DNS server.
- Provide the host name of the desired network interface defined in “/etc/hosts” file.

4. Type **y** to confirm the entry, and then press Enter again.

If the entry is already included in the list of allowed hosts, an appropriate notification is displayed.

When the allowed hosts entry has been successfully added, it is displayed in the SSH Allow/Deny Host Manager screen as shown in the figure below:

Figure 27-10: Add Host/Subnet to Allowed Hosts-Configured Host

```

Main Menu> Security> SSH> Configure SSH Allowed Hosts
-----
Current Allowed Hosts/Subnets:

IP Addresses:
10.13.22.3

1.Allow ALL Hosts
2.Deny ALL Hosts
>3.Add Host/Subnet to Allowed Hosts
4.Remove Host/Subnet from Allowed Hosts
h.Back
q.Quit to main Menu
  
```

Remove Host/Subnet from Allowed Hosts

If you have already configured a list of allowed hosts IP addresses, you can then remove one or more of these host addresses from the list.

➤ To remove an existing allowed host's IP address:

1. From the Configure SSH Allowed Hosts menu, choose option **1**, and then press Enter; the following is displayed:
2. Choose the desired entry to remove from the Allowed Hosts list, i.e. to deny access to the OVOC server through SSH connection, and then press Enter again.
3. Type **y** to confirm the entry, and then press Enter again.

When the allowed hosts entry has been successfully removed, it is displayed in the SSH Allow/Deny Host Manager screen as shown in the figure below:



When you remove either the only existing IP address, Subnet or Host Name in the Allowed Hosts in the Allowed Hosts list, the configuration is automatically set to the default state "Allow All Hosts".

Oracle DB Password

This option enables you to change the default Oracle Database password "pass_1234". The OVOC server shuts down automatically before changing the Oracle Database password.

➤ **To change the DB Password:**

1. From the Security menu, choose **Oracle DB Password**, and then press Enter; the OVOC server is rebooted.
2. Press Enter until the New Password prompt is displayed.

Figure 27-11: OVOC Server Manager – Change DB Password

```
Do you really want to change DB password? Press Esc to quit or any key to continue...
-----
Oracle Change password Script start
-----
User name:
EMSADMIN
Current Password:
*
The password should be at least 15 characters long, contain at least two digits, two lowercase
and two uppercase charactets, two punctuation characters and should differ by more than
1 character from the previous passwords.
New Password:
█
```

- a. Enter the new password, which should be at least 15 characters long, contain at least two digits, two lowercase and two uppercase characters, two punctuation characters and should differ by one character from the previous passwords.



- The OVOC server is rebooted when you change the Oracle Database password.
- Note and retain these passwords for future access. It is not possible to restore these passwords or to enter the OVOC Oracle Database without them.

3. After validation, a message is displayed indicating that the password was changed successfully.

Cassandra Password

This section describes how to change the Cassandra password.

➤ **To change the Cassandra Password:**

1. From the Security menu, choose **Cassandra DB Password**, and then press Enter; the OVOC server is rebooted.
2. Press Enter until the New Password prompt is displayed.

Figure 27-12: Change Cassandra Password

```

Do you really want to change Cassandra password? Press Esc to quit or any key to continue...
Current password:
New password:
Retype new password:
Stopping OVOC processes...
Running Cassandra password tool...
Usage: ExternalCassandraPasswordTool init|change [old password] [new password] [repeat new password]

Press Enter to continue.

```

3. Enter the new password and confirm.

OS Users Passwords

This section describes how to change the OS password settings.

➤ To change OS passwords:

1. From the Security menu, choose **OS Users Passwords**, and then press Enter.
2. Proceed to one of the following procedures:
 - General Password Settings ([General Password Settings](#) below).
 - Operating System User Security Extensions ([Operating System User Security Extensions](#) on the next page).

General Password Settings

This option enables you to change the OS general password settings, such as 'Minimum Acceptable Password Length' and 'Enable User Block on Failed Login'. This feature also enables you to modify settings for a specific user, such as 'User's Password' and 'Password Validity Max Period'.

➤ To modify general password settings:

1. The Change General Password Settings prompt is displayed; type **y**, and then press Enter.
2. Do you want to change general password settings? (y/n)y
3. The Minimum Acceptable Password Length prompt is displayed; type **10**, and then press Enter.

Minimum Acceptable Password Length [10]: 10

4. The Enable User Block on Failed Login prompt is displayed; type **y**, and then press Enter.

Enable User Block on Failed Login (y/n) [y] y

5. The Maximum Login Retries prompt is displayed; type **3**, and then press Enter.

Maximum Login Retries [3]: 3

6. The Failed Login Locking Timeout prompt is displayed; type **900**, and then press Enter.

Failed Login Locking Timeout [900]:900

7. You are prompted if you wish to continue; type **y**, and then press Enter.

Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n/q) y

8. You are prompted if you wish to change the password for a specific user.

Do you wish to change this user's password?

9. Enter the username whose password you wish to change.

Enter Username [username]

10. Enter the new password and confirm.

Operating System User Security Extensions

This feature enables the administrator to configure the following additional user security extensions:

- Maximum allowed numbers of simultaneous open sessions.
- Inactivity time period (days) before the OS user is locked.

To configure these parameters, in the OS Passwords Settings menu, configure parameters according to the procedure below (see also green arrows indicating the relevant parameters to configure).

➤ To configure operating system users security extensions:

1. The Change General Password Settings prompt is displayed; type **n**, and then press Enter.

Do you want to change general password settings ? (y/n) n

2. The Change password for a specific user prompt is displayed; type **y**, and then press Enter.

Do you want to change password for specific user ? (y/n) y

3. Enter the Username upon which you wish to configure, and then press Enter.

Enter Username [acems]:

4. The change User Password prompt is displayed; type **n**, and then press Enter.

Do you want to change its password ? (y/n) n

5. An additional Password prompt is displayed, type **y**, and then press Enter.

Do you want to change its login and password properties? (y/n) y

6. The Password Validity prompt is displayed; press Enter.

Password Validity Max Period (days) [90]:

7. The Password Update prompt is displayed; press Enter.

Password Update Min Period (days) [1]:

8. The Password Warning prompt is displayed; press Enter.

Password Warning Max Period (days) [7]:

9. The Maximum number of Simultaneous Open Sessions prompt is displayed; enter the number of simultaneous open SSH connections you wish to allow for this user.

Maximum allowed number of simultaneous open sessions [0]:

10. The Inactivity Days prompt is displayed; enter the number of inactivity days before the user is locked. For example, if you'd like to suspend a specific user if they have not connected to the OVOC server for a week, enter 7 days.

Days of inactivity before user is locked (days) [0]:

Figure 27-13: OS Passwords Settings with Security Extensions

```

OS Passwords Settings

Do you want to change general password settings? (y/n) n

Do you want to change password for specific user? (y/n) y
Enter Username [acems]: testuser

Do you want to change its password ? (y/n) n

Do you want to change its login and password properties? (y/n) y
Password Validity Max Period (days) [90]:
Password Update Min Period (days) [1]:
Password Warning Max Period (days) [7]:
Maximum allowed number of simultaneous open sessions [0]: 3
Days of inactivity before user is locked (days) [0]: 3

Are you sure that you want to continue? (y/n/q) y

Adjusting aging data for user testuser.
passwd: Success
Done.

```

If the user attempts to open more than three SSH sessions simultaneously, they are prompted and immediately disconnected from the fourth session as displayed in the figure below.

Figure 27-14: Maximum Active SSH Sessions

```

Connecting to 10.7.14.142:22...
Connection established.
Escape character is '^@]'.

WARNING! The remote SSH server rejected X11 forwarding request.
Last login: Mon Jul 11 15:15:13 2011 from 10.7.2.31
Too many active sessions (4) for user acems

Connection closed by foreign host.

```



By default you can connect through SSH to the OVOC server with user *acems* only. If you configure an inactivity days limitation on this user, the situation may arise, for example, where a user is away for an extended period and has no active user to access the OVOC server. Therefore, we strongly recommend to use this limitation very carefully and preferably to configure this option for each user to connect to the OVOC server through SSH other than with the *acems* user.

File Integrity Checker

The File Integrity checker tool periodically verifies whether file attributes were changed (permissions/mode, inode #, number of links, user id, group id, size, access time, modification time, creation/inode modification time). File Integrity violation problems are reported through OVOC Security Events. The File Integrity checker tool runs on the OVOC server machine.

- From the Security menu, choose **File Integrity Checker**, and then press Enter; the File Integrity Checker is started or stopped.

Software Integrity Checker (AIDE) and Pre-linking

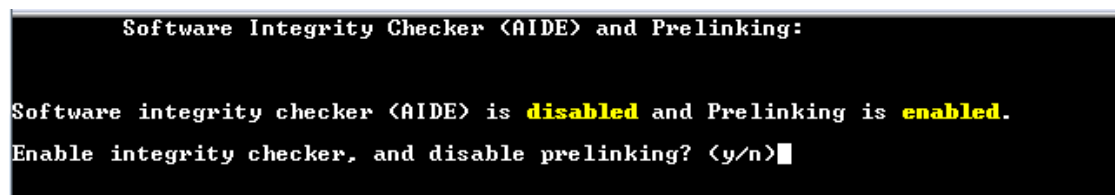
AIDE (Advanced Intrusion Detection Environment) is a file and directory integrity checker. This mechanism creates a database from the regular expression rules that it finds in its configuration file. Once this database is initialized, it can be used to verify the integrity of the files.

Pre-linking is designed to decrease process startup time by loading each shared library into an address for which the linking of needed symbols has already been performed. After a binary has been pre-linked, the address where the shared libraries are loaded will no longer be random on a per-process basis. This is undesirable because it provides a stable address for an attacker to use during an exploitation attempt.

➤ To start AIDE and disable pre-linking:

1. From the Security menu, choose **Software Integrity Checker (AIDE) and Pre-linking**; the current status of these two processes is displayed:

Figure 27-15: Software Integrity Checker (AIDE) and Pre-linking



```
Software Integrity Checker <AIDE> and Prelinking:

Software integrity checker <AIDE> is disabled and Prelinking is enabled.
Enable integrity checker, and disable prelinking? <y/n>■
```

2. Do one of the following:
 - Type **y** to enable AIDE and disable pre-linking
 - Type **n** to disable AIDE and enable pre-linking.

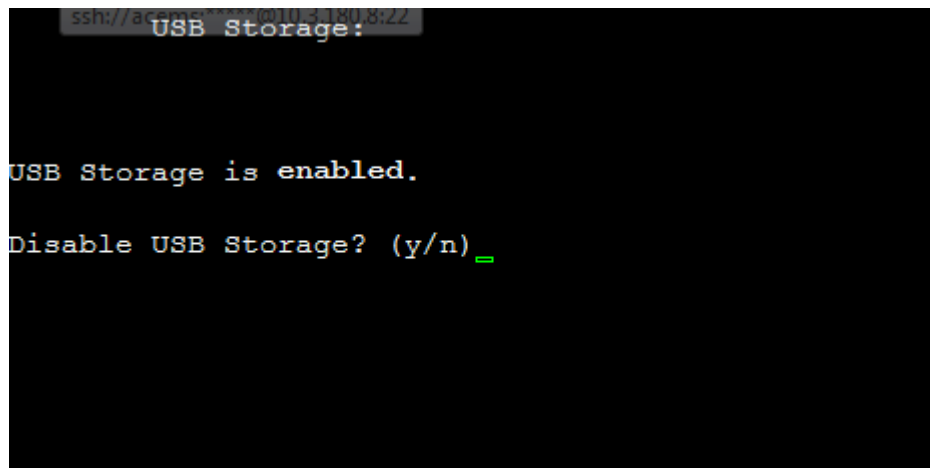
USB Storage

This menu option allows enabling or disabling the OVOC server's USB storage access as required.

➤ To enable USB storage:

1. From the Security menu, choose **USB Storage**; the following prompt is displayed:

Figure 27-16: USB Storage



2. Enable or disable USB storage as required.

Network Options

This menu option provides the following options to enhance network security:

- Ignore Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) Echo requests:

This option ensures that the OVOC server does not respond to ICMP broadcasts, and therefore such replies are always discarded. This prevents attempts to discover the system using ping requests.

- Ignore ICMP Echo and Timestamp requests:

This option ensures that the OVOC server does not respond to an ICMP timestamp request to query for the current time. This reduces exposure to spoofing of the system time.

- Send ICMP Redirect Messages:

This option disables the sending of ICMP Redirect Messages, which are generally sent only by routers.

- Ignore ICMP Redirect Messages:

This option ensures that the OVOC server does not respond to ICMP Redirect broadcasts, and therefore such replies are always discarded.

This prevents an intruder from attempting to redirect traffic from the OVOC server to a different gateway or a non-existent gateway.

➤ To enable network options:

1. From the Security menu, choose **Network Options**; the following screen is displayed:

Figure 27-17: Network Options

```

-----
Main Menu> Security> Network options
-----
|Log packets with impossible addresses to kernel log: DISABLED
|Ignore all ICMP ECHO requests: DISABLED
|Ignore all ICMP ECHO and TIMESTAMP requests: DISABLED
|Send ICMP redirect messages: DISABLED
|Accept ICMP redirect messages: DISABLED
>1.Enable log packets with impossible addresses to kernel log
 2.Enable ignore all ICMP ECHO requests
 3.Enable Ignore all ICMP ECHO and TIMESTAMP requests
 4.Enable send ICMP redirect messages
 5.Enable accept ICMP redirect messages
 b.Back
 q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Set the required network options.

Auditd Options

Auditd is the userspace component to the Linux Auditing System that is responsible for writing audit records to the disk. Using the Auditd option, you can change the auditd tool settings to comply with the Security Technical Information Guidelines (STIG) recommendations.

➤ To set Auditd options according to STIG:

1. From the Security menu, choose **Auditd Options**; the following screen is displayed:

Figure 27-18: Auditd Options

```

Auditd Options:

Not using STIG recommendations for auditd

Change auditd settings according to STIG recommendations? (y/n) _

```

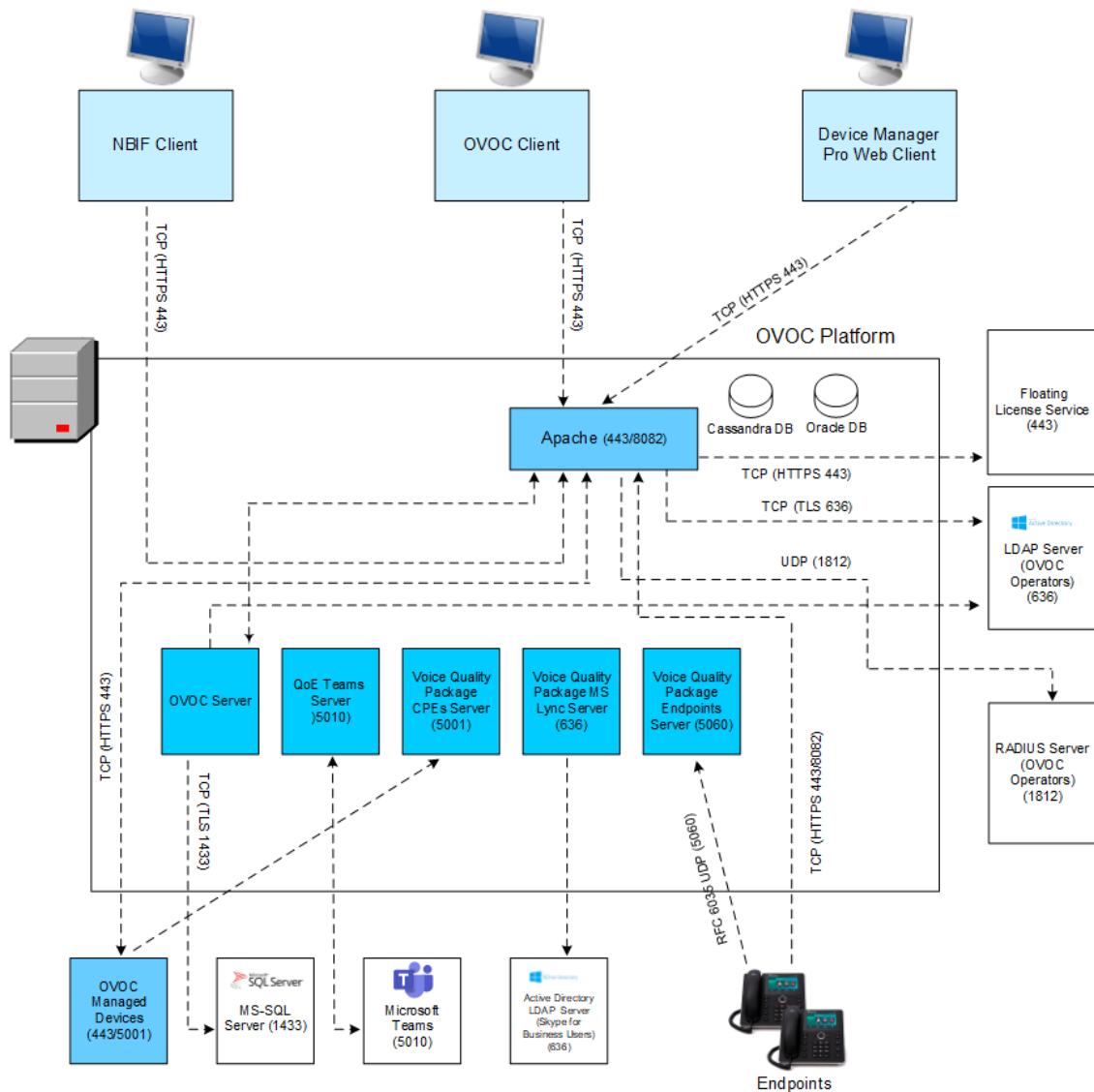
1. Enable or disable Auditd options as required.

Audit records are saved in the following `/var/log/audit/` directory.

HTTPS SSL TLS Security

This section describes the configuration settings for the HTTPS/SSL/TLS connections. The figure below shows the maximum security that can be implemented in the OVOC environment.

Figure 27-19: OVOC Maximum Security Implementation



- The above figure shows all the HTTPS/SSL/TLS connections in the OVOC network. Use this figure as an overview to the procedures described below. Note that not all of the connections shown in the above figure have corresponding procedures. For more information, refer to the OVOC Security Guidelines document.
- This version supports TLS versions 1.0, 1.1, and 1.2.

Server Certificates Update

This menu option enables you to automatically generate custom SSL server certificates for securing connections between OVOC server and client processes. See . for an illustration of these connections.



If you are using self-generated certificates and private key, you can skip to step 4.

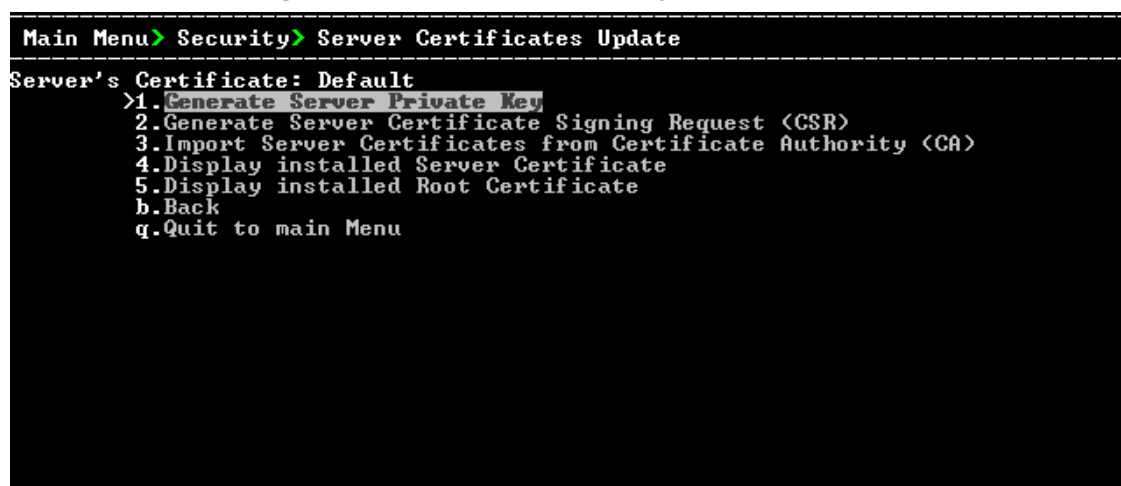
➤ **The procedure for server certificates update consists of the following steps:**

1. **Step 1:** Generate Server Private Key.
2. **Step 2:** Generate Server Certificate Signing Request (CSR).
3. **Step 3:** Transfer the generated CSR file to your PC and send to CA.
4. **Step 4:** Transfer certificates files received from CA back to OVOC server.
5. **Step 5:** Import new certificates on OVOC server.
6. **Step 6:** Verify the installed Server certificate.
7. **Step 7:** Verify the installed Root certificate.
8. **Step 8:** Perform Supplementary procedures to complete certificate update process (refer to Appendix [Supplementary Security Procedures](#) on page 333).

➤ **To generate server certificates:**

1. From the Security menu, choose **Server Certificates Update**.

Figure 27-20: Server Certificate Updates



Information on the currently installed certificate is displayed (the currently installed certificate is the installation default).

➤ **Step 1: Generate a server private key:**

1. Select option **1**. The following screen is displayed:

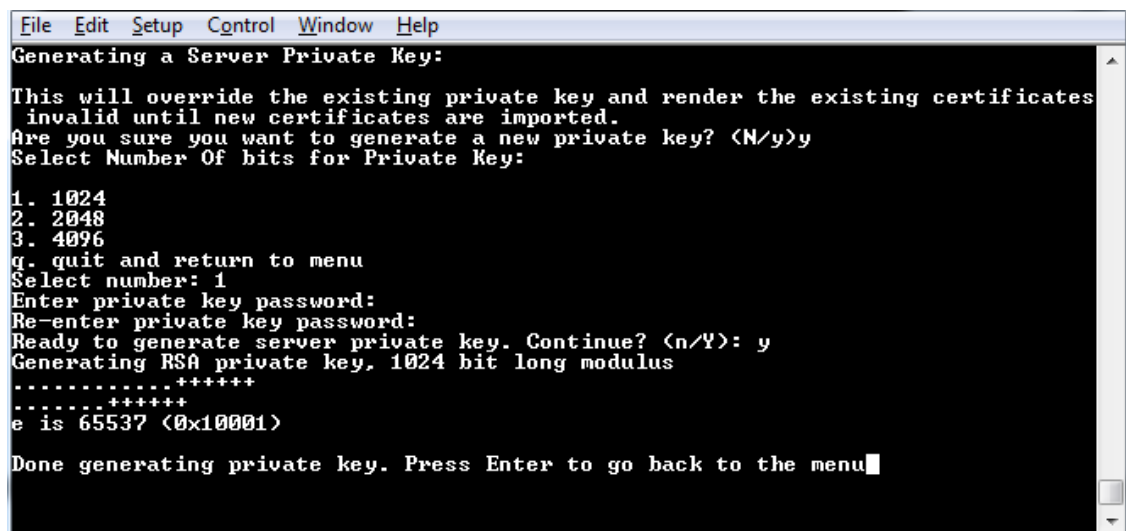
Figure 27-21: Generate Server Private Key



2. Select the number of bits required for the server private key.
3. Enter and reenter the server private key password and type **Y** to continue.

The private key is generated.

Figure 27-22: Server Private Key Generated



➤ **Step 2: Generate a CSR for the server:**

1. Select option **2**.
2. Enter the private key password (the password that you entered in the procedure above).
3. Enter the Country Name code, state or province, locality, organization name, organization unit name, common name (server host name) and email address.
4. Enter a challenge password and optionally a company name.

You are notified that a server Certificate Signing Request has successfully been generated and saved to the specified location.

Figure 27-23: Generating a Server Certificate Signing Request (CSR)

```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help
Generating a Server Certificate Signing Request (CSR):
Enter the passphrase used in the server private key:
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [GB]:GB
State or Province Name (full name) [Berkshire]:Berkshire
Locality Name (eg, city) [Newbury]:Newbury
Organization Name (eg, company) [My Company Ltd]:EA1
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:Finance
Common Name (eg, your name or your server's hostname) []:EA1
Email Address []:Bradb@enterpriseA.com

Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:
An optional company name []:

```

➤ **Step 3: Transfer the CSR file to your PC and send to CA:**

- Transfer the CSR file from the /home/acems/server_cert/server.csr directory to your PC and then sent it to the Certificate Authority (CA). For instructions on transferring files, see Appendix [Transferring Files](#) on page 346.

Figure 27-24: Transfer CSR File to PC

```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Country Name (2 letter code) [GB]:
State or Province Name (full name) [Berkshire]:
Locality Name (eg, city) [Newbury]:
Organization Name (eg, company) [My Company Ltd]:
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) []:
Common Name (eg, your name or your server's hostname) []:
Email Address []:

Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:
An optional company name []:

A server certificate signing request was successfully generated and placed in /home
/acems/server_certs/server.csr
Please transfer this file to your PC, and send to the Certificate Authority (CA)

Press Enter to go back to the menu

```

➤ **Step 4: Transfer server certificates from the CA:**

- Transfer the files that you received from the CA to the /home/acems/server_certs directory. The root certificate should have the name root.crt and that the server certificate should have the name server.crt. If you received intermediate certificates, then rename them to ca1.crt and ca2.crt. Make sure that all certificates are in PEM format. For instructions on transferring files, see Appendix [Transferring Files](#) on page 346.



Note: If your certificates are self-generated (you did not perform steps 1-3), the /home/acems/server_certs directory does not exist; therefore you must create it using the following commands:

```
mkdir /home/acems/server_certs
chmod 777 /home/acems/server_certs
```

➤ Step 5: Import certificates:

- Select option **3** and follow the prompts.

The certificate files are installed.



- The root certificate should be named root.crt and that the server certificate should be named server.crt. If you received intermediate certificates then rename them to ca1.crt and ca2.crt.
- Make sure that all certificates are in PEM format and appear as follows (see [Verifying and Converting Certificates](#) on page 347 for information on converting files):

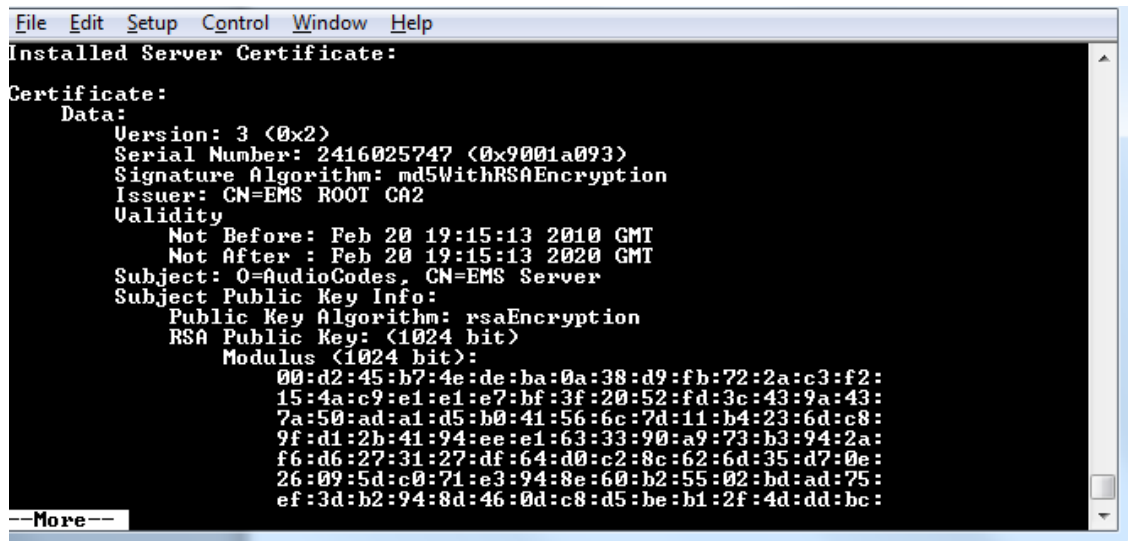
```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIBuTCCASKgAwIBAgIFAKKIMbgwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAwFzEVMBMGGA1
UEAxMM
RU1TIFJPT1QgQ0EyMB4XDTE1MDUwMzA4NTE0MFoXDTI1MDUwMzA4NTE0
MFowKjET
TI6vqn5I27Oq/24KbY9q6EK2Yc3K2EAadL2IF1jnb+yvREuewprOz6TEEuxNJol0
L6V8IzUYOfHrEiq/6g===
---END CERTIFICATE-----
```

➤ Step 6: Verify the installed server certificate:

- Select option **4**.

The installed server certificate is displayed:

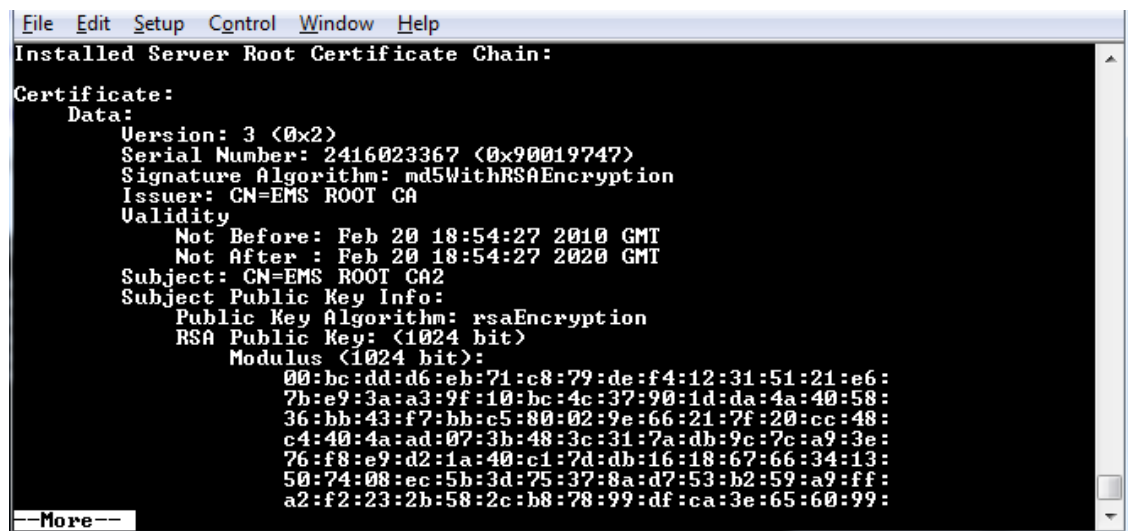
Figure 27-25: Installed Server Certificate



➤ **Step 7: Verify the installed root certificate:**

- Select Option 5. The installed root certificate is displayed:

Figure 27-26: Installed Root Certificate



➤ **Step 8: Install device certificates and perform supplementary procedures**

- See [Supplementary Security Procedures](#) on page 333.

OVOC Voice Quality Package - SBC Communication

This option allows you to configure the transport type for the XML based OVOC Voice Quality Package communication from the OVOC managed devices to the OVOC server. You can enable the TCP port (port 5000), the TLS port (port 5001) connections or both port connections.

➤ **To configure the OVOC Voice Quality Package - SBC Communication:**

1. From the Security menu, select **OVOC Voice Quality Package – SBC Communication**

Figure 27-27: OVOC Voice Quality Package – SBC Communication

```

Main Menu> Security> OVOC Voice Quality Package – SBC Communication
-----
OVOC Voice Quality Package – SBC Communication: TCP
>1. TCP (SEM Server will be restarted)
  2. TLS (SEM Server will be restarted)
  3. TLS/TCP (SEM Server will be restarted)
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

2. Choose one of the following transport types:

- TCP (opens port 5000)
- TLS (opens port 5001)
- TLS/TCP (this setting opens both ports 5000 and 5001).

HTTP Security Settings

From the OVOC Server Manager root menu, choose **HTTP Security Settings**.

Figure 27-28: HTTP Security Settings

```

Main Menu> Security> HTTP Security Settings
-----
!TLSv1.0: ENABLED
!TLSv1.1: ENABLED
!Cipher Suites Configuration String: ?EDH=?ADH=?DSS=?RC4=HIGH=?3DES=?aNULL
!Port 80 (HTTP): OPEN
!Port 8080 (IPPs FILES): OPEN
!Port 8081 (IPPs HTTP): OPEN
!Port 8082 (IPPs HTTPS): OPEN
!Port 911 (OVOC REST): CLOSE
!Port 912 (Floating License REST): CLOSE
!Port 915 (OVOC WebSocket): CLOSE
!Port 5010 (QoE Teams Server REST): CLOSE
>1. Disable TLSv1.0 for Apache (Apache will be restarted)
  2. Disable TLSv1.1 for Apache (Apache will be restarted)
  3. Show allowed SSL Cipher Suites
  4. Edit SSL Cipher Suites Configuration String (Apache will be restarted)
  5. Restore SSL Cipher Suites Configuration Default (Apache will be restarted)
  6. Close HTTP Service (Port 80)
  7. Close IPP Files service (Port 8080)
  8. Close IPPs HTTP (Port 8081)
  9. Close IPPs HTTPS (Port 8082)
 10. Open OVOC REST (Port 911)
 11. Open Floating License REST (Port 912)
 12. Open OVOC WebSocket (Port 915)
 13. Open QoE Teams Server REST (Port 5010)
 14. Trust Store Configuration
 15. SBC HTTPS Authentication Mode
 16. Enable Device Manager Pro and NBIF Web pages Secured Communication (Apache will be restarted)
 17. Change HTTP/S authentication password for NBIF directory (Apache will be restarted)
 18. Disable Client's IP Address Validation (OVOC Server will be restarted)
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

This menu allows you to configure the following Apache server security settings:

- TLS Version 1.0 ([TLS Version 1.0](#) on the next page)
- TLS Version 1.1 ([TLS Version 1.1](#) on the next page)
- Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites ([Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites](#) on page 281)

- Edit SSL Cipher Suites Configuration String ([Edit SSL Cipher Suites Configuration String](#) on the next page)
- Restore SSL Cipher Suites Configuration Default ([Restore SSL Cipher Suites Configuration Default](#) on page 282)
- Manage HTTP Service (Port 80) ([Manage HTTP Service Port \(80\)](#) on page 282)
- Manage IPP Files Service (Port 8080) ([Manage IPP Files Service Port \(8080\)](#) on page 282)
- Manage IPPs HTTP (Port 8081) ([Manage IPPs HTTP Port \(8081\)](#) on page 283)
- Manage IPPs HTTPS (Port 8082) ([Manage IPPs HTTPS Port \(8082\)](#) on page 283)
- OVOC REST (Port 911) ([OVOC Rest \(Port 911\)](#) on page 283)
- Floating License REST (Port 912) ([Floating License \(Port 912\)](#) on page 283)
- OVOC WebSocket (Port 915) [OVOC WebSocket \(Port 915\)](#) on page 284
- QoE Teams Server REST (Port 5010)
- Trust Store Configuration ([Trust Store Configuration](#) on page 284)
- SBC HTTPS Authentication ([SBC HTTPS Authentication Mode](#) on page 284)
- Enable Device Manager Pro and NBIF Web Pages Secured Communication ([Enable Device Manager Pro and NBIF Web Pages Secured Communication](#) on page 285)
- Change HTTP/S Authentication Password for NBIF Directory ([Change HTTP/S Authentication Password for NBIF Directory](#) on page 286)
- Disable Client's IP Address Validation ([Disable Client's IP Address Validation](#) on page 286)

TLS Version 1.0

This option enables/disables TLS Version 1.0 on port 443 (Apache server is restarted).

➤ To enable or disable TLS Version 1.0:

- From the HTTP Security Settings menu, select option **Enable TLSv1.0 for Apache**.



When TLS Version 1.1 is disabled, TLS Version 1.0 is also disabled. Likewise, if TLS Version 1.0 is enabled, TLS Version 1.1 is also enabled.

Apache server is restarted. Default (enabled).

TLS Version 1.1

This option enables/disables TLS Version 1.1 on port 443 (Apache server is restarted).

➤ To enable or disable TLS Version 1.1:

- From the HTTP Security Settings menu, select option **Enable TLSv1.1 for Apache**.

Default (enabled). Apache server is restarted.



- When TLS Version 1.1 is disabled, TLS Version 1.0 is also disabled. Likewise, if TLS Version 1.0 is enabled, TLS Version 1.1 is also enabled.

Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites

This option allows you to view the currently configured SSL cipher suites.

➤ To show allowed SSL cipher suites:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, select option **Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites**.

The currently configured SSL cipher suites are displayed. The overall figure indicates the total number of entries.

Figure 27-29: Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites

File	Edit	Setup	Control	Window	Help
>	AES128-GCM-SHA256				
DH-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256					
>	AES128-SHA256				
DH-RSA-AES128-SHA256					
>	AES128-SHA256				
DH-DSS-AES128-SHA256					
>	AES128-SHA256				
ECDH-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256					
>	AES128-GCM-SHA256				
ECDH-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256					
>	AES128-GCM-SHA256				
ECDH-RSA-AES128-SHA256					
>	AES128-SHA256				
ECDH-ECDSA-AES128-SHA256					
>	AES128-SHA256				
AES128-GCM-SHA256					
>	AES128-SHA256				
AES128-SHA256					
Overall: 28					
Press ENTER to continue...					

Edit SSL Cipher Suites Configuration String

This option allows you to edit the SSL Cipher Suites configuration string.

➤ To edit the SSL cipher suites configuration string:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, select option **Edit SSL Cipher Suites Configuration String**.

Figure 27-30: Show SSL Cipher Suites Configuration

```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help
> AEAD
DH-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 TLSv1.2 DH/RSA DH AESGCM<128>
> AEAD
DH-RSA-AES128-SHA256 TLSv1.2 DH/RSA DH AES<128>
SHA256
DH-DSS-AES128-SHA256 TLSv1.2 DH/DSS DH AES<128>
SHA256
ECDH-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 TLSv1.2 ECDH/RSA ECDH AESGCM<128>
> AEAD
ECDH-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256 TLSv1.2 ECDH/ECDSA ECDH AESGCM<128>
> AEAD
ECDH-RSA-AES128-SHA256 TLSv1.2 ECDH/RSA ECDH AES<128>
SHA256
ECDH-ECDSA-AES128-SHA256 TLSv1.2 ECDH/ECDSA ECDH AES<128>
SHA256
AES128-GCM-SHA256 TLSv1.2 RSA RSA AESGCM<128>
> AEAD
AES128-SHA256 TLSv1.2 RSA RSA AES<128>
SHA256
Overall: 28
New configuration: !EDH:!ADH:!DSS:!RC4:HIGH:!3DES:!aNULL
Would you like to apply this configuration? (y/n/q)

```

2. Edit the new configuration and select **y** to apply the changes.
3. Run the **Show Allowed SSL Cipher Suites** command to display the new configuration.

Restore SSL Cipher Suites Configuration Default

This option allows you to restore the SSL Cipher Suites to the OVOC default values.

➤ To restore the SSL Cipher Suites Configuration default:

- From the HTTP Security Settings menu, select **Restore SSL Cipher Suites Configuration Default**.

Manage HTTP Service Port (80)

➤ To open/close HTTP Service (Port 80):

- In the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close HTTP Service (Port 80)**, and then press Enter.

This HTTP port is used for the connection between the OVOC server and all AudioCodes devices with the Device Manager Pro Web browser

Manage IPP Files Service Port (8080)

➤ To open/close IPPs files service (port 8080):

- In the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close IPPs files(Port 8080)**, and then press Enter.

This HTTP port is used for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server to the endpoints.



This option is reserved for backward compatibility with older device versions.

Manage IPPs HTTP Port (8081)

➤ To open/close IPPs HTTP (Port 8081):

- In the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close IPPs HTTP (Port 8081)**, and then press Enter.

This HTTP port is used for sending REST updates from the endpoints to the OVOC server, such as alarms and statuses.



This option is reserved for backward compatibility with older device versions.

Manage IPPs HTTPS Port (8082)

➤ To open/close IPPs HTTPS (Port 8082):

- In the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close IPPs HTTPS (Port 8082)**, and then press Enter.

This HTTPS port is used for sending secure REST updates from the endpoints to the OVOC server, such as alarms and statuses (HTTPS without certificate authentication).



This option is reserved for backward compatibility with older device versions.

OVOC Rest (Port 911)

This option allows you to open and close the REST port connection for (internal) port and server debugging.

➤ To configure OVOC REST:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close OVOC REST (Port 911)**.

Floating License (Port 912)

This option allows you to open and close the Floating license REST service (internal) and Floating license service debugging.

➤ To open/close the Floating License port:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close Floating License REST (Port 912)**.

OVOC WebSocket (Port 915)

This option allows you to open and close the OVOC WebSocket (Port 915) connection between the Websocket client and OVOC server.

➤ To open/close the WebSocket port:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **Open/Close OVOC WebSocket (Port 915)**.

QoE Teams Server REST (Port 5010)

Delete this text and replace it with your own content.

➤ To open/close QoE Teams Server port 5010:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose option **QoE Teams Server REST (Port 5010)**

Trust Store Configuration

This procedure describes how to add a custom trusted root certificate to the OVOC server installation for securing endpoint connections. These certificates are loaded for supporting the mutual authentication mechanism (see IPP HTTPS Authentication Mode).

➤ To add a trusted root certificate:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose **Trust Store Configuration**.

Figure 27-31: Trust Store Configuration



2. Select option **Add Trusted Root Certificate**.
3. Type the relevant valid root certificate file path and name. For example:

/home/acems/root.crt

SBC HTTPS Authentication Mode

This option enables you to configure whether certificates are used to authenticate the connection between the OVOC server and the devices in one direction or in both directions:

- **Mutual Authentication:** the OVOC authenticates the device connection request using certificates and the device authenticates the OVOC connection request using certificates. When this option is configured:

- The same root CA must sign the certificate that is loaded to the device and certificate that is loaded to the OVOC server.

- Mutual authentication must also be enabled on the device ([Step 5: Configure HTTPS Parameters on the Device](#) on page 337).

- **One-way Authentication option:** the OVOC does not authenticate the device connection request using certificates; only the device authenticates the OVOC connection request.



- You can use the procedure described in [Server Certificates Update](#) on page 273 to load the certificate file to the OVOC server.
- See [Step 5: Configure HTTPS Parameters on the Device](#) on page 337 for equivalent settings on devices.

➤ **To enable HTTPS authentication:**

1. In the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose the **SBC HTTPS Authentication** option.

Figure 27-32: SBC HTTPS Authentication

```

Main Menu> Security> Apache Security Settings> SBC HTTPS Authentication Mode
-----
HTTPS Authentication: Mutual
>1.Set Mutual Authentication
  2.Set One-Way Authentication
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu
  
```

2. Choose one of the following options:

- 1-Set Mutual Authentication
- 2. Set One-Way Authentication

Enable Device Manager Pro and NBIF Web Pages Secured Communication

This menu option enables you to secure the connection between the Device Manager Server and NBIF Web pages and the Apache server over HTTPS. When this option is enabled, the connection is secured through HTTPS port 443 (instead of port 80-HTTP).

➤ **To secure connection the Device Manager Pro and NBIF Web pages connection:**

- From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose **IP Phone Manager and NBIF Web pages Secured Communication**; the connection is secured.

Change HTTP/S Authentication Password for NBIF Directory

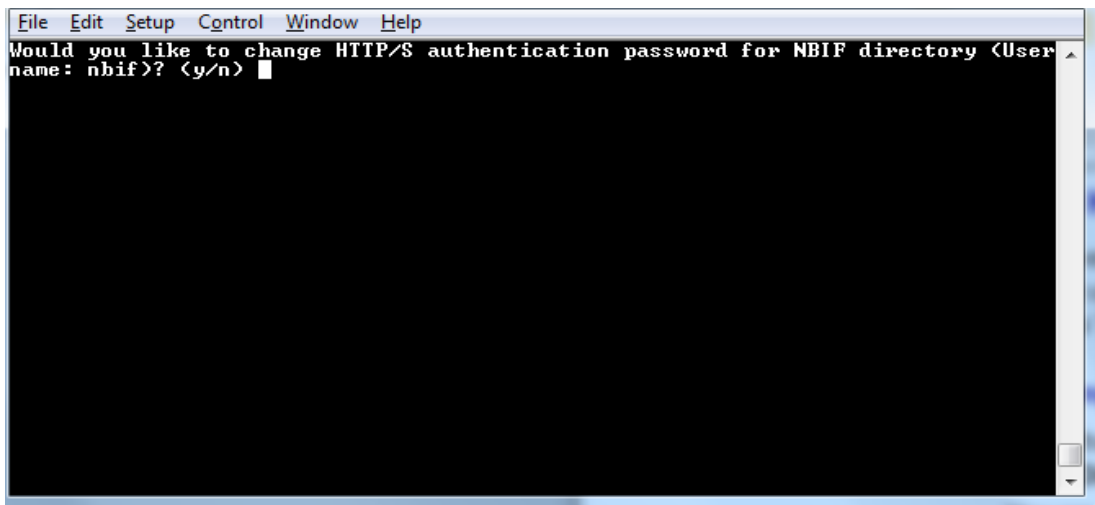
This option enables you to change the password for logging to the OVOC client from a NBIF client over an HTTP/S connection. The default user name is “nbif” and default password is “pass_1234”.

➤ To change the HTTP/S authentication password:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose **Change HTTP/S Authentication Password for NBIF Directory**.

You are prompted to change the HTTP/S authentication password. Enter **y** to change the password.

Figure 27-33: Change HTTP/S Authentication Password for NBIF Directory



2. Enter the new password.
3. Reenter the new password.

A confirmation message is displayed and the Apache server is restarted.

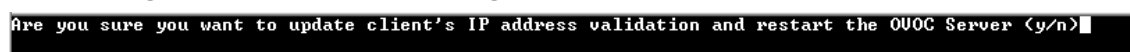
Disable Client's IP Address Validation

This option controls whether the OVOC server validates the WebSocket IP address and client's logged in IP address (REST connection) for connection requests from the OVOC Web client. This maybe necessary to avoid scenarios where a Web Application Firewall (WAF) may randomly change the Client IP address in the packets and therefore the OVOC server receives the WebSocket packet from an IP address that is different to the client's logged in IP address (REST IP address). As a result, the Client-Server WebSocket connection cannot be established and the operator is logged out.

➤ To disable client's IP address validation:

1. From the HTTP Security Settings menu, choose **Disable Client's IP Address Validation**.

Figure 27-34: Confirm Disabling of Client IP Address Validation



2. Enter y to confirm update. The OVOC Server is restarted.

28 Diagnostics

This section describes the diagnostics procedures provided by the OVOC Server Manager.



An IPv6 address can be configured for the following:

- Server Syslog
- Devices Syslog
- Network Traffic Capture

➤ To run OVOC server diagnostics:

- From the OVOC Server ManagerRoot menu, choose **Diagnostics**, and then press Enter, the following is displayed:

Figure 28-1: Diagnostics

```

OVOC Server 8.0.1091 Management
-----
Main Menu> Diagnostics
-----
>1.Server Syslog
  2.Devices Syslog
  3.Devices Debug
  4.Logger Levels
  5.Network Traffic Capture
  q.Quit to main Menu

```

This menu includes the following options:

- Server Syslog Configuration ([Server Syslog Configuration](#) below).
- Devices Syslog Configuration ([Devices Syslog Configuration](#) on page 290).
- Devices Debug Configuration ([Devices Debug Configuration](#) on page 291).
- ServerLogger Levels ([Server Logger Levels](#) on page 292)
- Network Traffic Capture ([Network Traffic Capture](#) on page 293)

Server Syslog Configuration

This section describes how to send OVOC server Operating System (OS)-related syslog EMERG events to the system console and other OVOC server OS related messages to a designated external server.

➤ To send EMERG event to the syslog console and other events to an external server:

1. From the Diagnostics menu, choose **Server Syslog**, and then press Enter.
2. To send EMERG events to the system console, type **y**, press Enter, and then confirm by typing **y** again.

Figure 28-2: Syslog Configuration

```

Syslog configuration
Send EMERG events to system console: n
Forward messages to external server: n

Send EMERG events to system console ? (y/n) y
Logging of many events on console when RS-232 console is used may cause severe p
erformance degradation (due to 9600 baud rate).
Are you sure ? (y/n)

```

Figure 28-3: Forward Messages to an External Server

```

Forward messages to external server? (Server will reboot if settings changed) (y/n) y
Facility (choose from this list):
*
AUTH
AUTHPRIV
CRON
DAEMON
FTP
KERN
LOCAL0
LOCAL1
LOCAL2
LOCAL3
LOCAL4
LOCAL5
LOCAL6
LOCAL7
LPR
MAIL
NEWS
SYSLOG
USER
UUCP
[]: SYSLOG
Severity (choose from this list):
EMERG
ALERT
CRIT
ERR
WARNING
NOTICE
INFO
DEBUG
[]: DEBUG
Hostname []:

```

3. You are prompted to forward messages to an external server, type **y**, and then press Enter. If this is changed, the server is rebooted.
4. Type one of the following **Facilities** from the list (case-sensitive) or select the wildcard ***** to select all facilities in the list, and then press Enter:
 - auth and authpriv: for authentication;

- cron: comes from task scheduling services, cron and atd;
 - daemon: affects a daemon without any special classification (DNS, NTP, etc.)
 - ftp: concerns the FTP server;
 - kern: message coming from the kernel;
 - lpr: comes from the printing subsystem;
 - mail: comes from the e-mail subsystem;
 - news: Usenet subsystem message (especially from an NNTP — Network News Transfer Protocol — server that manages newsgroups);
 - syslog: messages from the syslogd server, itself;
 - user: user messages (generic);
 - uucp: messages from the UUCP server (Unix to Unix Copy Program, an old protocol notably used to distribute e-mail messages);
 - local0 to local7: reserved for local use.
5. Each message is also associated with a **Severity** or priority level. Type one of the following severities (in decreasing order) and then press Enter:
- **emerg**: “Help!” There's an emergency, the system is probably unusable.
 - **alert**: hurry up, any delay can be dangerous, action must be taken immediately;
 - **crit**: conditions are critical;
 - **err**: error;
 - **warn**: warning (potential error);
 - **notice**: conditions are normal, but the message is important;
 - **info**: informative message;
 - **debug**: debugging message.
6. Type the external server Hostname or IP address to which you wish to send the syslog.

Devices Syslog Configuration

The capture of the device's Syslog can be logged directly to the OVOC server without the need for a third-party Syslog server in the same local network. The OVOC Server Manager is used to enable this feature.



Syslog is captured according to the device's configured Syslog parameters. For more information, see the relevant device User's manual.

The user needs to also enable the monitored device to send syslog messages to the standard syslog port (UDP 514) on the OVOC server machine.

The syslog log file 'syslog' is located in the following OVOC server directory:

/data/NBIF/mgDebug/syslog

The syslog file is automatically rotated once a week or when it reaches 100 MB. Up to four syslog files are stored.

➤ **To enable device syslog logging:**

1. From the Diagnostics menu, choose **Devices Syslog**, and then press Enter.
2. You are prompted whether you wish to send EMER events to system console; type **Y** or **N**.
3. You are prompted whether you wish to send events to an external server; type **Y** or **N**.

Devices Debug Configuration

Debug recordings packets from all managed machines can be logged directly to the OVOC server without the need for a 3rd party network sniffer in the same local network.



Debug recording packets are collected according to the AudioCodes device's configured Debug parameters. For more information, see the relevant device User's Manual.

The OVOC server runs the Wireshark network sniffer, which listens on a particular configured port. The sniffer records the packets to a network capture file in the Debug Recording (DR) directory. You can then access this file from your PC through FTP.

The OVOC Server Manager is used to enable this feature. The user should configure the monitored device to send its debug record messages to a specific port (UDP 925) on the OVOC server IP.

The DR capture file is located in the following OVOC server directory:

/data/NBIF/mgDebug/DebugRecording

The file 'TPDebugRec<DATE>.cap' is saved for each session. The user is responsible for closing (stopping) each debug recording session. In any case, each session (file) is limited to 10MB or one hour of recording (the first rule which is met causes the file to close i.e. if the file reaches 10MB in less than an hour of recording, it is closed). A cleanup process is run daily, deleting capture files that are 5 days old.

The user is able to retrieve this file from the OVOC server and open it locally on their own PC using Wireshark with the debug recording plug-in installed (Wireshark version 1.6.2 supports the Debug Recording plug-in).

➤ **To enable or disable devices debug:**

1. From the Diagnostics menu, choose **Devices Debug**, and then press Enter.
A message is displayed indicating that debug recording is either enabled or disabled.
2. Type **y**, and then press Enter.

Recording files are saved in /data/NBIF/mgDebug directory on the server.



It is highly recommended to disable the 'TP Debug Recording' feature when you have completed recording because this feature heavily utilizes system resources.

Server Logger Levels

This option allows you to change the log level for the different OVOC server log directories.



After completing the debugging, revert to the previous configuration to prevent over utilization of CPU resources.

➤ To change the <tc> server logger level:

1. From the Diagnostics menu, choose **Logger Levels**.
2. Enter the name of the log whose level you wish to change.
3. Enter the desired logger level.
4. Select **Yes** at the prompt to confirm the change.

Figure 28-4: Server Logger Name and Level

```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help
osu : DEBUG      v52 : INFO
watchdog : ALL      ssl : INFO
sslTunneling : INFO  vgServer : INFO
vgmDB : INFO      lyncServer : INFO
endPointsServer : INFO  rmiSocket : INFO
http : INFO       addRemove : INFO
addVersion : INFO     refresh : INFO
refreshClientServer : INFO  pm : INFO
dbUpgrade : INFO      dc : INFO
nodesFile : INFO      miniIds : INFO
ssh : INFO            cliUsersSync : INFO
nbif : INFO            usersCache : INFO
proxy : INFO           org.hibernate : ERROR
org.apache : ERROR     adintegration : INFO
concurrentCalls : INFO  mgBackup : INFO
license : INFO          sipServerTestRunner : INFO
security : INFO          sites : INFO
alarmRule : INFO         ovocClient : INFO
alarmsReSync : INFO      asyncActions : INFO
kafka : INFO             HTTPRefresher : INFO

Levels: ALL < DEBUG < INFO < WARN < ERROR < FATAL < OFF
Enter logger name:

```

```

File Edit Setup Control Window Help
watchdog : ALL ssl : INFO
sslTunneling : INFO vgServer : INFO
vgmDB : INFO lyncServer : INFO
endPointsServer : INFO rmiSocket : INFO
http : INFO addRemove : INFO
addVersion : INFO refresh : INFO
refreshClientServer : INFO pm : INFO
dbUpgrade : INFO dc : INFO
nodesFile : INFO miniIds : INFO
ssh : INFO cliUsersSync : INFO
nbif : INFO usersCache : INFO
proxy : INFO org.hibernate : ERROR
org.apache : ERROR adintegration : INFO
concurrentCalls : INFO ngBackup : INFO
license : INFO sipServerTestRunner : INFO
security : INFO sites : INFO
alarmRule : INFO ovocClient : INFO
alarmsReSync : INFO asyncActions : INFO
kafka : INFO HTTPRefresher : INFO

Levels: ALL < DEBUG < INFO < WARN < ERROR < FATAL < OFF
Enter logger name: nbif
Enter logger level: info

```

Network Traffic Capture

Network traffic can be captured to a PCAP capture file according to a list of IP addresses and ports and a specified time period. The PCAP files can later be opened with a network sniffer program such as Wireshark.

➤ To capture TCP traffic:

1. From the Diagnostics menu, choose option **Network Traffic Capture**.

Figure 28-5: Network Traffic Capture

```

Main Menu > Diagnostics > Network Traffic Capture
-----
!Tcpdump:      NOT RUNNING

>1. Start tcpdump
  b. Back
  q. Quit to main Menu

```

2. Select option **1 Start tcpdump**.
3. Select **y** to start the tcpdump.

Figure 28-6: TCP Dump

```
Would you like to start tcpdump capture? (y/n) y
At any stage, enter 'q' to abort and exit
IP(s) (comma-separated, or any): any
Port(s) (comma-separated, or any): 80,443,162,1161
Capture time (minutes, 1-60): 10
```

4. Enter comma separated IP address (es) or accept the default "any" IP address.
5. Enter comma separated port (s) or accept the default "any".
6. Enter the capture time (in minutes). Default: network traffic for the last ten minutes is captured.

Figure 28-7: Starting TCP Dump

```
Starting tcpdump capture with the following parameters:
IP: any
Port: 80,443,162,1161
Time: 10 min
Proceed? (y/n/q)
```

7. Select **y** to proceed.

Figure 28-8: TCP Dump Running

```
Main Menu> Diagnostics> Network Traffic Capture
-----
!Tcpdump:      RUNNING
!PID:          5713
!Start time:   09:57:00 13.02.19
!Run timeout:  10 minutes
!Port Filter:  80 or 443 or 162 or 1161
!Output file:  /var/log/ems/capture/190213095700_capture.pcap#ID

>1. Stop tcpdump
  b.Back
  q.Quit to main Menu
```


Part VII

Configuring the Firewall

This part describes how to configure the OVOC firewall.

29 Configuring the Firewall

The OVOC interoperates with firewalls, protecting against unauthorized access by crackers and hackers, thereby securing regular communications. You need to define firewall rules to secure communications for the OVOC client-server processes. Each of these processes use different communication ports. By default, all ports are open on the OVOC server side. When installing the OVOC server, you need to configure its network and open the ports in your Enterprise LAN according to your site requirements; based on the firewall configuration rules (representing these port connections) that are described in the table and figure below.

See also:

- [Cloud Architecture Mode \(WebSocket Tunnel\) Firewall Settings](#) on page 308
- [Firewall Settings for NAT Deployment](#) on page 309
- [Firewall Settings for Service Provider Cluster](#) on page 315
- Firewall Settings for OVOC Server Provider (Single Node)

Table 29-1: Firewall Configuration Rules

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
OVOC clients and OVOC server					
TCP/IP client ↔ OVOC server	TCP	√	22	SSH communication between OVOC server and TCP/IP client. ■ Initiator: client PC	OVOC server side / Bi-directional.
HTTPS/NBIF Clients ↔ OVOC server	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	Connection for OVOC/ NBIF clients. ■ Initiator: Client	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
REST client	TCP (HTTP)	×	911	Connection for OVOC server REST (internal) port and server debugging. ■ Initiator (internal): OVO	OVOC server side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
				C server ■ Initiator (debugging): REST client	
	TCP (HTTP)	×	912	Floating license REST service (internal) communication and Floating license service debugging. ■ Initiator (internal): OVOC server ■ Initiator (debugging): REST client	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
Microsoft Teams ↔ OVOC Communication	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	Connection to Microsoft Teams ■ Initiator: Microsoft Teams	Bi-directional
Microsoft Teams ↔ OVOC Communication (Internal Connection)	TCP (HTTPS)	√	5010	Internal	OVOC server side / Receive only
WebSocket Client ↔ OVOC Server Communication	TCP (HTTP)	√	915	WebSocket Client and OVOC Server communication (internal) according to RFC 6455, used for managing the alarm and task	OVOC server side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
				notification mechanism in the OVOC Web. ■ Initiator (internal): WebSocket Client	
OVOC server and OVOC Managed Devices					
Device ↔ OVOC server (SNMP)	UDP	√	1161	Keep-alive - SNMP trap listening port (used predominantly for devices located behind a NAT). Used also by Fixed License Pool and Floating License Service. ■ Initiator: AudioCodes device	OVOC server side / Receive only
	UDP	√	162	SNMP trap listening port on the OVOC. ■ Initiator: AudioCodes device	OVOC server side / Receive only
	UDP	√	161	SNMP Trap Manager port on the device that is used to send traps to the OVOC server. Used also by Fixed License Pool and Floating License Service.	MG side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: OVOC server 	
Device↔ OVOC server (NTP Server)	UDP (NTP server)	✗	123	<p>NTP server synchronization for external clock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: MG (and OVOC server, if configured as NTP client) Initiator: Both sides 	Both sides / Bi-directional
Device ↔ OVOC server	TCP (HTTP)	✗	80	<p>HTTP connection for files transfer and REST communication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: Both sides can initiate an HTTP connection 	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	<p>HTTPS connection for files transfer (upload and download) and REST communication.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: Both sides can initiate an HTTPS connection. 	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
Device↔ OVOC server Floating	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	<p>HTTPS connection for files transfer (upload and</p>	OVOC server side / Bi-

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
License Management				download) and REST communication for device Floating License Management. Initiator: Device	directional
Devices Managed by the Device Manager					
OVOC server ↔ Device Manager Pro	TCP (HTTP)	✗	80	HTTP connection between the OVOC server and the Device Manager Pro Web browser. ■ Initiator: Client browser	OVOC server side / Bi-Directional.
				HTTP connection that is used by endpoints for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server. ■ Initiator: Endpoint	
	TCP (HTTPS)	✓	443	HTTPS connection between the OVOC server and the Device Manager Pro Web browser. ■ Initiator: Client browser	OVOC server side / Bi-Directional
				HTTPS connection used by endpoints for downloading	

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
				firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server. ■ Initiator: Endpoints	
OVOC server ↔ Endpoints (used for backward compatibility)	TCP (HTTP)	✗	8080	HTTP connection that is used by endpoints for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server. ■ Initiator: Endpoint	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (HTTP)	✗	8081	HTTP REST updates connection. It is recommended to use this connection when managing more than 5000 IP Phones. In this case, you should change the provisioning URL port from 80 to 8081 in the phone's configuration file. ■ Initiator: Endpoint	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (HTTPS)	✓	8082	HTTPS REST updates connection	OVOC server side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
				<p>(encryption only without SSL authentication). It is recommended to use this connection when managing more than 5000 IP Phones. In this case, you should change the provisioning URL port from 443 to 8082 in the phone's configuration file.</p> <p>■ Initiator: Endpoint</p>	
OVOC Voice Quality Package Server and Devices					
Media Gateways ↔ Voice Quality Package	TCP	✗	5000	<p>XML based communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages.</p> <p>■ Initiator: Media Gateway</p>	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (TLS)	✓	5001	<p>XML based TLS secured communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages.</p> <p>■ Initiator: AudioCodes device</p>	OVOC server side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
Skype for Business MS-SQL Server					
OVOC Voice Quality Package server ↔ Skype for Business MS-SQL Server	TCP	√	1433	Connection between the OVOC server and the MS-SQL Skype for Business Server. This port should be configured with SSL. ■ Initiator: OVOC server	Skype for Business SQL server side / Bi-directional
LDAP Active Directory Server					
Voice Quality Package ↔ Active Directory LDAP server (Skype for Business user authentication)	TCP	✗	389	Connection between the Voice Quality Package server and the Active Directory LDAP server. ■ Initiator: OVOC server	Active Directory server side/ Bi-directional
	TCP (TLS)	√	636	Connection between the Voice Quality Package server and the Active Directory LDAP server with SSL configured. ■ Initiator: OVOC server	Active Directory server side/ Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ Active Directory LDAP server (OVOC user authentication)	TCP	✗	389	Connection between the OVOC server and the Active Directory LDAP server (OVOC Users).	Active Directory server side/ Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
n)				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: OVOC server 	
	TCP (TLS)	√	636	<p>Connection between the OVOC server and the Active Directory LDAP server (OVOC Users) with SSL configured.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: OVOC server 	Active Directory server side / Bi-directional
RADIUS Server					
OVOC server ↔ RADIUS server	TCP	×	1812	<p>Direct connection between the OVOC server and the RADIUS server (when OVOC user is authenticated using RADIUS server).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: OVOC server 	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
AudioCodes Floating License Service					
OVOC server ↔ AudioCodes Floating License Service	TCP	√	443	<p>HTTPS for OVOC/ Cloud Service</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: OVOC REST client 	OVOC REST client side / Bi-directional
External Server Connections					
OVOC server ↔ Mail Server	TCP	×	25	<p>Trap Forwarding to Mail server</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initiator: OVOC server 	Mail server side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
OVOC server ↔ Syslog Server	TCP	✗	514	Trap Forwarding to Syslog server. ■ Initiator: OVOC server	Syslog server side / Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ Debug Recording Server	UDP	✗	925	Trap Forwarding to Debug Recording server. ■ Initiator: OVOC server	Debug Recording server / Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ UMP-365 server	TCP RDP	√	3389	Remote Desktop access to UMP-365 server ■ Initiator: OVOC server	UMP-365 server / Bi-directional
Voice Quality					
Voice Quality Package ↔ Endpoints (RFC 6035)	UDP	✗	5060	SIP Publish reports sent to the SEM server from the endpoints, including RFC 6035 SIP PUBLISH for reporting device voice quality metrics. ■ Initiator: Endpoint	SEM server / Bi-directional

Table 29-2: Northbound Interfaces Flows: NOC/OSS → OVOC

Source IP Address Range	Destination IP Address Range	Protocol	Secure	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range
NOC/OSS	OVOC	SFTP	√	1024 - 65535	20
		FTP	✗	1024 -	21

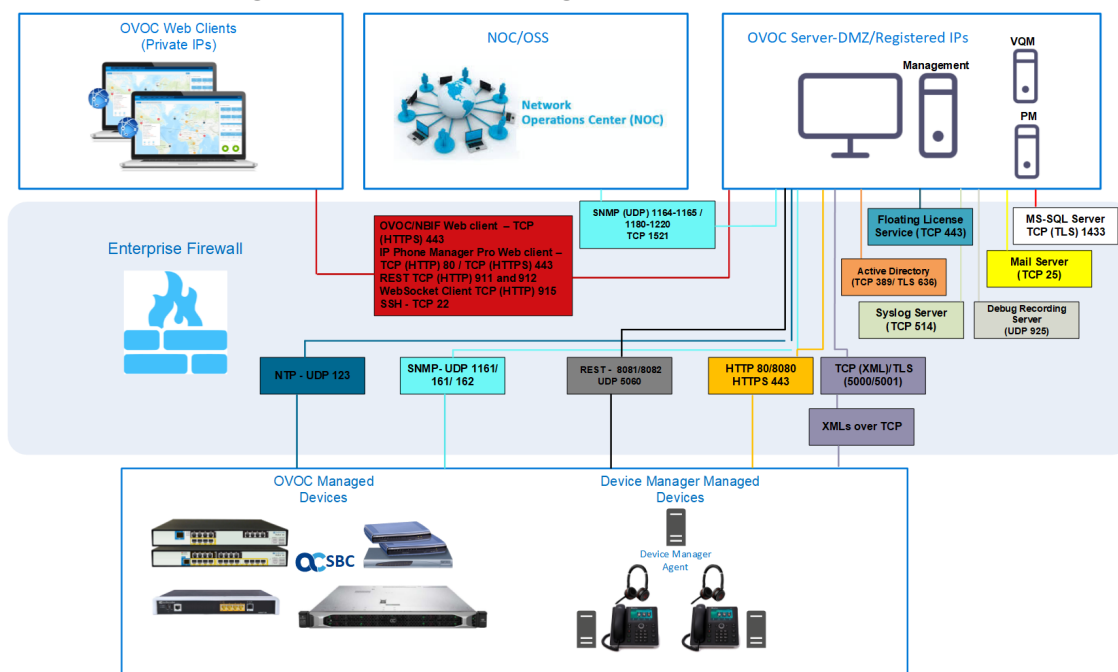
				65535	
		SSH	√	1024 - 65535	22
		Telnet	✗	1024 - 65535	23
		NTP	✗	123	123
		HTTP/HTTPS	✗/√	N/A	80/443
		SNMP (UDP) Set for the Active alarms Resync feature.	✗	N/A	161
		TCP connection for Data Analytics DB Access Initiator: DB Access client This port is open when the "Data Analytics" Voice Quality feature license has been purchased and the feature has been enabled (see Analytics API on page 226)	✗	N/A	1521

Table 29-3: OAM Flows: OVOC → NOC/OSS

Source IP Address Range	Destination IP Address Range	Protocol	Secure	Source Port Range	Destination Port Range
-------------------------	------------------------------	----------	--------	-------------------	------------------------

OVOC	NOC/OSS	NTP	✗	123	123
		SNMP (UDP) Trap	✗	1024 – 65535	162
		SNMP (UDP) port for the Active alarms Resync feature	✗	1164 - 1174	-
		SNMP (UDP) port for alarm forwarding	✗	1180-1220	-

Figure 29-1: Firewall Configuration Schema



The above figure displays images of devices. For the full list of supported products, see [Managed VoIP Equipment](#) on page 3.

Cloud Architecture Mode (WebSocket Tunnel) Firewall Settings

When the OVOC server is deployed in a public cloud and the Cloud Architecture feature is enabled (see [Configure OVOC Cloud Architecture Mode \(WebSocket Tunnel\)](#) on page 154), all proprietary connections between SBC devices and the OVOC server are bundled into an HTTP/S tunnel overlay network over ports 80/443, therefore these ports must be open on the Enter-

prise firewall. Configuring other Enterprise firewall rules for SBC and OVOC server connections is not necessary.

Firewall Settings for NAT Deployment

The table below describes the mandatory firewall rules to configure in the Enterprise firewall for connecting devices behind a NAT as described in Section [Managing Device Connections](#) on page 149.

Configuration Option	Ports to Configure	Port side / Flow Direction
SBC Devices		
Cloud Architecture Mode (Device > OVOC Server)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> TCP HTTP 80 TCP HTTPS 443 	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
OVOC Server NAT Mode (OVOC > Devices)	SNMP UDP port 1161	OVOC server side / Receive only
	SNMP UDP port 162	OVOC server side / Receive only
	TCP 5000	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP 5001 (Voice Quality Management over TLS)	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	NTP 123 NTP server port (configure the OVOC server's Public IP address as the NTP server)	Both sides / Bi-directional
Phones		
Device Manager Agent	TCP HTTPS Port 443	OVOC server side / Bi-Directional

Firewall Rules for Service Provider with Single Node

The table below describes the OVOC Server Provider firewall settings for a Service Provider with a single node. It also includes the integration of the UMP/SBC connections for the Live Teams Cloud deployments.

Table 29-4: Enterprise Firewall

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
OVOC clients and OVOC server					
HTTPS/NBIF Clients ↔ OVOC server	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	Connection for OVOC/NBIF clients. Initiator: Client	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
Microsoft Teams ↔ OVOC Communication	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	Connection to Microsoft Teams Initiator: Microsoft Teams	Bi-directional
WebSocket Client ↔ OVOC Server Communication	TCP (HTTP)	√	915	WebSocket Client and OVOC Server communication (internal) according to RFC 6455, used for managing the alarm and task notification mechanism in the OVOC Web. Initiator (internal): WebSocket Client	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
OVOC server and OVOC Managed Devices					
Device ↔ OVOC server (SNMP)	UDP	√	1161	Keep-alive - SNMP trap listening port (used predominantly for devices located behind a NAT). Used also by Fixed License Pool and Floating License Service. Initiator: AudioCodes device	OVOC server side / Receive only
	UDP	√	162	SNMP trap listening port on the OVOC.	OVOC server side

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
				Initiator: AudioCodes device	/ Receive only
	UDP	√	161	SNMP Trap Manager port on the device that is used to send traps to the OVOC server. Used also by Fixed License Pool and Floating License Service. Initiator: OVOC server	MG side / Bi-directional
Device ↔ OVOC server (NTP Server)	UDP (NTP server)	√	123	NTP server synchronization for external clock. Initiator: MG (and OVOC server, if configured as NTP client) Initiator: Both sides	Both sides / Bi-directional
Device ↔ OVOC server	TCP (HTTP)	×	80	HTTP connection for files transfer and REST communication. Initiator: Both sides can initiate an HTTP connection	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	HTTPS connection for files transfer (upload and download) and REST communication. Initiator: Both sides can initiate an HTTPS connection.	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
Device ↔ OVOC server	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	HTTPS connection for files transfer (upload	OVOC server side

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
Floating License Management				and download) and REST communication for device Floating License Management. Initiator: Device	/ Bi-directional
Devices Managed by the Device Manager					
OVOC server ↔ Device Manager Pro	TCP (HTTP)	×	80	HTTP connection between the OVOC server and the Device Manager Pro Web browser. Initiator: Client browser	OVOC server side / Bi-Directional.
				HTTP connection that is used by endpoints for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server. Initiator: Endpoint	
	TCP (HTTPS)	√	443	HTTPS connection between the OVOC server and the Device Manager Pro Web browser. Initiator: Client browser	OVOC server side / Bi-Directional
				HTTPS connection used by endpoints for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server. Initiator: Endpoints	
OVOC server ↔ Endpoints	TCP (HTTP)	×	8080	HTTP connection that is used by endpoints	OVOC server side

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
(used for backward compatibility)				for downloading firmware and configuration files from the OVOC server. Initiator: Endpoint	/ Bi-directional
	TCP (HTTP)	×	8081	HTTP REST updates connection. It is recommended to use this connection when managing more than 5000 IP Phones. In this case, you should change the provisioning URL port from 80 to 8081 in the phone's configuration file. Initiator: Endpoint	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (HTTPS)	√	8082	HTTPS REST updates connection (encryption only without SSL authentication). It is recommended to use this connection when managing more than 5000 IP Phones. In this case, you should change the provisioning URL port from 443 to 8082 in the phone's configuration file. Initiator: Endpoint	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
OVOC Voice Quality Package Server and Devices					

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
Media Gateways ↔ Voice Quality Package	TCP	×	5000	XML based communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages. Initiator: Media Gateway	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (TLS)	√	5001	XML based TLS secured communication for control, media data reports and SIP call flow messages. Initiator: AudioCodes device	OVOC server side / Bi-directional
LDAP Active Directory Server					
OVOC server ↔ Active Directory LDAP server (OVOC user authentication)	TCP	×	389	Connection between the OVOC server and the Active Directory LDAP server (OVOC Users). Initiator: OVOC server	Active Directory server side / Bi-directional
	TCP (TLS)	√	636	Connection between the OVOC server and the Active Directory LDAP server (OVOC Users) with SSL configured. Initiator: OVOC server	Active Directory server side / Bi-directional
AudioCodes Floating License Service					
OVOC server ↔ AudioCodes Floating License Service	TCP	√	443	HTTPS for OVOC / Cloud Service Initiator: OVOC REST client	OVOC REST client side / Bi-directional

Connection	Port Type	Secured Connection	Port Number	Purpose	Port side / Flow Direction
External Servers					
OVOC server ↔ Mail Server	TCP	×	25	Trap Forwarding to Mail server Initiator: OVOC server	Mail server side / Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ Syslog Server	TCP	×	514	Trap Forwarding to Syslog server. Initiator: OVOC server	Syslog server side / Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ Debug Recording Server	UDP	×	925	Trap Forwarding to Debug Recording server. Initiator: OVOC server	Debug Recording server / Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ UMP-365 server	TCP RDP	√	3389	Remote Desktop access to UMP-365 server ■ Initiator: OVOC server	UMP-365 server / Bi-directional
Voice Quality					
Voice Quality Package ↔ Endpoints (RFC 6035)	UDP	×	5060	SIP Publish reports sent to the SEM server from the endpoints, including RFC 6035 SIP PUBLISH for reporting device voice quality metrics. Initiator: Endpoint	SEM server / Bi-directional


Firewall Settings for Service Provider Cluster

The table below describes the ports for the OVOC Service Provider Cluster mode. This table is applicable for the Management Server when Service Provider Cluster mode is enabled.

Table 29-5: OVOC Service Provider Cluster Mode

Connection Type	Ports to Configure	Access	Secured	Port side / Flow Direction
OVOC Clients and OVOC Server				
HTTP/REST	80	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
	443	Public (MGMT)	✓	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
REST	911	Private (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
Floating License	912	Private (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
Websocket	915	Private (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
OVOC Server and Managed Devices				
SNMP / Traps	1161	Public (MGMT)	✓ (v3)	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
SNMP	161	Public (MGMT)	✓ (v3)	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
SNMP Traps	162	Public (MGMT)	✓ (v3)	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
NTP	123	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
PM Server and Managed Devices				

Connection Type	Ports to Configure	Access	Secured	Port side / Flow Direction
HTTP REST connection used for polling managed devices.	80	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Send only
HTTPS REST connection used for polling managed devices.	443	Public (MGMT)	✓	OVOC Management server side / Send only
OVOC Voice Quality Package and SIP Publish				
Voice Quality Package	5000	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Receive only
	5001	Public (MGMT)	✓	OVOC Management server side / Receive only
SIP 6035	5060	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Receive only
Phones				
IPP Files	8080	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
IPP REST	8081	Public (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
IPP REST	8082	Public (MGMT)	✓	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
External Servers				
Skype for Business	1433	Skype For Business Server	✓	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
LDAP	389	LDAP Server	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-

Connection Type	Ports to Configure	Access	Secured	Port side / Flow Direction
				directional
LDAP	636	LDAP Server	√	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
RADIUS	1812	On RADIUS Server	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
Mail Server (forwarding)	25	Mail Server	✗	OVOC Management server side/ Bi-directional
Syslog Server	514	Syslog Server	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
OVOC server ↔ Debug Recording Server	UDP	×	925	Trap Forwarding to Debug Recording server. Initiator: OVOC server
OVOC server ↔ UMP-365 server	TCP RDP	√	3389	Remote Desktop access to UMP-365 server  Initiator: OVOC server
Dedicated Cluster Node Ports				
Akka platform used for inter-process communication	2551..2555	Private (All) Required access from cluster servers	✗	OVOC Management server side/ Bi-directional
Java Database Connectivity (JDBC)	1521	Private (MGMT)	✗	OVOC Management server side / Bi-

Connection Type	Ports to Configure	Access	Secured	Port side / Flow Direction
used for communication with the PM server.				directional Accessible only from other PM/VQM servers
Kafka platform used for inter-process communication	9092	Private (All) Required access from cluster servers	✖	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional
ZooKeeper	2181	Private (All) Required access from cluster servers	✖	OVOC Management server side / Bi-directional

Part VIII

Appendix

This part describes additional OVOC server procedures.

30 Configuring OVOC as the Email Server on Microsoft Azure

This section describes how to configure the OVOC server as the Email server on Microsoft Azure. These steps are necessary in to overcome Microsoft Azure security restrictions for sending emails outside of the Microsoft Azure domain. The following options can be configured:

- [Configuring OVOC as the Email Server on Microsoft Azure using Microsoft Office 365](#) below
- [Configuring OVOC as the Email Server on Microsoft Azure using SMTP Relay](#) on the next page

Configuring OVOC as the Email Server on Microsoft Azure using Microsoft Office 365

This procedure describes how to configure the OVOC server to forward alarms by email through the configuration of a user account on the Microsoft Office 365 platform. Replace OFFICE365_USERNAME and PASSWORD with an existing customer's Office 365 username and password.



The Office 365 user name is not necessarily the email address.

➤ Do the following:

1. Configure the Exim service on the OVOC server:
 - a. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
 - b. Switch to 'root' user and provide root password (default password is root):

```
su - root
```

- c. Backup the exim configuration file:

```
cp /etc/exim/exim.conf /etc/exim/exim.conf.bak
```

- d. Edit the exim configuration file:

```
vim /etc/exim/exim.conf
```

- e. After the line "begin routers:" add the following configuration:

```
begin routers
send_via_outlook:
  driver = manualroute
```

```
domains = ! +local_domains
transport = outlook_smtp
route_list = "*" smtp.office365.com::587 byname"
host_find_failed = defer
no_more
```

- f. After the line "begin transports", add the following configuration:

```
begin transports
outlook_smtp:
  driver = smtp
  hosts = smtp.office365.com
  hosts_require_auth = <; $host_address
  hosts_require_tls = <; $host_address
```

- g. After the line "begin authenticators", replace Username and Password with your Office 365 username and password:

```
begin authenticators
outlook_login:
  driver = plaintext
  public_name = LOGIN
  client_send = : OFFICE365_USERNAME : PASSWORD
```

- h. Restart the exim service:

```
systemctl restart exim
```



If following the restart, the alarm forwarding is still not working, edit `/root/.muttrc`, and replace the default email address `set from = OVOC@audiocodes.com` with the proper email address of the owner of the `OFFICE365_USERNAME` account, because the Outlook SMTP server may block this default address if it verifies that the sender email does not match the specified mailbox user name.

Configuring OVOC as the Email Server on Microsoft Azure using SMTP Relay

This procedure describes how to configure the OVOC server to forward alarms by email using SMTP Relay. This setup is recommended by Microsoft, and SendGrid is one of the available options. SendGrid service can be easily configured in the Azure Portal and in addition, includes a free tier subscription, supporting up to 25,000 emails per month.

➤ **Do the following:**

1. Create SendGrid service on the Azure platform:
 - a. Open portal.azure.com
 - b. Go to "SendGrid Accounts" section, (via Search or in "All services" section).
 - c. Click **Add**.
 - d. Fill in the following fields:

Name: Choose a name

Password

Subscription

Resource Group (create a new one or choose existing)

Pricing tier: choose Free or one of the other plans

Contact Information

Read legal terms
 - e. Click **Create**.
 - f. Wait for the service to be created.
 - g. Go back to "SendGrid Accounts", click on the new account name
 - h. Click the "Configurations" section in the **Settings** tab.
 - i. Copy the Username – it will be used in the next step along with the password (format `azure_XXXXXXX@azure.com`)
2. Configure the Exim service on the OVOC server:
 - a. Login into the OVOC server by SSH, as 'acems' user and enter password *acems*.
 - b. Switch to 'root' user and provide root password (default password is root):

```
su - root
```

- c. Backup the exim configuration file:

```
cp /etc/exim/exim.conf /etc/exim/exim.conf.bak
```

- d. Edit the exim configuration file:

```
vim /etc/exim/exim.conf
```

- e. After the line "begin transports", add the following configuration:

```
begin transports
sendgrid_smtp:
  driver = smtp
  hosts = smtp.sendgrid.net
  hosts_require_auth = <; $host_address
  hosts_require_tls = <; $host_address
```

- f. After the line "begin routers", add the following configuration:

```
begin routers
send_via_sendgrid:
  driver = manualroute
  domains = ! +local_domains
  transport = sendgrid_smtp
  route_list = "*" smtp.sendgrid.net::587 byname"
  host_find_failed = defer
  no_more
```

- g. After the line "begin authenticators", add the following configuration, replacing Username and Password with your SendGrid User/Pass:

```
begin authenticators
sendgrid_login:
  driver = plaintext
  public_name = LOGIN
  client_send = : Username : Password
```

- h. Save the file and exit back to the command line.
- i. Restart the Exim service.

```
systemctl restart exim
```

- j. Check that the alarm forwarding by email functions correctly.



You can access the SendGrid Web interface using the same username/password, where among other features you can find an Activity log, which may be useful for verifying issues such as when emails are sent correctly; however, are blocked by a destination email server.

31 Configuring RAID-0 for AudioCodes OVOC on HP ProLiant DL360p Gen10 Servers

This appendix describes the required equipment and the steps for configuring the HP ProLiant server to support RAID-0 Disk Array configuration for the OVOC server installation.



- This procedure erases any residual data on the designated disk drives.
- If you have purchased the server hardware from AudioCodes then this procedure is not necessary.

RAID-0 Prerequisites

This procedure requires the following:

- ProLiant DL360p Gen10 server pre-installed in a compatible rack and connected to power.
- Two SATA DS 1.92 TB SSD disk drives
- A VGA display, USB keyboard, and USB mouse must be connected to the server back I/O panel.

RAID-0 Hardware Preparation

Make sure that two SATA DS 1.92 TB SSD disk drives are installed on slot 1 and 2 of the server. If required, refer to the *HP Service Manual*.

Figure 31-1: SATA DS 1.92 TB SSD Disks



Configuring RAID-0

The following procedures describe how to configure RAID-0 using the HP Smart Storage Administrator utility:

- [Step 1 Create Logical Drive](#) below
- [Step 2 Set Logical Drive as Bootable Volume](#) on the next page

Step 1 Create Logical Drive

This section describes how to create a logical drive on RAID-0.

➤ **To create a logical drive on RAID-0:**

1. Power up the server. If the server is already powered up and running, use the 'reboot' command (from system console as user root) to reboot the server.
2. While the server is powering up, monitor the server.
3. During reset, press <F9> to open the System Utilities.
4. Choose **Embedded Applications > Intelligent Provisioning > Smart Storage Administrator**.
5. Wait for the Smart Storage Administrator utility to finish loading.
6. In the left-hand pane, choose **HPE Smart Array Controllers > HPESmart Array E208i-a SRGen10**; an Actions menu is displayed.
7. Click **Configure**, and then click **Clear Configuration** to clear any previous configuration.
8. Click **Clear** to confirm; a summary display appears.
9. Click **Finish** to return to the main menu.
10. In the left-hand pane, select **Unassigned Drives (2)**; make sure that both the drives are selected, and then click **Create Array**.
11. Select **RAID 0** for RAID Level.
12. Select the 'Custom Size' check box, and then enter **2000GiB**.
13. At the bottom of the screen, click **Create Logical Drive**.
After the array is created, a logical drive should be created.
14. Click **Finish**.
15. Proceed to Section [Step 2 Set Logical Drive as Bootable Volume](#) below

Step 2 Set Logical Drive as Bootable Volume

This section describes how to set the new logical drive as a bootable volume.

➤ **To set new logical drive as bootable volume:**

1. In the left-hand pane, select **HPE Smart Array E208i-a SR Gen10**, and then click **Set Bootable Logical Drive/Volume**.
2. Select the "Local - Logical Drive 1" as **Primary Boot Logical Drive/Volume**, and then click **Save**.
A summary window is displayed.
3. Click **Finish**.
4. Exit the Smart Storage Administrator utility by clicking the **X** sign on the top right-hand side of the screen, and then confirm.
5. Click **Exit** at the bottom left-hand corner of the screen.
6. Click the **Power** icon in the upper right-hand corner of the screen.

7. Click **Reboot** to reboot the server.

The Disk Array configuration is now complete.

8. Install the OVOC server ([Installing OVOC Server on Dedicated Hardware](#) on page 68).

32 Managing Clusters

This appendix describes how to manually migrate or move OVOC VMs to another cluster node.

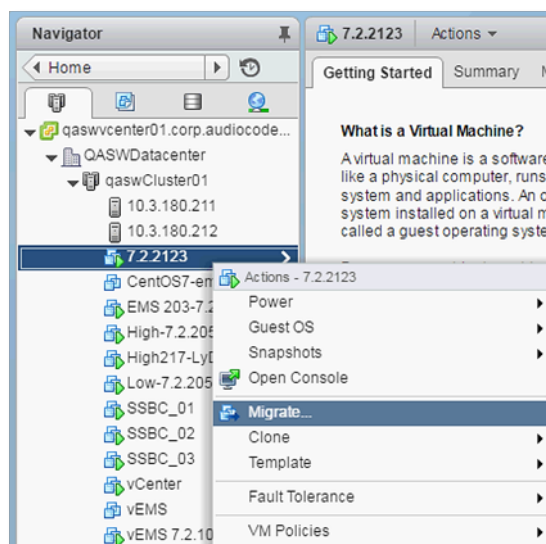
Migrating OVOC Virtual Machines in a VMware Cluster

This section describes how to migrate your OVOC Virtual Machine from one ESXi host to another.

➤ **To migrate your OVOC VM:**

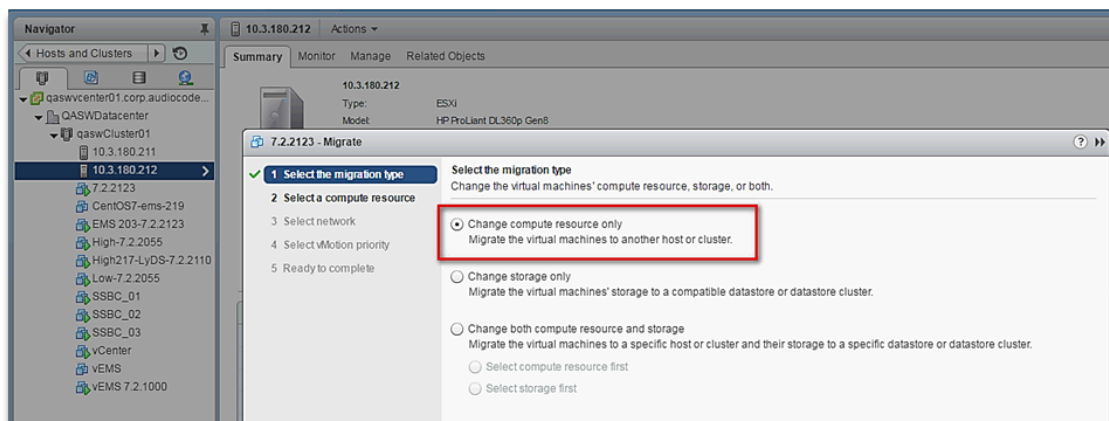
1. Select the OVOC VM that you wish to migrate and then choose the **Migrate** option:

Figure 32-1: Migration



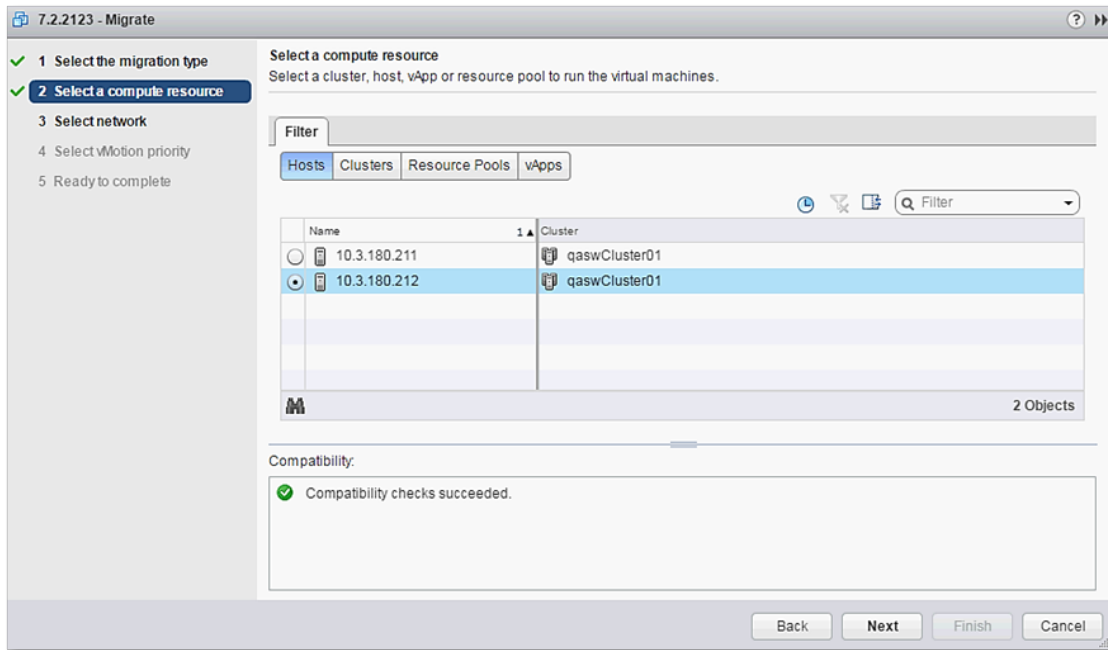
2. Change a cluster host for migration:

Figure 32-2: Change Host



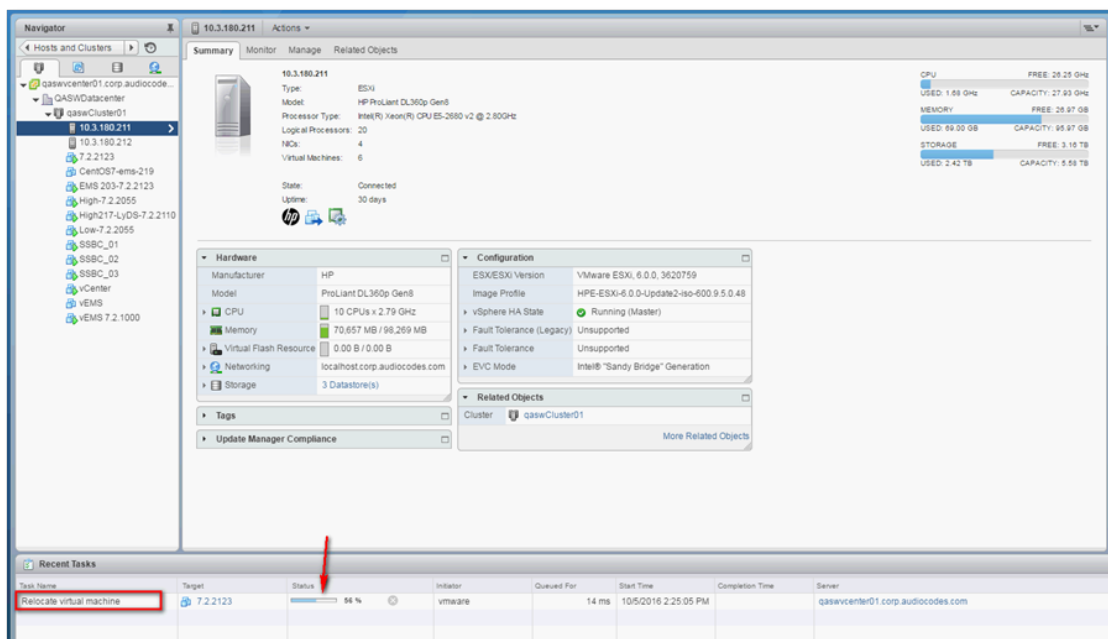
3. Choose the target host for migration:

Figure 32-3: Target Host for Migration



The migration process commences:

Figure 32-4: Migration Process Started



After the migration has completed, the OVOC application will run seamlessly on the VM on the new cluster's host.

Moving OVOC VMs in a Hyper-V Cluster

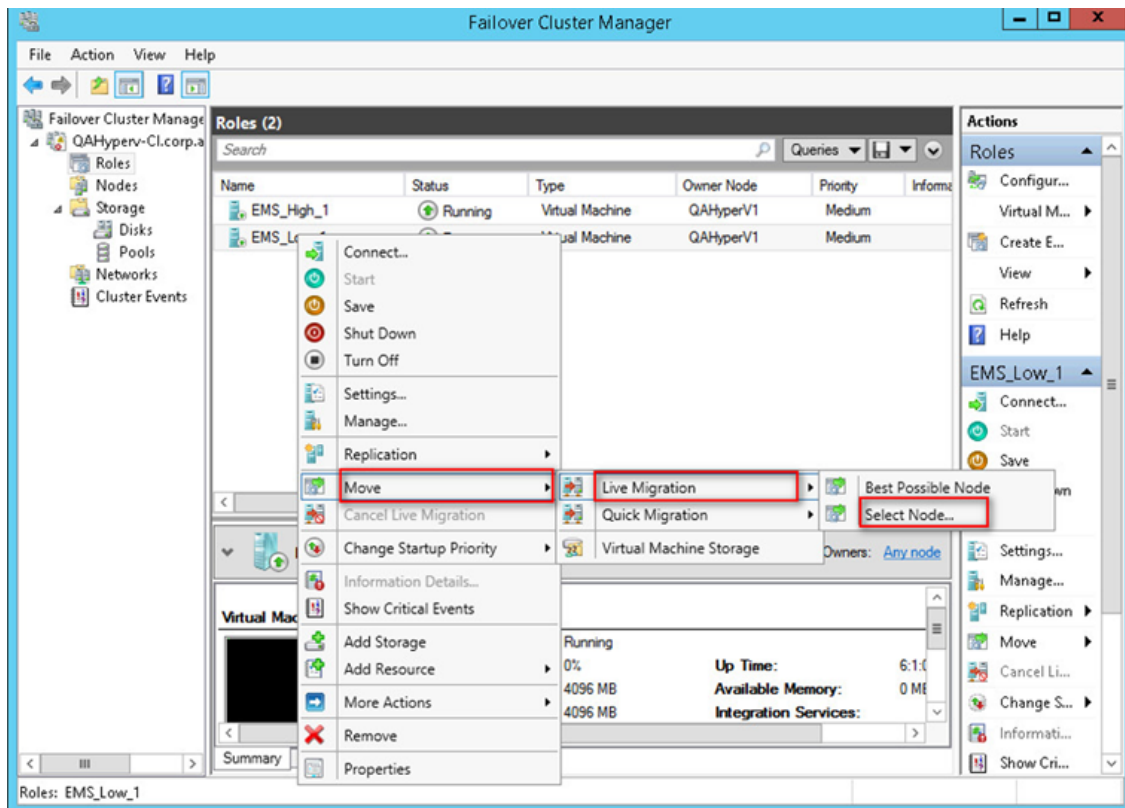
Moving OVOC VMs in a Hyper-V Cluster

This section describes how to move a Virtual Machine to another host node in a Hyper-V cluster.

➤ **To move a Virtual Machine to another node of the cluster:**

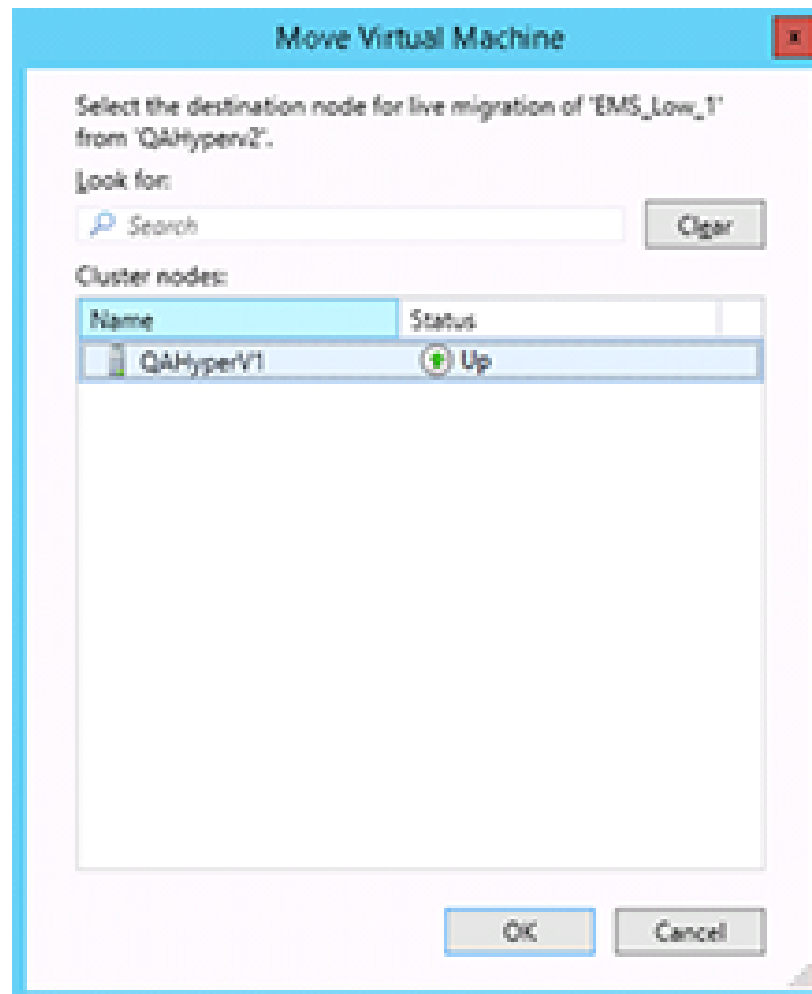
1. Select the Virtual Machine, right-click and from the menu, choose **Move > Live Migration > Select Node**.

Figure 32-5: Hyper-V Live Migration



The following screen is displayed:

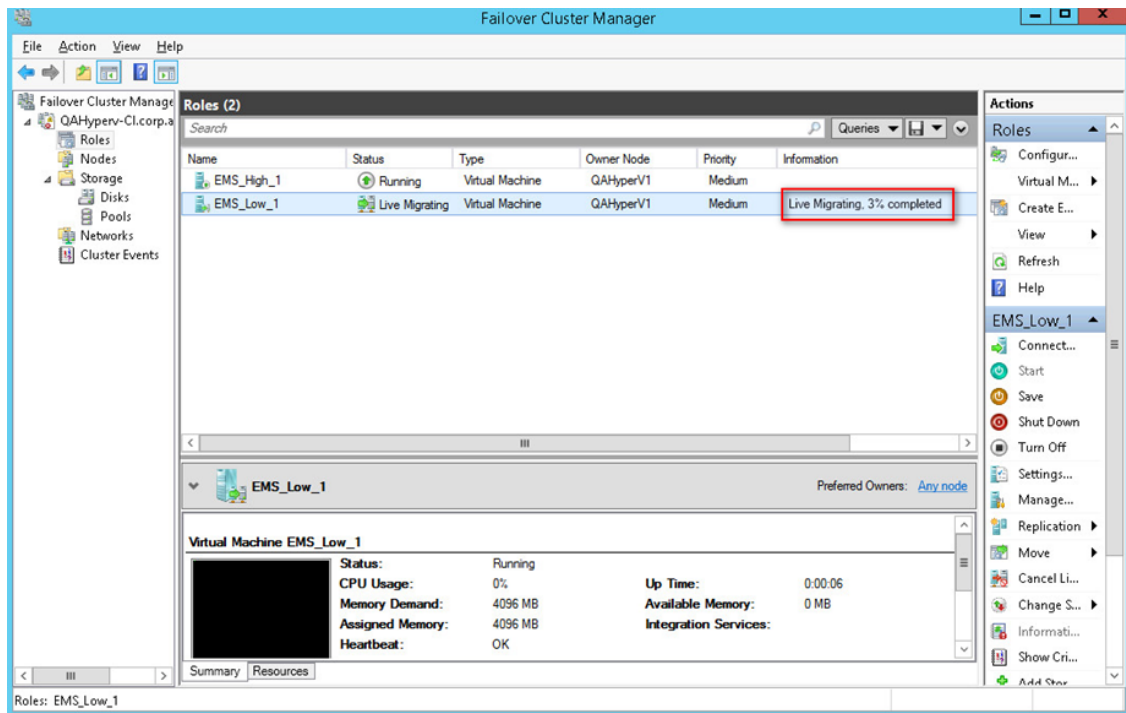
Figure 32-6: Move Virtual Machine



2. Select the relevant node and click **OK**.

The migration process starts.

Figure 32-7: Hyper-V Migration Process Started



After the migration has completed, the OVOC application will run seamlessly on the VM on the new cluster's node.

33 Supplementary Security Procedures

The procedures in this appendix describe supplementary procedures for completing the setup of X.509 Custom certificates.



For more information on the implementation of custom certificates, refer to the OVOC Security Guidelines document.

This appendix describes the following procedures:

- Downloading certificates to the AudioCodes device ([Installing Custom Certificates on OVOC Managed Devices](#) below)
- Cleaning up Temporary files on the OVOC server ([Cleaning up Temporary Files on OVOC Server](#) on page 345)

Installing Custom Certificates on OVOC Managed Devices

This section describes how to install Custom certificates on OVOC managed devices. These certificates will be used to secure the connection between the device and OVOC server. This procedure is performed using the device's embedded Web server. This section describes how to install certificates for the following devices:

- Enterprise gateways and SBC devices ([Gateways and SBC Devices](#) below).
- MP-1xx devices ([MP-1xx Devices](#) on page 340).



- When securing the device connection over HTTPS, the certificate loaded to the device must be signed by the same CA as the certificate loaded to the OVOC server.
- The Single-Sign On mechanism is used to enable automatic login to the devices embedded Web server tool from the device's status screen in the OVOC. This connection is secured over port 443. OVOC logs into the OVOC managed device using the credentials that you configure in the AudioCodes device details or Tenant Details in the OVOC Web. You can also login to the AudioCodes device using the RADIUS or LDAP credentials (for more information, refer to the OVOC User's Manual).

Gateways and SBC Devices

This section describes how to install custom certificates on gateways and SBC devices. The device uses TLS Context #0 to communicate with the OVOC server. Therefore, the configuration described below should be performed for **TLS Context #0**.

Step 1: Generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)

This step describes how to generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR).

➤ To generate certificate signing request:

1. Login to the device's Web server.
2. Open the TLS Contexts page (**Setup** menu > **IP Network** tab > **Security** folder > **TLS Contexts**).
3. In the table, select the **TLS Context Index #0**, and then click the **TLS Context Certificate** button, located below the table; the Context Certificates page appears.

Figure 33-1: Context Certificates

TLS Context [#0] > Change Certificates

CERTIFICATE SIGNING REQUEST

Common Name [CN]

Organizational Unit [OU] (optional)

Company name [O] (optional)

Locality or city name [L] (optional)

State [ST] (optional)

Country code [C] (optional)

1st Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

2nd Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

3rd Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

4th Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

5th Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

Signature Algorithm

mike

EMAIL

EMAIL

EMAIL

EMAIL

EMAIL

SHA-256

Create CSR

After creating the CSR, copy the text below (including the BEGIN/END lines) and send it to your Certification Authority for signing.

4. Under the **Certificate Signing Request** group, do the following:
 - a. In the 'Subject Name [CN]' field, enter the device's DNS name, if such exists, or device's IP address.
 - b. Fill in the rest of the request fields according to your security provider's instructions.
 - c. Click the **Create CSR** button; a textual certificate signing request is displayed in the area below the button:

Figure 33-2: Certificate Signing Request Group

CERTIFICATE SIGNING REQUEST

Common Name [CN]

Organizational Unit [OU] (optional)

Company name [O] (optional)

Locality or city name [L] (optional)

State [ST] (optional)

Country code [C] (optional)

1st Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

2nd Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

3rd Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

4th Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

5th Subject Alternative Name [SAN]

Signature Algorithm

mike

EMAIL

EMAIL

EMAIL

EMAIL

EMAIL

SHA-256

Create CSR

After creating the CSR, copy the text below (including the BEGIN/END lines) and send it to your Certification Authority for signing.

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
MIIBCCB2gTBhARBgQowCIVUQQAQDAaPl1MIGEMA0GCSqIn3SDQBAQUAA4GN
ADB1QKBgQDUZ2c6DLH0nfvvz0T3pN0v7EK/SgeogpE45Vn0t1+XMS+eaD3f/dy
8X4t0x0f0675KR146LLOJ7nfZSTVY2NLjIA5Pg1Xq1yxwQc08Kz1+Fxw2+dlT7W0
1xhp6wLg11PAC9ZnFAaQwG5MhFXhR1TVAG0p5cp4w0d1t6BwQIDAQA8oc1w
1A170z12iv0at1QvQNM0hE1F8J0VUREC0h0g0p5t401MA0GCSqGSIb3QBAQUA
A4GBAMKqQ710qTX0aCm02W0v72x1Yndic8CRAVQhEPl1JY//3KQxxJJD0g98qg
n0pnhXNcyKbLQoBhWNA3B0cpgK9j5re5aYd/Aac2FzKXct0EAPBM097bK0A57Z
Y0atKv4gScapA0AaFgc4v0z0Sgqr/uhQ1g15hb2L7XwYt
-----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST-----
```

- Copy the text and send it to the certificate authority (CA) to sign this request.

Step 2: Receive the New Certificates from the CA

You will receive the following files from the Certificate Authority (CA):

- Your (device) certificate – rename this file to "device.crt"
- Root certificate – rename this file to "root.crt"
- Intermediate CA certificates (if such files exist) – rename these files to "ca1.crt", "ca2.crt" etc.

Save the signed certificate to a file (e.g., device.crt). Make sure that all certificates are in PEM format and appear as follows:

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
```

```
MIIBuTCCASKgAwIBAgIFAkK1MbgwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAwFzEVMBMGA1UEAxMM
```

```
RU1TIFJPT1QgQ0EyMB4XDTE1MDUwMzA4NTE0MFoXDTE1MDUwMzA4NTE0MFowKjET
```

```
...
```

```
Tl6vqn5I270q/24KbY9q6EK2Yc3K2EAadL2IF1jnb+yvREuewprOz6TEeuxNJo10
```

```
L6V8lzUYOfHrEiq/6g==
```

```
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
```



- The above files are required in the following steps. Make sure that you obtain these files before proceeding and save them to the desired location.
- Use the exact filenames as mentioned above.

Step 3: Update Device with New Certificate

This step describes how to update the device with the new certificate.

➤ To update device with new certificate:

1. Open the TLS Contexts page (**Setup** menu > **IP Network** tab > **Security** folder > **TLS Contexts**).
2. In the table, select **TLS Context #0**, and then click the **Change Certificate** button, located below the table; the Context Certificates page appears.

Figure 33-3: TLS Contexts Table

TLS Contexts (3)

+ New Edit | Page 1 of 1 | Show 10 records per page

INDEX	NAME	TLS VERSION	DTLS VERSION	CIPHER SERVER
0	default	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	Any	DEFAULT
1	mikeis	TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	Any	RC4-AES128
2	John	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	Any	DEFAULT

#0[default] Edit

GENERAL

Name default

TLS Version TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2

DTLS Version Any

Cipher Server DEFAULT

Cipher Client DEFAULT

Strict Certificate Extension Valid... Disable

DH key Size 1024

TLS Renegotiation Enable

OCSP

OCSP Server Disable

Primary OCSP Server 0.0.0.0

Secondary OCSP Server 0.0.0.0

OCSP Port 2560

OCSP Default Response Reject

[Certificate Information >>](#)
[Change Certificate >>](#)
[Trusted Root Certificates >>](#)

- Under the **Upload certificates files from your computer** group, click the **Browse** button corresponding to the 'Send Device Certificate...' field and then navigate to the device.crt file, and click **Send File**.

Figure 33-4: Upload Certificate Files from your Computer Group

UPLOAD CERTIFICATE FILES FROM YOUR COMPUTER

Private key pass-phrase (optional)

Send **Private Key** file from your computer to the device.
The file must be in either PEM or PFX (PKCS#12) format.

No file selected.

Note: Replacing the private key is not recommended but if it's done, it should be over a physically-secure network link.

Send **Device Certificate** file from your computer to the device.
The file must be in textual PEM format.

No file selected.

Step 4: Update Device's Trusted Certificate Store

This step describes how to update the device's Trusted Certificate Store.

➤ To update device's trusted certificate store:

- Open the TLS Contexts page (**Configuration** tab > **System** menu > **TLS Contexts**).
- In the table, select the **TLS Context #0**, and then click the **Trusted Root Certificates** button, located below the table; the Trusted Certificates page appears.

Figure 33-5: Trusted Root Certificates

TLS Contexts (3)

[+ New](#) [Edit](#) [Delete](#) Page 1 of 1 Show 10 records per page

INDEX	NAME	TLS VERSION	DTLS VERSION	CIPHER SERVER
0	default	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	Any	DEFAULT
1	miketis	TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	Any	RC4-AES128
2	John	TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2	Any	DEFAULT

#0[default] [Edit](#)

GENERAL

Name default

TLS Version TLSv1.0 TLSv1.1 and TLSv1.2

DTLS Version Any

Cipher Server DEFAULT

Cipher Client DEFAULT

Strict Certificate Extension Valid... Disable

DH key Size 1024

TLS Renegotiation Enable

OCSP

OCSP Server Disable

Primary OCSP Server 0.0.0.0

Secondary OCSP Server 0.0.0.0

OCSP Port 2560

OCSP Default Response Reject

[Certificate Information >>](#) [Change Certificate >>](#) [Trusted Root Certificates >>](#)

- Click the **Import** button, and then browse to the root.crt file. Click **OK** to import the root certificate.

Figure 33-6: Importing Certificate into Trusted Certificates Store

TLS Context [#0] > Trusted Root Certificates

[View](#) [Import](#) [Export](#) [Remove](#)

INDEX	SUBJECT	ISSUER	EXPIRES
-------	---------	--------	---------

Page 1 of 1 Show 10 records per page

No records to view

- If you received intermediary CA certificates – ca1.crt, ca2.crt, etc. – import them in a similar way.

Step 5: Configure HTTPS Parameters on the Device

This section describes how to configure HTTPS related parameters on the device.



- You can optionally pre-stage the device with a pre-loaded ini file including this configuration (for more information, contact your AudioCodes representative).
- If you have enabled the Interoperability Automatic Provisioning feature, ensure that your template file is also configured as described in this procedure to maintain an active HTTPS connection after the template file has been loaded to the device.

➤ To configure HTTPS parameters on the device:

- In the OVOC Web interface, ensure that device and tenant connections are enabled for HTTPS (default).

Figure 33-7: Tenant Details

The screenshot shows the 'TENANT DETAILS' page with tabs for General, SNMP, HTTP, Operators, and License. The HTTP tab is selected. It contains the following fields:

- Edit HTTP Settings:** A checkbox that is checked.
- Device Admin User*:** A text input field containing 'Admin'.
- Change Device Admin Password*:** An empty text input field.
- Communication Protocol*:** A dropdown menu with 'HTTPS' selected.

Figure 33-8: Device Details (Default HTTPS)

The screenshot shows the 'AC DEVICE DETAILS' page with tabs for General, SNMP, HTTP, SBA, and First Connection. The HTTP tab is selected. It contains the following fields:

- Device Admin User:** A text input field containing 'Admin'.
- Change Device Admin Password:** An empty text input field.
- Communication Protocol:** A dropdown menu with 'HTTPS' selected.

2. Create a new text file using a text-based editor (e.g., Notepad).
3. Enable mutual authentication on the device. This configuration instructs the Automatic Update mechanism to verify the TLS certificate received from the OVOC server.
 - For Media Gateway and SBC devices:
AUPDVerifyCertificates=1
 - For MP-1xx devices, the ini file should include the following two lines::
AUPDVerifyCertificates=1
ServerRespondTimeout=10000
4. Save and close the file.
5. Load the generated file as “Incremental INI file” (Maintenance menu > Software Update > Load Auxiliary Files > INI file (incremental)).
6. In the SBC Web interface, open the Web Settings page and set parameter **Secured Web Connection (HTTPS)** to one of the following:
 - HTTP and HTTPS

- HTTPS Only

Figure 33-9: SBC Web Settings Page

7. If you configured the SBC Devices Communication parameter to **Hostname-Based** in the OVOC Web, you must configure the parameter "Verify Certificate SubjectName" on the managed device (**Setup** Menu > **Signaling & Media** tab > **Media** folder > **Quality of Experience Settings**).

Figure 33-10: Quality of Experience Settings

8. Open the TLS Contexts page (**Setup** menu > **IP Network** tab > **Security** folder > **TLS Contexts**).
9. In the table, select the TLS Context #0 (Management interface), and then click **Edit** . The following screen is displayed:

Figure 33-11: TLS Contexts

10. Set the required 'TLS Version' (default TLS Version 1.0).



OVOC supports TLS versions 1.0, 1.1. and 1.2

11. Ensure 'Cipher Server' is set to **DEFAULT**.

12. Ensure 'Cipher Client' is set to **DEFAULT**.

Step 6: Reset Device to Apply the New Configuration

This step describes how to reset the device to apply the new configuration.

➤ To save the changes and reset the device:

1. Reset the device with a save-to-flash for your settings to take effect (Setup menu > **Administration** tab > **Maintenance** folder > **Maintenance Actions**).

MP-1xx Devices

This section describes how to install Custom certificates on the MP 1xx devices.



For installing certificates on MP2xx devices, refer to Section "Securing Remote Management with Certificates" in the *MP-20x Telephone Adapter User's Manual*.

Step 1: Generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)

This step describes how to generate a Certificate Signing Request (CSR).

➤ To generate a CSR:

1. Your network administrator should allocate a unique DNS name for the device (e.g., dns_name.corp.customer.com). This DNS name is used to access the device and therefore, must be listed in the server certificate.
2. If the device is operating in HTTPS mode, then set the 'Secured Web Connection (HTTPS)' parameter (HTTPSOnly) to **HTTP and HTTPS** (refer to the *MP-11x and MP-124 User's Manual*). This ensures that you have a method for accessing the device in case the new certificate does not work. Restore the previous setting after testing the configuration.
3. Login to the MP-1xx Web server.
4. Open the Certificates page (**Configuration** tab > **System** menu > **Certificates**).
5. Under the **Certificate Signing Request** group, do the following:
 - a. In the 'Subject Name [CN]' field, enter the DNS name.
 - b. Fill in the rest of the request fields according to your security provider's instructions.
 - c. Click the **Create CSR** button; a textual certificate signing request is displayed in the area below the button:

Figure 33-12: Certificate Signing Request Group

Certificate Signing Request	
Subject Name [CN]	audio.com
Organizational Unit [OU] (optional)	Headquarters
Company name [O] (optional)	Corporate
Locality or city name [L] (optional)	Poughkeepsie
State [ST] (optional)	New York
Country code [C] (optional)	US
<input type="button" value="Create CSR"/>	
<p>After creating the CSR, copy the text below (including the BEGIN/END lines) and send it to your Certification Authority for signing.</p> <pre> -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE REQUEST----- MIIBtjCCAR8CAQAwdjESMBAGA1UEAxMJYXVkaW8uY29tMRUwEwYDVQQLZwZIZWFK cXVhcnRlcnMxZjAQBGNVBAOTCUNvbnBvcmlF0ZTEVMBMGA1UEBxMMUG91Z2hrZWVw c211MREwDwYDVQZIEWhOZkxgcW9yazELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMwZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcN AQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBAPHpf2t4OLy3FRk5Bw7F1ZFWCXQ7nvuocHtu7Nns071M xL7Of8YoL63eeIK2eDo8nm6rJO677z/AHWJmF65pAK1CboIPgOZNS0g6+5JAmJAA 1LNUnoqjEsK7CF32uvolH//gFkhy5zleNvObI+25Pn38aJzEXc8DkGwz19rROqRZ AgMBAAGgADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFAAOBgQDihdqbc1zkHdLFr+5BRuScKyGUXBM6 q7FGjFXAfZk1MmgnBMc/MYf8GTbawrQF7p6dNJ60DivmuCPf6Gzz5m2uqC6LqoIi nLnQpVCmbdva/B1QyEpPbQhZqpULJ8CSeSrry3ru23AzeDUByYhO90IkRbAp//+3 ZvnZZe5M5CBSLg== -----END CERTIFICATE REQUEST----- </pre>	

- Copy the text and send it to the certificate authority (CA) to sign this request.

Step 2: Receive the New Certificates from the CA

You will receive the following files from the Certificate Authority (CA):

- Your (device) certificate – rename this file to “device.crt”
- Root certificate – rename this file to “root.crt”
- Intermediate CA certificates (if such files exist) – rename these files to “ca1.crt”, “ca2.crt” etc.

Save the signed certificate to a file (e.g., device.crt). Make sure that all certificates are in PEM format and appear as follows:

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

```

MIIDkzCCAnugAwIBAgIEAgAAADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFAADA/MQswCQYDVQ
QGEwJGUJETMBEGA1UEChMKQ2VydGlwb3N0ZTEbMBkGA1UEAxMSQ2Vyd
Glwb3N0ZSBTZXJ2ZXVyMB4XDTEkMDYyNDA4MDAwMFoXDTE4MDYyNDA4
MDAwMFowPzELMAkGA1UEBhMCRIlxEzARBGNVBAOTCkNlcnRpcG9zdGUxG
zAZBgNVBAMTEkNlcnRpcG9zdGUuU2VydMvV1cjCCASEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQE
BBQADggEOADCCAQkCggEAPqd4MziR4spWldGRx8bQrhZkonWnNm`+Yhb7+
4Q67ecf1janH7GcN/SXsf7jJpreWULf7v7Cvpr4R7qIJcmdHlntmf7JPM5n6cDBv1

```

```
7uSW63er7NkVnMFHwK1QaGFLMybFkzaeGrvFm4k3IRefiXDmuOe+FhJgHYez
YHf44LvPRPwhSrzi9+Aq3o8pWDguJuZDIUP1F1jMa+LPwvREXfFcUW+w==
```

-----END CERTIFICATE-----



- The above files are required in the following steps. Make sure that you obtain these files before proceeding.
- Use the exact filenames as mentioned above.

Step 3: Update Device with New Certificate

This step describes how to update the device with the new certificate.

➤ To update the device with the new certificate:

1. In the Certificates page, scroll down to the **Upload certificates files from your computer** group, click the **Browse** button corresponding to the 'Send Device Certificate...' field, navigate to the device.crt file, and then click **Send File**.
2. After the certificate successfully loads to the device, save the configuration with a device reset ([Step 6: Reset Device to Apply the New Configuration](#) on page 345 below).

Step 4: Update Device's Trusted Certificate Store

For the device to trust a whole chain of certificates you need to combine the contents of the root.crt and ca.crt certificates into a single text file (using a text editor).

➤ To update the device with the new certificate:

1. Open the root.crt file (using a text-based editor, e.g., Notepad).
2. Open the ca.crt file (using a text-based editor, e.g., Notepad).
3. Copy the content of the ca.crt file and paste it into the root.crt file above the existing content.

Below is an example of two certificate files combined (the file "ca2.crt" and the "root.crt") where the ca2.crt file contents are pasted above the root.crt file contents:

```
-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
```

```
MIIDNjCCA6gAwIBAgIBBDANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADAhMQwwCgYDVQQKEwNBQ0wx
```

```
ETAPBgNVBAMUCEVNU19ST09UMB4XDTEwMDEwMTAwMDAwMFoXDTEwMDEwMTAwMDAw
```

MFowIDEMMAoGA1UEChMDQUNMMRAwDgYDVQQDFAdFTVNFQ0EyMIIBIjANBgkqhkiG

9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCgKCAQEA4CmsdZNpWo6Gg5Ugxf1PjJeNggwnlQiUYhOK

kPEvS6yWH7tr8+TwnIzjT58kuuy+fFVLDyZzp117J53FIsgnCSxpVqcYfMoBbCL/

0fmXKHWlPIIbovWpZddgz8U1pEzD+5eGMUwCnqw99rbUseAHdwkxsXtOquwqE4yk

ihIWesMp54LwX5dUB46GWKUfT/pdQYqAuunM76ttLpUBc6yFYeqpLqj90gKkR4cu

5B6wYNPoTjJX50Xgd9Yf+0IQYB2EiP06uzLtlyWL3AENGwDVeOvlfZgppLEZPBKI

hfULeMjay4fzE4XnS9LDxZGjJ+nV9ojA7WaRB5t16nEJQ/7sLQIDAQABo3oweDAM

BgNVHRMEBTADAQH/MB0GA1UdDgQWBBrY2JQ1yZrvN4GifsXUB7AvctWvrTBjBgNV

HSMEQjBAGBThf6GbMQb05b0CkLV8kw+Rg0AAhqElpCMwITEMMAoGA1UEChMDQUNM

MREwDwYDVQQDFAhFTVNFUk9PVIIIBATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFAAOCAQEAAsYyfcg

TdkF/uDx10Gk0ygXrRAXHG2WFOS6afrcJHoZCCH3PNsvftRrEAwroGwx7tsn1/o+

CNV5YalstIz7BDIEIjTzCDRp09sUsiHqxGuOnNhjLDUoLre1GDC00yiKb4B0h1Cq

hiemkXRe+eN7xcg0IfUo78VLTpuFMUhz0Bdn7TuE7QbiSayq2fY2ktHH0yDEKJGO

RUosIqgVwSZIsCnRZFumkKJtrT4PtnNYluYJHej/SHcsOWtgtCQ8cPdNJCZAWZ+V

XoAhN6pH17PMXLpC1m9L/MlkVkmf0tp1bPmefrEB10+np/08F+P551uH0i0YA6Cc

Cj6oHGLq8RIndA==

-----END CERTIFICATE-----

-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----

MIIDNzCCAah+gAwIBAgIBATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFAADAHMQwwCgYDVQQKEwNBQ0wx

ETAPBgNVBAMUCEVNU19ST09UMB4XDTEwMDEwMTAwMDAwMFOXDTIwMDEwMTAwMDAw

MFowITEMMAoGA1UEChMDQUNMMREwDwYDVQQDFAhFTVNfUk9PVDCCASIwDQYJKoZI

hvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBANCsaGivTMMcSv57+j5Hya3t6A6FSFhnUQrS

667hVpbQ1Eaj02jaMh8hNv9x8SFDt52hvgVXNmLBmpZwy+To1VR4kqbAEoIs+7/q

ebESJyW8pTLTszGQns2E214+U18sKHItPuzvs1dVUIX6xQiSYFDG1CDIPR5/70pq

zwtdbIipSsKgYijos0yRV3roVqNi4e+hmLVZA9rOI6LR72Ta9HMFJ4gyxJPUQA

jV3Led2Y4JObvBTNlka18WI7KORJigMMp7T8ewRkBQ1JM7nmeGDPUf1wRjDWgl4G

BRw2MACYsu/M9z/H821U0ICtsZ4oKUJMqbwjQ9lXI/HQkKRSTf8CAwEAAaN6MHgw

DAYDVR0TBAlUwAwEB/zAdBgNVHQ4EFgQU4X+hmzEGzuW9ApC1fJFvkYNAAIYwSQYD

VR0jBEIwQIAU4X+hmzEGzuW9ApC1fJFvkYNAAIahJaQjMCExDDAKBgNVBAoTA0FD

TDERMA8GA1UEAxQIRU1TX1JPT1SCAQEwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBAHqkg4F6

wYiHMAjjH3bqxUPHt2rrrALaXA9eYwFCz1q4QVpQNYAwdBdEAKENznZttoP3aPZE

3EOx1C8Mw2wU4p0xD7B6pH0X0+oJ4LrxLB3SAJd5hw495X1RDF99BBA9eGUZ2nXJ

9pin4Pwbnfc8eppq8Tp18jJMW0Z13prfPt012q93iEalkDEZX+wxkHGZEQs4ayBn

8bU3NHt5qh0Egpai8hB/nth1xnA1m841wxCbJW86AMRs2NznR0yG695InAYaN1Io

HU9zBRdRRASV5vmBN/q5JnDhshZhL1Bm+M6QxOyGoNjL1DqE+awZkmsw2k9STOpN

itSUGYwEagNsMU=

-----END CERTIFICATE-----



The maximum supported size of the combined file of trusted chain of certificates is 100,000 bytes (including the certificate's headers).

4. Save the combined content to a file named "chain.pem" and close the file.
5. Open the Certificates page and upload chain.pem file using the 'Trusted Root Certificate Store' field.

Step 5: Configure HTTPS Parameters on Device

- Configure HTTPS Parameters on the device ([Step 5: Configure HTTPS Parameters on the Device](#) on page 337 above).

Step 6: Reset Device to Apply the New Configuration

This section describes how to apply the new configuration.

➤ **To save the changes and reset the device:**

1. Reset the device with a save-to-flash for your settings to take effect (Setup menu > **Administration** tab > **Maintenance** folder > **Maintenance Actions**).

Cleaning up Temporary Files on OVOC Server

It is highly recommended to cleanup temporary files on the OVOC server after certificates have been successfully installed. This is necessary to prevent access to security-sensitive material (certificates and private keys) by malicious users.

➤ **To delete temporary certificate files:**

1. Login to the OVOC server as user *root*.
2. Remove the temporary directories:

```
rm -rf /home/acems/server_certs  
rm -rf /home/acems/client_certs
```

34 Transferring Files

This appendix describes how to transfer files to and from the OVOC server using any SFTP/SCP file transfer application.



FTP by default is disabled on the OVOC server.

➤ **To transfer files to and from the OVOC server:**

1. Open your SFTP/SCP application, such as WinSCP or FileZilla.
2. Login with the acems/acems credential (all files transferred to the OVOC server host machine are then by default saved to /home/acems directory).
3. Copy the relevant file(s) from your PC to the host machine (or vice-versa). For example, using the FileZilla program, you drag the relevant file from the left pane i.e. in your PC directory to the right pane i.e. the /home/acems directory on the OVOC server host machine.

35 Verifying and Converting Certificates

This appendix describes how to verify that certificates are in PEM format and describes how to convert them from DER to PEM if necessary.

➤ **To verify and convert certificates:**

1. Login to the OVOC server as user *root*.
2. Transfer the generated certificate to the OVOC server.
3. Execute the following command on the same directory that you transfer the certificate to verify that the certificate file is in PEM format:

```
Openssl x509 -in certfilename.crt -text -noout
```

4. Do one of the following:
 - a. If the certificate is displayed in text format, then this implies that the file is in PEM format, and therefore you can skip the steps below.
 - b. If you receive an error similar to the one displayed below, this implies that you are trying to view a DER encoded certificate and therefore need to convert it to the PEM format.

```
unable to load certificate
12626:error:0906D06C:PEM routines:PEM_read_bio:no start line:pem_
lib.c:647:Expecting: TRUSTED CERTIFICATE
```

5. Convert the DER certificate to PEM format:

```
openssl x509 -inform der -in certfilename.crt -out certfilename.crt
```

36 Self-Signed Certificates

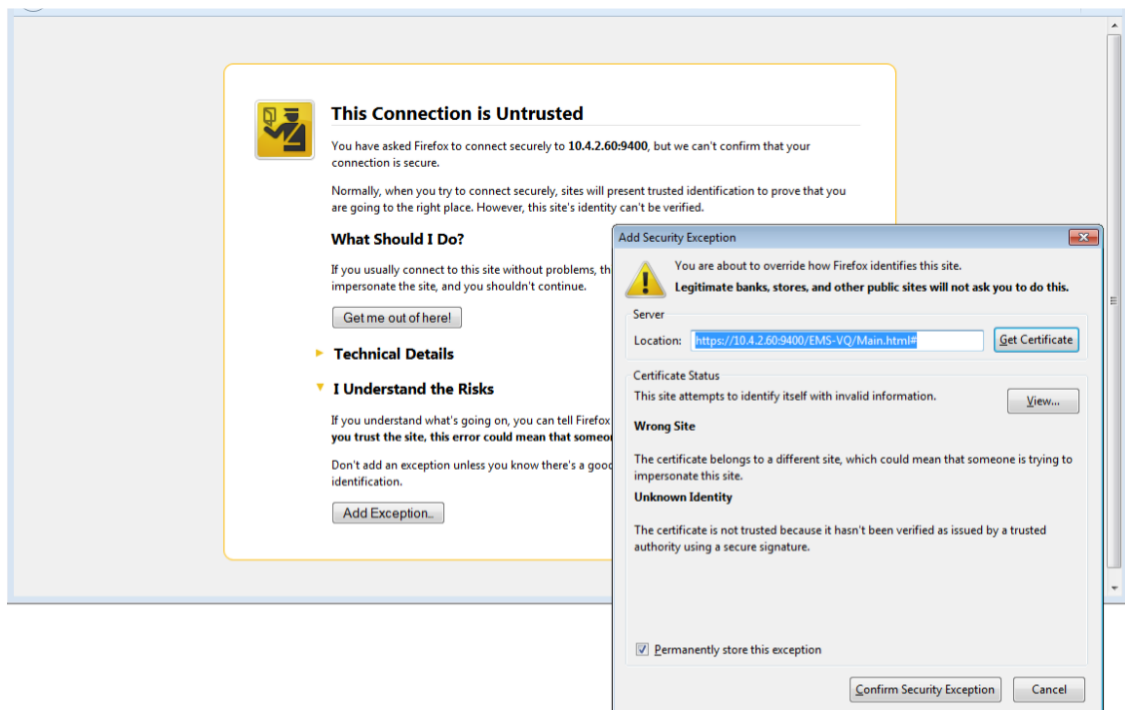
When using self-signed certificates, use the following instructions for recognizing the secure connection with the OVOC server from your OVOC client browsers.

Mozilla Firefox

When you are prompted with a message that the web page that you are trying to open using Mozilla Firefox is insecure, do the following:

1. Click the “I Understand the Risks” option.
2. Click the **Add Exception** button, and then click the **Confirm Security Exception** button.

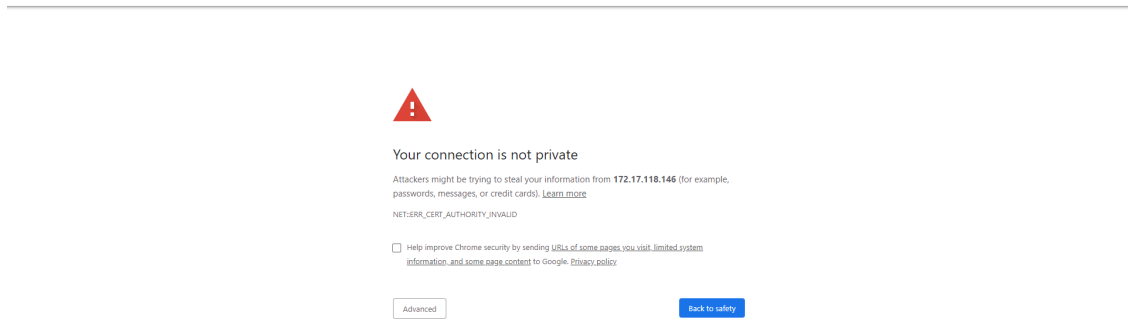
Figure 36-1: Mozilla Firefox Settings



Google Chrome

When you are prompted with a message that the web page that you are trying to open using Google Chrome is insecure, do the following:

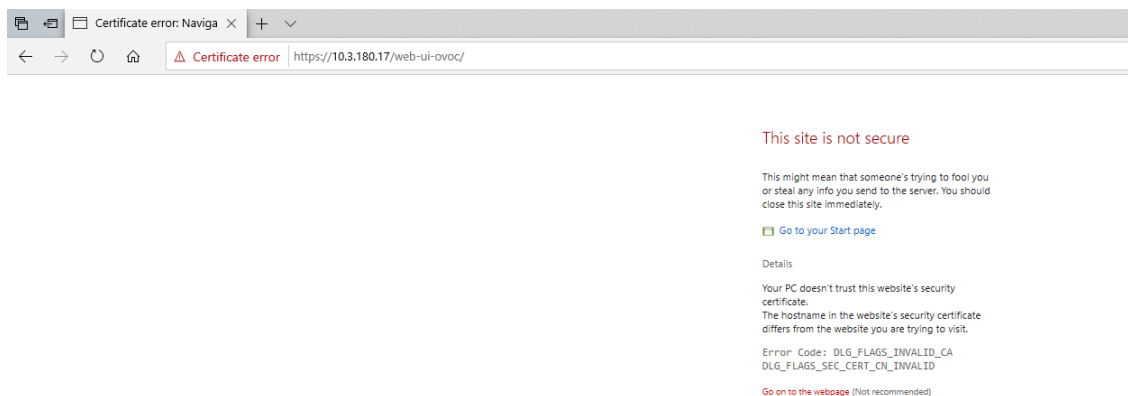
1. Click **Advanced** and then click the “Proceed to <Server IP> (unsafe)” link.

Figure 36-2: Chrome Browser Settings

Microsoft Edge

When you are prompted with a message that the web page that you are trying to open using Microsoft Edge is insecure, do the following:

- Click **Details** and then click the link **Go on to the webpage**.

Figure 36-3: Microsoft Edge Browser**Figure 36-4: Go on to the Web Page**

37 Datacenter Disaster Recovery

Introduction

This appendix describes the OVOC Disaster Recovery procedure for deployments where OVOC is deployed in two separately geographically located datacenters with two different network spaces, in which minimal impact on the SBC/Gateway and OVOC downtime is desired.



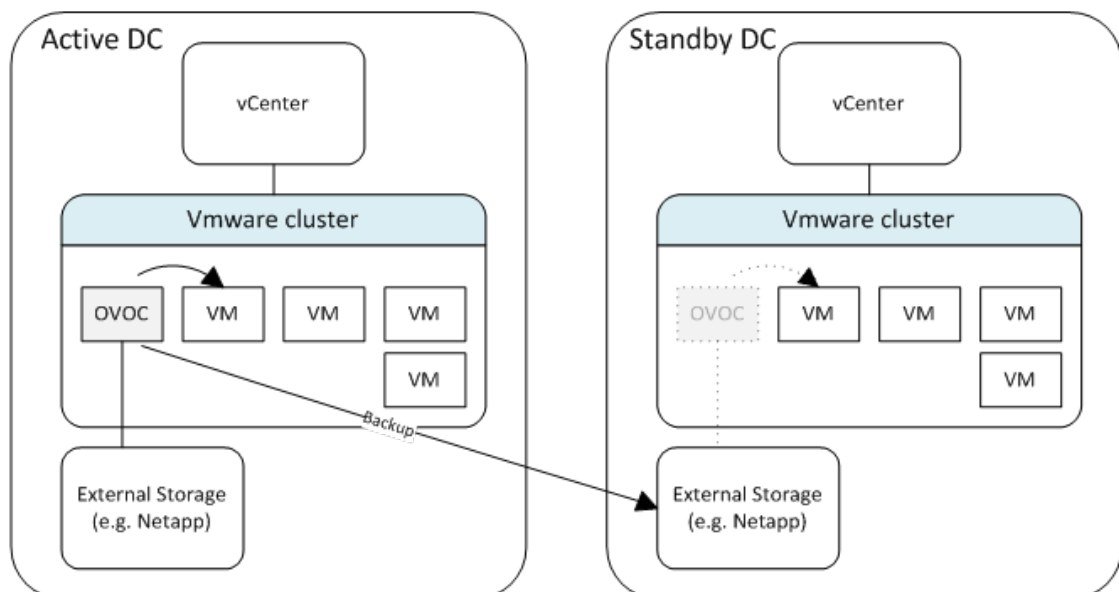
Examples shown in this Appendix are for the VMware platform; however, these procedures are also relevant for Hyper-V platform.

Solution Description

The Disaster Recovery solution is composed of two virtual machines in accordance with the OVOC system requirements (see Hardware and Software Requirements). Virtual Low and Virtual High setups are supported. It is recommended that each OVOC machine will have a VMware High Availability (HA) setup to support local Data Center (DC) HA.

- Both machines should have identical hardware configuration and installed with the exactly same OVOC software version. One of the machines will work as 'Active' and will be constantly up and running. The second machine is defined as 'Redundant'. It should not be turned off and the application should be stopped and always remain off.
- The primary machine backup files should be saved and periodically transferred to the external storage of the standby location.
- If the primary machine fails, the user should run the Disaster Recovery procedure as shown below.

Figure 37-1: Disaster Recovery Between Two DataCenters with VMware HA



Initial Requirements

The following initial requirements need to be adhered to before implementing the Disaster Recovery procedure:

- Both machines should have identical hardware (CPU, Memory, Disk, IO).
- An identical Linux OS (the same DVD), database, and the OVOC software version should be used.
- Identical database passwords need to be configured on both servers.
- Identical OVOC Server Manager settings must be configured on both servers (e.g., HTTP/HTTPS communication, etc.).
- If non-default certificates are used, they must be pre-installed on both servers.
- Both machines should have a valid license per each Machine ID with identical capabilities.
- When upgrading the OVOC server software, both machines should be upgraded. Make sure that redundant machine is not rebooted after the upgrade process and the OVOC application remains closed.



When upgrading OVOC, the backup that was created before the upgrade cannot be used anymore. You should only use the backups created after the upgrade process. For more information on backing up the OVOC server, see [OVOC Server Backup Processes](#) on page 194.

- Make sure that active server backups are not stored on the server machine.

New Customer Configuration

The procedure below describes the steps for a New Customer configuration.

➤ To perform a New Customer configuration:

1. Install and properly configure both servers.
2. Make sure the primary OVOC server is up and running.
3. For each device added and managed by the OVOC server, the following features should be provisioned with both primary and secondary servers' IP addresses:
 - Trap Destination Server
 - Session Experience Manager
 - NTP Server Address

Data Synchronization Process

To save recovery time, it is advised that at the end of the daily / weekly backup, transfer the latest backup files from the primary to the secondary server machine. The data transfer may be

performed automatically using a customer- defined script.



The data transfer is the responsibility of the Enterprise's IT implementation team.

Recovery Process

The procedure below describes the recovery process.

➤ To run the recovery process:

1. If the primary machine fails, use the Server Manager to make sure the OVOC application has been closed, before starting the secondary machine recovery process.
2. Do not run the OVOC software on the secondary machine at this stage. Just make sure the machine is up and running.
3. Verify that server software version is the same as on the Primary server, by checking the OVOC server Manager title.
4. Start the secondary server machine, making sure that all the processes are up and running.
5. Make sure that all backup files are in the /data/NBIF directory.
6. In OVOC Server Manager, go to the Application Maintenance menu and select the **Restore** option ([OVOC Server Restore](#) on page 196).
7. Follow the instructions during the process; you might need to press **Enter** a few times.
8. After the restore operation has completed, you are prompted to reboot the OVOC server.
9. If you have installed custom certificates prior to the restore, you must re-install them.
10. Login to the OVOC Web client and verify that there is connectivity and the application is functioning correctly.
11. If you are using one or more features which are marked in the table below as 'Not Supported', please provision all the managed devices with a new Management Server IP address.
12. For SBC Fixed and Floating License Pool customers, run the *Update* command for all the managed devices .

See the table below summarizing the features affected by Disaster Recovery functionality.

Table 37-1: Features Affected by Disaster Recovery Functionality

Feature	Status
Management	
Alarms+ NAT communication based on Keepalive traps	Supported
Fixed License Pool and Floating License	Not Supported

Feature	Status
IP Phones Manager Pro: Alarms / Status reports	Not Supported
Advanced Quality Package	-
SBC/Gateway Voice Quality Monitoring	Supported
Endpoint Quality monitoring (RFC 6035)	Not Supported
Server	
Server: Device NTP Server	Supported
Server: Device Syslog Server	Not Supported
Server: Device TP Debug recording server	Not Supported

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